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AGREEMENT

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Extensions for Financial Services (XFS) interface specification Release 3.40 - Part 6: PIN Keypad Device Class Interface - Programmer's Reference

This CEN Workshop Agreement has been drafted and approved by a Workshop of representatives of interested parties, the constitution of which is indicated in the foreword of this Workshop Agreement.

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European Foreword

This CEN Workshop Agreement has been developed in accordance with the CEN-CENELEC Guide 29 "CEN/CENELEC Workshop Agreements – The way to rapid consensus" and with the relevant provisions of CEN/CENELEC Internal Regulations – Part 2. It was approved by a Workshop of representatives of interested parties on 2019-10-08, the constitution of which was supported by CEN following several public calls for participation, the first of which was made on 1998-06-24. However, this CEN Workshop Agreement does not necessarily include all relevant stakeholders.

The final text of this CEN Workshop Agreement was provided to CEN for publication on 2019-12-12.

The following organizations and individuals developed and approved this CEN Workshop Agreement:

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The CWA is published as a multi-part document, consisting of:

- Part 1: Application Programming Interface (API) Service Provider Interface (SPI) Programmer's Reference
- Part 2: Service Classes Definition Programmer's Reference
- Part 3: Printer and Scanning Device Class Interface Programmer's Reference
- Part 4: Identification Card Device Class Interface Programmer's Reference
- Part 5: Cash Dispenser Device Class Interface Programmer's Reference
- Part 6: PIN Keypad Device Class Interface Programmer's Reference
- Part 7: Check Reader/Scanner Device Class Interface Programmer's Reference
- Part 8: Depository Device Class Interface Programmer's Reference
- Part 9: Text Terminal Unit Device Class Interface Programmer's Reference
- Part 10: Sensors and Indicators Unit Device Class Interface Programmer's Reference
- Part 11: Vendor Dependent Mode Device Class Interface Programmer's Reference
- Part 12: Camera Device Class Interface Programmer's Reference
- Part 13: Alarm Device Class Interface Programmer's Reference
- Part 14: Card Embossing Unit Device Class Interface Programmer's Reference
- Part 15: Cash-In Module Device Class Interface Programmer's Reference
- Part 16: Card Dispenser Device Class Interface Programmer's Reference
- Part 17: Barcode Reader Device Class Interface Programmer's Reference
- Part 18: Item Processing Module Device Class Interface Programmer's Reference
- Part 19: Biometrics Device Class Interface Programmer's Reference

Parts 20 - 28: Reserved for future use.

Parts 29 through 47 constitute an optional addendum to this CWA. They define the integration between the SNMP standard and the set of status and statistical information exported by the Service Providers.

Part 29: XFS MIB Architecture and SNMP Extensions - Programmer's Reference

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- Part 30: XFS MIB Device Specific Definitions Printer Device Class
- Part 31: XFS MIB Device Specific Definitions Identification Card Device Class
- Part 32: XFS MIB Device Specific Definitions Cash Dispenser Device Class
- Part 33: XFS MIB Device Specific Definitions PIN Keypad Device Class
- Part 34: XFS MIB Device Specific Definitions Check Reader/Scanner Device Class
- Part 35: XFS MIB Device Specific Definitions Depository Device Class
- Part 36: XFS MIB Device Specific Definitions Text Terminal Unit Device Class
- Part 37: XFS MIB Device Specific Definitions Sensors and Indicators Unit Device Class
- Part 38: XFS MIB Device Specific Definitions Camera Device Class
- Part 39: XFS MIB Device Specific Definitions Alarm Device Class
- Part 40: XFS MIB Device Specific Definitions Card Embossing Unit Class
- Part 41: XFS MIB Device Specific Definitions Cash-In Module Device Class
- Part 42: Reserved for future use.
- Part 43: XFS MIB Device Specific Definitions Vendor Dependent Mode Device Class
- Part 44: XFS MIB Application Management
- Part 45: XFS MIB Device Specific Definitions Card Dispenser Device Class
- Part 46: XFS MIB Device Specific Definitions Barcode Reader Device Class
- Part 47: XFS MIB Device Specific Definitions Item Processing Module Device Class
- Part 48: XFS MIB Device Specific Definitions Biometrics Device Class

Parts 49 - 60 are reserved for future use.

Part 61: Application Programming Interface (API) - Migration from Version 3.30 (CWA 16926) to Version 3.40 (this CWA) - Service Provider Interface (SPI) - Programmer's Reference

Part 62: Printer and Scanning Device Class Interface - Migration from Version 3.30 (CWA 16926) to Version 3.40 (this CWA) - Programmer's Reference

Part 63: Identification Card Device Class Interface - Migration from Version 3.30 (CWA 16926) to Version 3.40 (this CWA) - Programmer's Reference

Part 64: Cash Dispenser Device Class Interface - Migration from Version 3.30 (CWA 16926) to Version 3.40 (this CWA) - Programmer's Reference

Part 65: PIN Keypad Device Class Interface - Migration from Version 3.30 (CWA 16926) to Version 3.40 (this CWA) - Programmer's Reference

Part 66: Check Reader/Scanner Device Class Interface - Migration from Version 3.30 (CWA 16926) to Version 3.40 (this CWA) - Programmer's Reference

Part 67: Depository Device Class Interface - Migration from Version 3.30 (CWA 16926) to Version 3.40 (this CWA) - Programmer's Reference

Part 68: Text Terminal Unit Device Class Interface - Migration from Version 3.30 (CWA 16926) to Version 3.40 (this CWA) - Programmer's Reference

Part 69: Sensors and Indicators Unit Device Class Interface - Migration from Version 3.30 (CWA 16926) to Version 3.40 (this CWA) - Programmer's Reference

Part 70: Vendor Dependent Mode Device Class Interface - Migration from Version 3.30 (CWA 16926) to Version 3.40 (this CWA) - Programmer's Reference

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Part 72: Alarm Device Class Interface - Migration from Version 3.30 (CWA 16926) to Version 3.40 (this CWA) - Programmer's Reference

Part 73: Card Embossing Unit Device Class Interface - Migration from Version 3.30 (CWA 16926) to Version 3.40

(this CWA) - Programmer's Reference

Part 74: Cash-In Module Device Class Interface - Migration from Version 3.30 (CWA 16926) to Version 3.40 (this CWA) - Programmer's Reference

Part 75: Card Dispenser Device Class Interface - Migration from Version 3.30 (CWA 16926) to Version 3.40 (this CWA) - Programmer's Reference

Part 76: Barcode Reader Device Class Interface - Migration from Version 3.30 (CWA 16926) to Version 3.40 (this CWA) - Programmer's Reference

Part 77: Item Processing Module Device Class Interface - Migration from Version 3.30 (CWA 16926) to Version 3.40 (this CWA) - Programmer's Reference

In addition to these Programmer's Reference specifications, the reader of this CWA is also referred to a complementary document, called Release Notes. The Release Notes contain clarifications and explanations on the CWA specifications, which are not requiring functional changes. The current version of the Release Notes is available online from: <u>https://www.cen.eu/work/Sectors/Digital_society/Pages/WSXFS.aspx</u>.

The information in this document represents the Workshop's current views on the issues discussed as of the date of publication. It is provided for informational purposes only and is subject to change without notice. CEN makes no warranty, express or implied, with respect to this document.

1. Introduction

1.1 Background to Release 3.40

The CEN/XFS Workshop aims to promote a clear and unambiguous specification defining a multi-vendor software interface to financial peripheral devices. The XFS (eXtensions for Financial Services) specifications are developed within the CEN (European Committee for Standardization/Information Society Standardization System) Workshop environment. CEN Workshops aim to arrive at a European consensus on an issue that can be published as a CEN Workshop Agreement (CWA).

The CEN/XFS Workshop encourages the participation of both banks and vendors in the deliberations required to create an industry standard. The CEN/XFS Workshop achieves its goals by focused sub-groups working electronically and meeting quarterly.

Release 3.40 of the XFS specification is based on a C API and is delivered with the continued promise for the protection of technical investment for existing applications. This release of the specification extends the functionality and capabilities of the existing devices covered by the specification. Notable enhancements include:

- Common API level based 'Service Information' command to report Service Provider information, data and versioning.
- Common API level based events to report changes in status and invalid parameters.
- Support for Advanced Encryption Standard (AES) in PIN.
- VDM Entry Without Closing XFS Service Providers.
- Addition of a Biometrics device class.
- CDM/CIM Note Classification List handling.
- Support for Derived Unique Key Per Transaction (DUKPT) in PIN.
- Addition of Transaction Start/End commands.
- Addition of explicit CIM Prepare/Present commands.

1.2 XFS Service-Specific Programming

The service classes are defined by their service-specific commands and the associated data structures, error codes, messages, etc. These commands are used to request functions that are specific to one or more classes of Service Providers, but not all of them, and therefore are not included in the common API for basic or administration functions.

When a service-specific command is common among two or more classes of Service Providers, the syntax of the command is as similar as possible across all services, since a major objective of XFS is to standardize function codes and structures for the broadest variety of services. For example, using the **WFSExecute** function, the commands to read data from various services are as similar as possible to each other in their syntax and data structures.

In general, the specific command set for a service class is defined as a superset of the specific capabilities likely to be provided by the developers of the services of that class; thus any particular device will normally support only a subset of the defined command set.

There are three cases in which a Service Provider may receive a service-specific command that it does not support:

The requested capability is defined for the class of Service Providers by the XFS specification, the particular vendor implementation of that service does not support it, and the unsupported capability is *not* considered to be fundamental to the service. In this case, the Service Provider returns a successful completion, but does no operation. An example would be a request from an application to turn on a control indicator on a passbook printer; the Service Provider recognizes the command, but since the passbook printer it is managing does not include that indicator, the Service Provider does no operation and returns a successful completion to the application.

The requested capability is defined for the class of Service Providers by the XFS specification, the particular vendor implementation of that service does not support it, and the unsupported capability *is* considered to be fundamental to the service. In this case, a WFS_ERR_UNSUPP_COMMAND error for Execute commands or

WFS_ERR_UNSUPP_CATEGORY error for Info commands is returned to the calling application. An example would be a request from an application to a cash dispenser to retract items where the dispenser hardware does not have that capability; the Service Provider recognizes the command but, since the cash dispenser it is managing is unable to fulfil the request, returns this error.

The requested capability is *not* defined for the class of Service Providers by the XFS specification. In this case, a WFS_ERR_INVALID_COMMAND error for Execute commands or WFS_ERR_INVALID_CATEGORY error for Info commands is returned to the calling application.

This design allows implementation of applications that can be used with a range of services that provide differing subsets of the functionalities that are defined for their service class. Applications may use the **WFSGetInfo** and **WFSAsyncGetInfo** commands to inquire about the capabilities of the service they are about to use, and modify their behavior accordingly, or they may use functions and then deal with error returns to make decisions as to how to use the service.

2. PIN Keypad

This section describes the application program interface for personal identification number keypads (PIN pads) and other encryption/decryption devices. This description includes definitions of the service-specific commands that can be issued, using the WFSAsyncExecute, WFSExecute, WFSGetInfo and WFSAsyncGetInfo functions.

This section describes the general interface for the following functions:

- Administration of encryption devices
- Loading of encryption keys
- Encryption / decryption
- Entering Personal Identification Numbers (PINs)
- PIN verification
- PIN block generation (encrypted PIN)
- Clear text data handling
- Function key handling
- PIN presentation to chipcard
- Read and write safety critical Terminal Data from/to HSM
- HSM and Chipcard Authentication
- EMV 4.0 PIN blocks, EMV 4.0 public key loading, static and dynamic data verification

If the PIN pad device has local display capability, display handling should be handled using the Text Terminal Unit (TTU) interface.

The adoption of this specification does not imply the adoption of a specific security standard.

Important Notes:

- This revision of this specification does not define all key management procedures; some key management is still vendor-specific.
- Key space management is customer-specific, and is therefore handled by vendor-specific mechanisms.
- Only numeric PIN pads are handled in this specification.

This specification also supports the Hardware Security Module (HSM), which is necessary for the German ZKA Electronic Purse transactions. Furthermore the HSM stores terminal specific data.

This data will be compared against the message data fields (Sent and Received ISO8583 messages) prior to HSM-MAC generation/verification. HSM-MACs are generated/verified only if the message fields match the data stored.

Keys used for cryptographic HSM functions are stored separate from other keys. This must be considered when importing keys.

This version of PIN pad complies to the current ZKA specification 3.0. It supports loading and unloading against card account for both card types (Type 0 and Type 1) of the ZKA electronic purse. It also covers the necessary functionality for 'Loading against other legal tender'.

Key values are passed to the API as binary hexadecimal values, for example: 0123456789ABCDEF = 0x01 0x23 0x45 0x67 0x89 0xAB 0xCD 0xEF

When hex values are passed to the API within strings, the hex digits 0xA to 0xF can be represented by characters in the ranges 'a' to 'f' or 'A' to 'F'.

The following commands and events were initially added to support the German ZKA standard, but may also be used for other national standards:

- WFS_INF_PIN_HSM_TDATA
- WFS_CMD_PIN_HSM_SET_TDATA
- WFS_CMD_PIN_SECURE_MSG_SEND

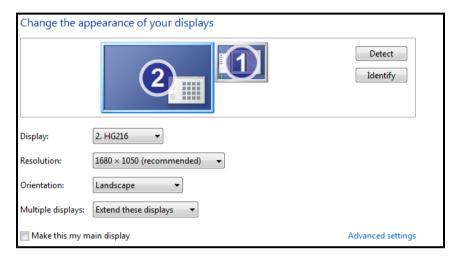
- WFS_CMD_PIN_SECURE_MSG_RECEIVE
- WFS_CMD_PIN_GET_JOURNAL
- WFS_SRVE_PIN_OPT_REQUIRED
- WFS_CMD_PIN_HSM_INIT
- WFS_SRVE_PIN_HSM_TDATA_CHANGED

Certain levels of the PCI EPP security standards specify that if a key encryption key is deleted or replaced, then all keys in the hierarchy under that key encryption key are also removed. Key encryption keys have the WFS_PIN_USEKEYENCKEY type of access. Applications can check impact of key deletion using WFS_INF_PIN_KEY_DETAIL or WFS_INF_PIN_KEY_DETAIL_EX.

2.1 Encrypting Touch Screen (ETS)

An encrypting touch screen device is a touch screen securely attached to a cryptographic device. It can be used as an alternative to an encrypting pin pad (EPP). It supports key management, encryption and decryption.

It is assumed that the ETS is a combined device. It overlays a display monitor which is used to display lead-through for a transaction. It is assumed that the display monitor is part of the Windows desktop, and can be the Windows primary monitor or any other monitor on the desktop. E.g. the following diagram shows 2 monitors extended across the desktop, with monitor 1 being the primary monitor and the ETS being overlaid on monitor 2 whose origin is (-1680.0).



The touch screen can optionally be used as a "mouse" for application purposes, while XFS PIN operations are not in progress or optionally when non-secure XFS PIN commands are in progress.

The CEN interface supports two types of ETS

- Those which activate touch areas defined by the application.
- Those which activate a random variation of touch areas defined by the application.

The Service Provider, when reporting its capabilities, reports the absolute position of the ETS in Windows desktop coordinates. This allows the application to locate the ETS device in a multi-monitor system and relate it to a monitor on the desktop.

At any point in time, a single touch area of the ETS can operate in one of 4 modes:-

- **Mouse mode** a "touch" simulates a mouse click. This mode is optional. This may not be supported by some ETS devices. Configuration of the click is vendor specific. e.g. WM_LBUTTONDOWN. This is also the mode that, if supported, is active when none of the other modes are active.
- **XFS Data mode** a "touch" maps to an XFS key and the value of the key is returned in an event (as in clear numeric entry using WFS_CMD_PIN_GET_DATA).
- XFS PIN mode a "touch" maps to an XFS key and the value of the key is returned in an event only if the key pressed is not WFS_PIN_FK_0 through WFS_PIN_FK_9 (as in PIN entry using WFS_CMD_PIN_GET_PIN).
- XFS Secure mode a "touch" maps to an XFS key and the value of the key is returned in an event only if the key pressed is not WFS_PIN_FK_0 through WFS_PIN_FK_9 and not WFS_PIN_FK_A through WFS_PIN_FK_F (as in key entry using WFS_CMD_PIN_SECUREKEY_ENTRY).

The following concepts are introduced to define the relationship between the monitor and the ETS:-

- Touch Key an area of the monitor which reacts to touch in XFS Data, PIN and Secure modes.
- **Touch Frame** an area of the monitor onto which Touch Keys can be placed. There can be one or more Touch Frames. There may be just one Touch Frame which covers the whole monitor. Areas within a Touch Frame, not defined as a Touch Key, do not react to touch. Generally in XFS PIN and Secure modes, there would be only one Touch Frame covering the whole monitor. An empty Touch Frame disables that part of the monitor.

- Mouse area an area outside of all Touch Frames in which touches behave like a mouse
- Thus XFS Data, PIN and Secure modes operate in a single Touch Frame or multiple Touch Frames. Mouse mode operates outside a Touch Frame, and is optional.

Note that there is a perceived risk in separating the drawing functionality from the touch functionality, but this type of risk is present in today's keyboard based systems. e.g. An application can draw on a monitor to prompt the user to enter a PIN and then enables the EPP for clear data entry. So the risk is no different than with an EPP – the application has to be trusted.

Depending upon the type of device, the application must then either inform the Service Provider as to the active key positions in the form of Touch Frames and Touch Keys using the WFS_CMD_PIN_DEFINE_LAYOUT command, or obtain them from the Service Provider using the WFS_INF_PIN_GET_LAYOUT command. This collection is now referred to as a "Touch Keyboard definition".

The application then uses the normal PIN commands to enable the touch keyboard definition on the ETS device:

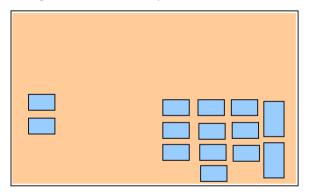
- PIN entry WFS_CMD_PIN_GET_PIN
- Clear data entry WFS_CMD_PIN_GET_DATA
- Secure key entry WFS CMD PIN SECUREKEY ENTRY

These commands are referred to as "keyboard entry commands" throughout the remainder of this document.

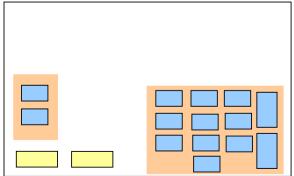
PCI compliance means that WFS_CMD_PIN_GET_PIN and WFS_CMD_PIN_SECUREKEY_ENTRY can only be used with a single Touch Frame that covers the entire monitor. i.e. Mouse mode cannot be mixed with either XFS PIN or Secure mode. If a Touch Key (or areas) is defined for an XFS key value and that key value is not subsequently specified as active in a WFS_CMD_PIN_GET_PIN, WFS_CMD_PIN_GET_DATA or WFS_CMD_PIN_SECUREKEY_ENTRY command, then the Touch Key is made inactive.

Layouts defined with the WFS_CMD_PIN_DEFINE_LAYOUT command are persistent.

Example 1 - this screen only uses XFS Data mode - the entire screen is a Touch Frame. Mouse mode is not used.



Example 2 – this shows a monitor with two Touch Frames and 14 Touch Keys. The space within the Touch Frames not defined by a Touch Key are inactive (do not respond to touch). All areas outside a Touch Frame operate in Mouse mode. This example shows two Mouse mode "keys". e.g. Windows "Button", HTML "BUTTON" or a custom control. Other touches in Mouse mode are normally dealt with by the application event engine. However, this can be restricted – see example 3.



Example 3 – this screen uses Mouse and XFS Data modes – Mouse mode is used only in a restricted area. The touch keyboard definition has 3 frames. Frame 1 has no Touch Keys. Frame 2 has 2 Touch Keys; Frame 3 has 12 Touch Keys.

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4. Info Commands

4.1 WFS_INF_PIN_STATUS

Description This command returns several kinds of status information.

Input Param None.

Output Param LPWFSPINSTATUS lpStatus;

```
typedef struct _wfs_pin_status
     {
     WORD
                                fwDevice;
     WORD
                                fwEncStat;
     LPSTR
                                lpszExtra;
     DWORD
                                dwGuidLights[WFS PIN GUIDLIGHTS SIZE];
     WORD
                                fwAutoBeepMode;
                                dwCertificateState;
     DWORD
     WORD
                                wDevicePosition;
     USHORT
                                usPowerSaveRecoveryTime;
                                wAntiFraudModule;
     WORD
     } WFSPINSTATUS, *LPWFSPINSTATUS;
```

fwDevice

Specifies the state of the PIN pad device as one of the following flags:

Value	Meaning
WFS_PIN_DEVONLINE	The device is online (i.e. powered on and
	operable).
WFS_PIN_DEVOFFLINE	The device is offline (e.g. the operator has
	taken the device offline by turning a switch).
WFS_PIN_DEVPOWEROFF	The device is powered off or physically not connected.
WFS_PIN_DEVNODEVICE	There is no device intended to be there; e.g.
	this type of self service machine does not
	contain such a device or it is internally not
	configured.
WFS PIN DEVHWERROR	The device is inoperable due to a hardware
	error.
WFS PIN DEVUSERERROR	The device is present but a person is
	preventing proper device operation.
WFS PIN DEVBUSY	The device is busy and unable to process an
	execute command at this time.
WFS PIN DEVFRAUDATTEMPT	The device is present but is inoperable
	because it has detected a fraud attempt.
WFS PIN DEVPOTENTIALFRAUD	The device has detected a potential fraud
	attempt and is capable of remaining in
	service. In this case the application should
	make the decision as to whether to take the
	device offline.

fwEncStat

Specifies the state of the encryption module as one of the following flags:

Value	Meaning
WFS_PIN_ENCREADY	The encryption module is initialized and
	ready (at least one key is imported into the encryption module).
WFS_PIN_ENCNOTREADY	The encryption module is not available or
	not ready due to hardware error or
	communication error.
WFS_PIN_ENCNOTINITIALIZED	The encryption module is not initialized (no
	master key loaded).
WFS_PIN_ENCBUSY	The encryption module is busy (implies that
	the device is busy).

WFS_PIN_ENCUNDEFINED WFS_PIN_ENCINITIALIZED

The encryption module state is undefined. The encryption module is initialized and master key (where required) and any other initial keys are loaded; ready to import other keys.

lpszExtra

Specifies a list of vendor-specific, or any other extended, information. The information is returned as a series of "*key=value*" strings so that it is easily extendable by Service Providers. Each string will be null-terminated, the whole list terminated with an additional null character. An empty list may be indicated by either a NULL pointer or a pointer to two consecutive null characters.

A number of *lpszExtra* key value pairs have been standardized during previous releases of the PIN specification. These values have now been added to the main status structure but the standardized key value pairs in *lpszExtra* must still be supported by the Service Provider when the functionality is supported. Section <u>10</u> defines the standardized *lpszExtra* key value pairs.

dwGuidLights [...]

Specifies the state of the guidance light indicators. A number of guidance light types are defined below. Vendor specific guidance lights are defined starting from the end of the array. The maximum guidance light index is WFS_PIN_GUIDLIGHTS_MAX.

Specifies the state of the guidance light indicator as

WFS_PIN_GUIDANCE_NOT_AVAILABLE, WFS_PIN_GUIDANCE_OFF or a combination of the following flags consisting of one type B, optionally one type C and optionally one type D.

Value	Meaning	Туре
WFS_PIN_GUIDANCE_NOT_AVAILABLE	The status is not available.	А
WFS_PIN_GUIDANCE_OFF	The light is turned off.	А
WFS_PIN_GUIDANCE_SLOW_FLASH	The light is blinking slowly.	В
WFS_PIN_GUIDANCE_MEDIUM_FLASH	The light is blinking medium	В
	frequency.	
WFS_PIN_GUIDANCE_QUICK_FLASH	The light is blinking quickly.	В
WFS_PIN_GUIDANCE_CONTINUOUS	The light is turned on continuous	В
	(steady).	
WFS_PIN_GUIDANCE_RED	The light is red.	С
WFS_PIN_GUIDANCE_GREEN	The light is green.	С
WFS_PIN_GUIDANCE_YELLOW	The light is yellow.	С
WFS_PIN_GUIDANCE_BLUE	The light is blue.	С
WFS_PIN_GUIDANCE_CYAN	The light is cyan.	С
WFS_PIN_GUIDANCE_MAGENTA	The light is magenta.	С
WFS_PIN_GUIDANCE_WHITE	The light is white.	С
WFS_PIN_GUIDANCE_ENTRY	The light is in the entry state.	D
WFS_PIN_GUIDANCE_EXIT	The light is in the exit state.	D

dwGuidLights [WFS_PIN_GUIDANCE_PINPAD] Specifies the state of the guidance light indicator on the PIN pad unit.

fwAutoBeepMode

Specifies whether automatic beep tone on key press is active or not. Active and in-active key beeping is reported independently. *fwAutoBeepMode* can take a combination of the following values, if the flag is not set auto beeping is not activated (or not supported) for that key type (i.e. active or in-active keys):

Value	Meaning
WFS_PIN_BEEP_ON_ACTIVE	An automatic tone will be generated for all
	active keys.
WFS_PIN_BEEP_ON_INACTIVE	An automatic tone will be generated for all
	in-active keys.

dwCertificateState

Specifies the state of the public verification or encryption key in the PIN certificate modules as one of the following flags:

Value	Meaning
WFS_PIN_CERT_UNKNOWN	The state of the certificate module is unknown or the device does not have this capability.
WFS_PIN_CERT_PRIMARY	All pre-loaded certificates have been loaded and that primary verification certificates will be accepted for the commands WFS_CMD_PIN_LOAD_CERTIFICATE or WFS_CMD_PIN_REPLACE_CERTIFICATE.
WFS_PIN_CERT_SECONDARY	Primary verification certificates will not be accepted and only secondary verification certificates will be accepted. If primary certificates have been compromised (which the certificate authority or the host detects), then secondary certificates should be used in any transaction. This is done by calling the WFS_CMD_PIN_LOAD_CERTIFICATE command or the WFS_CMD_PIN_REPLACE_CERTIFICATE.
WFS_PIN_CERT_NOTREADY	The certificate module is not ready. (The device is powered off or physically not present).

wDevicePosition

Specifies the device position. The device position value is independent of the *fwDevice* value, e.g. when the device position is reported as WFS_PIN_DEVICENOTINPOSITION, *fwDevice* can have any of the values defined above (including WFS_PIN_DEVONLINE or WFS_PIN_DEVOFFLINE). This value is one of the following values:

Value	Meaning
WFS_PIN_DEVICEINPOSITION	The device is in its normal operating position, or is fixed in place and cannot be moved.
WFS_PIN_DEVICENOTINPOSITION	The device has been removed from its normal operating position.
WFS_PIN_DEVICEPOSUNKNOWN	Due to a hardware error or other condition, the position of the device cannot be determined.
WFS_PIN_DEVICEPOSNOTSUPP	The physical device does not have the capability of detecting the position.

usPowerSaveRecoveryTime

Specifies the actual number of seconds required by the device to resume its normal operational state from the current power saving mode. This value is zero if either the power saving mode has not been activated or no power save control is supported.

wAntiFraudModule

Specifies the state of the anti-fraud module as one of the following values:

Value	Meaning
WFS_PIN_AFMNOTSUPP	No anti-fraud module is available.
WFS_PIN_AFMOK	Anti-fraud module is in a good state and no
	foreign device is detected.
WFS_PIN_AFMINOP	Anti-fraud module is inoperable.
WFS_PIN_AFMDEVICEDETECTED	Anti-fraud module detected the presence of a
	foreign device.
WFS_PIN_AFMUNKNOWN	The state of the anti-fraud module cannot be
	determined.

Error Codes Only the generic error codes defined in [Ref. 1] can be generated by this command.

Comments Applications which require or expect specific information to be present in the *lpszExtra* parameter may not be device or vendor-independent.

In the case where communications with the device have been lost, the *fwDevice* field will report WFS_PIN_DEVPOWEROFF when the device has been removed or WFS_PIN_DEVHWERROR

if the communications are unexpectedly lost. All other fields should contain a value based on the following rules and priority:

- 1. Report the value as unknown.
- 2. Report the value as a general h/w error.
- 3. Report the value as the last known value.

4.2 WFS_INF_PIN_CAPABILITIES

Description This command is used to retrieve the capabilities of the PIN pad.

Input Param None.

Output Param LPWFSPINCAPS lpCaps;

typedef struct _wfs_pin_caps	
{	
WORD	wClass;
WORD	fwType;
BOOL	bCompound;
USHORT	usKeyNum;
WORD	fwAlgorithms;
WORD	fwPinFormats;
WORD	fwDerivationAlgorithms;
WORD	fwPresentationAlgorithms;
WORD	fwDisplay;
BOOL	bIDConnect;
WORD	fwIDKey;
WORD	fwValidationAlgorithms;
WORD	fwKeyCheckModes;
LPSTR	lpszExtra;
DWORD	dwGuidLights[WFS_PIN_GUIDLIGHTS_SIZE];
BOOL	bPINCanPersistAfterUse;
WORD	fwAutoBeep;
LPSTR	lpsHSMVendor;
BOOL	bHSMJournaling;
DWORD	dwRSAAuthenticationScheme;
DWORD	dwRSASignatureAlgorithm;
DWORD	dwRSACryptAlgorithm;
DWORD	dwRSAKeyCheckMode;
DWORD	dwSignatureScheme;
LPWORD	lpwEMVImportSchemes;
WORD	fwEMVHashAlgorithm;
BOOL	bKeyImportThroughParts;
WORD	fwENCIOProtocols;
BOOL	bTypeCombined;
BOOL	bSetPinblockDataRequired;
WORD	fwKeyBlockImportFormats;
BOOL	bPowerSaveControl;
BOOL	bAntiFraudModule;
WORD	wDESKeyLength;
WORD	wCertificateTypes;
LPWFSPINSIGNERCAP	*lppLoadCertOptions;
DWORD	dwCRKLLoadOptions;
LPWFSPINETSCAPS	lpETSCaps;
LPDWORD	lpdwSynchronizableCommands;
LPWFSPINRESTKEYENCKEY	*lppRestrictedKeyEncKeySupport;
DWORD	dwSymmetricKeyManagementMethods;
LPWFSPINATTRIBUTES	*lppCryptAttributes;
LPWFSPINATTRIBUTES	*lppPINBlockAttributes;
LPWFSPINATTRIBUTES	*lppKeyAttributes;
LPWFSPINATTRIBUTES	*lppDecryptAttributes;
LPWFSPINATTRIBUTES	*lppVerifyAttributes;
<pre>} WFSPINCAPS, *LPWFSPINCA</pre>	PS;

wClass

Specifies the logical service class as WFS_SERVICE_CLASS_PIN.

fwType

Specifies the type of the PIN pad security module as a combination of the following flags. PIN entry is only possible when at least WFS_PIN_TYPEEPP and WFS_PIN_TYPEEDM, or WFS_PIN_TYPEETS and WFS_PIN_TYPEEDM are set. In order to use the ZKA-Electronic purse, WFS_PIN_TYPEEDM, WFS_PIN_TYPEHSM and one data entry device (WFS PIN TYPEEPP or WFS PIN TYPEETS) flags must be set.

Value	Meaning
WFS_PIN_TYPEEPP	Electronic PIN pad (keyboard data entry device).
WFS_PIN_TYPEEDM	Encryption/decryption module.
WFS_PIN_TYPEHSM	Hardware security module (electronic PIN pad and encryption module within the same physical unit).
WFS_PIN_TYPEETS	Encrypting Touch Screen (touch screen data entry device).

bCompound

Specifies whether the logical device is part of a compound physical device.

usKeyNum

Number of the keys which can be stored in the encryption/decryption module.

fwAlgorithms

Supported encryption modes; a combination of the following flags:

Value	Meaning
WFS PIN CRYPTDESECB	Electronic Code Book.
WFS_PIN_CRYPTDESCBC	Cipher Block Chaining.
WFS_PIN_CRYPTDESCFB	Cipher Feed Back.
WFS_PIN_CRYPTRSA	RSA Encryption.
WFS_PIN_CRYPTECMA	ECMA Encryption.
WFS_PIN_CRYPTDESMAC	MAC calculation using CBC.
WFS_PIN_CRYPTTRIDESECB	Triple DES with Electronic Code Book.
WFS_PIN_CRYPTTRIDESCBC	Triple DES with Cipher Block Chaining.
WFS_PIN_CRYPTTRIDESCFB	Triple DES with Cipher Feed Back.
WFS_PIN_CRYPTTRIDESMAC	Last Block Triple DES MAC as defined in
	ISO/IEC 9797-1:1999 [Ref. 32], using: block
	length n=64, Padding Method 1 (when
	<i>bPadding</i> =0), MAC Algorithm 3, MAC
	length m where $32 \le m \le 64$.
WFS_PIN_CRYPTMAAMAC	MAC calculation using the Message
	authenticator algorithm as defined in ISO
	8731-2 [Ref. 33].
WFS_PIN_CRYPTTRIDESMAC2805	Triple DES MAC calculation as defined in
	ISO 16609:2004 [Ref. 38] and Australian
	Standard 2805.4 [Ref. 39].
WFS_PIN_CRYPTSM4	SM4 block cipher algorithm as defined in
	Password industry standard of the People's
	Republic of China GM/T 0002-2012 [Ref.
	43].
WFS_PIN_CRYPTSM4MAC	MAC calculation using the Message
	authenticator algorithm as defined in as
	defined in Password industry standard of the
	People's Republic of China GM/T 0002-
	2012 [Ref. 43] and in PBOC3.0 JR/T
	0025.17-2013 [Ref. 44].

fwPinFormats

Supported PIN formats; a combination of the following flags:

Value	Meaning
WFS_PIN_FORM3624	PIN left justified, filled with padding
	characters, PIN length 4-16 digits. The
	padding character is a hexadecimal digit in
	the range 0x00 to 0x0F.
WFS PIN FORMANSI	PIN is preceded by 0x00 and the length of
	the PIN (0x04 to 0x0C), filled with padding
	character 0x0F to the right, PIN length 4-12
	digits, XORed with PAN (Primary Account
	Number, minimum 12 digits without check
	number).

WFS_PIN_FORMISO0	PIN is preceded by 0x00 and the length of the PIN (0x04 to 0x0C), filled with padding character 0x0F to the right, PIN length 4-12 digits, XORed with PAN (Primary Account Number without check number, no minimum length specified, missing digits are filled
WFS_PIN_FORMISO1	with 0x00). PIN is preceded by 0x01 and the length of the PIN (0x04 to 0x0C), padding characters are taken from a transaction field (10 digits).
WFS_PIN_FORMECI2	(similar to WFS_PIN_FORM3624), PIN
WFS_PIN_FORMECI3	only 4 digits. PIN is preceded by the length (digit), PIN length 4-6 digits, the padding character can range from 0x0 through 0xF.
WFS_PIN_FORMVISA	PIN is preceded by the length (digit), PIN length 4-6 digits. If the PIN length is less than six digits the PIN is filled with 0x0 to the length of six, the padding character can range from 0x0 through 0x9 (This format is
WFS_PIN_FORMDIEBOLD	also referred to as VISA2). PIN is padded with the padding character and may be not encrypted, single encrypted or double encrypted.
WFS_PIN_FORMDIEBOLDCO	PIN with the length of 4 to 12 digits, each one with a value of 0x0 to 0x9, is preceded by the one-digit coordination number with a value from 0x0 to 0xF, padded with the padding character with a value from 0x0 to 0xF and may be not encrypted, single
WFS_PIN_FORMVISA3	encrypted or double encrypted. PIN with the length of 4 to 12 digits, each one with a value of 0x0 to 0x9, is followed by a delimiter with the value of 0xF and then padded by the padding character with a value between 0x0 to 0xF.
WFS_PIN_FORMBANKSYS	PIN is encrypted and formatted according to the Banksys PIN block specifications.
WFS_PIN_FORMEMV	The PIN block is constructed as follows: PIN is preceded by 0x02 and the length of the PIN (0x04 to 0x0C), filled with padding character 0x0F to the right, formatted up to 248 bytes of other data as defined within the EMV 4.0 specifications and finally
WFS_PIN_FORMISO3	encrypted with an RSA key. PIN is preceded by 0x03 and the length of the PIN (0x04 to 0x0C), padding characters sequentially or randomly chosen, XORed
WFS_PIN_FORMAP	with digits from PAN. PIN is formatted according to the Italian Bancomat specifications. It is known as the Authentication Parameter PIN block and is created with a 5 digit PIN, an 18 digit PAN, and the 8 digit CCS from the track data.
WFS_PIN_FORMISO4	PIN is formatted according to ISO 9564-1: 2017 Format-4 (uses AES Encryption).

fwDerivationAlgorithms Supported derivation algorithms; a combination of the following flags:

Value	Meaning
WFS_PIN_CHIP_ZKA	Algorithm for the derivation of a chip card individual key as described by the German
	ZKA.

fwPresentationAlgorithms

Supported presentation algorithms; a combination of the following flags:

Value	Meaning
WFS_PIN_PRESENT_CLEAR	Algorithm for the presentation of a clear text PIN to a chipcard. Each digit of the clear text PIN is inserted as one nibble (=halfbyte) into <i>lpbChipData</i> . See WFS_CMD_PIN_PRESENT_IDC for a detailed description.

fwDisplay

Specifies the type of the display used in the PIN pad module as one of the following flags:

Value	Meaning
WFS_PIN_DISPNONE	No display unit.
WFS_PIN_DISPLEDTHROUGH	Lights next to text guide user.
WFS_PIN_DISPDISPLAY	A real display is available (this doesn't apply
	for self-service).

bIDConnect

Specifies whether the PIN pad is directly physically connected to the ID card unit. If the value is TRUE, the PIN will be transported securely during the command WFS_CMD_PIN_PRESENT_IDC.

fwIDKey

Specifies if key owner identification (in commands referenced as *lpxIdent*), which authorizes access to the encryption module, is required. A zero value is returned if the encryption module does not support this capability. Otherwise it will be a combination of the following flags:

Value	Meaning
WFS_PIN_IDKEYINITIALIZATION	ID key is returned by the
	WFS_CMD_PIN_INITIALIZATION
	command.
WFS_PIN_IDKEYIMPORT	ID key is required as input for the
	WFS_CMD_PIN_IMPORT_KEY and
	WFS_CMD_PIN_DERIVE_KEY command.

fwValidationAlgorithms

Specifies the algorithms for PIN validation supported by the service; combination of the following flags:

Value	Meaning
WFS_PIN_DES	DES algorithm.
WFS_PIN_EUROCHEQUE	EUROCHEQUE algorithm.
WFS_PIN_VISA	VISA algorithm.
WFS_PIN_DES_OFFSET	DES offset generation algorithm.
WFS_PIN_BANKSYS	Banksys algorithm.

fwKeyCheckModes

Specifies the key check modes that are supported to check the correctness of an imported key value. The encryption algorithm used (i.e. DES, 3DES, AES) is determined by the type of key being checked. If the key size is larger than the algorithm block size, then only the first block will be used. It can be a combination of the following flags:

Value	Meaning
WFS_PIN_KCVSELF	The key check value (KCV) is created by an encryption of the key with itself. For the description refer to the WFS_PIN_KCVSELF literal description in <i>dwCryptoMethod</i> .

WFS_PIN_KCVZERO

The key check value (KCV) is created by encrypting a zero value with the key.

lpszExtra

Points to a list of vendor-specific, or any other extended, information. The information is returned as a series of "*key=value*" strings so that it is easily extendable by Service Providers. Each string is null-terminated, the whole list terminated with an additional null character. An empty list may be indicated by either a NULL pointer or a pointer to two consecutive null characters.

A number of *lpszExtra* key value pairs have been standardized during previous releases of the PIN specification. These values have now been added to the main capabilities structure but the standardized key value pairs in *lpszExtra* must still be supported by the Service Provider when the functionality is supported. Section <u>10</u> defines the standardized *lpszExtra* key value pairs.

dwGuidLights [...]

Specifies which guidance lights are available. A number of guidance light types are defined below. Vendor specific guidance lights are defined starting from the end of the array. The maximum guidance light index is WFS_PIN_GUIDLIGHTS_MAX.

In addition to supporting specific flash rates and colors, some guidance lights also have the capability to show directional movement representing "entry" and "exit". The "entry" state gives the impression of leading a user to place a card into the device. The "exit" state gives the impression of ejection from a device to a user and would be used for retrieving a card from the device.

The elements of this array are specified as a combination of the following flags and indicate all of the possible flash rates (type B), colors (type C) and directions (type D) that the guidance light indicator is capable of handling. If the guidance light indicator does not support direction then no value of type D is returned. A value of WFS_PIN_GUIDANCE_NOT_AVAILABLE indicates that the device has no guidance light indicator or the device controls the light directly with no application control possible.

Value	Meaning	Туре
WFS_PIN_GUIDANCE_NOT_AVAILABLE	There is no guidance light control	А
	available at this position.	
WFS_PIN_GUIDANCE_OFF	The light can be off.	В
WFS_PIN_GUIDANCE_SLOW_FLASH	The light can blink slowly.	В
WFS_PIN_GUIDANCE_MEDIUM_FLASH	The light can blink medium	В
	frequency.	
WFS_PIN_GUIDANCE_QUICK_FLASH	The light can blink quickly.	В
WFS_PIN_GUIDANCE_CONTINUOUS	The light can be continuous	В
	(steady).	
WFS_PIN_GUIDANCE_RED	The light can be red.	С
WFS_PIN_GUIDANCE_GREEN	The light can be green.	С
WFS_PIN_GUIDANCE_YELLOW	The light can be yellow.	С
WFS_PIN_GUIDANCE_BLUE	The light can be blue.	С
WFS_PIN_GUIDANCE_CYAN	The light can be cyan.	С
WFS_PIN_GUIDANCE_MAGENTA	The light can be magenta.	С
WFS_PIN_GUIDANCE_WHITE	The light can be white.	С
WFS_PIN_GUIDANCE_ENTRY	The light can be in the entry state.	D
WFS_PIN_GUIDANCE_EXIT	The light can be in the exit state.	D

dwGuidLights [WFS PIN GUIDANCE PINPAD]

Specifies whether the guidance light indicator on the PIN pad unit is available.

bPINCanPersistAfterUse

Specifies whether the device can retain the PIN after a PIN processing command, e.g. WFS_CMD_PIN_GET_PINBLOCK, WFS_CMD_PIN_LOCAL_DES, WFS_CMD_PIN_PRESENT_IDC, etc:

Value	Meaning
TRUE	Applications may request, through the
	WFS_CMD_PIN_MAINTAIN_PIN
	command, that the PIN continues to be held
	within the device after use by a PIN
	processing command.

FALSE

The PIN will always be cleared by the device after processing. The WFS_CMD_PIN_MAINTAIN_PIN is not supported.

fwAutoBeep

Specifies whether the PIN device will emit a key beep tone on key presses (of active keys or inactive keys), and if so, which mode it supports. Specified as a combination of the following flags:

Value	Meaning
WFS_PIN_BEEP_ACTIVE_AVAILABLE	Automatic beep tone on active key key-press is supported. If this flag is not set then automatic beeping for active keys is not supported.
WFS_PIN_BEEP_ACTIVE_SELECTABLE	Automatic beeping for active keys can be controlled (i.e. turned on and off) by the application. If this flag is not set then automatic beeping for active keys cannot be controlled by an application.
WFS_PIN_BEEP_INACTIVE_AVAILABLE	Automatic beep tone on in-active key key- press is supported. If this flag is not set then automatic beeping for in-active keys is not supported.
WFS_PIN_BEEP_INACTIVE_SELECTABLE	Automatic beeping for in-active keys can be controlled (i.e. turned on and off) by the application. If this flag is not set then automatic beeping for in-active keys cannot be controlled by an application.

lpsHSMVendor

Identifies the HSM Vendor. *lpsHSMVendor* is NULL when the HSM Vendor is unknown or the HSM is not supported.

The following is a list of known vendors' strings that *lpsHSMVendor* can contain for the support of German HSMs:

"KRONE"

"ASCOM"

"IBM"

"NCR"

bHSMJournaling

Specifies whether the HSM supports journaling by the WFS_CMD_PIN_GET_JOURNAL command. The value of this parameter is either TRUE or FALSE. TRUE means the HSM supports journaling by WFS_CMD_GET_JOURNAL.

dwRSAAuthenticationScheme

Specifies which type(s) of Remote Key Loading/Authentication is supported as a combination of the following flags:

Value	Meaning
WFS_PIN_RSA_AUTH_2PARTY_SIG	Two-party Signature based authentication.
WFS_PIN_RSA_AUTH_3PARTY_CERT	Three-party Certificate based authentication.
WFS_PIN_RSA_AUTH_3PARTY_CERT_TR	34
	Three-party Certificate based authentication
	described by X9 TR34-2012 [Ref. 42].
dwRSASignatureAlgorithm Specifies which type(s) of RSA Signature Algorith	m(s) is supported as a combination of the

Specifies which type(s) of RSA Signature Algorithm(s) is supported as a combination of the following flags:

Value	Meaning
WFS_PIN_SIGN_RSASSA_PKCS1_V1_5	SSA_PKCS_V1_5 Signatures supported.
WFS_PIN_SIGN_RSASSA_PSS	SSA_PSS Signatures supported.

dwRSACryptAlgorithm

Specifies which type(s) of RSA Encipherment Algorithm(s) is supported as a combination of the following flags:

Value	Meaning
WFS_PIN_CRYPT_RSAES_PKCS1_V1_5	AES_PKCS_V1_5 algorithm supported.
WFS_PIN_CRYPT_RSAES_OAEP	AES_OAEP algorithm supported.

dwRSAKeyCheckMode

Specifies which algorithm/method used to generate the public key check value/thumb print as a combination of the following flags:

Value	Meaning
WFS_PIN_RSA_KCV_SHA1 WFS_PIN_RSA_KCV_SHA256	SHA-1 is supported as defined in Ref. 3. SHA-256 is supported as defined in ISO/IEC 10118-3:2004 [Ref. 40] and FIPS 180-2 [Ref. 41].

dwSignatureScheme

Specifies which capabilities are supported by the Signature scheme as a combination of the following flags:

Value	Meaning
WFS_PIN_SIG_GEN_RSA_KEY_PAIR	Specifies if the Service Provider supports the RSA Signature Scheme
	WFS_CMD_PIN_GENERATE_RSA_KEY PAIR and
	WFS_CMD_PIN_EXPORT_RSA_EPP_SIG
	NED commands.
WFS_PIN_SIG_RANDOM_NUMBER	Specifies if the Service Provider returns a random number from the
	WFS_CMD_PIN_START_KEY_EXCHAN
	GE command within the RSA Signature
	Scheme.
WFS_PIN_SIG_EXPORT_EPP_ID	Specifies if the Service Provider supports
	exporting the EPP Security Item within the
	RSA Signature Scheme.
WFS_PIN_SIG_ENHANCED_RKL	Specifies that the Service Provider supports
	the Enhanced Signature Remote Key
	Scheme. This scheme allows the customer to
	manage their own public keys independently
	of the Signature Issuer. When this mode is
	supported then the key loaded signed with
	the Signature Issuer key is the host root
	public key PK_{ROOT} , rather than PK_{HOST} . See Section 8.1 for a full description.

lpwEMVImportSchemes

Identifies the supported EMV Import Scheme(s) as a zero terminated array of modes. *lpwEMVImportSchemes* is set to NULL if the Import Scheme(s) are unknown or not supported. Otherwise *lpwEMVImportSchemes* lists all Import Scheme(s) supported by the PIN Service Provider from the following possible values:

Value	Meaning
WFS_PIN_EMV_IMPORT_PLAIN_CA	A plain text CA public key is imported with
	no verification.
WFS_PIN_EMV_IMPORT_CHKSUM_CA	A plain text CA public key is imported using
	the EMV 2000 verification algorithm. See
	[Ref. 4].
WFS_PIN_EMV_IMPORT_EPI_CA	A CA public key is imported using the self-
	sign scheme defined in the Europay
	International, EPI CA Module Technical -
	Interface specification Version 1.4, [Ref. 5].
WFS_PIN_EMV_IMPORT_ISSUER	An Issuer public key is imported as defined
	in EMV 2000 Book II, [Ref. 4].

WFS_PIN_EMV_IMPORT_ICC	An ICC public key is imported as defined in
WES DIN EMW IMPORT ICC DIN	EMV 2000 Book II, [Ref. 4].
WFS_PIN_EMV_IMPORT_ICC_PIN	An ICC PIN public key is imported as defined in EMV 2000 Book II, [Ref. 4].
WFS_PIN_EMV_IMPORT_PKCSV1_5_CA	A CA public key is imported and verified using a signature generated with a private
	key for which the public key is already
	loaded.

fwEMVHashAlgorithm

Specifies which hash algorithm is supported for the calculation of the HASH as a combination of the following flags:

Value	Meaning
WFS_PIN_HASH_SHA1_DIGEST	The SHA 1 digest algorithm is supported by
	the WFS_CMD_PIN_DIGEST command.
WFS_PIN_HASH_SHA256_DIGEST	The SHA 256 digest algorithm, as defined in
	ISO/IEC 10118-3:2004 [Ref. 40] and FIPS
	180-2 [Ref. 41], is supported by the
	WFS_CMD_PIN_DIGEST command.

bKeyImportThroughParts

Specifies whether the device is capable of importing keys in multiple parts. TRUE means the device supports the key import in multiple parts.

fwENCIOProtocols

Specifies the ENC_IO protocols supported to communicate with the encryption module as a combination of the following flags:

Value	Meaning
WFS_PIN_ENC_PROT_CH	For Swiss specific protocols. The document specification for Swiss specific protocols is "CMD_ENC_IO - CH Protocol.doc". This document is available at the following address: EUROPAY (Switzerland) SA Terminal Management Hertistrasse 27 CH-8304 Wallisellen
WFS_PIN_ENC_PROT_GIECB	Protocol for "Groupement des Cartes Bancaires" (France).
WFS_PIN_ENC_PROT_LUX	Protocol for Luxemburg commands. The reference for this specific protocol is the Authorization Center in Luxemburg (CETREL.) Cryptography Management Postal address: CETREL Société Coopérative Centre de Transferts Electroniques
WFS_PIN_ENC_PROT_CHN	L-2956 Luxembourg Protocol for China commands. The reference for this specific protocol are the Financial industry standard of the People's Republic of China PBOC3.0 JR/T 0025[Ref 44] and the Password industry standard of the People's Republic of China GM/T 0003, GM/T 004[Ref 43].

bTypeCombined

Specifies whether the keypad used in the secure PIN pad module is integrated within a generic Win32 keyboard.

TRUE means the secure PIN keypad is integrated within a generic Win32 keyboard and standard Win32 key events will be generated for any key when there is no 'active' GET_DATA or GET_PIN command. Note that XFS continues to support defined PIN keys only, and is not extended to support new alphanumeric keys.

This feature assists in developing generic browser based applications which need to access both PIN and generic keyboards.

- When an application wishes to receive XFS-based key information then it can use the WFS_CMD_PIN_GET_DATA and WFS_CMD_PIN_GET_PIN commands.
- No Win32 keystrokes are generated for any key (active or not) in a combined device when WFS_CMD_PIN_GET_DATA or WFS_CMD_PIN_GET_PIN are 'active'.
- When no WFS_CMD_PIN_GET_DATA or WFS_CMD_PIN_GET_PIN command is 'active' then any key press will result in a Win32 key event. These events can be ignored by the application, if required.

Note that this does not compromise secure PIN entry – there will be no Win32 keyboard events during PIN collection.

On terminals and kiosks with separate PIN and Win32 keyboards, the Win32 keyboard behaves purely as a PC keyboard and the PIN device behaves only as an XFS device.

bSetPinblockDataRequired

Specifies whether the command WFS_CMD_PIN_SET_PINBLOCK_DATA must be called before the PIN is entered via WFS_CMD_PIN_GET_PIN and retrieved via WFS_CMD_PIN_GET_PINBLOCK.

fwKeyBlockImportFormats

Supported key block formats; a combination of the following flags:

Value	Meaning
WFS_PIN_ANSTR31KEYBLOCK	Supports ANS TR-31A Keyblock format key
	import.
WFS_PIN_ANSTR31KEYBLOCKB	Supports ANS TR-31B Keyblock format key
	import.
WFS_PIN_ANSTR31KEYBLOCKC	Supports ANS TR-31C Keyblock format key
	import.

bPowerSaveControl

Specifies whether power saving control is available. This can either be TRUE if available or FALSE if not available.

bAntiFraudModule

Specifies whether the anti-fraud module is available. This can either be TRUE if available or FALSE if not available.

wDESKeyLength

Specifies which length(s) of DES keys are supported as a combination of the following flags:

Value	Meaning
WFS_PIN_KEYSINGLE	8 byte (single-length) DES keys are
	supported.
WFS_PIN_KEYDOUBLE	16 byte (double-length) DES keys are
	supported.
WFS_PIN_KEYTRIPLE	24 byte (triple-length) DES keys are
	supported.

wCertificateTypes

Specifies supported certificate types as a combination of the following flags:

Value	Meaning
WFS_PIN_PUBLICENCKEY	Supports the EPP public encryption certificate.
WFS_PIN_PUBLICVERIFICATIONKEY	Supports the EPP public verification certificate.
WFS_PIN_PUBLICHOSTKEY	Supports the Host public certificate.

lppLoadCertOptions

A NULL-terminated array of pointers to WFSPINSIGNERCAP structures specifying the options supported by the WFS_CMD_PIN_LOAD_CERTIFICATE_EX command.

There is one structure for each signer that is supported by the Service Provider. In each structure, there will be a *dwSigner* parameter with one bit set to indicate which signer the structure is referencing, and there will be a *dwOption* parameter with one or more bits set to indicate all of the options that the Service Provider supports with the signer specified by *dwSigner*.

dwSigner

Specifies the signers supported by the WFS_CMD_PIN_LOAD_CERTIFICATE_EX command as one of the following flags:

Value	Meaning
WFS_PIN_SIGNER_CERTHOST	The current Host RSA Private Key is
	used to sign the token.
WFS_PIN_SIGNER_SIGHOST	The current Host RSA Private Key is
	used to sign the token, signature format is
	used.
WFS_PIN_SIGNER_CA	The Certificate Authority RSA Private
	Key is used to sign the token.
WFS_PIN_SIGNER_HL	A Higher-Level Authority RSA Private
	Key is used to sign the token.
WFS_PIN_SIGNER_TR34	This value can only be specified in
	combination with the
	WFS PIN SIGNER CERTHOST,
	WFS PIN SIGNER CA or
	WFS PIN SIGNER HL flags. It
	indicates that the values combined with it
	are compliant with X9 TR34-2012 [Ref.
	42].

dwOption

Specifies the load options supported by the WFS_CMD_PIN_LOAD_CERTIFICATE_EX command as a combination of the following flags:

Value	Meaning
WFS_PIN_LOAD_NEWHOST	Load a new Host certificate, where one
	has not already been loaded.
WFS_PIN_LOAD_REPLACEHOST	Replace (or rebind) the EPP to a new
	Host certificate, where the new Host
	certificate is signed by dwSigner.

dwCRKLLoadOptions

Supported options to load the Key Transport Key using the Certificate Remote Key Loading protocol; a combination of the following flags:

Value	Meaning
WFS_PIN_CRKLLOAD_NORANDOM	Import a Key Transport Key without
	generating and using a random number.
WFS_PIN_CRKLLOAD_NORANDOM_CRL	Import a Key Transport Key with a
	Certificate Revocation List appended to the
	input message. A random number is not
	generated nor used.
WFS_PIN_CRKLLOAD_RANDOM	Import a Key Transport Key by generating
	and using a random number.

WFS_PIN_CRKLLOAD_RANDOM_CRL

Import a Key Transport Key with a Certificate Revocation List appended to the input parameter. A random number is generated and used.

lpETSCaps

Specifies the capabilities of the ETS device. This value is NULL if the *fwType* does not contain WFS_PIN_TYPEETS.

typedef struct _wfs_pin_ets_location_cap LONG 1XPos; LONG lYPos; USHORT usXSize; USHORT usYSize; WORD wMaximumTouchFrames; WORD wMaximumTouchKeys; WORD wFloatFlags; } WFSPINETSCAPS, *LPWFSPINETSCAPS;

lXpos

Specifies the position of the left edge of the ETS in Windows virtual screen coordinates. This value may be negative because the of the monitor position on the virtual desktop – see section 2.1.

lYPos

Specifies the position of the top edge of the ETS in Windows virtual screen coordinates. This value may be negative because the of the monitor position on the virtual desktop – see section 2.1.

usXSize

Specifies the width of the ETS in Windows virtual screen coordinates.

us YSize

Specifies the height of the ETS in Windows virtual screen coordinates.

wMaximumTouchFrames

Specifies the maximum number of Touch Frames that the device can support in a touch keyboard definition.

wMaximumTouchKeys

Specifies the maximum number of Touch Keys that the device can support within any Touch Frame.

wFloatFlags

Specifies if the device can float the touch keyboards. WFS_PIN_FLOAT_NONE if the PIN device cannot randomly shift the layout or else a combination of the following flags:

Value	Meaning
WFS_PIN_FLOATX	Specifies that the PIN device will randomly
	shift the layout in a horizontal direction.
WFS_PIN_FLOATY	Specifies that the PIN device will randomly
	shift the layout in a vertical direction.

lpdwSynchronizableCommands

Pointer to a zero-terminated list of DWORDs which contains the execute command IDs that can be synchronized. If no execute command can be synchronized then this parameter will be NULL.

lppRestrictedKeyEncKeySupport

A NULL-terminated array of pointers to WFSPINRESTKEYENCKEY structures specifying the loading methods that support the WFS_PIN_USERESTRICTEDKEYENCKEY usage flag and the allowable usage flag combinations for each of those loading methods..

typedef struct _wfs_pin_rest_keyenckey
{
 DWORD dwLoadingMethod;
 DWORD dwUses;
 WFSPINRESTKEYENCKEY, *LPWFSPINRESTKEYENCKEY;

There is one structure for each loading method that is supported by the Service Provider. Loading methods that are not supported are not included in the NULL-terminated array of pointers. If none of the loading methods are supported, then *lppRestrictedKeyEncKeySupport* is NULL. In each structure, there will be a *dwLoadingMethod* parameter with one bit set to indicate which loading method the structure is referencing, and a *dwUses* parameter with one or more bits set to indicate all of the usage flags that can be combined with the WFS_PIN_USERESTRICTEDKEYENCKEY flag that the Service Provider supports with the loading method specified by *dwLoadingMethod*.

dwLoadingMethod

Specifies the loading methods supported as one of the following flags:

Value	Meaning
WFS_PIN_RSA_AUTH_2PARTY_SIG	Two-party Signature based.
WFS_PIN_RSA_AUTH_3PARTY_CERT	Three-party Certificate based.
WFS_PIN_RSA_AUTH_3PARTY_CERT_TR	Three-party Certificate based.
WFS_PIN_RESTRICTED_SECUREKEYENT	RY Restricted secure key entry.

dwUses

Specifies one or more usage flags that can be used in combination with the WFS_PIN_USERESTRICTEDKEYENCKEY usage flag.

Value	Meaning
WFS_PIN_USECRYPT	Key is used for encryption and
	decryption.
WFS_PIN_USEFUNCTION	Key is used for PIN block creation.
WFS_PIN_USEMACING	Key is used for MACing.
WFS_PIN_USEPINLOCAL	Key is used only for local PIN check.
WFS_PIN_USESVENCKEY	Key is used as CBC Start Value
	encryption key.
WFS_PIN_USEPINREMOTE	Key is used only for PIN block creation.

dwSymmetricKeyManagementMethods

Specifies the symmetric key management modes as combination of the following flags:

Value	Meaning
WFS_PIN_KM_FIXED_KEY	This method of key management uses fixed
	keys for transaction processing.
WFS_PIN_KM_MASTER_KEY	This method uses a hierarchy of Key
	Encrypting Keys and Transaction Keys. The
	highest level of Key Encrypting Key is
	known as a Master Key. Transaction Keys
	are distributed and replaced encrypted under
	a Key Encrypting Key.
WFS_PIN_KM_TDES_DUKPT	This method uses TDES Derived Unique
	Key Per Transaction (see reference 45).

lppCryptAttributes

This will either be NULL, or a NULL-terminated array of pointers to WFSPINATTRIBUTES structures specifying the combination of attributes supported by the WFS CMD PIN CRYPT 340 command.

```
typedef struct _wfs_pin_attributes
{
    BYTE bKeyUsage[2];
    BYTE bAlgorithm;
    BYTE bModeOfUse;
    DWORD dwCryptoMethod;
} WFSPINATTRIBUTES, *LPWFSPINATTRIBUTES;
```

There is one structure for each attribute combination that is supported by the Service Provider. In each structure, each of the four parameters will have only one value set.

bKeyUsage

Specifies the key usages supported by the WFS_CMD_PIN_CRYPT_340 command as one of the following values:

Value	Meaning
'D0'	Symmetric data encryption.
'D1'	Asymmetric data encryption.
'M0'	ISO 16609 MAC Algorithm 1 (using
	TDEA).
'M1'	ISO 9797-1 MAC Algorithm 1.
'M2'	ISO 9797-1 MAC Algorithm 2.
'M3'	ISO 9797-1 MAC Algorithm 3.
'M4'	ISO 9797-1 MAC Algorithm 4.
'M5'	ISO 9797-1:1999 MAC Algorithm 5.
'M6'	ISO 9797-1:2011 MAC Algorithm
	5/CMAC.
'M7'	HMAC.
'M8'	ISO 9797-1:2011 MAC Algorithm 6.
'S0'	Asymmetric key pair for digital
	signature.
'S1'	Asymmetric key pair, CA.
'S2'	Asymmetric key pair, nonX9.24 key.

bAlgorithm

Specifies the encryption algorithms supported by the WFS_CMD_PIN_CRYPT_340 command as one of the following values:

Value	Meaning
'A'	AES.
'D'	DEA.
ʻR'	RSA.
'T'	Triple DEA (also referred to as TDEA).

bModeOfUse

Specifies the encryption modes supported by the WFS_CMD_PIN_CRYPT_340 command as one of the following values:

Value	Meaning
ʻD'	Decrypt.
'E'	Encrypt.
'G'	Generate.
`S`	Signature.
'V'	Verify.

dwCryptoMethod

Specifies the cryptographic methods supported by the WFS_CMD_PIN_CRYPT_340 command.

For symmetric encryption methods (*bKeyUsage* is 'D0'), this can be one of the following values:

Value	Meaning
WFS_PIN_CRYPTOECB	The ECB encryption method.
WFS_PIN_CRYPTOCBC	The CBC encryption method.
WFS_PIN_CRYPTOCFB	The CFB encryption method.
WFS_PIN_CRYPTOOFB	The OFB encryption method.
WFS_PIN_CRYPTOCTR	The CTR method defined in NIST
	SP800-38A.
WFS_PIN_CRYPTOXTS	The XTS method defined in NIST
	SP800-38E.

For asymmetric encryption methods (*bKeyUsage* is 'D1'), this can be one of the following values:

Value	Meaning
WFS_PIN_CRYPT_RSAES_PKCS1_V1_5	Use the RSAES_PKCS1-v1.5 algorithm.
WFS_PIN_CRYPT_RSAES_OAEP	Use the RSAES OAEP algorithm.

For asymmetric signature verification methods (*bKeyUsage* is 'S0', 'S1', or 'S2'), this can be one of the following values:

Value	Meaning
WFS_PIN_SIGN_RSASSA_PKCS1_V1_5	Use the RSASSA-PKCS1-v1.5
	algorithm.
WFS_PIN_SIGN_RSASSA_PSS	Use the RSASSA-PSS algorithm.

One or more of the following flags must be specified in combination with one of the signature verification methods.

Value	Meaning
WFS_PIN_SIGNHASH_SHA1	The SHA 1 digest algorithm.
WFS_PIN_SIGNHASH_SHA256	The SHA 256 digest algorithm, as
	defined in ISO/IEC 10118-3:2004 [Ref.
	40] and FIPS 180-2 [Ref. 41]

If bKeyUsage is specified as any of the MAC usages (i.e. 'M1'), then this should be set to 0.

lppPINBlockAttributes

This will either be NULL, or a NULL-terminated array of pointers to WFSPINATTRIBUTES structures specifying the combination of attributes supported by the WFS CMD PIN GET PINBLOCK 340 command.

typedef struct _wfs_pin_attributes
{
 BYTE bKeyUsage[2];
 BYTE bAlgorithm;
 BYTE bModeOfUse;
 DWORD dwCryptoMethod;
} WFSPINATTRIBUTES, *LPWFSPINATTRIBUTES;

There is one structure for each attribute combination that is supported by the Service Provider. In each structure, each of the four parameters will have only one value set in each

bKeyUsage

Specifies the key usages supported by the WFS_CMD_PIN_GET_PINBLOCK_340 command as one of the following values:

Value	Meaning
'P0'	PIN Encryption.

bAlgorithm

Specifies the encryption algorithms supported by the

WFS CMD PIN GET PINBLOCK 340 command as one of the following values:

Value	Meaning
'A'	AES.
ʻD'	DEA.
ʻR'	RSA.
ʻT'	Triple DEA (also referred to as TDEA).

bModeOfUse

Specifies the encryption modes supported by the WFS_CMD_PIN_GET_PINBLOCK_340 command as one of the following values:

Value	Meaning
'E'	Encrypt.

dwCryptoMethod

This parameter specifies the cryptographic method that will be used with the encryption algorithm specified by *bAlgorithm*.

If bAlgorithm is 'A', 'D', or 'T', then dwCryptoMethod can be one of the following values:

Value	Meaning
WFS_PIN_CRYPTOECB	The ECB encryption method.
WFS_PIN_CRYPTOCBC	The CBC encryption method.
WFS_PIN_CRYPTOCFB	The CFB encryption method.
WFS_PIN_CRYPTOOFB	The OFB encryption method.
WFS_PIN_CRYPTOCTR	The CTR method defined in NIST
	SP800-38A.

WFS_PIN_CRYPTOXTS

The XTS method defined in NIST SP800-38E.

If *bAlgorithm* is 'R', then *dwCryptoMethod* can be one of the following values:

Value	Meaning
WFS_PIN_CRYPT_RSAES_PKCS1_V1_5	Use the RSAES_PKCS1-v1.5 algorithm.
WFS_PIN_CRYPT_RSAES_OAEP	Use the RSAES OAEP algorithm.

lppKeyAttributes

. .

This will either be NULL, or a NULL-terminated array of pointers to WFSPINATTRIBUTES structures specifying the combination of attributes supported by the WFS_CMD_PIN_IMPORT_KEY_340 command for the key to be loaded.

typedef struct _wfs_pin_attributes	
{	
BYTE	bKeyUsage[2];
BYTE	bAlgorithm;
BYTE	bModeOfUse;
DWORD	dwCryptoMethod;
} WFSPINATTRIBUTES,	*LPWFSPINATTRIBUTES;

There is one structure for each attribute combination that is supported by the Service Provider. In each structure, each of the four parameters will have only one value set in each.

bKeyUsage

Specifies the key usages supported by the WFS_CMD_PIN_IMPORT_KEY_340 command as one of the following values:

Value	Meaning
'B0'	BDK Base Derivation Key.
'B1'	Initial DUKPT Key.
'B2'	Base Key Variant Key.
'C0'	CVK Card Verification Key.
'D0'	Symmetric Key for Data Encryption.
'D1'	Asymmetric Key for Data Encryption.
'D2'	Data Encryption Key for Decimalization Table.
'E0'	EMV/chip Issuer Master Key:
	Application Cryptograms.
'E1'	EMV/chip Issuer Master Key: Secure
	Messaging for Confidentiality.
'E2'	EMV/chip Issuer Master Key: Secure
	Messaging for Integrity.
'E3'	EMV/chip Issuer Master Key: Data
	Authentication Code.
'E4'	EMV/chip Issuer Master Key: Dynamic.
'E5'	EMV/chip Issuer Master Key: Card
	Personalization.
'E6'	EMV/chip Issuer Master Key: Other.
'I0'	Initialization Vector (IV).
'K0'	Key Encryption or wrapping.
'K1'	TR-31 Key Block Protection Key.
'K2'	TR-34 Asymmetric Key.
'K3'	Asymmetric key for key agreement/key
	wrapping.
'M0'	ISO 16609 MAC Algorithm 1 (using
	TDEA).
'M1'	ISO 9797-1 MAC Algorithm 1.
'M2'	ISO 9797-1 MAC Algorithm 2.
'M3'	ISO 9797-1 MAC Algorithm 3.
'M4'	ISO 9797-1 MAC Algorithm 4.
'M5'	ISO 9797-1:1999 MAC Algorithm 5.
'M6'	ISO 9797-1:2011 MAC Algorithm
'M7'	5/CMAC. HMAC.

ʻM8'	ISO9797-1:2011 MAC Algorithm 6.
'P0'	PIN Encryption.
'S0'	Asymmetric key pair for digital
	signature.
'S1'	Asymmetric key pair, CA key.
'S2'	Asymmetric key pair, nonX9.24 key.
'V0'	PIN verification, KPV, other algorithm.
'V1'	PIN verification, IBM 3624.
'V2'	PIN verification, VISA PVV.
'V3'	PIN verification, X9-132 algorithm 1.
'V4'	PIN verification, X9-132 algorithm 2.
'0B'	Restricted Key Encryption Key that can only be used to load DUKPT keys.
'0C'	Restricted Key Encryption Key that can
	only be used to load CVKs.
'0D'	Restricted Key Encryption Key that can
	only be used to load data encryption keys.
'0E'	Restricted Key Encryption Key that can
02	only be used to load EMV keys.
ʻ0I'	Restricted Key Encryption Key that can
	only be used to load Initialization
	Vectors.
'0K'	Restricted Key Encryption Key that can
	only be used to load keys that can load
	other keys.
'0M'	Restricted Key Encryption Key that can
	only be used to load MAC keys.
'0P'	Restricted Key Encryption Key that can
	only be used to load PIN encryption
	keys.
'0S'	Restricted Key Encryption Key that can
	only be used to load asymmetric key
	pairs.
'0V'	Restricted Key Encryption Key that can
	only be used to load PIN verification
(1D)	keys.
'1B'	Restricted Keyblock Protection Key that
ʻ1C'	can only be used to load DUKPT keys.
IC .	Restricted Key Keyblock Protection Key
'1D'	that can only be used to load CVKs. Restricted Keyblock Protection Key that
ID	can only be used to load data encryption
	keys.
'1E'	Restricted Keyblock Protection Key that
	can only be used to load EMV keys.
'1I'	Restricted Keyblock Protection Key that
	can only be used to load Initialization
	Vectors.
'1K'	Restricted Keyblock Protection Key that
	can only be used to load keys that can
	load other keys.
'1M'	Restricted Keyblock Protection Key that
	can only be used to load MAC keys.
'1P'	Restricted Keyblock Protection Key that
	can only be used to load PIN encryption
	keys.
'1S'	Restricted Keyblock Protection Key that
	can only be used to load asymmetric key
	pairs.

'1V'	Restricted Keyblock Protection Key that
	can only be used to load PIN verification
	keys.
Other numeric values	Reserved for proprietary use.

bAlgorithm

Specifies the encryption algorithms supported by the WFS_CMD_PIN_IMPORT_KEY_340 command as one of the following values:

Value	Meaning
ʻA'	AES.
ʻD'	DEA.
ʻR'	RSA.
ʻT'	Triple DEA (also referred to as TDEA).
Numeric values	Reserved for proprietary use.

bModeOfUse

Specifies the encryption modes supported by the WFS_CMD_PIN_IMPORT_KEY_340 command as one of the following values:

Value	Meaning
'B'	Both Encrypt and Decrypt / Wrap and
	Unwrap.
ʻC'	Both Generate and Verify.
'D'	Decrypt / Unwrap Only.
'Е'	Encrypt / Wrap Only.
ʻG'	Generate Only.
'S'	Signature Only.
ʻT'	Both Sign and Decrypt.
'V'	Verify Only.
ʻX'	Key used to derive other key(s).
'Y'	Key used to create key variants.
Numeric values	Reserved for proprietary use.

dwCryptoMethod

Specifies the cryptographic methods supported by the WFS_CMD_PIN_IMPORT_KEY_340 command. For *lpKeyAttributes*, this parameter is 0, because the key being imported is not being used yet to perform a cryptographic method.

lppDecryptAttributes

This will either be NULL, or a NULL-terminated array of pointers to WFSPINATTRIBUTES structures specifying the combination of attributes supported by the WFS_CMD_PIN_IMPORT_KEY 340 command for the key used to decrypt or unwrap the key being imported.

DWORD dwCryptoMethod; } WFSPINATTRIBUTES, *LPWFSPINATTRIBUTES;

There is one structure for each attribute combination that is supported by the Service Provider. In each structure, each of the four parameters will have only one value set in each.

bKeyUsage

This parameter is not used and must be set to "00". The Service Provider can determine this value from the decryption key that is already imported into the PIN device.

bAlgorithm

Specifies the encryption algorithms supported by the WFS_CMD_PIN_IMPORT_KEY_340 command as one of the following flags:

Value	Meaning
ʻA'	AES.
'D'	DEA.
ʻR'	RSA.
'T'	Triple DEA (also referred to as TDEA).

Numeric values

Reserved for proprietary use.

bModeOfUse

This parameter is not used and must be set to '0'. The Service Provider can determine this value from the decryption key that is already imported into the PIN device.

dwCryptoMethod

This parameter specifies the cryptographic method that will be used with the encryption algorithm specified by *bAlgorithm*.

If *bAlgorithm* is 'A', 'D', or 'T', then *dwCryptoMethod* can be one of the following values:

Value	Meaning
WFS_PIN_CRYPTOECB	The ECB encryption method
WFS_PIN_CRYPTOCBC	The CBC encryption method
WFS_PIN_CRYPTOCFB	The CFB encryption method
WFS_PIN_CRYPTOOFB	The OFB encryption method
WFS_PIN_CRYPTOCTR	The CTR method defined in NIST
	SP800-38A.
WFS_PIN_CRYPTOXTS	The XTS method defined in NIST
	SP800-38E.

If *bAlgorithm* is 'R', then *dwCryptoMethod* can be one of the following values:

Value	Meaning
WFS_PIN_CRYPT_RSAES_PKCS1_V1_5	Use the RSAES_PKCS1-v1.5 algorithm.
WFS_PIN_CRYPT_RSAES_OAEP	Use the RSAES_OAEP algorithm.

If *bKeyUsage* is 'K1', then dwCryptoMethod is 0. TR-31 defines the cryptographic methods used for each key block version.

lppVerifyAttributes

This is either NULL, or a NULL-terminated array of pointers to WFSPINATTRIBUTES structures specifying the combination of attributes supported by the WFS_CMD_PIN_IMPORT_KEY 340 command for the key used for verification before importing the key.

typedef struct _wfs_	_pin_attributes
{	
BYTE	bKeyUsage[2];
BYTE	bAlgorithm;
BYTE	bModeOfUse;
DWORD	dwCryptoMethod;
} WFSPINATTRIBUTES,	*LPWFSPINATTRIBUTES;

There is one structure for each attribute combination that is supported by the Service Provider. In each structure, each of the four parameters will have only one value set in each.

bKeyUsage

Specifies the key usages supported by the WFS_CMD_PIN_IMPORT_KEY_340 command as one of the following values:

Value	Meaning
'M0'	ISO 16609 MAC Algorithm 1 (using
	TDEA).
'M1'	ISO 9797-1 MAC Algorithm 1.
'M2'	ISO 9797-1 MAC Algorithm 2.
'M3'	ISO 9797-1 MAC Algorithm 3.
'M4'	ISO 9797-1 MAC Algorithm 4.
'M5'	ISO 9797-1:1999 MAC Algorithm 5.
'M6'	ISO 9797-1:2011 MAC Algorithm
	5/CMAC.
'M7'	HMAC.
'M8'	ISO9797-1:2011 MAC Algorithm 6.
'S0'	Asymmetric key pair for digital
	signature.
'S1'	Asymmetric key pair, CA key.
'S2'	Asymmetric key pair, nonX9.24 key.

Numeric values Reserved for proprietary use. A key check value does not have a usage, so the *bKeyUsage* should be '00' when specifying a key check value.

bAlgorithm

Specifies the encryption algorithms supported by the WFS_CMD_PIN_IMPORT_KEY_340 command as one of the following values:

Value	Meaning
'A'	AES
ʻD'	DEA
ʻR'	RSA
'T'	Triple DEA (also referred to as TDEA)
Numeric values	Reserved for proprietary use

bModeOfUse

Specifies the encryption modes supported by the WFS_CMD_PIN_ IMPORT_ KEY_340 command as one of the following values:

Value	Meaning
'V'	Verify Only
Numeric values	Reserved for proprietary use

dwCryptoMethod

This parameter specifies the cryptographic method that will be used with the encryption algorithm specified by bAlgorithm.

If bAlgorithm is 'A', 'D', or 'T' and bKeyUsage is a MAC usage (i.e. 'M1'), then dwCryptoMethod must be 0.

If bAlgorithm is 'A', 'D', or 'T' and bKeyUsage is '00', then dwCryptoMethod can be one of the following values:

Value	Meaning
WFS_PIN_KCVNONE	There is no key check value verification
	required.
WFS_PIN_KCVSELF	The key check value (KCV) is created by
	an encryption of the key with itself.
WFS_PIN_KCVZERO	The key check value (KCV) is created by encrypting a zero value with the key.

If bAlgorithm is 'R' and bKeyUsage is not '00', then dwCryptoMethod can be one of the following values:

Value	Meaning
WFS_PIN_SIGN_NA	No signature algorithm specified. No signature verification will take place and
	the content of <i>lpxVerificationData</i> must be NULL.
WFS_PIN_CRYPT_RSASSA_PKCS1_V1_5	Use the RSASSA-PKCS1-v1.5 algorithm.
WFS_PIN_CRYPT_RSASSA_PSS	Use the RSASSA-PSS algorithm.

One or more of the following flags must be specified in combination with one of the signature verification methods.

Value	Meaning
WFS_PIN_SIGNHASH_SHA1	The SHA 1 digest algorithm.
WFS_PIN_SIGNHASH_SHA256	The SHA 256 digest algorithm, as
	defined in ISO/IEC 10118-3:2004 [Ref.
	40] and FIPS 180-2 [Ref. 41].

Error Codes Only the generic error codes defined in [Ref. 1] can be generated by this command.

Comments Applications which require or expect specific information to be present in the *lpszExtra* parameter may not be device or vendor-independent.

4.3 WFS_INF_PIN_KEY_DETAIL

Description This command returns detailed information about the keys in the encryption module. This command will also return information on symmetric keys loaded during manufacture that can be used by applications. If a public or private key name is specified this command will return WFS_ERR_PIN_KEYNOTFOUND. If the application wants all keys returned, then all keys except the public and private keys are returned.

Details relating to the keys loaded using OPT (via the ZKA WFS_PIN_PROTISOPS protocol) are retrieved using the ZKA WFS_PIN_PROTHSMLDI protocol. These keys are not reported by this command. Applications should use WFS_INF_PIN_KEY_DETAIL_340.

Input Param LPSTR lpsKeyName;

lpsKeyName

Name of the key for which detailed information is requested. If NULL, detailed information about all the keys in the encryption module is returned.

Output Param LPWFSPINKEYDETAIL *lppKeyDetail;

Pointer to a NULL-terminated array of pointers to WFSPINKEYDETAIL structures.

typedef struct _wfs_pin_key_detail

ι	
LPSTR	lpsKeyName;
WORD	fwUse;
BOOL	bLoaded;
LPWFSXDATA	lpxKeyBlockHeader;
} WFSPINKEYDETAIL,	*LPWFSPINKEYDETAIL;

lpsKeyName

Specifies the name of the key.

fwUse

Specifies the type of access for which the key is used as a combination of the following flags:

WFS_PIN_USECRYPTKey can be used for encryption/decryption.WFS_PIN_USEFUNCTIONKey can be used for PIN functions.	
WES PIN USEFUNCTION Key can be used for PIN functions	
WFS_PIN_USEMACING Key can be used for MACing.	
WFS_PIN_USEKEYENCKEY Key is used as key encryption key.	
WFS_PIN_USENODUPLICATE Key can be imported only once.	
WFS_PIN_USESVENCKEY Key is used as CBC Start Value encryption	
key.	
WFS_PIN_USECONSTRUCT Key is under construction through the impo	
of multiple parts. This value can be returned	l
in combination with any of the other key	
usage flags (other than	
WFS_PIN_USESECURECONSTRUCT).	
WFS_PIN_USESECURECONSTRUCT Key is under construction through the impo	rt
of multiple parts from a secure encryption	
key entry buffer. This value can be returned	
in combination with any of the other key	
usage flags (other than	
WFS_PIN_USECONSTRUCT).	
WFS_PIN_USEANSTR31MASTER Key is an ANS X9 TR-31 key block master	
key (see reference 35).	

WFS_PIN_USERESTRICTEDKEYENCKEY

Key is used as WFS_PIN_USEKEYENCKEY key whose later subsequently derived keys inherit and are restricted to a single use. To express this the WFS_PIN_USERESTRICTED-KEYENCKEY use must be combined with the use WFS_PIN_USEKEYENCKEY and must additionally be combined with the use that the later subsequently derived keys will have. See also examples in section 8.7.

bLoaded

Specifies whether the key has been loaded (imported from Application or locally from Operator).

lpxKeyBlockHeader

Contains the key block header of keys imported within an ANS TR-31 key block. This data is encoded in the same format that it was imported in, and contains all mandatory and optional header fields. *lpxKeyBlockHeader* is NULL if the key was not imported within a key block or has not been loaded yet. The *fwUse* field provides an accurate summary of the key use, but the use defined within the key block header is more precise. See the <u>TR-31 Key Use Appendix</u> for additional detail.

Error Codes In addition to the generic error codes defined in [Ref. 1], the following error codes can be generated by this command:

Value	Meaning
WFS_ERR_PIN_KEYNOTFOUND	The specified key name is not found.

Comments None.

4.4 WFS_INF_PIN_FUNCKEY_DETAIL

Description This command returns information about the names of the Function Keys supported by the device. Location information is also returned for the supported FDKs (Function Descriptor Keys). This includes screen overlay FDKs.

This command should be issued before the first call to WFS_CMD_PIN_GET_PIN or WFS_CMD_PIN_GET_DATA to determine which Function Keys (FKs) and Function Descriptor Keys (FDKs) are available and where the FDKs are located. Then, in these two commands, they can then be specified as Active and Terminate keys and options on the customer screen can be aligned with the active FDKs.

Note: As this command can only return FDK positions, its use on ETS devices (see WFSPINCAPS *fwType*) is limited. Therefore, for maximum compatibility, it is recommended that the WFS_INF_PIN_GET_LAYOUT command be used in preference to this command.

Input Param LPULONG lpulFDKMask;

lpulFDKMask

Mask for the FDKs for which additional information is requested. If 0x00000000, only information about function keys is returned. If 0xFFFFFFFF, information about all the supported FDKs is returned.

Output Param LPWFSPINFUNCKEYDETAIL lpFuncKeyDetail;

typedef struct _wfs_pin_func_key_detail
{

ULONG	ulFuncMask;
USHORT	usNumberFDKs;
LPWFSPINFDK	*lppFDKs;
<pre>} WFSPINFUNCKEYDETAIL,</pre>	*LPWFSPINFUNCKEYDETAIL;

ulFuncMask

Specifies the function keys available for this physical device as a combination of the following flags. The defines WFS_PIN_FK_0 through WFS_PIN_FK_9 correspond to numeric digits:

WFS PIN FK 0 (numeric digit 0) WFS PIN FK 1 (numeric digit 1) WFS PIN FK 2 (numeric digit 2) WFS PIN FK 3 (numeric digit 3) WFS PIN FK 4 (numeric digit 4) WFS PIN FK 5 (numeric digit 5) WFS PIN FK 6 (numeric digit 6) WFS PIN FK 7 (numeric digit 7) WFS PIN FK 8 (numeric digit 8) WFS PIN FK 9 (numeric digit 9) WFS PIN FK ENTER WFS PIN FK CANCEL WFS PIN FK CLEAR WFS PIN FK BACKSPACE WFS PIN FK HELP WFS PIN FK DECPOINT WFS PIN FK 00 WFS PIN FK 000 WFS PIN FK RES1 (reserved for future use) WFS PIN FK RES2 (reserved for future use) WFS_PIN_FK_RES3 (reserved for future use) WFS_PIN_FK_RES4 (reserved for future use) WFS PIN FK RES5 (reserved for future use) WFS PIN FK_RES6 (reserved for future use) WFS PIN FK RES7 (reserved for future use) WFS PIN FK RES8 (reserved for future use)

The remaining 6 bit masks may be used as vendor dependent keys. WFS_PIN_FK_OEM1 WFS_PIN_FK_OEM2 WFS_PIN_FK_OEM3 WFS_PIN_FK_OEM4 WFS_PIN_FK_OEM5 WFS_PIN_FK_OEM6

usNumberFDKs

This value indicates the number of FDK structures returned. Only supported FDKs are returned.

lppFDKs

Pointer to an array of pointers to WFSPINFDK structures. It is the responsibility of the application to identify the mapping between the FDK code and the physical location of the FDK. *lppFDKs* is NULL if no FDKs are requested or supported.

typedef struct _wfs_pin_fdk

1	
ULONG	ulFDK;
USHORT	usXPosition;
USHORT	usYPosition;
} WFSPINFDK,	*LPWFSPINFDK;

ulFDK

Specifies the code returned by this FDK, defined as one of the following values:

WFS PIN FK FDK01 WFS PIN FK FDK02 WFS PIN FK FDK03 WFS PIN FK FDK04 WFS PIN FK FDK05 WFS PIN FK FDK06 WFS PIN FK FDK07 WFS PIN FK FDK08 WFS PIN FK FDK09 WFS PIN FK FDK10 WFS PIN FK FDK11 WFS PIN FK FDK12 WFS PIN FK FDK13 WFS PIN FK FDK14 WFS PIN FK FDK15 WFS PIN FK FDK16 WFS PIN FK FDK17 WFS PIN FK FDK18 WFS PIN FK FDK19 WFS PIN FK FDK20 WFS PIN FK FDK21 WFS PIN FK FDK22 WFS PIN FK FDK23 WFS PIN FK FDK24 WFS PIN FK FDK25 WFS PIN FK FDK26 WFS PIN FK FDK27 WFS PIN FK FDK28 WFS PIN FK FDK29 WFS PIN FK FDK30 WFS_PIN_FK_FDK31 WFS PIN FK FDK32

usXPosition

For FDKs, specifies the screen position the FDK relates to. This position is relative to the Left Hand side of the screen expressed as a percentage of the width of the screen. For FDKs along the side of the screen this will be 0 (left side) or 100 (right side, user's view).

usYPosition

For FDKs, specifies the screen position the FDK relates to. This position is relative to the top of the screen expressed as a percentage of the height of the screen.

For FDKs above or below the screen this will be 0 (above) or 100 (below).

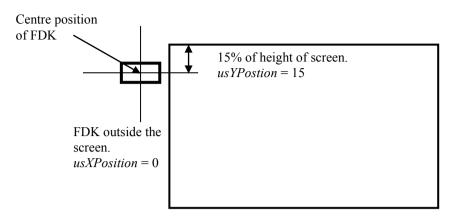


Diagram: Shows how usXPosition and usYPosition are set.

Error Codes Only the generic error codes defined in [Ref. 1] can be generated by this command.Comments None.

4.5 WFS_INF_PIN_HSM_TDATA

Description	Description This function returns the current HSM terminal data. The data is returned as a series of "tag/length/value" items.	
Input Param	None.	
Output Param LPWFSXDATA lpxTData;		
	<i>lpxTData</i> Contains the parameter settings as a series of "tag/length/value" items with no separators. See command WFS_CMD_PIN_HSM_SET_TDATA for the tags supported.	
Error Codes	Only the generic error codes defined in [Ref. 1] can be generated by this command.	
Comments	None.	

4.6 WFS_INF_PIN_KEY_DETAIL_EX

Description This command returns extended detailed information about the keys in the encryption module, including DES, DUKPT, private and public keys. This command will also return information on all keys loaded during manufacture that can be used by applications.

Details relating to the keys loaded using OPT (via the ZKA WFS_PIN_PROTISOPS protocol) are retrieved using the ZKA WFS_PIN_PROTHSMLDI protocol. These keys are not reported by this command. Applications should use WFS_INF_PIN_KEY_DETAIL_340.

Input Param LPSTR lpsKeyName;

lpsKeyName

Name of the key for which detailed information is requested. If NULL, detailed information about all the keys in the encryption module is returned.

Output Param LPWFSPINKEYDETAILEX *lppKeyDetailEx;

Pointer to a null-terminated array of pointers to WFSPINKEYDETAILEX structures.

typedef struct _wfs_pin_key_detail_ex

1	
LPSTR	lpsKeyName;
DWORD	dwUse;
BYTE	bGeneration;
BYTE	bVersion;
BYTE	<pre>bActivatingDate[4];</pre>
BYTE	<pre>bExpiryDate[4];</pre>
BOOL	bLoaded;
LPWFSXDATA	lpxKeyBlockHeader;
} WFSPINKEYDETAII	LEX, *LPWFSPINKEYDETAILEX;

lpsKeyName

Specifies the name of the key.

dwUse

Specifies the type of access for which the key is used as a combination of the following flags:

Value	Meaning
WFS PIN USECRYPT	Key can be used for encryption/decryption.
WFS PIN USEFUNCTION	Key can be used for PIN functions.
WFS PIN USEMACING	Key can be used for MACing.
WFS PIN USEKEYENCKEY	Key is used as key encryption key.
WFS PIN USENODUPLICATE	Key can be imported only once.
WFS_PIN_USESVENCKEY	Key is used as CBC Start Value encryption key.
WFS PIN USEPINLOCAL	Key is used only for local PIN check.
WFS [_] PIN [_] USERSAPUBLIC	Key is used as a public key for RSA
	encryption including EMV PIN block creation.
WFS PIN USERSAPRIVATE	Key is used as a private key for RSA
	decryption.
WFS_PIN_USERSAPRIVATESIGN	Key is used as a private key for RSA
	Signature generation. Only data generated
	within the device can be signed.
WFS_PIN_USECHIPINFO	Key is used as KGK _{INFO} key (only ZKA standard).
WFS_PIN_USECHIPPIN	Key is used as KGK _{PIN} key (only ZKA standard).
WFS PIN USECHIPPS	Key is used as K_{PS} key (only ZKA standard).
WFS PIN USECHIPMAC	Key is used as K _{MAC} key (only ZKA
	standard).
WFS PIN USECHIPLT	Key is used as KGK _{LT} key (only ZKA
	standard).
WFS_PIN_USECHIPMACLZ	Key is used as K _{PACMAC} key (only ZKA standard).

WFS_PIN_USECHIPMACAZ Key is used as K _{MASTER} key (only ZKA standard).
WFS_PIN_USERSAPUBLICVERIFY Key is used as a public key for RSA
WFS_PIN_USECONSTRUCTsignature verification and/or data decryptionWFS_PIN_USECONSTRUCTKey is under construction through the imposed of multiple parts. This value can be returned in combination with any one of the other key
WFS_PIN_USESECURECONSTRUCTusage flags (other than WFS_PIN_USESECURECONSTRUCT). Key is under construction through the impo of multiple parts from a secure encryption key entry buffer. This value can be returned in combination with any of the other key usage flags (other than
WFS_PIN_USEANSTR31MASTER WFS_PIN_USECONSTRUCT). WFS_PIN_USEANSTR31MASTER Key is an ANS X9 TR-31 key block master key (see reference 35).
WFS_PIN_USEPINREMOTE Key is used only for PIN block creation.
WFS PIN USERESTRICTEDKEYENCKEY Key is used as
WFS_PIN_USEKEYENCKEY key whose later subsequently derived keys inherit and are restricted to a single use. To express thi the WFS_PIN_USERESTRICTED-
WFS PIN USEMACING.

bGeneration

Specifies the generation of the key as BCD value. Different generations might correspond to different environments (e.g. test or production environment). The content is vendor specific. This value will be 0xFF if no such information is available for the key.

bVersion

Specifies the version of the key (the year in which the key is valid, e.g. 01 for 2001) as BCD value. This value will be 0xFF if no such information is available for the key.

bActivatingDate

Specifies the date when the key is activated as BCD value in the format YYYYMMDD. This value will be 0xFFFFFFF if no such information is available for the key.

bExpiryDate

Specifies the date when the key expires as BCD value in the format YYYYMMDD. This value will be 0xFFFFFFF if no such information is available for the key.

bLoaded

Specifies whether the key has been loaded (imported from Application or locally from Operator).

lpxKeyBlockHeader

Contains the key block header of keys imported within an ANS TR-31 key block. This data is encoded in the same format that it was imported in, and contains all mandatory and optional header fields. *lpxKeyBlockHeader* is NULL if the key was not imported within a key block or has not been loaded yet. The *dwUse* field provides an accurate summary of the key use, but the use defined within the key block header is more precise. See the <u>TR-31 Key Use Appendix</u> for additional detail.

Error Codes In addition to the generic error codes defined in [Ref. 1], the following error codes can be generated by this command:

Value	Meaning	
WFS_ERR_PIN_KEYNOTFOUND	The specified key name is not found.	

Comments When the encryption module contains a public/private key-pair, only the private part of the key will be reported. Every private key in the encryption module will always have a corresponding public key with the same name. The public key can be exported with WFS_CMD_PIN_EXPORT_EPP_SIGNED_ITEM.

4.7 WFS_INF_PIN_SECUREKEY_DETAIL

Description This command reports the secure key entry method used by the device. This allows an application to enable the relevant keys and inform the user how to enter the hex digits 'A' to 'F', e.g. by displaying an image indicating which key pad locations correspond to the 16 hex digits and/or shift key. It reports the following information:

- The secure key entry mode (uses a shift key to access the hex digit 'A' to 'F' or each hex digit has a specific key assigned to it).
- The function keys and FDKs available during secure key entry.
- The FDKs that are configured as function keys (Enter, Cancel, Clear and Backspace).
- The physical keyboard layout.

The keys that are active during the secure key entry command are vendor specific but must be sufficient to enter a secure encryption key. On some systems a unique key is assigned to each encryption key digit. On some systems encryption key digits are entered by pressing a shift key and then a numeric digit, e.g. to enter 'A' the shift key (WFS_PIN_FK_SHIFT) is pressed followed by the zero key (WFS_PIN_FK_0). On these systems WFS_PIN_FK_SHIFT is not returned to the application in a WFS_EXEE_PIN_KEY event. The exact behavior of the shift key is vendor dependent, some devices will require the shift to be used before every key and some may require the shift key to enter and exit shift mode.

There are many different styles of PIN pads in operation. Most have a regular shape with all keys having the same size and are laid out in a regular matrix. However, some devices have a layout with keys of different sizes and different numbers of keys on some rows and columns. This command returns information that allows an application to provide user instructions and an image of the keyboard layout to assist with key entry.

Note: As this command is geared to use with devices with Physical Keys e.g. key position and size are measured using the range 1 - 1000 and *fwKeyEntryMode* expresses layout in terms of regular and irregular, it's use on ETS devices (see WFSPINCAPS *fwType*) is limited. Therefore, for maximum compatibility, it is recommended that the WFS_INF_PIN_GET_LAYOUT command be used in preference to this command.

Input Param None.

Output Param LPWFSPINSECUREKEYDETAIL lpSecureKeyDetail;

<pre>typedef struct _wfs_pin_secure {</pre>	e_key_detail
WORD	fwKeyEntryMode;
LPWFSPINFUNCKEYDETAIL	lpFuncKeyDetail;
ULONG	ulClearFDK;
ULONG	ulCancelFDK;
ULONG	ulBackspaceFDK;
ULONG	ulEnterFDK;
WORD	wColumns;
WORD	wRows;
LPWFSPINHEXKEYS	*lppHexKeys;
<pre>} WFSPINSECUREKEYDETAIL,</pre>	*LPWFSPINSECUREKEYDETAIL;

fwKevEntrvMode

Specifies the method to be used to enter the encryption key digits (including 'A' to 'F') during secure key entry. The value can be one of the following.

Value	Meaning
WFS_PIN_SECUREKEY_NOTSUPP	Secure key entry is not supported, all other parameters are undefined.
	F

WFS_PIN_SECUREKEY_REG_SHIFT	Secure key hex digits 'A' - 'F' are accessed through the shift key. Digits 'A' - 'F' are accessed through the shift key followed by one of the other function keys. The keys associated with 'A' to 'F' are defined within the <i>lppHexKeys</i> parameter. The keyboard has a regular shaped key layout where all rows have the same number of keys and all columns have the same number of keys, e.g. 5x4. The <i>lppHexKeys</i> parameter must contain one entry for each key on the PIN pad (i.e. the product of <i>wRows</i> by <i>wColumns</i>).
WFS_PIN_SECUREKEY_IRREG_SHIFT	Secure key hex digits 'A' - 'F' are accessed through the shift key. Digits 'A' - 'F' are accessed through the shift key followed by one of the other function keys. The keys associated with 'A' to 'F' are defined within the <i>lppHexKeys</i> parameter. The keyboard has an irregular shaped key layout, e.g. there are more or less keys on one row or column than on the others. The <i>lppHexKeys</i> parameter must contain one entry for each
WFS_PIN_SECUREKEY_REG_UNIQUE	key on the PIN pad. Secure key hex digits are accessed through specific keys assigned to each hex digit. The keyboard has a regular shaped key layout where all rows have the same number of keys and all columns have the same number of keys, e.g. 5x4. The <i>lppHexKeys</i> parameter must contain one entry for each key on the PIN pad (i.e. the product of <i>wRows</i> by <i>wColumns</i>).
WFS_PIN_SECUREKEY_IRREG_UNIQUE	Secure key hex digits are accessed through specific keys assigned to each hex digit. The keyboard has an irregular shaped key layout, e.g. there are more or less keys on one row or column than on the others. The <i>lppHexKeys</i> must contain one entry for each key on the PIN pad.

lpFuncKeyDetail

Contains information about the Function Keys and FDKs supported by the device while in secure key entry mode. This structure is the same as the output structure of the

WFS_INF_PIN_FUNCKEY_DETAIL command with information always returned for every FDK valid during secure key entry. It describes the function keys that represent the hex digits and shift key, but also reports any other keys that can be enabled while in secure key entry mode.

The double zero, triple zero and decimal point function keys are not valid during secure key entry so are never reported.

On a PIN pad where the physical Enter, Clear, Cancel and Backspace keys are used for hex digits (e.g. WFS_PIN_SECUREKEY_REG_UNIQUE mode), the logical function keys WFS_PIN_FK_ENTER, WFS_PIN_FK_CLEAR, WFS_PIN_FK_CANCEL and WFS_PIN_FK_BACKSPACE will not be reported by this command (unless there is another physical key offering this functionality).

In addition to the existing definition for WFS_INF_PIN_FUNCKEY_DETAIL, the following definitions replace function keys WFS_PIN_FK_RES1 to WFS_PIN_FK_RES7:

WFS_PIN_FK_A	(hex digit A)
WFS_PIN_FK_B	(hex digit B)
WFS_PIN_FK_C	(hex digit C)
WFS_PIN_FK_D	(hex digit D)
WFS_PIN_FK_E	(hex digit E)

WFS_PIN_FK_F WFS_PIN_FK_SHIFT

ulClearFDK

The FDK code mask reporting any FDKs associated with Clear. If this field is zero then Clear through an FDK is not supported, otherwise the bit mask reports which FDKs are associated with Clear.

ulCancelFDK

The FDK code mask reporting any FDKs associated with Cancel. If this field is zero then Cancel through an FDK is not supported, otherwise the bit mask reports which FDKs are associated with Cancel.

ulBackspaceFDK

The FDK code mask reporting any FDKs associated with Backspace. If this field is zero then Backspace through an FDK is not supported, otherwise the bit mask reports which FDKs are associated with Backspace.

ulEnterFDK

The FDK code mask reporting any FDKs associated with Enter. If this field is zero then Enter through an FDK is not supported, otherwise the bit mask reports which FDKs are associated with Enter.

wColumns

Specifies the maximum number of columns on the PIN pad (the columns are defined by the x coordinate values within the *lppHexKeys* structure below). When the *fwKeyEntryMode* parameter represents an irregular shaped keyboard the *wRows* and *wColumns* parameters define the ratio of the width to height, i.e. square if the parameters are the same or rectangular if *wColumns* is larger than *wRows*, etc.

wRows

Specifies the maximum number of rows on the PIN pad (the rows are defined by the y co-ordinate values within the *lppHexKeys* structure below). When the *fwKeyEntryMode* parameter represents an irregular shaped keyboard the *wRows* and *wColumns* parameters define the ratio of the width to height, i.e. square if the parameters are the same or rectangular if *wColumns* is larger than *wRows*, etc.

lppHexKeys

A NULL-terminated array of pointers to WFSPINHEXKEYS structures describing the physical keys on the PIN pad, it does not include FDKs.

typedef struct _wfs_pin_hex_keys

1	
USHORT	usXPos;
USHORT	usYPos;
USHORT	usXSize;
USHORT	usYSize;
ULONG	ulFK;
ULONG	ulShiftFK;
} WFSPINHEXKEYS,	*LPWFSPINHEXKEYS;

This array defines the keys associated with the hex digits. Each structure entry describes the position, size and function key associated with a key. This data must be returned by the Service Provider. This array represents the PIN pad keys ordered left to right and top to bottom.

usXPos

Specifies the position of the top left corner of the FK relative to the left hand side of the keyboard expressed as a value between 0 and 999, where 0 is the left edge and 999 is the right edge.

us YP os

Specifies the position of the top left corner of the FK relative to the top of the keyboard expressed as a value between 0 and 999, where 0 is the top edge and 999 is the bottom edge.

usXSize

Specifies the FK width expressed as a value between 1 and 1000, where 1 is the smallest possible size and 1000 is the full width of the keyboard.

(hex digit F) (Shift key used during hex entry) us YSize

Specifies the FK height expressed as a value between 1 and 1000, where 1 is the smallest possible size and 1000 is the full height of the keyboard.

ulFK

Specifies the FK code associated with the physical key in non shifted mode, WFS PIN FK UNUSED if the key is not used.

ulShiftFK

Specifies the FK code associated with the physical key in shifted mode, WFS_PIN_FK_UNUSED if the key is not used in shifted mode. This field will always be WFS_PIN_FK_UNUSED when the *fwKeyEntryMode* parameter indicates that keyboard does not use a shift mode.

Error Codes Only the generic error codes defined in [Ref. 1] can be generated by this command.

Comments Examples keyboard layouts are provided in section <u>8.6</u> to explain the use of the *lppHexKeys* parameter. In addition section <u>8.6</u> also provides an example of a command flow required to enter encryption keys securely.

4.8 WFS_INF_PIN_QUERY_LOGICAL_HSM_DETAIL

Description This command reports the ZKA logical HSMs available within the EPP. It also reports which logical HSM is currently active.

Input Param None.

Output Param LPWFSPINHSMDETAIL lpHSMDetail;

wActiveLogicalHSM

Specifies the serial number of the logical HSM that is currently active. This value is the HSM serial number (tag CB in the HSM TDATA) encoded as a normal binary value (i.e. it is not a BCD). If no logical HSMs are present or logical HSMs are not supported then this value is zero.

lppHSMInfo

Pointer to a NULL terminated array of pointers to WFSPINHSMINFO structures (one for each logical HSM). A NULL pointer is returned if no logical HSMs are supported/present.

typedef struct _wfs_pin_hsm_info
{
 WORD wHSMSerialNumber;
 LPSTR lpsZKAID;
} WFSPINHSMINFO, *LPWFSPINHSMINFO;

wHSMSerialNumber

Specifies the Serial Number of the Logical HSM (tag CB in the HSM TDATA). This value is encoded as a normal binary value (i.e. it is not a BCD).

lpsZKAID

A null-terminated string containing the ZKA ID of the logical HSM (defined by tag CC in the HSM TDATA). The characters in the string are EBCDIC characters.

Error Codes Only the generic error codes defined in [Ref. 1] can be generated by this command.

Comments None.

4.9 WFS_INF_PIN_QUERY_PCIPTS_DEVICE_ID

Description This command is used to report information in order to verify the PCI Security Standards Council PIN transaction security (PTS) certification held by the PIN device. The command provides detailed information in order to verify the certification level of the device. Support of this command by the Service Provider does not imply in anyway the certification level achieved by the device.

Input Param None.

Output Param LPWFSPINPCIPTSDEVICEID lpPCIPTSDeviceId;

```
typedef struct _wfs_pin_pcipts_deviceid
{
    LPSTR lpszManufacturerIdentifier;
    LPSTR lpszModelIdentifier;
    LPSTR lpszHardwareIdentifier;
    LPSTR lpszFirmwareIdentifier;
    LPSTR lpszApplicationIdentifier;
} WFSPINPCIPTSDEVICEID, *LPWFSPINPCIPTSDEVICEID;
```

lpszManufacturerIdentifier

Returns an ASCII string containing the manufacturer identifier of the PIN device. This value is NULL if the manufacturer identifier is not available. This field is distinct from the HSM key pair that may be reported in the *lpszExtra* field by the WFS_INF_PIN_CAPABILITIES command.

lpszModelIdentifier

Returns an ASCII string containing the model identifier of the PIN device. This value is NULL if the model identifier is not available.

lpszHardwareIdentifier

Returns an ASCII string containing the hardware identifier of the PIN device. This value is NULL if the hardware identifier is not available.

lpszFirmwareIdentifier

Returns an ASCII string containing the firmware identifier of the PIN device. This value is NULL if the firmware identifier is not available.

lpszApplicationIdentifier

Returns an ASCII string containing the application identifier of the PIN device. This value is NULL if the application identifier is not available.

Error Codes Only the generic error codes defined in [Ref. 1] can be generated by this command.

Comments The string contained in *lpszManufacturerIdentifier*, *lpszModelIdentifier*, *lpszHardwareIdentifier*, *lpszFirmwareIdentifier*, and *lpszApplicationIdentifier* are expected to match those submitted to the PCI Security Standards Council in order for the certification level to be determined. The PCI PTS certification levels for PIN devices are available on the PCI Security Standards Council website (see Reference 37).

4.10 WFS_INF_PIN_GET_LAYOUT

Description This command allows an application to retrieve layout information for any PIN device. Either one layout or all defined layouts can be retrieved with a single request of this command.

There can be a layout for each of the different types of keyboard entry modes, if the vendor and the hardware support these different methods. The types of keyboard entry modes are (1) Data Entry mode which corresponds to the WFS_CMD_PIN_GET_DATA command, (2) PIN Entry mode which corresponds to the WFS_CMD_PIN_GET_PIN command, and (3) Secure Key Entry mode which corresponds to the WFS_CMD_PIN_SECUREKEY_ENTRY command. The layouts can be preloaded into the device, if the device supports this, or a single layout can be loaded into the device immediately prior to the keyboard command being requested.

Input Param LPWFSPINGETLAYOUT lpGetLayout;

typedef struct _wfs_pin_get_layout

dwEntryMode

Specifies entry mode to be returned. It can be one of the following flags, or zero to return all supported entry modes:

Value	Meaning
WFS_PIN_LAYOUT_DATA	Specifies that the layout be applied to the WFS_CMD_PIN_GET_DATA entry
	method.
WFS_PIN_LAYOUT_PIN	Specifies that the layout be applied to the
	WFS_CMD_PIN_GET_PIN entry method.
WFS_PIN_LAYOUT_SECURE	Specifies that the layout be applied to the
	WFS_CMD_PIN_SECUREKEY_ENTRY
	entry method.

Output Param LPWFSPINLAYOUT *lppLayout;

Pointer to a NULL-terminated array of pointers to WFSPINLAYOUT structures.

typedef struct _wfs_pin_layout

l	
DWORD	dwEntryMode;
USHORT	usNumberOfFrames;
LPWFSPINFRAME	*lppFrames;
} WFSPINLAYOUT,	*LPWFSPINLAYOUT;

dwEntryMode

Specifies entry mode to which the layout applies. It can be one of the following flags.

Meaning
Specifies that the layout be applied to the
WFS_CMD_PIN_GET_DATA entry method.
Specifies that the layout be applied to the WFS CMD PIN GET PIN entry method.
Specifies that the layout be applied to the
WFS_CMD_PIN_SECUREKEY_ENTRY entry method.

usNumberOfFrames

This value indicates the number of WFSPINFRAME structures are included in the *lppFrames* parameter.

lppFrames

Pointer to an array of pointers to WFSPINFRAME structures. There can be one or more WFSPINFRAME structures included. A Physical Frame can **only** contain Physical Keys. It can contain Physical Keys positioned on the edge of the screen (for example, FDKs) or Physical Keys not positioned on the edge of the screen (for example EPP) but **cannot** contain both. A Touch Frame (see section 2.1) can **only** contain Touch Keys. To determine the frame type, *usFrameXSize* and *usFrameYSize* should be checked. Refer to the table in the Comments for the different types of frames, and see the diagram in the Comments for an example.

typedef struct _wfs_	pin_frame
{	
USHORT	usFrameXPos;
USHORT	usFrameYPos;
USHORT	usFrameXSize;
USHORT	usFrameYSize;
WORD	wFloatAction;
LPWFSPINFK	*lppFKs;
} WFSPINFRAME,	*LPWFSPINFRAME;

usFrameXPos

If the frame contains Touch Keys, specifies the left edge of the frame as an offset from the left edge of the screen in pixels and will be less than the width of the screen.

If the frame contains Physical Keys on the boundary of the screen, specifies the left coordinate of the frame as an offset from the left edge of the screen in pixels and will be 0 or the width of the screen in pixels.

If the frame contains Physical Keys not positioned on the screen boundary, this value is 0. *usFrameYPos*

If the frame contains Touch Keys, specifies the top edge of the frame as an offset from the top edge of the screen in pixels and will be less than the height of the screen.

If the frame contains Physical Keys on the boundary of the screen, specifies the top edge of the frame as an offset from the top edge of the screen in pixels and will be 0 or the height of the screen in pixels.

If the frame contains Physical Keys not positioned on the screen boundary, this value is 0. *usFrameXSize*

If the frame contains Touch Keys, specifies the width of the frame in pixels and will be greater than 0 and less than the width of the screen minus *usFrameXPos*.

If the frame contains Physical Keys on the boundary of the screen, specifies the width of the frame in pixels and will be 0 or the width of the screen in pixels.

If the frame contains Physical Keys not positioned on the screen boundary, this value is 0. *usFrameYSize*

If the frame contains Touch Keys, specifies the height of the frame in pixels and will be greater than 0 and less than the height of the screen minus *usFrameYPos*.

If the frame contains Physical Keys on the boundary of the screen, specifies the height of the frame in pixels and will be 0 or the height of the screen in pixels.

If the frame contains Physical Keys not positioned on the screen boundary, this value is 0.

wFloatAction

Specifies the type of float action as WFS_PIN_FLOAT_NONE if the PIN device will not randomly shift the layout or else a combination of the following flags:

Value	Meaning
WFS_PIN_FLOATX	Specifies that the PIN device will randomly shift the layout in a horizontal direction. Applicable to ETS devices only.
WFS_PIN_FLOATY	Specifies that the PIN device will randomly shift the layout in a vertical direction. Applicable to ETS devices only.

For any non-ETS device, this value should be set to WFS_PIN_FLOAT_NONE.

lppFKs

Pointer to a NULL-terminated array of pointers to WFSPINFK structures defining details of the keys in the keyboard. See below.

typedef struct	wfs_pin_fk
{	
USHORT	usXPos;
USHORT	usYPos;
USHORT	usXSize;
USHORT	usYSize;
WORD	wKeyType;
ULONG	ulFK;
ULONG	ulShiftFK;
} WFSPINFK,	*LPWFSPINFK;

usXPos

Specifies the position of the left edge of the key relative to the left side of the frame. See the table in Comments for possible values.

us YP os

Specifies the position of the top edge of the key relative to the top edge of the frame. See the table in Comments for possible values.

usXSize

Specifies the key width. See the table in Comments for possible values.

us YSize

Specifies the key height. See the table in Comments for possible values.

wKeyType

Defines the type of XFS key definition value is represented by *ulFK* and *ulShiftFK*.

Value	Meaning
WFS_PIN_FK	Function Keys are being used.
WFS_PIN_FDK	Function Descriptor Keys are being
	used.

ulFK

None.

Specifies the FK code associated with the key in non-shifted mode, WFS_PIN_FK_UNUSED if the key is not used.

ulShiftFK

Specifies the FK code associated with the key in shifted mode, WFS_PIN_FK_UNUSED if the key is not used in shifted mode.

Error Codes In addition to the generic error codes defined in [Ref. 1], the following error codes can be generated by this command:

Value	Meaning		
WFS_ERR_PIN_MODENOTSUPPORTED	The specified entry mode is not supported.		

Events

Comments The following table defines the possible size and position values that apply to each frame type.

Frame Type		WFSPINFRAME		WFSPINKEY				
	usFrameXSize	us Frame YSize	usFrameXPos	UsFrameYPos	usXSize	us YSize	usXPos	usYPos
Physical Keys on EPP	0	0	0	0	1 to 1000 ¹	1 to 1000 ²	0 to 999 ³	0 to 999 ⁴
Touch Keys on ETS	> 0	> 0	>= 0	>= 0	0 to	0 to	0 to	0 to
·					(usFrameXSize	(usFrameYSize	usFrameXSize	usFrameYsize
					- usXPos)	- usYPos)		
Physical Keys on Left	0	> 0	0	0	0	0 to	0	0 to
Boundary of Screen						(usFrameYSize		usFrameYsize
						- usYPos)		

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Physical Keys on Right Boundary of Screen	0	> 0	> 0	0	0	0 to (usFrameYSize - usYPos)	usFrameXSize	0 to usFrameYsize
Physical Keys on Top Boundary of Screen	> 0	0	0	0	0 to (usFrameXSize - usXPos)	0	0 to usFrameXSize	0
Physical Keys on Bottom Boundary of Screen	> 0	0	0	> 0	0 to (usFrameXSize - usXPos)	0	0 to usFrameXSize	usFrameYSize

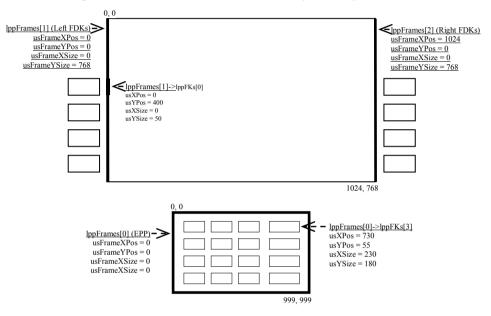
¹: 1 is the smallest possible size and 1000 is the full width of the frame

²: 1 is the smallest possible size and 1000 is the full height of the frame

³: 0 is the left edge and 999 is the right edge of the frame

⁴: 0 is the top edge and 999 is the bottom edge of the frame

The following diagram shows an example configuration consisting of an EPP and Physical FDKs to the left and right of the screen. 3 frames contain the Physical Keys.



4.11 WFS_INF_PIN_KEY_DETAIL_340

Description This command returns extended detailed information about the keys in the encryption module, including DES, DUKPT, AES, RSA private and public keys. This command will also return information on all keys loaded during manufacture that can be used by applications.

Details relating to the keys loaded using OPT (via the ZKA WFS_PIN_PROTISOPS protocol) are retrieved using the ZKA WFS_PIN_PROTHSMLDI protocol. These keys are not reported by this command.

Input Param LPSTR lpsKeyName;

lpsKeyName

Name of the key for which detailed information is requested. If NULL, detailed information about all the keys in the encryption module is returned.

Output Param LPWFSPINKEYDETAIL340 *lppKeyDetail340;

Pointer to a null-terminated array of pointers to WFSPINKEYDETAIL340 structures.

typedef struct _wfs_pin_key_detail_340

t	
LPSTR	lpsKeyName;
BYTE	bGeneration;
BYTE	bVersion;
BYTE	<pre>bActivatingDate[4];</pre>
BYTE	<pre>bExpiryDate[4];</pre>
DWORD	fwLoaded;
LPWFSPINKEYBLOCKINFO	lpKeyBlockInfo;
} WFSPINKEYDETAIL340,	*LPWFSPINKEYDETAIL340;

lpsKeyName

Specifies the name of the key.

bGeneration

Specifies the generation of the key as BCD value. Different generations might correspond to different environments (e.g. test or production environment). The content is vendor specific. This value will be 0xFF if no such information is available for the key.

bVersion

Specifies the version of the key (the year in which the key is valid, e.g. 01 for 2001) as BCD value. This value will be 0xFF if no such information is available for the key.

bActivatingDate

Specifies the date when the key is activated as BCD value in the format YYYYMMDD. This value will be expressed as 0xFF, 0xFF, 0xFF, 0xFF if no such information is available for the key.

bExpiryDate

Specifies the date when the key expires as BCD value in the format YYYYMMDD. This value will be 0xFFFFFFF if no such information is available for the key.

fwLoaded

Specifies whether the key has been loaded (imported from Application or locally from Operator), as a combination of the following flags:

Value	Meaning
WFS_PIN_LOADED_NO	The key is not loaded or not ready to be used
WEG DRI LOADED VEG	in cryptographic operations.
WFS_PIN_LOADED_YES	The key is loaded and ready to be used in cryptographic operations.
WFS_PIN_LOADED_UNKNOWN	The state of the key is unknown.
WFS_PIN_LOADED_CONSTRUCT	The key is under construction, meaning that
	at least one key part has been loaded but the
	key is not activated and ready to be used in
	other cryptographic operations. This flag can
	only be returned in combination with
	WFS_PIN_LOADED_NO.

lpKeyBlockInfo Pointer to a WFSPINKEYBLOCKINFO structure.

<pre>typedef struct _wfs_pf {</pre>	in_key_block_info
BYTE	bKeyUsage[2];
BYTE	bAlgorithm;
BYTE	bModeOfUse;
BYTE	bKeyVersionNumber[2];
BYTE	bExportability;
LPWFSXDATA	lpxOptionalBlockHeader;
ULONG	ulKeyLength;
<pre>WFSPINKEYBLOCKINFO,</pre>	*LPWFSPINKEYBLOCKINFO;

bKeyUsage

Specifies the intended function of the key. See [Reference 35. ANS X9 TR-31 2018] for all possible values.

bAlgorithm

Specifies the algorithm for which the key may be used. See [Reference 35. ANS X9 TR-31 2018] for all possible values.

bModeOfUse

Specifies the operation that the key may perform. See [Reference 35. ANS X9 TR-31 2018] for all possible values.

bKeyVersionNumber

Specifies a two-digit ASCII character version number, which is optionally used to indicate that contents of the key block are a component, or to prevent re-injection of old keys. See [Reference 35. ANS X9 TR-31 2018] for all possible values.

bExportability

Specifies whether the key may be transferred outside of the cryptographic domain in which the key is found. See [Reference 35. ANS X9 TR-31 2018] for all possible values.

lpxOptionalBlockHeader

Contains any optional header blocks, as defined in [Reference 35. ANS X9 TR-31 2018]. This value will be NULL if there are no optional block headers.

ulKeyLength

Specifies the length, in bits, of the key. 0 if the key length is unknown.

Error Codes In addition to the generic error codes defined in [Ref. 1], the following error codes can be generated by this command:

Value	Meaning
WFS_ERR_PIN_KEYNOTFOUND	The specified key name is not found.

Comments None.

5. Execute Commands

5.1 Normal PIN Commands

The following commands are those commands that are used in a normal transaction with the encryptor.

5.1.1 WFS_CMD_PIN_CRYPT

Description The input data is either encrypted or decrypted using the specified or selected encryption mode. The available modes are defined in the WFS INF PIN CAPABILITIES command.

This command can also be used for random number generation.

Furthermore it can be used for Message Authentication Code generation (i.e. MACing). The input data is padded to the necessary length mandated by the encryption algorithm using the *bPadding* parameter. Applications can generate a MAC using an alternative padding method by preformatting the data passed and combining this with the standard padding method.

The Start Value (or Initialization Vector) should be able to be passed encrypted like the specified encryption/decryption key. It would therefore need to be decrypted with a loaded key so the name of this key must also be passed. However, both these parameters are optional.

In order to access maximum functionality, it is recommended that applications should use the WFS_CMD_PIN_CRYPT_340 command if the encryption mode being used is not random.

Input Param LPWFSPINCRYPT lpCrypt;

{

typedef struct _wfs_pin_crypt

· ·	
WORD	wMode;
LPSTR	lpsKey;
LPWFSXDATA	lpxKeyEncKey;
WORD	wAlgorithm;
LPSTR	lpsStartValueKey;
LPWFSXDATA	lpxStartValue;
BYTE	bPadding;
BYTE	bCompression;
LPWFSXDATA	lpxCryptData;
<pre>} WFSPINCRYPT,</pre>	*LPWFSPINCRYPT;

wMode

If MACing then this parameter will be ignored, otherwise this parameter specifies the mode, values are one of the following:

Value	Meaning
WFS_PIN_MODEENCRYPT	Encrypt with key.
WFS_PIN_MODEDECRYPT	Decrypt with key.
WFS_PIN_MODERANDOM	An 8 byte random value shall be returned (in
	this case all the other input parameters are
	ignored).

This parameter does not apply to MACing.

lpsKey

Specifies the name of the stored key. This value is ignored, if *wMode* equals WFS PIN MODERANDOM.

lpxKeyEncKey

If NULL, *lpsKey* is used directly for encryption/decryption. Otherwise, *lpsKey* is used to decrypt (in ECB mode) the encrypted key passed in *lpxKeyEncKey* and the result is used for encryption/decryption. Users of this specification must adhere to local regulations when using Triple DES. This value is ignored, if *wMode* equals WFS_PIN_MODERANDOM.

wAlgorithm

Specifies the encryption algorithm. Possible values are those described in WFS_INF_PIN_CAPABILITIES. This value is ignored, if *wMode* equals WFS_PIN_MODERANDOM.

lpsStartValueKey

Specifies the name of the stored key used to decrypt the *lpxStartValue* to obtain the Initialization Vector. If this parameter is NULL, *lpxStartValue* is used as the Initialization Vector. This value is ignored, if *wMode* equals WFS PIN MODERANDOM.

lpxStartValue

DES and Triple DES initialization vector for CBC / CFB encryption and MACing. If this parameter is NULL the default value for CBC / CFB / MAC is 16 hex digits 0x0. This value is ignored, if *wMode* equals WFS PIN MODERANDOM.

bPadding

Specifies the padding character. The padding character is a full byte, e.g. 0xFF. This value is ignored, if *wMode* equals WFS_PIN_MODERANDOM. The valid range is 0x00 to 0xFF.

bCompression

Specifies whether data is to be compressed (blanks removed) before building the MAC. If *bCompression* is 0x00 no compression is selected, otherwise *bCompression* holds the representation of the blank character (e.g. 0x20 in ASCII or 0x40 in EBCDIC). This value is ignored, if *wMode* equals WFS PIN MODERANDOM.

lpxCryptData Pointer to the data to be encrypted, decrypted, or MACed. This value is ignored, if *wMode* equals WFS_PIN_MODERANDOM.

Output Param LPWFSXDATA lpxCryptData;

lpxCryptData Pointer to the encrypted or decrypted data, MAC value or 8 byte random value.

Error Codes In addition to the generic error codes defined in [Ref. 1], the following error codes can be generated by this command:

	Scheratea of this command.	
	Value	Meaning
	WFS_ERR_PIN_KEYNOTFOUND	The specified key was not found.
	WFS_ERR_PIN_MODENOTSUPPORTED	The specified mode is not supported.
	WFS_ERR_PIN_ACCESSDENIED	The encryption module is either not
		initialized or not ready for any vendor specific reason.
	WFS_ERR_PIN_KEYNOVALUE	The specified key name was found but the corresponding key value has not been loaded.
	WFS_ERR_PIN_USEVIOLATION	The specified use is not supported by this key.
	WFS_ERR_PIN_INVALIDKEYLENGTH	The length of <i>lpxKeyEncKey</i> or <i>lpxStartValue</i> is not supported or the length of an encryption key is not compatible with the encryption operation required.
	WFS_ERR_PIN_NOCHIPTRANSACTIVE	A chipcard key is used as encryption key and there is no chip transaction active.
	WFS_ERR_PIN_ALGORITHMNOTSUPP	The specified algorithm is not supported by this key.
Events	In addition to the generic events defined in [Ref. 1], command:	the following events can be generated by this
	Value	Meaning
	WFS_SRVE_PIN_ILLEGAL_KEY_ACCESS	An error occurred accessing an encryption key.
	WFS_EXEE_PIN_DUKPT_KSN	An <i>lpsKey</i> with WFS_PIN_USEKEYDERKEY usage has been used to encrypt or MAC the data.
Comments	The key used for encryption/decryption must be a d for Triple DES encryption/decryption. If a double-le encryption algorithm is specified, or a single-length	ength or triple-length key is used when a DES

WFS ERR PIN INVALIDKEYLENGTH error is returned. Users of this specification must

adhere to local regulations when using Triple DES.

The data type LPWFSXDATA is used to pass hexadecimal data and is defined as follows:

typedef struct _wfs_hex_data
 {
 USHORT usLength;
 LPBYTE lpbData;
 } WFSXDATA, *LPWFSXDATA;

usLength

Length of the byte stream pointed to by *lpbData*.

lpbData Pointer to the binary data stream.

5.1.2 WFS CMD PIN IMPORT KEY

Description The encryption key in the secure key buffer or passed by the application is loaded in the encryption module. The key can be passed in clear text mode or encrypted with an accompanying "key encryption key". A key can be loaded in multiple unencrypted parts by combining the WFS PIN USECONSTRUCT or WFS PIN USESECURECONSTRUCT value with the final usage flags within the *fwUse* field.

> If the WFS PIN USECONSTRUCT flag is used then the application must provide the key data through the *lpxValue* parameter, If WFS PIN USESECURECONSTRUCT is used then the encryption key part in the secure key buffer previously populated with the WFS CMD PIN SECUREKEY ENTRY command is used and *lpxValue* is ignored. Key parts loaded with the WFS PIN USESECURECONSTRUCT flag can only be stored once as the encryption key in the secure key buffer is no longer available after this command has been executed. The WFS PIN USECONSTRUCT and WFS PIN USESECURECONSTRUCT construction flags cannot be used in combination.

Input Param LPWFSPINIMPORT lpImport;

typedef struct wfs pin import { LPSTR lpsKev: LPSTR lpsEncKey; LPWFSXDATA

lpxIdent; lpxValue; fwUse; } WFSPINIMPORT, *LPWFSPINIMPORT;

lpsKev

Specifies the name of key being loaded.

LPWFSXDATA

WORD

lpsEncKev

lpsEncKey specifies a key name or a format name which was used to encrypt (in ECB mode) the key passed in *lpxValue*. If *lpsEncKey* is NULL the key is loaded directly into the encryption module. *lpsEncKev* must be NULL if *fwUse* contains WFS PIN USECONSTRUCT or WFS_PIN_USESECURECONSTRUCT.

lpxIdent

Specifies the key owner identification. It is a handle to the encryption module and is returned to the application in the WFS CMD PIN INITIALIZATION command. See fwIDKey in WFS INF PIN CAPABILITIES for whether this value is required. If not required *lpxIdent* should be NULL. The use of this parameter is vendor dependent.

lpxValue Specifies the value of key to be loaded.

fwUse

Specifies the type of access for which the key can be used as a combination of the following flags:

Value	Meaning
WFS_PIN_USECRYPT	Key can be used for encryption/decryption.
WFS_PIN_USEFUNCTION	Key can be used for PIN functions (PIN
	block creation and local PIN check).
WFS_PIN_USEMACING	Key can be used for MACing.
WFS_PIN_USEKEYENCKEY	Key is used as key encryption key.
WFS_PIN_USENODUPLICATE	Key can be imported only once.
WFS_PIN_USESVENCKEY	Key is used as CBC Start Value encryption
	key.
WFS_PIN_USECONSTRUCT	Key is under construction through the import
	of multiple parts. This value is used in
	combination with the actual usage flags for
	the key.

WFS_PIN_USESECURECONSTRUCT	Key is under construction through the import of multiple parts. This value is used in combination with the actual usage flags for the key. <i>lpxValue</i> is ignored as the encryption key part is taken from the secure key buffer.
WFS_PIN_USEANSTR31MASTER	Key can be used for importing keys packaged within an ANS TR-31 key block. This key usage can only be combined with WFS_PIN_USECONSTRUCT and WFS_PIN_USESECURECONSTRUCT.
WFS_PIN_USERESTRICTEDKEYENCKEY	Key is used as WFS_PIN_USEKEYENCKEY key whose later subsequently derived keys inherit and are restricted to a single use. To express this the WFS_PIN_USERESTRICTED- KEYENCKEY use must be combined with the use WFS_PIN_USEKEYENCKEY and must additionally be combined with the use that the later subsequently derived keys will have. See also examples in section <u>8.7</u> .
f fwUse equals zero the specified key is deleted. In	that case all parameters but <i>lpsKey</i> are

If *fwUse* equals zero the specified key is deleted. In that case all parameters but *lpsKey* are ignored.

Output Param LPWFSXDATA lpxKVC;

lpxKVC

Contains the key verification code data that can be used for verification of the loaded key, NULL if device does not have that capability.

Error Codes In addition to the generic error codes defined in [Ref. 1], the following error codes can be generated by this command:

	Senerated by this command.	
	Value	Meaning
	WFS_ERR_PIN_KEYNOTFOUND	The specified key encryption key was not found or attempting to delete a non-existent
		key.
	WFS_ERR_PIN_ACCESSDENIED	The encryption module is either not
		initialized or not ready for any vendor specific reason.
	WFS ERR PIN INVALIDID	The ID passed was not valid.
	WFS_ERR_PIN_DUPLICATEKEY	A key exists with that name and cannot be overwritten.
	WFS_ERR_PIN_KEYNOVALUE	The specified key encryption key is not loaded.
	WFS_ERR_PIN_USEVIOLATION	The specified use is not supported by this key.
	WFS_ERR_PIN_INVALIDKEYLENGTH	The length of <i>lpxValue</i> is not supported or the encryption key in the secure key buffer is invalid (or has not been entered) or the length of an encryption key is not compatible with the encryption operation required.
	WFS_ERR_PIN_NOKEYRAM	There is no space left in the key RAM for a key of the specified type.
Events	In addition to the generic events defined in [Ref. 1], command:	, the following events can be generated by this
	Value	Meaning
	WFS_SRVE_PIN_ILLEGAL_KEY_ACCESS	An error occurred accessing an encryption key.
Comments	When keys are loaded in multiple parts, all parts of construction value in the <i>fwUse</i> field along with any usage flags must be consistent for all parts of the key	y usages needed for the final key use. The

parts is indicated through an additional final call to this command, where the construction flag is removed from fwUse but those other usage's defined during the key part loading must still be used. No key data is passed during the final activation of the key. A

WFS_ERR_PIN_ACCESSDENIED error will be returned if the key cannot be activated, e.g. if only one key part has been entered.

The optional KCV is only returned during the final activation step. Applications wishing to verify the KCV for each key part (and passing keys as a parameter to this command) will need to load each key part into a temporary location inside the encryptor. If the application determines the KCV of the key part is valid, then the application calls the WFS_CMD_PIN_IMPORT_KEY again to load the key part into the device. The application should delete the temporary key part as soon as the KCV for that key part has been verified. It is not possible to verify a key part being loaded from a secure key buffer with this command. This is achieved through the WFS_CMD_PIN_SECUREKEY_ENTRY command.

When the first part of the key is received, it is stored directly in the device. All subsequent parts are combined with the existing value in the device through XOR. No sub-parts of the key are maintained separately. While a key still has a *fwUse* value that indicates it is under construction, it cannot be used for cryptographic functions.

5.1.3 WFS_CMD_PIN_DERIVE_KEY

Description A key is derived from input data using a key generating key and an initialization vector. The input data can be expanded with a fill-character to the necessary length (mandated by the encryption algorithm being used). The derived key is imported into the encryption module and can then be used for further operations.

Input Param LPWFSPINDERIVE lpDerive;

typedef struct _wfs_pin_derive

l	
WORD	wDerivationAlgorithm;
LPSTR	lpsKey;
LPSTR	lpsKeyGenKey;
LPSTR	lpsStartValueKey;
LPWFSXDATA	lpxStartValue;
BYTE	bPadding;
LPWFSXDATA	lpxInputData;
LPWFSXDATA	lpxIdent;
} WFSPINDERIVE,	*LPWFSPINDERIVE;

wDerivationAlgorithm

Specifies the algorithm that is used for derivation. Possible values are: (see command WFS INF PIN CAPABILITIES)

lpsKey

Specifies the name where the derived key will be stored.

lpsKeyGenKey

Specifies the name of the key generating key that is used for the derivation.

lpsStartValueKey

Specifies the name of the stored key used to decrypt the *lpxStartValue* to obtain the Initialization Vector. If this parameter is NULL, *lpxStartValue* is used as the Initialization Vector.

lpxStartValue

DES initialization vector for the encryption step within the derivation.

bPadding

Specifies the padding character for the encryption step within the derivation. The valid range is 0x00 to 0xFF.

lpxInputData

Pointer to the data to be used for key derivation.

lpxIdent

Specifies the key owner identification. It is a handle to the encryption module and is returned to the application in the WFS_CMD_PIN_INITIALIZATION command. See *fwIDKey* in WFS_INF_PIN_CAPABILITIES for whether this value is required. If not required *lpxIdent* should be NULL. The use of this parameter is vendor dependent.

Output Param None.

Error Codes

des In addition to the generic error codes defined in [Ref. 1], the following error codes can be generated by this command:

Value	Meaning
WFS_ERR_PIN_KEYNOTFOUND	The specified key was not found.
WFS_ERR_PIN_ACCESSDENIED	The encryption module is either not
	initialized (or not ready for some vendor specific reason).
WFS_ERR_PIN_INVALIDID	The ID passed was not valid.
WFS_ERR_PIN_DUPLICATEKEY	A key exists with that name and cannot be overwritten.
WFS_ERR_PIN_KEYNOVALUE	The specified key is not loaded.
WFS_ERR_PIN_USEVIOLATION	The specified use is not supported by this key.

	WFS_ERR_PIN_INVALIDKEYLENGTH	The length of <i>lpxStartValue</i> is not supported or the length of an encryption key is not compatible with the encryption operation required.
	WFS_ERR_PIN_ALGORITHMNOTSUPP	The specified algorithm is not supported.
Events	In addition to the generic events defined in [Ref. 1], command:	, the following events can be generated by this
	Value	Meaning
	WFS_SRVE_PIN_ILLEGAL_KEY_ACCESS	An error occurred accessing an encryption
		key.
Comments	None.	

5.1.4 WFS_CMD_PIN_GET_PIN

Description

This function stores the PIN entry via the PIN pad. From the point this function is invoked, PIN digit entries are *not* passed to the application. For each PIN digit, or any other active key entered, an execute notification event WFS_EXEE_PIN_KEY is sent in order to allow an application to perform the appropriate display action (i.e. when the PIN pad has no integrated display). The application is not informed of the value entered. The execute notification only informs that a key has been depressed.

The WFS_EXEE_PIN_ENTERDATA event will be generated when the PIN pad is ready for the user to start entering data.

Some PIN pad devices do not inform the application as each PIN digit is entered, but locally process the PIN entry based upon minimum PIN length and maximum PIN length input parameters.

When the maximum number of PIN digits is entered and the flag *bAutoEnd* is true, or a terminating key is pressed after the minimum number of PIN digits is entered, the command completes. If the <Cancel> key is a terminator key and is pressed, then the command will complete successfully even if the minimum number of PIN digits has not been entered.

Terminating FDKs can have the functionality of <Enter> (terminates only if minimum length has been reached) or <Cancel> (can terminate before minimum length is reached). The configuration of this functionality is vendor specific.

If *usMaxLen* is zero, the Service Provider does not terminate the command unless the application sets *ulTerminateKeys* or *ulTerminateFDKs*. In the event that *ulTerminateKeys* or *ulTerminateFDKs* are not set and *usMaxLen* is zero, the command will not terminate and the application must issue a **WFSCancel** command.

If active the WFS_PIN_FK_CANCEL and WFS_PIN_FK_CLEAR keys will cause the PIN buffer to be cleared. The WFS_PIN_FK_BACKSPACE key will cause the last key in the PIN buffer to be removed.

Terminating keys have to be active keys to operate.

If this command is cancelled by a **WFSCancelAsyncRequest** or a **WFSCancelBlockingCall** the PIN buffer is not cleared.

If *usMaxLen* has been met and *bAutoEnd* is set to False, then all numeric keys will automatically be disabled. If the CLEAR or BACKSPACE key is pressed to reduce the number of entered keys, the numeric keys will be re-enabled.

If the ENTER key (or FDK representing the ENTER key – note that the association of an FDK to ENTER functionality is vendor specific) is pressed prior to *usMinLen* being met, then the ENTER key or FDK is ignored. In some cases the PIN pad device cannot ignore the ENTER key then the command will complete normally. To handle these types of devices the application should use the output parameter *usDigits* field to check that sufficient digits have been entered. The application should then get the user to re-enter their PIN with the correct number of digits.

If the application makes a call to WFS_CMD_PIN_GET_PINBLOCK or a local verification command without the minimum PIN digits having been entered, either the command will fail or the PIN verification will fail.

It is the responsibility of the application to identify the mapping between the FDK code and the physical location of the FDK.

Input Param LPWFSPINGETPIN lpGetPin;

typedef struct wfs pin getpin { USHORT usMinLen; USHORT usMaxLen; BOOL bAutoEnd; CHAR cEcho; ULONG ulActiveFDKs; ULONG ulActiveKevs; ULONG ulTerminateFDKs; ULONG ulTerminateKeys; } WFSPINGETPIN, *LPWFSPINGETPIN;

usMinLen

Specifies the minimum number of digits which must be entered for the PIN. A value of zero indicates no minimum PIN length verification.

usMaxLen

Specifies the maximum number of digits which can be entered for the PIN. A value of zero indicates no maximum PIN length verification.

bAutoEnd

If *bAutoEnd* is set to true, the Service Provider terminates the command when the maximum number of digits are entered. Otherwise, the input is terminated by the user using one of the termination keys. *bAutoEnd* is ignored when *usMaxLen* is set to zero.

cEcho

Specifies the replace character to be echoed on a local display for the PIN digit.

ulActiveFDKs

Specifies a mask of those FDKs which are active during the execution of the command (see WFS_INF_PIN_FUNCKEY_DETAIL).

ulActiveKeys

Specifies a mask of those (other) Function Keys which are active during the execution of the command (see WFS_INF_PIN_FUNCKEY_DETAIL).

ulTerminateFDKs

Specifies a mask of those FDKs which must terminate the execution of the command (see WFS_INF_PIN_FUNCKEY_DETAIL).

ulTerminateKeys

Specifies a mask of those (other) Function Keys which must terminate the execution of the command (see WFS_INF_PIN_FUNCKEY_DETAIL).

Output Param LPWFSPINENTRY lpEntry;

typedef struct _wfs_pin_entry

USHORT usDigits; WORD wCompletion; } WFSPINENTRY, *LPWFSPINENTRY;

usDigits

Specifies the number of PIN digits entered.

wCompletion

Specifies the reason for completion of the entry. Unless otherwise specified the following values must not be used in the execute event WFS_EXEE_PIN_KEY or in the array of keys in the completion of WFS_PIN_CMD_GET_DATA. Possible values are:

Value	Meaning
WFS_PIN_COMPAUTO	The command terminated automatically,
	because maximum length was reached.
WFS_PIN_COMPENTER	The ENTER Function Key was pressed as
	terminating key.
WFS_PIN_COMPCANCEL	The CANCEL Function Key was pressed as
	terminating key.

WFS_PIN_COMPCONTINUE	A function key was pressed and input may continue unless the command completes (this value is only used in the execute event WFS_EXEE_PIN_KEY and in the array of keys in the completion of WFS PIN CMD GET DATA).
WFS_PIN_COMPCLEAR	The CLEAR Function Key was pressed as terminating key and the previous input is cleared.
WFS_PIN_COMPBACKSPACE	The last input digit was cleared and the key was pressed as terminating key.
WFS_PIN_COMPFDK	Indicates input is terminated only if the FDK pressed was set to be a terminating FDK.
WFS_PIN_COMPHELP	The HELP Function Key was pressed as terminating key.
WFS_PIN_COMPFK	A Function Key (FK) other than ENTER, CLEAR, CANCEL, BACKSPACE, HELP was pressed as terminating key.
WFS_PIN_COMPCONTFDK	An FDK was pressed and input may continue unless the command completes (this value is only used in the execute event WFS_EXEE_PIN_KEY and in the array of keys in the completion of WFS_PIN_CMD_GET_DATA).

Error Codes In addition to the generic error codes defined in [Ref. 1], the following error codes can be generated by this command:

Value	Meaning
WFS_ERR_PIN_KEYINVALID	At least one of the specified function keys of FDKs is invalid.
WFS_ERR_PIN_KEYNOTSUPPORTED	At least one of the specified function keys o FDKs is not supported by the Service Provider.
WFS_ERR_PIN_NOACTIVEKEYS	There are no active function keys specified, or there is no defined layout definition.
WFS_ERR_PIN_NOTERMINATEKEYS	There are no terminate keys specified and <i>usMaxLen</i> is not set to zero and <i>bAutoEnd</i> is FALSE.
WFS_ERR_PIN_MINIMUMLENGTH	The minimum PIN length field is invalid or greater than the maximum PIN length field when the maximum PIN length is not zero.
WFS_ERR_PIN_TOOMANYFRAMES	The device requires that only one frame is used for this command.
WFS_ERR_PIN_PARTIALFRAME	The single Touch Frame does not cover the entire monitor.
WFS_ERR_PIN_ENTRYTIMEOUT	The timeout for entering data has been reached. This is a timeout which may be due to hardware limitations or legislative requirements (for example PCI).

In addition to the generic events defined in [Ref. 1], the following events can be generated by this command:

Value	Meaning
WFS_EXEE_PIN_KEY	A key has been pressed at the PIN pad.
WFS_EXEE_PIN_ENTERDATA	The PIN pad is ready for the user to start entering data.
WFS_EXEE_PIN_LAYOUT	The layout has changed position. For ETS devices only.

Comments None.

Events

5.1.5 WFS_CMD_PIN_LOCAL_DES

Description The PIN, which was entered with the WFS_PIN_GET_PIN command, is combined with the requisite data specified by the DES validation algorithm and locally verified for correctness. The result of the verification is returned to the application. This command will clear the PIN unless the application has requested that the PIN be maintained through the WFS_CMD_PIN_MAINTAIN_PIN command.

Input Param LPWFSPINLOCALDES lpLocalDES;

typedef struct _wfs_pin_local_des
{
 LPSTB lpsValidationData:

LESIK	ipsvariuacionData,
LPSTR	lpsOffset;
BYTE	bPadding;
USHORT	usMaxPIN;
USHORT	usValDigits;
BOOL	bNoLeadingZero;
LPSTR	lpsKey;
LPWFSXDATA	lpxKeyEncKey;
LPSTR	lpsDecTable;
} WFSPINLOCALDES,	*LPWFSPINLOCALDES;

lpsValidationData

Customer specific data (normally obtained from card track data) used to validate the correctness of the PIN. The validation data should be an ASCII string.

lpsOffset

ASCII string defining the offset data for the PIN block as an ASCII string; if NULL then no offset is used. The character must be in the ranges '0' to '9', 'a' to 'f' and 'A' to 'F'.

bPadding

Specifies the padding character for the validation data. If the validation data is less than 16 characters long then it will be padded with this character. If *bPadding* is in the range 0x00 to 0x0F, padding is applied after the validation data has been compressed. If the *bPadding* character is in the range '0' to '9', 'a' to 'f', or 'A' to 'F', padding is applied before the validation data is compressed.

usMaxPIN

Maximum number of PIN digits to be used for validation. This parameter corresponds to PINMINL in the IBM 3624 specification.

usValDigits

Number of Validation digits from the validation data to be used for validation. This is the length of the *lpsValidationData* string.

bNoLeadingZero

If set to TRUE and the first digit of result of the modulo 10 addition is a 0x0, it is replaced with 0x1 before performing the verification against the entered PIN. If set to FALSE, a leading zero is allowed in entered PINs.

lpsKey

Name of the key to be used for validation. The key referenced by *lpsKey* must have the WFS_PIN_USEFUNCTION or WFS_PIN_USEPINLOCAL attribute.

lpxKeyEncKey

If NULL, *lpsKey* is used directly for PIN validation. Otherwise, *lpsKey* is used to decrypt the encrypted key passed in *lpxKeyEncKey* and the result is used for PIN validation.

lpsDecTable

ASCII decimalization table (16 character string containing characters '0' to '9'). This table is used to convert the hexadecimal digits (0x0 to 0xF) of the encrypted validation data to decimal digits (0x0 to 0x9).

Output Param LPBOOL lpbResult;

lpbResult

Pointer to a boolean value which specifies whether the PIN is correct or not.

	generated by this command:	
	Value	Meaning
	WFS_ERR_PIN_KEYNOTFOUND	The specified key was not found.
	WFS_ERR_PIN_ACCESSDENIED	The encryption module is either not initialized or not ready for any vendor specific reason.
	WFS_ERR_PIN_KEYNOVALUE	The specified key is not loaded.
	WFS_ERR_PIN_USEVIOLATION	The specified use is not supported by this key.
	WFS_ERR_PIN_NOPIN	PIN has not been entered or has been cleared.
	WFS_ERR_PIN_INVALIDKEYLENGTH	The length of <i>lpxKeyEncKey</i> is not supported or the length of an encryption key is not compatible with the encryption operation required.
Events	In addition to the generic events defined in [Ref. 1], command:	, the following events can be generated by this
	Value	Meaning
	WFS_SRVE_PIN_ILLEGAL_KEY_ACCESS	An error occurred accessing an encryption key.
Comments	The PINMAXL value as defined in the IBM 3624 s during the WFS_CMD_PIN_GET_PIN command.	pecification is the length of the PIN entered

Error Codes In addition to the generic error codes defined in [Ref. 1], the following error codes can be generated by this command:

5.1.6 WFS_CMD_PIN_CREATE_OFFSET

Description This function is used to generate a PIN Offset that is typically written to a card and later used to verify the PIN with the WFS_CMD_PIN_LOCAL_DES command. The PIN offset is computed by combining validation data with the keypad entered PIN. This command will clear the PIN unless the application has requested that the PIN be maintained through the WFS_CMD_PIN_MAINTAIN_PIN command.

Input Param LPWFSPINCREATEOFFSET lpPINOffset;

typedef struct _wfs_pin_create_offset

L	
LPSTR	lpsValidationData;
BYTE	bPadding;
USHORT	usMaxPIN;
USHORT	usValDigits;
LPSTR	lpsKey;
LPWFSXDATA	lpxKeyEncKey;
LPSTR	lpsDecTable;
<pre>} WFSPINCREATEOFFSET,</pre>	*LPWFSPINCREATEOFFSET;

lpsValidationData

Validation data. The validation data should be an ASCII string.

bPadding

Specifies the padding character for validation data. If *bPadding* is in the range 0x00 to 0x0F, padding is applied after the validation data has been compressed. If the *bPadding* character is in the range '0' to '9', 'a' to 'f', or 'A' to 'F', padding is applied before the validation data is compressed.

usMaxPIN

Maximum number of PIN digits to be used for PIN Offset creation. This parameter corresponds to PINMINL in the IBM 3624 specification.

usValDigits

Number of Validation Data digits to be used for PIN Offset creation. This is the length of the *lpsValidationData* string.

lpsKey

Name of the validation key. The key referenced by *lpsKey* must have the WFS PIN USEFUNCTION or WFS PIN USEPINLOCAL attribute.

lpxKeyEncKey

If NULL, *lpsKey* is used directly in PIN Offset creation. Otherwise, *lpsKey* is used to decrypt the encrypted key passed in *lpxKeyEncKey* and the result is used in PIN Offset creation.

lpsDecTable

ASCII decimalization table (16 character string containing characters '0' to '9'). This table is used to convert the hexadecimal digits (0x0 to 0xF) of the encrypted validation data to decimal digits (0x0 to 0x9).

Output Param LPSTR lpsOffset;

lpsOffset Computed PIN Offset.

Error Codes In addition to the generic error codes defined in [Ref. 1], the following error codes can be generated by this command:

Value	Meaning
WFS_ERR_PIN_KEYNOTFOUND	The specified key was not found.
WFS_ERR_PIN_ACCESSDENIED	The encryption module is either not
	initialized or not ready for any vendor
	specific reason.
WFS_ERR_PIN_KEYNOVALUE	The specified key is not loaded.
WFS_ERR_PIN_USEVIOLATION	The specified use is not supported by this
	key.

	WFS_ERR_PIN_NOPIN WFS_ERR_PIN_NOTALLOWED WFS_ERR_PIN_INVALIDKEYLENGTH	PIN has not been entered or has been cleared.PIN entered by the user is not allowed.The length of <i>lpxKeyEncKey</i> is not supported or the length of an encryption key is not compatible with the encryption operation required.
Events	In addition to the generic events defined in [Ref. 1], command:	, the following events can be generated by this
	Value	Meaning
	WFS_SRVE_PIN_ILLEGAL_KEY_ACCESS	An error occurred accessing an encryption key.
Comments	The list of 'forbidden' PINs (values that cannot be chosen as a PIN, e.g. 1111) is configured in the device in a vendor dependent way during the configuration of the system. The PINMAXL value	

uevice in a vendor dependent way during the configuration of the system. The PINM as defined in the IBM 3624 specification is the length of the PIN entered during the WFS_CMD_PIN_GET_PIN command.

5.1.7 WFS_CMD_PIN_LOCAL_EUROCHEQUE

Description The PIN, which was entered with the WFS_PIN_GET_PIN command, is combined with the requisite data specified by the Eurocheque validation algorithm and locally verified for correctness. The result of the verification is returned to the application. This command will clear the PIN unless the application has requested that the PIN be maintained through the WFS_CMD_PIN_MAINTAIN_PIN command.

Input Param LPWFSPINLOCALEUROCHEQUE lpLocalEurocheque;

typedef struct _wfs_pin_local_eurocheque
{

L C C C C C C C C C C C C C C C C C C C	
LPSTR	lpsEurochequeData;
LPSTR	lpsPVV;
WORD	wFirstEncDigits;
WORD	wFirstEncOffset;
WORD	wPVVDigits;
WORD	wPVVOffset;
LPSTR	lpsKey;
LPWFSXDATA	lpxKeyEncKey;
LPSTR	lpsDecTable;
<pre>} WFSPINLOCALEUROCHEQUE,</pre>	*LPWFSPINLOCALEUROCHEQUE;

lpsEurochequeData Track-3 Eurocheque data.

lpsPVV PIN Validation Value from track data.

wFirstEncDigits

Number of digits to extract after first encryption.

wFirstEncOffset Offset of digits to extract after first encryption.

wPVVDigits Number of digits to extract for PVV.

wPVVOffset Offset of digits to extract for PVV.

lpsKey

Name of the validation key. The key referenced by *lpsKey* must have the WFS_PIN_USEFUNCTION or WFS_PIN_USEPINLOCAL attribute.

lpxKeyEncKey

If NULL, *lpsKey* is used directly for PIN validation. Otherwise, *lpsKey* is used to decrypt the encrypted key passed in *lpxKeyEncKey* and the result is used for PIN validation.

lpsDecTable

ASCII decimalization table (16 character string containing characters '0' to '9'). This table is used to convert the hexadecimal digits (0x0 to 0xF) of the encrypted validation data to decimal digits (0x0 to 0x9).

Output Param LPBOOL lpbResult;

lpbResult

Pointer to a boolean value which specifies whether the PIN is correct or not.

Error Codes In addition to the generic error codes defined in [Ref. 1], the following error codes can be generated by this command:

Value	Meaning
WFS_ERR_PIN_KEYNOTFOUND	The specified key was not found.
WFS_ERR_PIN_ACCESSDENIED	The encryption module is either not
	initialized or not ready for any vendor
	specific reason.
WFS_ERR_PIN_KEYNOVALUE	The specified key is not loaded.
WFS_ERR_PIN_USEVIOLATION	The specified use is not supported by this
	key.

	WFS_ERR_PIN_NOPIN WFS_ERR_PIN_INVALIDKEYLENGTH	PIN has not been entered or has been cleared. The length of <i>lpxKeyEncKey</i> is not supported or the length of an encryption key is not compatible with the encryption operation required.
Events	In addition to the generic events defined in [Ref. 1], command:	the following events can be generated by this
	Value	Meaning
	WFS_SRVE_PIN_ILLEGAL_KEY_ACCESS	An error occurred accessing an encryption
		key.
Comments	None.	

5.1.8 WFS_CMD_PIN_LOCAL_VISA

Description The PIN, which was entered with the WFS_PIN_GET_PIN command, is combined with the requisite data specified by the VISA validation algorithm and locally verified for correctness. The result of the verification is returned to the application. This command will clear the PIN unless the application has requested that the PIN be maintained through the WFS_CMD_PIN_MAINTAIN_PIN command.

Input Param LPWFSPINLOCALVISA lpLocalVISA;

typedef struct _wfs_pin_local_visa
{
 LPSTR lpsPAN;

LPSTR	IpsPVV;
WORD	wPVVDigits;
LPSTR	lpsKey;
LPWFSXDATA	lpxKeyEncKey;
} WFSPINLOCALVISA,	*LPWFSPINLOCALVISA;

lpsPAN

Primary Account Number from track data, as an ASCII string. *lpsPAN* should contain the eleven rightmost digits of the PAN (excluding the check digit), followed by the PVKI indicator in the 12th byte.

lpsPVV

PIN Validation Value from track data, as an ASCII string with characters in the range '0' to '9'. This string should contain 4 digits.

wPVVDigits

Number of digits of PVV.

lpsKey

Name of the validation key. The key referenced by *lpsKey* must have the WFS_PIN_USEFUNCTION or WFS_PIN_USEPINLOCAL attribute.

lpxKeyEncKey If NULL, *lpsKey* is used directly for PIN validation. Otherwise, *lpsKey* is used to decrypt the encrypted key passed in *lpxKeyEncKey* and the result is used for PIN validation.

Output Param LPBOOL lpbResult;

lpbResult

Pointer to a boolean value which specifies whether the PIN is correct or not.

Error Codes In addition to the generic error codes defined in [Ref. 1], the following error codes can be generated by this command:

	Value	Meaning
	WFS ERR PIN KEYNOTFOUND	The specified key was not found.
	WFS_ERR_PIN_ACCESSDENIED	The encryption module is either not
		initialized or not ready for any vendor specific reason.
	WFS ERR PIN KEYNOVALUE	The specified key is not loaded.
	WFS ERR PIN USEVIOLATION	The specified use is not supported by this
	WFS_ERR_FIN_USEVIOLATION	
	WEG FOR DIN NORDI	key.
	WFS_ERR_PIN_NOPIN	PIN has not been entered or has been cleared.
	WFS_ERR_PIN_INVALIDKEYLENGTH	The length of <i>lpxKeyEncKey</i> is not supported or the length of an encryption key is not compatible with the encryption operation required.
Events	In addition to the generic events defined in [Ref. 1], command:	, the following events can be generated by this
	Value	Meaning
	WFS_SRVE_PIN_ILLEGAL_KEY_ACCESS	An error occurred accessing an encryption

key.

Comments None.

5.1.9 WFS_CMD_PIN_PRESENT_IDC

Description The PIN, which was entered with the WFS_PIN_GET_PIN command, is combined with the requisite data specified by the IDC presentation algorithm and presented to the smartcard contained in the ID card unit. The result of the presentation is returned to the application. This command will clear the PIN unless the application has requested that the PIN be maintained through the WFS_CMD_PIN_MAINTAIN_PIN command.

Input Param LPWFSPINPRESENTIDC lpPresentIDC;

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typedef struct _wfs_pin_presentidc

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WORD	wPresentAlgorithm;
WORD	wChipProtocol;
ULONG	ulChipDataLength;
LPBYTE	lpbChipData;
LPVOID	lpAlgorithmData;
} WFSPINPRESENTIDC,	*LPWFSPINPRESENTIDC;

wPresentAlgorithm

Specifies the algorithm that is used for presentation. Possible values are: (see command WFS_INF_PIN_CAPABILITIES).

wChipProtocol

Identifies the protocol that is used to communicate with the chip. Possible values are: (see command WFS_INF_IDC_CAPABILITIES in the Identification Card Device Class Interface).

ulChipDataLength

Specifies the length of the byte stream pointed to by *lpbChipData*.

lpbChipData

Points to the data to be sent to the chip.

lpAlgorithmData

Pointer to a structure that contains the data required for the specified presentation algorithm. For the WFS PIN PRESENT CLEAR algorithm, this structure is defined as:

typedef st	ruct _wfs_pin_pr	resentclear
{		
ULONG	ulPIN	IPointer;
USHOR	T usPIN	Noffset;
} WFS	PINPRESENTCLEAR,	*LPWFSPINPRESENTCLEAR;

ulPINPointer

The byte offset where to start inserting the PIN into *lpbChipData*. The leftmost byte is numbered zero. See below for an example.

usPINOffset

The bit offset within the byte specified by *ulPINPointer* where to start inserting the PIN. The leftmost bit numbered zero. See below for an example.

Output Param LPWFSPINPRESENTRESULT lpPresentResult;

typedef struct _wfs_pin_present_result
{

WORD	wChipProtocol;
ULONG	ulChipDataLength;
LPBYTE	lpbChipData;
} WFSPINPRESENTRESULT,	*LPWFSPINPRESENTRESULT;

wChipProtocol

Identifies the protocol that was used to communicate with the chip. This field contains the same value as the corresponding field in the input structure.

ulChipDataLength

Specifies the length of the byte stream pointed to by *lpbChipData*.

lpbChipData

Points to the data responded from the chip.

Error Codes In addition to the generic error codes defined in [Ref. 1], the following error codes can be

generated by this command:

Value	Meaning
WFS_ERR_PIN_ACCESSDENIED	The ID card unit is not ready for PIN presentation or for any vendor specific reason. The ID card Service Provider, if any, may have generated a service event that further describes the reason for that error
	code.
WFS_ERR_PIN_NOPIN	PIN has not been entered or has been cleared.
WFS_ERR_PIN_PROTOCOLNOTSUPP	The specified protocol is not supported by the Service Provider.
WFS_ERR_PIN_INVALIDDATA	An error occurred while communicating with the chip.

Events Only the generic events defined in [Ref. 1] can be generated by this command.

Comments Example for the use of the algorithm WFS_PIN_PRESENT_CLEAR:

The structure of a VERIFY command for a French B0 chip is:

	Ву	tes 0 to	o 4	Bytes 5 to 8							
CLA	INS	A1	A2	Lc	PIN block						
0xBC	0x20	0x00	0x00	0x04	0xXX 0xXX 0xXX 0xXX						

Where the 4 byte PIN block consists of 2 bits that are always zero, 16 bits for the 4 PIN digits (each digit being coded in 4 bits) and 14 bits that are always one:

	Byte 5						F	Byte 6				Byte 7									Byte 8										
0 0) [3	р	р	р	р	р	р	р	р	р	р	р	р	р	р	р	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1
		D	ig	it	1	Γ	Dig	;it :	2	Ι	Dig	giť.	3	Γ)ig	;it	4														

In order to insert the PIN into such a command, the application calls WFS_CDM_PIN_PRESENT_IDC with:

ulChipDataLength lpbChipData ulPINPointer usPINOffset

9 0xBC200000400003FFF 5 2

For a sample PIN "1234" the PIN block is:

	Byte 5 E						F	Byte 6					Byte 7								Byte 8									
0 0	0	0	0	1	0	0	1	0	0	0	1	1	0	1	0	0	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1
	Γ	Dig	it	1	Γ	Dig	it	2	Ι	Dig	git.	3	Γ	Dig	;it 4	4														

Resulting in a chip card command of:

	Ву	tes 0 to	o 4	Bytes 5 to 8						
CLA	INS	A1	A2	Lc	PIN block					
0xBC	0x20	0x00	0x00	0x04	0x04 0x8D 0x3F 0xFF					

5.1.10 WFS_CMD_PIN_GET_PINBLOCK

Description This function takes the account information and a PIN entered by the user to build a formatted PIN. Encrypting this formatted PIN once or twice returns a PIN block which can be written on a magnetic card or sent to a host. The PIN block can be calculated using one of the formats specified in the WFS_INF_PIN_CAPABILITIES command. This command will clear the PIN unless the application has requested that the PIN be maintained through the WFS_CMD_PIN_MAINTAIN_PIN command.

Input Param LPWFSPINBLOCK lpPinBlock;

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typedef struct _wfs_pin_block

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LPSTR	lpsCustomerData;
LPSTR	lpsXORData;
BYTE	bPadding;
WORD	wFormat;
LPSTR	lpsKey;
LPSTR	lpsKeyEncKey;
} WFSPINBLOCK,	*LPWFSPINBLOCK;

lpsCustomerData

The customer data should be an ASCII string. Used for ANSI, ISO-0, ISO-1, ISO-3 and ISO-4 algorithm to build the formatted PIN. For ANSI ISO-0, ISO-3 and ISO-4 the PAN (Primary Account Number, without the check number) is supplied, for ISO-1 a ten digit transaction field is required. If not used a NULL is required.

Used for DIEBOLD with coordination number, as a two digit coordination number.

Used for EMV with challenge number (8 bytes) coming from the chip card. This number is passed as unpacked string, for example: $0123456789ABCDEF = 0x30\ 0x31\ 0x32\ 0x33\ 0x34\ 0x35\ 0x36\ 0x37\ 0x38\ 0x39\ 0x41\ 0x42\ 0x43\ 0x44\ 0x45\ 0x46$

For AP PIN blocks, the data must be a concatenation of the PAN (18 digits including the check digit), and the CCS (8 digits).

lpsXORData

If the formatted PIN is encrypted twice to build the resulting PIN block, this data can be used to modify the result of the first encryption by an XOR-operation. This parameter is a string of hexadecimal data that must be converted by the application, e.g. 0x0123456789ABCDEF must be converted to 0x30 0x31 0x32 0x33 0x34 0x35 0x36 0x37 0x38 0x39 0x41 0x42 0x43 0x44 0x45 0x46 and terminated with 0x00. In other words the application would set *lpsXORData* to "0123456789ABCDEF\0". The hex digits 0xA to 0xF can be represented by characters in the ranges 'a' to 'f' or 'A' to 'F'. If this value is NULL no XOR-operation will be performed. If the formatted PIN is not encrypted twice (i.e. if *lpsKeyEncKey* is NULL) this parameter is ignored.

bPadding

Specifies the padding character. The valid range is 0x00 to 0x0F. Only the least significant nibble is used. This field is ignored for PIN block formats with fixed, sequential or random padding.

wFormat

Specifies the format of the PIN block. Possible values are: (see command WFS INF PIN CAPABILITIES)

lpsKey

Specifies the key used to encrypt the formatted PIN for the first time, NULL if no encryption is required. If this specifies a double-length or triple-length key, triple DES encryption will be performed. The key referenced by *lpsKey* must have the WFS_PIN_USEFUNCTION or WFS_PIN_USEPINREMOTE attribute. If this specifies an RSA key, RSA encryption will be performed.

lpsKeyEncKey

Specifies the key used to format the once encrypted formatted PIN, NULL if no second encryption required. The key referenced by *lpsKeyEncKey* must have the WFS_PIN_USEFUNCTION or WFS_PIN_USEPINREMOTE attribute. If this specifies a double-length or triple-length key, triple DES encryption will be performed.

Output Param LPWFSXDATA lpxPinBlock;

lpxPinBlock Pointer to the encrypted PIN block.

Error Codes In addition to the generic error codes defined in [Ref. 1], the following error codes can be generated by this command:

	8	
	Value	Meaning
	WFS_ERR_PIN_KEYNOTFOUND	The specified key was not found.
	WFS_ERR_PIN_ACCESSDENIED	The encryption module is either not
		initialized or not ready for any vendor
		specific reason.
	WFS_ERR_PIN_KEYNOVALUE	The specified key is not loaded.
	WFS_ERR_PIN_USEVIOLATION	The specified use is not supported by this
		key.
	WFS_ERR_PIN_NOPIN	The PIN has not been entered was not long
		enough or has been cleared.
	WFS_ERR_PIN_FORMATNOTSUPP	The specified format is not supported.
	WFS_ERR_PIN_INVALIDKEYLENGTH	The length of <i>lpsKeyEncKey</i> or <i>lpsKey</i> is not
		supported by this key or the length of an
		encryption key is not compatible with the
	WFS ERR PIN DUKPTOVERFLOW	encryption operation required. The DUKPT KSN encryption counter has
	WF5_ERK_TIN_DOKI TOVERFLOW	overflowed to zero. A new IPEK must be
		loaded.
Events	In addition to the generic events defined in [Ref. 1] command:	, the following events can be generated by this
	Value	Meaning
	WFS SRVE PIN ILLEGAL KEY ACCESS	An error occurred accessing an encryption
		key.
	WFS_EXEE_PIN_DUKPT_KSN	An <i>lpsKey</i> with
		WFS_PIN_USEKEYDERKEY usage has
		been used to encrypt the PIN block.
Comments	None.	
_ = = = = = = = = = = = = = = = = = = =		

5.1.11 WFS_CMD_PIN_GET_DATA

Description This function is used to return keystrokes entered by the user. It will automatically set the PIN pad to echo characters on the display if there is a display. For each keystroke an execute notification event WFS_EXEE_PIN_KEY is sent in order to allow an application to perform the appropriate display action (i.e. when the PIN pad has no integrated display).

The WFS_EXEE_PIN_ENTERDATA event will be generated when the PIN pad is ready for the user to start entering data.

When the maximum number of digits is entered and the flag *bAutoEnd* is true, or a terminate key is pressed after the minimum number of digits is entered, the command completes. If the <Cancel> key is a terminator key and is pressed, the command will complete successfully even if the minimum number of digits has not been entered.

Terminating FDKs can have the functionality of <Enter> (terminates only if minimum length has been reached) or <Cancel> (can terminate before minimum length is reached). The configuration of this functionality is vendor specific.

If *usMaxLen* is zero, the Service Provider does not terminate the command unless the application sets *ulTerminateKeys* or *ulTerminateFDKs*. In the event that *ulTerminateKeys* or *ulTerminateFDKs* are not set and *usMaxLen* is zero, the command will not terminate and the application must issue a **WFSCancel** command.

If *usMaxLen* has been met and *bAutoEnd* is set to False, then all keys or FDKs that add data to the contents of the WFSPINDATA output parameter will automatically be disabled. If the CLEAR or BACKSPACE key is pressed to reduce the number of entered keys below *usMaxLen*, the same keys will be re-enabled.

Where applications want direct control of the data entry and the key interpretation, *usMaxLen* can be set to zero allowing the application to provide tracking and counting of key presses until a terminate key or terminate FDK is pressed or **WFSCancel** has been issued.

The following keys may affect the contents of the WFSPINDATA output parameter but are not returned in it:

WFS_PIN_FK_ENTER WFS_PIN_FK_CANCEL WFS_PIN_FK_CLEAR WFS_PIN_FK_BACKSPACE

The WFS_PIN_FK_CANCEL and WFS_PIN_FK_CLEAR keys will cause the output buffer to be cleared. The WFS_PIN_FK_BACKSPACE key will cause the last key in the buffer to be removed.

Terminating keys have to be active keys to operate.

It is the responsibility of the application to identify the mapping between the FDK code and the physical location of the FDK.

Input Param LPWFSPINGETDATA lpPinGetData;

typedef struct _wfs_pin_getdata
{

l	
USHORT	usMaxLen;
BOOL	bAutoEnd;
ULONG	ulActiveFDKs;
ULONG	ulActiveKeys;
ULONG	ulTerminateFDKs;
ULONG	ulTerminateKeys;
} WFSPINGETDATA,	*LPWFSPINGETDATA;

usMaxLen

Specifies the maximum number of digits which can be returned to the application in the output parameter.

bAutoEnd

If *bAutoEnd* is set to true, the Service Provider terminates the command when the maximum number of digits are entered. Otherwise, the input is terminated by the user using one of the termination keys. *bAutoEnd* is ignored when *usMaxLen* is set to zero.

ulActiveFDKs

Specifies a mask of those FDKs which are active during the execution of the command (see WFS INF PIN FUNCKEY DETAIL).

ulActiveKeys

Specifies a mask of those (other) Function Keys which are active during the execution of the command (see WFS INF PIN FUNCKEY DETAIL).

ulTerminateFDKs

Specifies a mask of those FDKs which must terminate the execution of the command (see WFS INF PIN FUNCKEY DETAIL).

ulTerminateKeys

Specifies a mask of those (other) Function Keys which must terminate the execution of the command (see WFS_INF_PIN_FUNCKEY_DETAIL).

Output Param LPWFSPINDATA lpPinData;

{

typedef struct _wfs_pin_data

•		
USHORT		usKeys;
LPWFSPIN	KEY	*lpPinKeys;
WORD		wCompletion;
} WFSPIN	DATA, *LPWF	SPINDATA;

usKeys

Number of keys entered by the user (i.e. number of following WFSPINKEY structures).

lpPinKeys

Pointer to an array of pointers to WFSPINKEY structures that contain the keys entered by the user (for a description of the WFSPINKEY structure see the definition of the WFS_EXEE_PIN_KEY event).

wCompletion

Specifies the reason for completion of the entry. Possible values are: (see command WFS_CMD_PIN_GET_PIN)

Error Codes In addition to the generic error codes defined in [Ref. 1], the following error codes can be generated by this command:

	Value	Meaning
	WFS_ERR_PIN_KEYINVALID	At least one of the specified function keys or FDKs is invalid.
	WFS_ERR_PIN_KEYNOTSUPPORTED	At least one of the specified function keys or FDKs is not supported by the Service
	WFS_ERR_PIN_NOACTIVEKEYS	Provider. There are no active keys specified, or there is no defined layout definition.
Events	In addition to the generic events defined in [Ref. command:	1], the following events can be generated by this
	Value	Meaning
	WFS_EXEE_PIN_KEY	A key has been pressed at the PIN pad.
	WFS_EXEE_PIN_ENTERDATA	The PIN pad is ready for the user to start entering data.
	WFS_EXEE_PIN_LAYOUT	The layout has changed position. For ETS devices only.
Comments	If the triple zero key is pressed one WFS_EXEE WFS_PIN_FK_000 code and three WFS_PIN_F	
	If the twinter one lass is another death on 2 hours and	almost design and and we Mary Low accords 4 the loss in

If the triple zero key is pressed when 3 keys are already inserted and *usMaxLen* equals 4 the key is not accepted and no event is sent to the application.

If the backspace key is pressed after the triple zero key only one zero is deleted out of the output buffer.

If the double zero key is pressed one WFS_EXEE_PIN_KEY event is sent that contains the WFS_PIN_FK_00 code and two WFS_PIN_FK_0 elements are added to the output buffer.

If the double zero key is pressed when 3 keys are already inserted and *usMaxLen* equals 4 the key is not accepted and no event is sent to the application.

If the backspace key is pressed after the double zero key only one zero is deleted out of the output buffer.

5.1.12 WFS_CMD_PIN_INITIALIZATION

Description The encryp

The encryption module must be initialized before any encryption function can be used. Every call to WFS_CMD_PIN_INITIALIZATION destroys all application keys that have been loaded or imported; it does not affect those keys loaded during manufacturing.

Usually this command is called by an operator task and not by the application program. Public keys imported under the RSA Signature based remote key loading scheme when public key deletion authentication is required will not be affected. However, if this command is requested in authenticated mode, public keys that require authentication for deletion will be deleted. This includes public keys imported under either the RSA Signature based remote key loading scheme or the TR34 RSA Certificate based remote key loading scheme.

Initialization also involves loading "initial" application keys and local vendor dependent keys. These can be supplied, for example, by an operator through a keyboard, a local configuration file, remote RSA key management or possibly by means of some secure hardware that can be attached to the device. The application "initial" keys would normally get updated by the application during a WFS_CMD_PIN_IMPORT_KEY command as soon as possible. Local vendor dependent static keys (e.g. storage, firmware and offset keys) would normally be transparent to the application and by definition cannot be dynamically changed.

Where initial keys are not available immediately when this command is issued (i.e. when operator intervention is required), the Service Provider returns WFS_ERR_PIN_ACCESSDENIED and the application must await the WFS_SRVE_PIN_INITIALIZED event.

During initialization an optional encrypted ID key can be stored in the HW module. The ID key and the corresponding encryption key can be passed as parameters; if not, they are generated automatically by the encryption module. The encrypted ID is returned to the application and serves as authorization for the key import function. The WFS_INF_PIN_CAPABILITIES command indicates whether or not the device will support this feature.

This function also resets the HSM terminal data, except session key index and trace number.

This function resets all certificate data and authentication public/private keys back to their initial states at the time of production (except for those public keys imported under the RSA Signature based remote key loading scheme when public key deletion authentication is required). Key-pairs created with WFS_CMD_PIN_GENERATE_RSA_KEY_PAIR are deleted. Any keys installed during production, which have been permanently replaced, will not be reset. Any Verification certificates that may have been loaded must be reloaded. The Certificate state will remain the same, but the WFS_CMD_PIN_LOAD_CERTIFICATE or

WFS_CMD_PIN_REPLACE_CERTIFICATE commands must be called again.

When multiple ZKA HSMs are present, this command deletes all keys loaded within all ZKA logical HSMs.

Input Param LPWFSPININIT lpInit;

typedef struct _wfs_pin_init
{
 LPWFSXDATA lpxIdent;
 LPWFSXDATA lpxKey;

} WFSPININIT, *LPWFSPININIT; lpxIdent

Pointer to the value of the ID key. NULL if not required.

lpxKev

Pointer to the value of the encryption key. NULL if not required.

Output Param LPWFSXDATA lpxIdentification;

lpxIdentification

Pointer to the value of the ID key encrypted by the encryption key. This value can be used as authorization for the WFS_CMD_PIN_IMPORT_KEY command, but can be NULL if no authorization required.

Error Codes In addition to the generic error codes defined in [Ref. 1], the following error codes can be generated by this command:

	Value	Meaning
	WFS_ERR_PIN_ACCESSDENIED	The encryption module is either not initialized (or not ready for some vendor specific reason).
	WFS_ERR_PIN_INVALIDID	The ID passed was not valid.
Events	In addition to the generic events defined in [Ref. 1], command:	, the following events can be generated by this
	Value	Meaning
	WFS_SRVE_PIN_INITIALIZED	The encryption module is now initialized.
	WFS_SRVE_PIN_ILLEGAL_KEY_ACCESS	An error occurred accessing an encryption
		key.
Comments	None.	

5.1.13 WFS_CMD_PIN_LOCAL_BANKSYS

Description	The PIN block previously built by the WFS_CMD_PIN_GET_PINBLOCK command is sent to the BANKSYS security control module using the WFS_CMD_PIN_BANKSYS_IO command. The BANKSYS security control module will return an ATMVAC code, which is then used in this command to locally validate the PIN. The key referenced by <i>lpsKey</i> within the most recent successful WFS_CMD_PIN_GET_PINBLOCK command is reused by the WFS_CMD_PIN_LOCAL_BANKSYS command for the local validation.		
Input Param	LPWFSPINLOCALBANKSYS lpLocalBanksys;		
	<pre>typedef struct _wfs_pin_local_banksys { LPWFSXDATA lpxATMV } WFSPINLOCALBANKSYS, *LPWFSPINLO</pre>		
	<i>lpxATMVAC</i> The ATMVAC code calculated by the BANKSYS	Security Control Module.	
Output Param	LPBOOL lpbResult;		
	<i>lpbResult</i> Pointer to a boolean value which specifies whether	the PIN is correct or not.	
Error Codes	In addition to the generic error codes defined in [Ref. 1], the following error codes can be generated by this command:		
	Value	Meaning	
	WFS_ERR_PIN_ACCESSDENIED	The encryption module is either not initialized or not ready for any vendor specific reason.	
	WFS_ERR_PIN_NOPIN	PIN has not been entered or has been cleared without building the Banksys PIN block.	
	WFS_ERR_PIN_INVALIDKEYLENGTH	The length of $lpxATMVAC$ is not supported or the length of an encryption key is not compatible with the encryption operation required.	
Events	In addition to the generic events defined in [Ref. 1], command:	, the following events can be generated by this	
	Value	Meaning	
	WFS_SRVE_PIN_ILLEGAL_KEY_ACCESS	An error occurred accessing an encryption key.	
Comments	None.		

5.1.14 WFS_CMD_PIN_BANKSYS_IO

Description	This command sends a single command to the Banksys Security Control Module.	
Input Param	LPWFSPINBANKSYSIO lpBanksysIoIn;	
		lLength; pbData;
	<i>ulLength</i> Specifies the length of the following field <i>l</i>	bbData.
	<i>lpbData</i> Points to the data sent to the BANKSYS Se	curity Control Module.
Output Param	LPWFSPINBANKSYSIO lpBanksysIoOut	;
		lLength; pbData;
	<i>ulLength</i> Specifies the length of the following field <i>lpbData</i> .	
	<i>lpbData</i> Points to the data responded by the BANKSYS Security Control Module.	
Error Codes	In addition to the generic error codes defined in [Ref. 1], the following error codes can be generated by this command:	
	Value	Meaning
	WFS_ERR_PIN_INVALIDDATA	An error occurred while communicating with the device.
Events	Only the generic events defined in [Ref. 1]	can be generated by this command.
Comments	The Banksys command and response message data are defined in [Ref. 18].	

5.1.15 WFS_CMD_PIN_RESET

Description	Sends a service reset to the Service Provider.
Input Param	None.
Output Param	None.
Error Codes	Only the generic error codes defined in [Ref. 1] can be generated by this command.
Events	Only the generic events defined in [Ref. 1] can be generated by this command.
Comments	This command is used by an application control program to cause a device to reset itself to a known good condition. It does not delete any keys.

5.1.16 WFS_CMD_PIN_HSM_SET_TDATA

Description This function allows the application to set the HSM terminal data (except keys, trace number and session key index). The data must be provided as a series of "tag/length/value" items.

Terminal data that are set but are not supported by the hardware will be ignored.

Input Param LPWFSXDATA lpxTData;

lpxTData

Specifies which parameter(s) is(are) to be set. *lpxTData* is a series of "tag/length/value" items where each item consists of:

- One byte tag (see the list of tags below).
- One byte specifying the length of the following data as an unsigned binary number.
- N bytes data (see the list below for formatting) with no separators.

The following tags are supported:

Tag (hexl)	Format	Length (bytes)	Meaning	Read / Write	EPP / HSM
C2	BCD	4	Terminal ID ISO BMP 41	R/W	EPP
C3	BCD	4	Bank code ISO BMP 42 (rightmost 4 bytes)	R/W	EPP
C4	BCD	9	Account data for terminal account ISO BMP 60 (load against other card)	R/W	EPP
C5	BCD	9	Account data for fee account ISO BMP 60 ("Laden vom Kartenkonto")	R/W	EPP
C6	EBCDIC	40	Terminal location ISO BMP 43	R/W	EPP
C7	ASCII	3	Terminal currency	R/W	EPP
C8	BCD	7	Online date and time (YYYYMMDDHHMMSS) ISO BMP 61	R/W	HSM
С9	BCD	4	Minimum load fee in units of 1/100 of terminal currency, checked against leftmost 4 Bytes of ISO BMP42	R/W	EPP
CA	BCD	4	Maximum load fee in units of 1/100 of terminal currency, checked against leftmost 4 Bytes of ISO BMP42	R/W	EPP
CB	BIN	3	logical HSM binary coded serial number (starts with 1; 0 means that there are no logical HSMs)	R	HSM
CC	EBCDIC	16	ZKA ID (is filled during the pre- initialization of the HSM)	R	HSM
CD	BIN	1	HSM status 1 = irreversibly out of order 2 = out of order, K_UR is not loaded 3 = not pre-initialized, K_UR is loaded 4 = pre-initialized, K_INIT is loaded 5 = initialized/personalized, K_PERS is loaded	R	HSM
CE	EBCDIC	variable, min. 16	HSM-ID (6 byte Manufacturer- ID + min. 10 Byte serial number), as needed for ISO BMP57 of a pre-initialization	R	EPP

In the table above, the fifth column indicates if the variable is read only or both read and write. The sixth column indicates if the variable is unique per logical HSM or common across all logical HSMs within an EPP.

Output Param None.

generated by this command: Value Meaning WFS_ERR_PIN_ACCESSDENIED The encryption module is either not initialized or not ready for any vendor specific reason. WFS_ERR_PIN_HSMSTATEINVALID The HSM is not in a correct state to handle this command. In addition to the generic events defined in [Ref. 1], the following events can be generated by this **Events** command: Value Meaning WFS SRVE PIN HSM TDATA CHANGED The terminal data has changed. Comments None.

In addition to the generic error codes defined in [Ref. 1], the following error codes can be

Error Codes

5.1.17 WFS_CMD_PIN_SECURE_MSG_SEND

Description This command handles all messages that should be sent through a secure messaging to an authorization system, German "Ladezentrale", personalization system or the chip. The encryption module adds the security relevant fields to the message and returns the modified message in the output structure. All messages must be presented to the encryptor via this command even if they do not contain security fields in order to keep track of the transaction status in the internal state machine.

Input Param LPWFSPINSECMSG lpSecMsgIn;

typedef struct _wfs_p	in_secure_message
{	
WORD	wProtocol;
ULONG	ulLength;
LPBYTE	lpbMsg;
} WFSPINSECMSG,	*LPWFSPINSECMSG;

wProtocol

Specifies the protocol the message belongs to. Specified as one of the following flags:

Value	Meaning
WFS_PIN_PROTISOAS	ISO 8583 protocol for the authorization
	system.
WFS_PIN_PROTISOLZ	ISO 8583 protocol for the German
	"Ladezentrale".
WFS_PIN_PROTISOPS	ISO 8583 protocol for the personalization
	system.
WFS_PIN_PROTCHIPZKA	ZKA chip protocol.
WFS_PIN_PROTRAWDATA	Raw data protocol.
WFS_PIN_PROTPBM	PBM protocol (see [Ref. 8] –[Ref. 13])
WFS_PIN_PROTHSMLDI	HSM LDI protocol.
WFS_PIN_PROTGENAS	Generic PAC/MAC for non-ISO8583
	message formats.
WFS_PIN_PROTCHIPINCHG	ZKA chip protocol for changing the PIN on
	a GeldKarte.
WFS_PIN_PROTPINCMP	Protocol for comparing PIN numbers entered
	in the PIN pad during a PIN Change
	transaction.
WFS_PIN_PROTISOPINCHG	ISO8583 authorization system protocol for
	changing the PIN on a GeldKarte.

ulLength

Specifies the length in bytes of the message in *lpbMsg*. This parameter is ignored for the WFS_PIN_PROTHSMLDI protocol.

lpbMsg Specifies the message that should be send. This parameter is ignored for the WFS PIN PROTHSMLDI protocol.

Output Param LPWFSPINSECMSG lpSecMsgOut;

lpSecMsgOut

pointer to a WFSPINSECMSG structure that contains the modified message that can now be send to an authorization system, German "Ladezentrale", personalization system or the chip.

Error Codes In addition to the generic error codes defined in [Ref. 1], the following error codes can be generated by this command:

Value	Meaning
WFS_ERR_PIN_ACCESSDENIED	The encryption module is either not
	initialized or not ready for any vendor
	specific reason.
WFS_ERR_PIN_HSMSTATEINVALID	The HSM is not in a correct state to handle
	this message.
WFS_ERR_PIN_PROTINVALID	The specified protocol is invalid.

WFS_ERR_PIN_FORMATINVALIDThe format of the message is invalid.WFS_ERR_PIN_CONTENTINVALIDThe contents of one of the security relevant
fields are invalid.WFS_ERR_PIN_KEYNOTFOUNDNo key was found for PAC/MAC
generation.WFS_ERR_PIN_NOPINNo PIN or insufficient PIN-digits have been
entered.Only the generic events defined in [Ref. 1] can be generated by this command.

Comments None.

Events

5.1.18 WFS_CMD_PIN_SECURE_MSG_RECEIVE

Description This command handles all messages that are received through a secure messaging from an authorization system, German "Ladezentrale", personalization system or the chip. The encryption module checks the security relevant fields. All messages must be presented to the encryptor via this command even if they do not contain security relevant fields in order to keep track of the transaction status in the internal state machine.

Input Param LPWFSPINSECMSG lpSecMsgIn;

typedef struct _wfs_p	in_secure_message
{	
WORD	wProtocol;
ULONG	ulLength;
LPBYTE	lpbMsg;
} WFSPINSECMSG,	*LPWFSPINSECMSG;

wProtocol

Specifies the protocol the message belongs to. Specified as one of the following flags:

Value	Meaning
WFS_PIN_PROTISOAS	ISO 8583 protocol for the authorization
	system.
WFS_PIN_PROTISOLZ	ISO 8583 protocol for the German
	"Ladezentrale".
WFS_PIN_PROTISOPS	ISO 8583 protocol for the personalization
	system.
WFS_PIN_PROTCHIPZKA	ZKA chip protocol.
WFS_PIN_PROTRAWDATA	Raw data protocol.
WFS_PIN_PROTPBM	PBM protocol (see [Ref. 8] – [Ref. 13]).
WFS_PIN_PROTGENAS	Generic PAC/MAC for non-ISO8583
	message formats.
WFS_PIN_PROTCHIPINCHG	ZKA chip protocol for changing the PIN on
	a GeldKarte.
WFS PIN PROTPINCMP	Protocol for comparing PIN numbers entered
	in the PIN pad during a PIN Change
	transaction.
WFS PIN PROTISOPINCHG	ISO8583 authorization system protocol for
	changing the PIN on a GeldKarte.

ulLength

Specifies the length in bytes of the message in *lpbMsg*.

lpbMsg

Specifies the message that was received. This value can be NULL if during a specified time period no response was received from the communication partner (necessary to set the internal state machine to the correct state).

Output Param None.

Error Codes In addition to the generic error codes defined in [Ref. 1], the following error codes can be generated by this command:

Value	Meaning
WFS_ERR_PIN_ACCESSDENIED	The encryption module is either not
	initialized or not ready for any vendor
	specific reason.
WFS_ERR_PIN_HSMSTATEINVALID	The HSM is not in a correct state to handle
	this message.
WFS_ERR_PIN_MACINVALID	The MAC of the message is not correct.
WFS_ERR_PIN_PROTINVALID	The specified protocol is invalid.
WFS_ERR_PIN_FORMATINVALID	The format of the message is invalid.
WFS_ERR_PIN_CONTENTINVALID	The contents of one of the security relevant
	fields are invalid.
WFS_ERR_PIN_KEYNOTFOUND	No key was found for MAC verification.
WFS_ERR_PIN_HSMSTATEINVALID WFS_ERR_PIN_MACINVALID WFS_ERR_PIN_PROTINVALID WFS_ERR_PIN_FORMATINVALID WFS_ERR_PIN_CONTENTINVALID	 initialized or not ready for any vendor specific reason. The HSM is not in a correct state to handle this message. The MAC of the message is not correct. The specified protocol is invalid. The format of the message is invalid. The contents of one of the security relevant fields are invalid.

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Events	In addition to the generic events defined in [Ref. 1] command:	, the following events can be generated by this
	T T 1	

ValueMeaningWFS_SRVE_PIN_HSM_TDATA_CHANGEDThe terminal data has changed.

Comments None.

5.1.19 WFS_CMD_PIN_GET_JOURNAL

Description	This command is used to get journal data from the encryption module. It retrieves cryptographically secured information about the result of the last transaction that was done with the indicated protocol. When the Service Provider supports journaling (see Capabilities) then it is impossible to do any WFS_CMD_PIN_SECURE_MSG_SEND/RECEIVE with this protocol, unless the journal data is retrieved. It is possible - especially after restarting a system - to get the same journal data again.	
Input Param	uput Param LPWORD lpwProtocol;	
	<i>lpwProtocol</i> Specifies the protocol the journal data belong to. Sp	pecified as one of the following flags:
	Value	Meaning
	WFS_PIN_PROTISOAS WFS_PIN_PROTISOLZ WFS_PIN_PROTISOPS WFS_PIN_PROTPBM	Get authorization system journal data. Get German "Ladezentrale" journal data. Get personalization system journal data. Get PBM protocol data.
Output Param	LPWFSXDATA lpxJournalData;	
	<i>lpxJournalData</i> Pointer to the journal data.	
Error Codes	In addition to the generic error codes defined in [Ref. 1], the following error codes can be generated by this command:	
	Value	Meaning
	WFS_ERR_PIN_ACCESSDENIED	The encryption module is either not initialized or not ready for any vendor specific reason.
	WFS_ERR_PIN_HSMSTATEINVALID	The HSM is not in a correct state to return journal data.
	WFS_ERR_PIN_PROTINVALID	The specified protocol is invalid.
Events	Only the generic events defined in [Ref. 1] can be g	generated by this command.
Comments	None.	

5.1.20 WFS_CMD_PIN_IMPORT_KEY_EX

Description The encryption key in the secure key buffer or passed by the application is loaded in the encryption module. The key can be passed in clear text mode or encrypted with an accompanying "key encryption key". The *dwUse* parameter is needed to separate the keys in several parts of the encryption module to avoid the manipulation of a key. A key can be loaded in multiple unencrypted parts by combining the WFS_PIN_USECONSTRUCT or WFS_PIN_USESECURECONSTRUCT value with the final usage flag within the *dwUse* field.

If the WFS_PIN_USECONSTRUCT flag is used then the application must provide the key data through the *lpxValue* parameter, If WFS_PIN_USESECURECONSTRUCT is used then the encryption key part in the secure key buffer previously populated with the WFS_CMD_PIN_SECUREKEY_ENTRY command is used and *lpxValue* is ignored. Key parts loaded with the WFS_PIN_USESECURECONSTRUCT flag can only be stored once as the encryption key in the secure key buffer is no longer available after this command has been executed. The WFS_PIN_USECONSTRUCT and WFS_PIN_USESECURECONSTRUCT construction flags cannot be used in combination.

Input Param LPWFSPINIMPORTKEYEX lpImportKeyEx;

typedef struct _wfs_pin_import_key_ex

l	
LPSTR	lpsKey;
LPSTR	lpsEncKey;
LPWFSXDATA	lpxValue;
LPWFSXDATA	lpxControlVector;
DWORD	dwUse;
WORD	wKeyCheckMode;
LPWFSXDATA	lpxKeyCheckValue;
<pre>} WFSPINIMPORTKEYEX,</pre>	*LPWFSPINIMPORTKEYEX;

lpsKey

Specifies the name of key being loaded.

lpsEncKey

lpsEncKey specifies a key name which was used to encrypt (in ECB mode) the key string passed in *lpxValue*. If *lpsEncKey* is NULL the key is loaded directly into the encryption module. *lpsEncKey* must be NULL if *dwUse* contains WFS_PIN_USECONSTRUCT or WFS_PIN_USESECURECONSTRUCT.

lpxValue

Specifies the value of key to be loaded. If it is an RSA key the first 4 bytes contain the exponent and the following 128 the modulus.

lpxControlVector

Specifies the control vector of the key to be loaded. It contains the attributes of the key. If this parameter is NULL the keys is only specified by *dwUse*. See also [Ref. 26].

dwUse

Specifies the type of access for which the key can be used. If this parameter equals zero, the key is deleted. Otherwise the parameter can be a combination of the following flags:

Mooning

Value

value	Meaning
WFS_PIN_USECRYPT	Key is used for encryption and decryption.
WFS_PIN_USEFUNCTION	Key is used for PIN block creation.
WFS_PIN_USEMACING	Key is used for MACing.
WFS_PIN_USEKEYENCKEY	Key is used as key encryption key.
WFS_PIN_USEPINLOCAL	Key is used only for local PIN check.
WFS_PIN_USERSAPUBLIC	Key is used as a public key for RSA
	encryption including EMV PIN block creation.
WFS PIN USERSAPRIVATE	Key is used as a private key for RSA
	decryption (it is not recommended that
	private keys are imported with this function).

WFS_PIN_USECONSTRUCT	Key is under construction through the import of multiple parts. This value is used in combination with one of the other key usage flags.
WFS_PIN_USESECURECONSTRUCT	Key is under construction through the import of multiple parts. This value is used in combination with one of the other key usage flags. <i>lpxValue</i> is ignored as the encryption key part is taken from the secure key buffer.
WFS_PIN_USEANSTR31MASTER	Key can be used for importing keys packaged within an ANS TR-31 key block. This key usage can only be combined with WFS_PIN_USECONSTRUCT and WFS_PIN_USESECURECONSTRUCT.
WFS_PIN_USEPINREMOTE WFS_PIN_USERESTRICTEDKEYENCKEY	Key is used only for PIN block creation. Key is used as WFS_PIN_USEKEYENCKEY key whose later subsequently derived keys inherit and are restricted to a single use. To express this the WFS_PIN_USERESTRICTED- KEYENCKEY use must be combined with the use WFS_PIN_USEKEYENCKEY and must additionally be combined with the use
	that the later subsequently derived keys will have. See also examples in section 8.7 .

If dwUse equals zero the specified key is deleted. In that case all parameters but lpsKey are ignored.

wKeyCheckMode

Specifies the mode that is used to create the key check value. It can be one of the following flags:

Value	Meaning
WFS_PIN_KCVNONE	There is no key check value verification
WFS_PIN_KCVSELF	required. The key check value (KCV) is created by an encryption of the key with itself. For the description refer to the
	WFS_PIN_KCVSELF literal described in the Capabilities.
WFS_PIN_KCVZERO	The key check value (KCV) is created by encrypting a zero value with the key. Unless otherwise specified, ECB encryption is used. The encryption algorithm used (i.e. DES, 3DES, AES) is determined by the type of key used to generate the KCV.
<i>lpxKeyCheckValue</i> Specifies a check value to verify that the value of the imported key is correct. It can be NULL, if no key check value verification is required and <i>wKeyCheckMode</i> equals WFS_PIN_KCVNONE.	
None.	
In addition to the generic error codes defined in [Ref. 1], the following error codes can be generated by this command:	

Value	Meaning
WFS_ERR_PIN_KEYNOTFOUND	The specified key encryption key was not found or attempting to delete a non-existent
WFS_ERR_PIN_ACCESSDENIED	key. The encryption module is either not initialized or not ready for any vendor
WFS_ERR_PIN_DUPLICATEKEY	specific reason. A key exists with that name and cannot be overwritten.

Output Param Error Codes

	WFS_ERR_PIN_KEYNOVALUE	The specified key encryption key is not loaded.
	WFS_ERR_PIN_USEVIOLATION	The specified use conflicts with a previously for the same key specified one.
	WFS_ERR_PIN_INVALIDKEYLENGTH	The length of <i>lpxValue</i> is not supported or the encryption key in the secure key buffer is invalid (or has not been entered) or the length of an encryption key is not compatible with the encryption operation required.
	WFS_ERR_PIN_KEYINVALID	The key value is invalid. The key check value verification failed.
	WFS_ERR_PIN_NOKEYRAM	There is no space left in the key RAM for a key of the specified type.
Events	In addition to the generic events defined in [Ref. 1], command:	, the following events can be generated by this
	Value	Meaning
	WFS_SRVE_PIN_ILLEGAL_KEY_ACCESS	An error occurred accessing an encryption key.
Comments	When keys are loaded in multiple parts, all parts of construction value in the <i>dwUse</i> field along with an usage flag must be consistent for all parts of the key is indicated through an additional final call to this c	y usages needed for the final key use. The y. Activation of a key entered in multiple parts

removed from *dwUse* but those other usages defined during the key part loading must still be used. No key data is passed during the final activation of the key. A WFS_ERR_PIN_ACCESSDENIED error will be returned if the key cannot be activated, e.g. if only one key part has been entered.

When a construction flag is set, the optional KCV applies to the key part being imported. If the KVC provided for a key part fails verification, the key part will not be accepted. When the key is being activated, the optional KCV applies to the complete key already stored. If the KVC provided during activation fails verification, the key will not be activated.

When the first part of the key is received, it is stored directly in the device. All subsequent parts are combined with the existing value in the device through XOR. No sub-parts of the key are maintained separately. While a key still has a dwUse value that indicates it is under construction, it cannot be used for cryptographic functions.

5.1.21 WFS_CMD_PIN_ENC_IO

Description This command is used to communicate with the encryption module. Transparent data is sent from the application to the encryption module and the response is returned transparently to the application.

This command is used to add support for country-specific protocols.

Input Param LPWFSPINENCIO lpEncIoIn;

typedef struct _wfs_pin_enc_io
 {
 WORD wProtocol;
 ULONG ulDataLength;
 LPVOID lpvData;
 } WFSPINENCIO, *LPWFSPINENCIO;

wProtocol

Identifies the protocol that is used to communicate with the encryption module. The following protocol numbers are defined:

Value	Meaning
WFS_PIN_ENC_PROT_CH	For Swiss specific protocols. The document specification for Swiss specific protocols is "CMD_ENC_IO - CH Protocol.doc". This document is available at the following address: EUROPAY (Switzerland) SA Terminal Management Hertistrasse 27 CH-8304 Wallisellen
WFS_PIN_ENC_PROT_GIECB	Protocol for "Groupement des Cartes Bancaires" (France).
WFS_PIN_ENC_PROT_LUX	Protocol for Luxemburg commands. The reference for this specific protocol is the Authorization Center in Luxemburg (CETREL.) Cryptography Management Postal address: CETREL Société Coopérative Centre de Transferts Electroniques L-2956 Luxembourg
WFS_PIN_ENC_PROT_CHN	Protocol for China commands. The reference for this specific protocol are the Financial industry standard of the People's Republic of China PBOC3.0 JR/T 0025 [Ref. 44] and the Password industry standard of the People's Republic of China GM/T 0003, GM/T 0004 [Ref. 43].

ulDataLength

Specifies the length in bytes of the structure pointed to by the following field *lpvData*.

lpvData

Points to a structure containing the data to be sent to the encryption module. This structure depends on the *wProtocol* field where each protocol may contain a different structure.

Output Param LPWFSPINENCIO lpEncIoOut;

typedef struct _wfs_pin_enc_io
 {
 WORD wProtocol;
 ULONG ulDataLength;
 LPVOID lpvData;
 WFSPINENCIO, *LPWFSPINENCIO;

wProtocol

Identifies the protocol that is used to communicate with the encryption module. This field contains the same value as the corresponding field in the input structure.

ulDataLength

Specifies the length in bytes of the structure pointed to by the following field *lpvData*.

lpvData

Points to a structure containing the data responded by the encryption module.

Error Codes In addition to the generic error codes defined in [Ref. 1], the following error codes can be generated by this command:

Value	Meaning
WFS_ERR_PIN_PROTOCOLNOTSUPP	The specified protocol is not supported by
	the Service Provider. For <i>wProtocol</i> =
	WFS_PIN_ENC_PROT_GIECB.
WFS_ERR_PIN_RANDOMINVALID	The encrypted random number in the input
	data does not decrypt to the one previously
	provided by the EPP.
WFS_ERR_PIN_SIGNATUREINVALID	The signature in the input data is invalid.
WFS_ERR_PIN_SNSCDINVALID	The SCD serial number in the input data is
	invalid.
WFS ERR PIN HSMSTATEINVALID	The HSM is not in a correct state to handle
	this command.
WFS ERR PIN NOKEYRAM	There is no space left in the key RAM for a
	key of the specified type.
WFS ERR PIN KEYINVALID	The key value is invalid.
WFS_ERR_PIN_KEY_GENERATION_ERR	
	The EPP is unable to generate a key pair.

Events None.

Comments For the WFS_PIN_ENC_PROT_CH, WFS_PIN_ENC_PROT_LUX and the WFS_PIN_ENC_PROT_CHN protocols, the WFS_CMD_PIN_ENC_IO command only returns generic error codes. Protocol specific error codes will be returned by the *hResult* within the output data.

5.1.22 WFS_CMD_PIN_HSM_INIT

Description This command is used to set the HSM out of order. If multiple logical HSMs are configured then the command sets the currently active logical HSM out of order. At the same time the online time can be set to control when the OPT online dialog (see WFS_PIN_PROTISOPS protocol) shall be started to initialize the HSM again. When this time is reached a WFS_SRVE_PIN_OPT_REOUIRED event will be sent.

Input Param LPWFSPINHSMINIT lpHsmInit;

typedef struct _wfs_pin_hsm_init
{
 WORD wInitMode;
 LPWFSXDATA lpxOnlineTime;
 WFSPINHSMINIT, *LPWFSPINHSMINIT

wInitMode

Specifies the init mode as one of the following flags:

alue
FS_PIN_INITTEMP
FS_PIN_INITDEFINITE
FS_PIN_INITIRREVERSIBLE
FS_PIN_INITTEMP FS_PIN_INITDEFINITE

lpxOnlineTime

Output Param None.

Error Codes The following additional error codes can be generated by this command:

	Value	Meaning
	WFS_ERR_PIN_MODENOTSUPP WFS_ERR_PIN_HSMSTATEINVA	1 11
Events	Events In addition to the generic events defined in [Ref. 1], the following events can be command:	
	Value	Meaning
	WFS_SRVE_PIN_HSM_TDATA_0	CHANGED The terminal data has changed.

Comments None.

5.1.23 WFS_CMD_PIN_SECUREKEY_ENTRY

Description

This command allows a full length symmetric encryption key part to be entered directly into the PIN pad without being exposed outside of the PIN pad. From the point this function is invoked, encryption key digits (WFS_PIN_FK_0 to WFS_PIN_FK_9 and WFS_PIN_FK_A to WFS_PIN_FK_F) are *not* passed to the application. For each encryption key digit, or any other active key entered (except for shift), an execute notification event WFS_EXEE_PIN_KEY is sent in order to allow an application to perform the appropriate display action (i.e. when the PIN pad has no integrated display). When an encryption key digit is entered the application is not informed of the value entered, instead zero is returned.

The WFS_EXEE_PIN_ENTERDATA event will be generated when the PIN pad is ready for the user to start entering data.

The keys that can be enabled by this command are defined by the *lpFuncKeyDetail* parameter of the WFS_INF_PIN_SECUREKEY_DETAIL command. Function keys which are not associated with an encryption key digit may be enabled but will not contribute to the secure entry buffer (unless they are Cancel, Clear or Backspace) and will not count towards the length of the key entry. The Cancel and Clear keys will cause the encryption key buffer to be cleared. The Backspace key will cause the last encryption key digit in the encryption key buffer to be removed.

If *bAutoEnd* is TRUE the command will automatically complete when the required number of encryption key digits have been added to the buffer.

If *bAutoEnd* is FALSE then the command will not automatically complete and Enter, Cancel or any terminating key must be pressed. When *usKeyLen* hex encryption key digits have been entered then all encryption key digits keys are disabled. If the Clear or Backspace key is pressed to reduce the number of entered encryption key digits below *usKeyLen*, the same keys will be re-enabled.

Terminating keys have to be active keys to operate.

If an FDK is associated with Enter, Cancel, Clear or Backspace then the FDK must be activated to operate. The Enter and Cancel FDKs must also be marked as a terminator if they are to terminate entry. These FDKs are reported as normal FDKs within the WFS_EXEE_PIN_KEY event, applications must be aware of those FDKs associated with Cancel, Clear, Backspace and Enter and handle any user interaction as required. For example, if the WFS_PIN_FK_FDK01 is associated with Clear, then the application must include the WFS_PIN_FK_FDK01 FDK code in the *ulActiveFDKs* parameter (if the clear functionality is required). In addition when this FDK is pressed the WFS_EXEE_PIN_KEY event will contain the WFS_PIN_FK_FDK01 mask value in the *ulDigit* field. The application must update the user interface to reflect the effect of the clear on the encryption key digits entered so far.

On some devices that are configured as either WFS_PIN_SECUREKEY_REG_UNIQUE or WFS_PIN_SECUREKEY_IRREG_UNIQUE all the function keys on the PIN pad will be associated with hex digits and there may be no FDKs available either. On these devices there may be no way to correct mistakes or cancel the key encryption entry before all the encryption key digits are entered, so the application must set the *bAutoEnd* flag to TRUE and wait for the command to auto-complete. Applications should check the KCV to avoid storing an incorrect key component.

Encryption key parts entered with this command are stored through either the WFS_CMD_PIN_IMPORT_KEY or WFS_CMD_PIN_IMPORT_KEY_EX. Each key part can only be stored once after which the secure key buffer will be cleared automatically.

Input Param LPWFSPINSECUREKEYENTRY lpSecureKeyEntry;

typedef struct _wfs_pin_secure_key_entry

{	
USHORT	usKeyLen;
BOOL	bAutoEnd;
ULONG	ulActiveFDKs;
ULONG	ulActiveKeys;
ULONG	ulTerminateFDKs;
ULONG	ulTerminateKeys;
WORD	wVerificationType;
} WFSPINSECUREKEYENTRY	Y, *LPWFSPINSECUREKEYENTRY;

usKeyLen

Specifies the number of digits which must be entered for the encryption key. For example, 16 for a single-length key, 32 for a double-length key and 48 for a triple-length key.

bAutoEnd

If *bAutoEnd* is set to true, the Service Provider terminates the command when the maximum number of encryption key digits are entered. Otherwise, the input is terminated by the user using Enter, Cancel or any terminating key. When *usKeyLen* is reached, the Service Provider will disable all keys associated with an encryption key digit.

ulActiveFDKs

Specifies those FDKs which are active during the execution of the command. This parameter should include those FDKs mapped to edit functions.

ulActiveKeys

Specifies all Function Keys(not FDKs) which are active during the execution of the command. This should be the complete set or a subset of the keys returned in the *lpFuncKeyDetail* parameter of the WFS_INF_PIN_SECUREKEY_DETAIL command. This should include WFS_PIN_FK_0 to WFS_PIN_FK_9 and WFS_PIN_FK_A to WFS_PIN_FK_F for all modes of secure key entry, but should also include WFS_PIN_FK_SHIFT on shift based systems. The WFS_PIN_FK_00, WFS_PIN_FK_00 and WFS_PIN_FK_DECPOINT function keys must not be included in the list of active or terminate keys.

ulTerminateFDKs

Specifies those FDKs which must terminate the execution of the command. This should include the FDKs associated with Cancel and Enter.

ulTerminateKeys

Specifies those all Function Keys (not FDKs) which must terminate the execution of the command. This does not include the FDKs associated with Enter or Cancel.

wVerificationType

Specifies the type of verification to be done on the entered key. Possible values are as follows:

Value	Meaning
WFS_PIN_KCVSELF	The key check value (KCV) is created by an encryption of the key with itself. For the
	description refer to the
	WFS_PIN_KCVSELF literal described in
	the Capabilities.
WFS_PIN_KCVZERO	The key check value (KCV) is created by encrypting a zero value with the key. Unless otherwise specified, ECB encryption is used.
	The encryption algorithm used (i.e. DES,
	3DES, AES) is determined by the type of
	key used to generate the KCV.

If one of the following flags is not included, *usKeyLen* will determine the cryptographic method used. If *usKeyLen* is 16, the cryptographic method will be Single DES. If *usKeyLen* is 32 or 48, the cryptographic method will be Triple DES:

Value	Meaning	
WFS_PIN_KCV_DES	Single DES.	
WFS_PIN_KCV_3DES	Triple DES.	
WFS_PIN_KCV_AES	AES.	

Output Param LPWFSPINSECUREKEYENTRYOUT lpSecureKeyEntryOut;

typedef struct _wfs_pin_secure_key_entry_out
{
 USHORT usDigits;
 WORD wCompletion;
 LPWFSXDATA lpxKCV;
 WFSPINSECUREKEYENTRYOUT, *LPWFSPINSECUREKEYENTRYOUT;

usDigits

Specifies the number of key digits entered. Applications must ensure all required digits have been entered before trying to store the key.

wCompletion

Specifies the reason for completion of the entry. Possible values are described in WFS_CMD_PIN_GET_PIN.

lpxKCV

Contains the key check value data that can be used for verification of the entered key. This parameter is NULL if device does not have this capability, or the key entry was not fully entered, e.g. the entry was terminated by Enter before the required number of digits was entered.

Error Codes In addition to the generic error codes defined in [Ref. 1], the following error codes can be generated by this command:

Value	Meaning
WFS_ERR_PIN_ACCESSDENIED	The encryption module is either not initialized or not ready for any vendor specific reason.
WFS_ERR_PIN_KEYINVALID	At least one of the specified function keys or FDKs is invalid.
WFS_ERR_PIN_KEYNOTSUPPORTED	At least one of the specified function keys or FDKs is not supported by the Service Provider.
WFS_ERR_PIN_NOACTIVEKEYS	There are no active function keys specified, or there is no defined layout definition.
WFS_ERR_PIN_NOTERMINATEKEYS	There are no terminate keys specified and <i>bAutoEnd</i> is FALSE.
WFS ERR PIN INVALIDKEYLENGTH	The <i>usKeyLen</i> key length is not supported.
WFS_ERR_PIN_MODENOTSUPPORTED	The KCV mode is not supported.
WFS_ERR_PIN_TOOMANYFRAMES	The device requires that only one frame is used for this command.
WFS_ERR_PIN_PARTIALFRAME	The single Touch Frame does not cover the entire monitor.
WFS_ERR_PIN_MISSINGKEYS	The single frame does not contain a full set of hexadecimal key definitions.
WFS_ERR_PIN_ENTRYTIMEOUT	The timeout for entering data has been reached. This is a timeout which may be due to hardware limitations or legislative requirements (for example PCI).

Events In addition to the generic events defined in [Ref. 1], the following events can be generated by this command:

Value	Meaning
WFS_EXEE_PIN_KEY	A key has been pressed at the PIN pad.
	Applications must be aware of the
	association between FDKs and the edit
	functions reported within the
	WFS_INF_PIN_SECUREKEY_DETAIL
	command.
WFS EXEE PIN ENTERDATA	The PIN pad is ready for the user to start
	entering data.
WFS EXEE PIN LAYOUT	The layout has changed position. For ETS
	devices only.
None.	

Comments

5.1.24 WFS_CMD_PIN_GENERATE_KCV

Description This command returns the Key Check Value (KCV) for the specified key.

Input Param LPWFSPINGENERATEKCV lpGenerateKCV;

typedef struct _wfs_pin_generate_KCV

{
LPSTR lpsKey;
WORD wKeyCheckMode;
} WFSPINGENERATEKCV, *LPWFSPINGENERATEKCV;

lpsKey

Specifies the name of key that should be used to generate the KCV.

wKeyCheckMode

Specifies the mode that is used to create the key check value. It can be one of the following flags:

Value	Meaning
WFS_PIN_KCVSELF	The key check value (KCV) is created by an encryption of the key with itself. For the description refer to the
	WFS_PIN_KCVSELF literal described in the Capabilities.
WFS_PIN_KCVZERO	The key check value (KCV) is created by encrypting a zero value with the key. Unless otherwise specified, ECB encryption is used. The encryption algorithm used (i.e. DES, 3DES, AES) is determined by the type of key used to generate the KCV.

Output Param LPWFSPINKCV lpKCV;

typedef	struct _w	fs_pin_kcv	
{			
LP	WFSXDATA		lpxKCV;
} 1	WFSPINKCV,	*LPWFSPINKCV;	

lpxKCV

Contains the key check value data that can be used for verification of the key.

Error Codes In addition to the generic error codes defined in [Ref. 1], the following error codes can be generated by this command:

	Value	Meaning
	WFS_ERR_PIN_KEYNOTFOUND	The specified key encryption key was not
		found.
	WFS_ERR_PIN_KEYNOVALUE	The specified key exists but has no value
		loaded.
	WFS_ERR_PIN_ACCESSDENIED	The encryption module is either not initialized or not ready for any vendor specific reason.
	WFS_ERR_PIN_MODENOTSUPPORTED	The KCV mode is not supported.
Events	In addition to the generic events defined in [Ref. 1] command:	, the following events can be generated by this
	Value	Meaning
	WFS_SRVE_PIN_ILLEGAL_KEY_ACCESS	An error occurred accessing an encryption key.
Comments	None.	

5.1.25 WFS_CMD_PIN_SET_GUIDANCE_LIGHT

Description This command is used to set the status of the PIN guidance lights. This includes defining the flash rate, the color and the direction. When an application tries to use a color or direction that is not supported then the Service Provider will return the generic error WFS_ERR_UNSUPP_DATA.

Input Param LPWFSPINSETGUIDLIGHT lpSetGuidLight;

typedef struct _wfs_pin_set_guidlight
{
 WORD wGuidLight;
 DWORD dwCommand;
} WFSPINSETGUIDLIGHT, *LPWFSPINSETGUIDLIGHT;

wGuidLight

Specifies the index of the guidance light to set as one of the values defined within the capabilities section:

dwCommand

Specifies the state of the guidance light indicator as WFS_PIN_GUIDANCE_OFF or a combination of the following flags consisting of one type B, optionally one type C and optionally one type D. If no value of type C is specified then the default color is used. The Service Provider determines which color is used as the default color.

Value	Meaning	Туре
WFS_PIN_GUIDANCE_OFF	The light indicator is turned off.	Α
WFS_PIN_GUIDANCE_SLOW_FLASH	The light indicator is set to flash slowly.	В
WFS_PIN_GUIDANCE_MEDIUM_FLASH	The light is blinking medium frequency.	В
WFS_PIN_GUIDANCE_QUICK_FLASH	The light indicator is set to flash quickly.	В
WFS_PIN_GUIDANCE_CONTINUOUS	The light indicator is turned on continuously (steady).	В
WFS_PIN_GUIDANCE_RED	The light indicator color is set to red.	С
WFS_PIN_GUIDANCE_GREEN	The light indicator color is set to green.	C
WFS_PIN_GUIDANCE_YELLOW	The light indicator color is set to yellow.	C
WFS_PIN_GUIDANCE_BLUE	The light indicator color is set to blue.	C
WFS_PIN_GUIDANCE_CYAN	The light indicator color is set to cyan.	С
WFS_PIN_GUIDANCE_MAGENTA	The light indicator color is set to magenta.	С
WFS_PIN_GUIDANCE_WHITE	The light indicator color is set to white.	С
WFS_PIN_GUIDANCE_ENTRY	The light indicator is set to the entry state.	D
WFS_PIN_GUIDANCE_EXIT	The light indicator is set to the exit state.	D

Output Param None.

Error Codes In addition to the generic error codes defined in [Ref. 1], the following error codes can be generated by this command:

	Value	Meaning
	WFS_ERR_PIN_INVALID_PORT	An attempt to set a guidance light to a new value was invalid because the guidance light does not exist.
Events Only the generic events defined in [Ref. 1] can be generated by this command.		

Comments Guidance light support was added into the PIN primarily to support guidance lights for

workstations where more than one instance of a PIN is present. The original SIU guidance light mechanism was not able to manage guidance lights for workstations with multiple PINs. This command can also be used to set the status of the PIN guidance lights when only one instance of a PIN is present.

The slow and medium flash rates must not be greater than 2.0 Hz. It should be noted that in order to comply with American Disabilities Act guidelines only a slow or medium flash rate must be used.

5.1.26 WFS_CMD_PIN_MAINTAIN_PIN

Description This command is used to control if the PIN is maintained after a PIN processing command for subsequent use by other PIN processing commands. This command is also used to clear the PIN buffer when the PIN is no longer required.

Input Param LPWFSPINMAINTAINPIN lpMaintainPinIn;

bMaintainPIN

Specifies if the PIN should be maintained after a PIN processing command. Once set, this setting applies until changed through another call to this command. This value is not persistent across reboots.

Value	Meaning
TRUE	The PIN should be maintained after PIN
	processing commands for multiple uses.
FALSE	The PIN will be cleared and subsequent
	PINs will not be maintained for multiple
	uses.

Output Param None.

Error Codes Only the generic error codes defined in [Ref. 1] can be generated by this command.

Events Only the generic events defined in [Ref. 1] can be generated by this command.

Comments When using this command to maintain a PIN for multiple transactions/PIN processing commands, applications should ensure that a customer's PIN is cleared after they have completed all their transactions. The PIN is cleared by calling this command with *bMaintainPIN* set to FALSE.

5.1.27 WFS_CMD_PIN_KEYPRESS_BEEP

Description This command is used to enable or disable the PIN device from emitting a beep tone on subsequent key presses of active or in-active keys. This command is valid only on devices which have the capability to support application control of automatic beeping. See WFS_INF_PIN_CAPABILITIES structure for information.

Input Param LPWORD *lpwMode*;

lpwMode

Specifies whether automatic generation of key press beep tones should be activated for any active or in-active key subsequently pressed on the PIN. *lpwMode* selectively turns beeping on and off for active, in-active or both types of keys. *lpwMode* contains a combination of the following flags:

Value	Meaning
WFS_PIN_BEEP_ON_ACTIVE	Specifies that beeping should be enabled for
	active keys. If this flag is not present then
	beeping is disabled for active keys.
WFS_PIN_BEEP_ON_INACTIVE	Specifies that beeping should be enabled for
	in-active keys. If this flag is not present then
	beeping is disabled for in-active keys.

Output Param None.

Error Codes Only the generic error codes defined in [Ref. 1] can be generated by this command.

Events Only the generic events defined in [Ref. 1] can be generated by this command.

Comments None.

5.1.28 WFS_CMD_PIN_SET_PINBLOCK_DATA

Description	This function should be used for devices which need to know the data for the PIN block before the PIN is entered by the user. WFS_CMD_PIN_GET_PIN and WFS_CMD_PIN_GET_PINBLOCK should be called after this command. For all other devices WFS_ERR_UNSUPP_COMMAND will be returned here.				
	If this command is required and it is not called, the fail with the generic error WFS_ERR_SEQUENCE				
	If the input parameters passed to this command and identical, the WFS_CMD_PIN_GET_PINBLOCK WFS_ERR_INVALID_DATA.				
	The data associated with this command will be cleared on a WFS_CMD_PIN_GET_PINBLOCK command.				
Input Param	LPWFSPINBLOCK lpPinSetBlockData;				
	See WFS_CMD_PIN_GET_PINBLOCK for details	5.			
Output Param	None.				
Error Codes	es In addition to the generic error codes defined in [Ref. 1], the following error codes can be generated by this command:				
	Value Meaning				
	WFS_ERR_PIN_KEYNOTFOUND WFS_ERR_PIN_ACCESSDENIED	The specified key was not found. The encryption module is either not initialized or not ready for any vendor specific reason.			
	WFS_ERR_PIN_KEYNOVALUE WFS_ERR_PIN_USEVIOLATION	The specified key is not loaded. The specified use is not supported by this key.			
	WFS_ERR_PIN_FORMATNOTSUPP WFS_ERR_PIN_INVALIDKEYLENGTH	The specified format is not supported. The length of <i>lpsKeyEncKey</i> or <i>lpsKey</i> is not supported by this key or the length of an encryption key is not compatible with the encryption operation required.			
Events	In addition to the generic events defined in [Ref. 1], the following events can be generated by this command:				
	Value	Meaning			
	WFS_SRVE_PIN_ILLEGAL_KEY_ACCESS	An error occurred accessing an encryption key.			
Comments	None.				

5.1.29 WFS_CMD_PIN_SET_LOGICAL_HSM

Description This command allows an application to select the logical HSM that should be active. If the device does not support multiple logical HSMs this command returns

WFS_ERR_UNSUPP_COMMAND. The WFS_INF_PIN_QUERY_LOGICAL_HSM_DETAIL command can be called to determine the current active logical HSM.

Once the active logical HSM is set with this command, that logical HSM remains active until this command is used to change the logical HSM or the system is re-started.

The selected HSM is not persistent across re-boots, when applications want to address a specific logical HSM they must ensure that the correct logical HSM is set as the active logical HSM.

The commands affected by this command are as follows:

- WFS_INF_PIN_HSM_TDATA
- WFS_INF_PIN_KEY_DETAIL_EX
- WFS_CMD_PIN_HSM_SET_TDATA
- WFS_CMD_PIN_SECURE_MSG_SEND (only affected for the protocols WFS PIN PROTHSM LDI and WFS PIN PROTISOPS)
- WFS_CMD_PIN_SECURE_MSG_RECEIVE (only affected for the protocols WFS_PIN_PROTHSM_LDI and WFS_PIN_PROTISOPS)
- WFS_CMD_PIN_HSM_INIT
- WFS_CMD_PIN_GET_JOURNAL (only affected for the protocol WFS_PIN_PROTISOPS)

If there are multiple XFS applications that manipulate the current logical HSM then applications must co-operate or use the XFS locking facilities to synchronize access to the logical HSMs. The current logical HSM is the same for all clients.

Input Param LPWFSPINHSMIDENTIFIER lpSetHSM;

typedef struct _wfs_pin_hsm_identifier
{
 WORD wHSMSerialNumber;
} WFSPINHSMIDENTIFIER, *LPWFSPINHSMIDENTIFIER;

wHSMSerialNumber

Specifies the serial number of the HSM that should be set as the active HSM. The value passed in this field corresponds to the *wHSMSerialNumber* field reported in the

WFS_INF_PIN_QUERY_LOGICAL_HSM_DETAIL command output structure (and hence corresponds to the CB tag in the HSM TDATA). The *wHSMSerialNumber* value is encoded as a standard binary value (i.e. it is not BCD).

Output Param None.

Error Codes In addition to the generic error codes defined in [Ref. 1], the following error codes can be generated by this command:

	Value	Meaning
	WFS_ERR_PIN_ACCESSDENIED	The encryption module is either not initialized or not ready for any vendor specific reason.
	WFS_ERR_PIN_INVALIDHSM	The logical HSM serial number specified is not valid.
Events	In addition to the generic events defined in [Re command:	f. 1], the following events can be generated by this
	Value	Meaning
	WFS_SRVE_PIN_HSM_CHANGED	Indicates that the current logical HSM has changed to the HSM identified within the event.

Comments None.

5.1.30 WFS_CMD_PIN_IMPORT_KEYBLOCK

Description The command imports an encryption key that has been passed by the application within an ANSI X9 TR-31 key block (see reference 35).

Input Param LPWFSPINIMPORTKEYBLOCK lpImportKeyBlock;

typedef	struct	_wfs	_pin_	_import_	_key_	block
,						

ł	
LPSTR	lpsKey;
LPSTR	lpsEncKey;
LPWFSXDATA	lpxKeyBlock;
} WFSPINIMPORTKEYBLOCK, *L	PWFSPINIMPORTKEYBLOCK;

lpsKey

Specifies the name of key being loaded.

lpsEncKey

lpsEncKey specifies a key name which will be used to verify and decrypt the key block passed in *lpxKeyBlock*. This key must have a key usage defined as WFS_PIN_USEANSTR31MASTER.

lpxKeyBlock

Specifies the complete key block for the key being imported. If importing a DUKPT Initial Key, the Key Set Identifier ('KS') must be included in one of the Key Block Header optional blocks (see reference 35).

Output Param None.

Error Codes In addition to the generic error codes defined in [Ref. 1], the following error codes can be generated by this command:

Value	Meaning
WFS_ERR_PIN_KEYNOTFOUND	The specified key encryption key was not found.
WFS_ERR_PIN_KEYNOVALUE	The specified key encryption key is not loaded.
WFS ERR PIN FORMATINVALID	The format of the key block is invalid.
WFS ERR PIN CONTENTINVALID	The content of the key block is invalid.
WFS_ERR_PIN_FORMATNOTSUPP	The key block version or content is not supported.
WFS_ERR_PIN_ACCESSDENIED	The encryption module is either not initialized or not ready for any vendor specific reason.
WFS_ERR_PIN_DUPLICATEKEY	À key exists with that name and cannot be overwritten.
WFS_ERR_PIN_USEVIOLATION	The key control flags specified within the key block are inconsistent, are not supported by the hardware, or the <i>lpsEncKey</i> is not defined as a WFS PIN USEANSTR31MASTER key.
WFS_ERR_PIN_INVALIDKEYLENGTH	The length of the actual encryption key within <i>lpxKeyBlockValue</i> is not supported.
WFS_ERR_PIN_KEYINVALID	The key block failed its authentication check.
WFS_ERR_PIN_NOKEYRAM	There is no space left in the key RAM for a key of the specified type.
In addition to the generic events defined in [Ref. 1] command:	, the following events can be generated by thi
Value	Meaning
WFS_SRVE_PIN_ILLEGAL_KEY_ACCESS	An error occurred accessing an encryption key.

Comments None.

Events

5.1.31 WFS_CMD_PIN_POWER_SAVE_CONTROL

Description	This command activates or deactivates the power-saving mode.		
	If the Service Provider receives another execute con Service Provider automatically exits the power savin command. If the Service Provider receives an inform the Service Provider will not exit the power saving the	ng mode, and executes the requested nation command while in power saving mode,	
Input Param	ut Param LPWFSPINPOWERSAVECONTROL lpPowerSaveControl;		
	<pre>typedef struct _wfs_pin_power_save_cont { USHORT usMaxPo } WFSPINPOWERSAVECONTROL, *LPWFSP</pre>	werSaveRecoveryTime;	
	<i>usMaxPowerSaveRecoveryTime</i> Specifies the maximum number of seconds in which normal operating state when exiting power save mo possible power save mode within this constraint. If a then the device will exit the power saving mode.	de. The device will be set to the highest	
Output Param	m None.		
Error Codes	In addition to the generic error codes defined in [Ref. 1], the following error codes can be generated by this command:		
	Value	Meaning	
	WFS_ERR_PIN_POWERSAVETOOSHORT	The power saving mode has not been activated because the device is not able to resume from the power saving mode within the specified usMaxPowerSaveRecoveryTime value.	
Events	In addition to the generic events defined in [Ref. 1], command:	the following events can be generated by this	
	Value	Meaning	
	WFS_SRVE_PIN_POWER_SAVE_CHANGE	The power save recovery time has changed.	
Comments	None.		

5.1.32 WFS_CMD_PIN_DEFINE_LAYOUT

Description	This command allows an application to configure a layout for any PIN device. One or more layouts can be defined with a single request of this command.		
	There can be a layout for each of the different types the hardware supports these different methods. The mode, (2) XFS Data mode which corresponds to the (3) XFS PIN mode which corresponds to the WFS_ Secure mode which corresponds to the WFS_CMD or more layouts can be preloaded into the device, if be loaded into the device immediately prior to the k	types of keyboard entry modes are (1) Mouse e WFS_CMD_PIN_GET_DATA command, CMD_PIN_GET_PIN command, and (4) XFS _PIN_SECUREKEY_ENTRY command. One the device supports this, or a single layout can	
	If a WFS_CMD_PIN_GET_DATA, WFS_CMD_PIN_GET_PIN, or WFS_CMD_PIN_SECUREKEY_ENTRY command is already in progress (or queued), then this command is rejected with a command result of WFS_ERR_SEQUENCE_ERROR.		
	It is recommended that WFS_INF_PIN_GET_LAYOUT is used before this command to check for the presence of frames containing Physical Keys (FKs or FDKs). If a layout includes one or more frames containing Physical Keys, the number of frames containing Physical Keys, the size and position of the frame, and the size, position and order of the keys contained in the frame, cannot be changed.		
	Layouts defined with this command are persistent.		
Input Param	LPWFSPINLAYOUT *lppLayout;		
	Pointer to a null-terminated array of pointers to WF	SPINLAYOUT structures.	
	For the definition of the WFSPINLAYOUT structure WFS_INF_PIN_GET_LAYOUT.	re, see command	
Output Param	None.		
Error Codes	In addition to the generic error codes defined in [Re generated by this command:	ef. 1], the following error codes can be	
	Value	Meaning	
	WFS_ERR_PIN_MODENOTSUPPORTED	The device does not support the float action.	
	WFS_ERR_PIN_FRAMECOORD	A frame coordinate or size field is out of	
	WFS ERR PIN KEYCOORD	range. A key coordinate or size field is out of range.	
	WFS ERR PIN FRAMEOVERLAP	Frames are overlapping.	
	WFS_ERR_PIN_KEYOVERLAP	Keys are overlapping.	
	WFS_ERR_PIN_TOOMANYFRAMES WFS ERR PIN TOOMANYKEYS	There are more frames defined than allowed. There are more keys defined than allowed.	
	WFS_ERR_PIN_KEYALREADYDEFINED	The combination of the <i>wKeyType</i> and values for <i>uIFK</i> and <i>ulShiftFK</i> can only be used once per layout.	
Events	None.		
Comments	None.		

5.1.33 WFS_CMD_PIN_START_AUTHENTICATE

Description This command is used to retrieve the data that needs to be signed and hence provided to the WFS_CMD_PIN_AUTHENTICATE command in order to perform an authenticated action on the PIN device. If this command returns data to be signed then the WFS_CMD_PIN_AUTHENTICATE command must be used to call the command referenced by *lpStartAuthenticate*. Any attempt to call the referenced command without using the WFS_CMD_PIN_AUTHENTICATE command, if authentication is required, shall result in WFS_ERR_AUTH_REQUIRED.

Input Param LPWFSPINSTARTAUTHENTICATE lpStartAuthenticate;

typedef struct _wfs_pin_start_authenticate

DWORD	dwCommandID;
LPVOID	lpvInputData;
} WFSPINSTARTAUTHENTICATE,	*LPWFSPINSTARTAUTHENTICATE;

dwCommandID

The XFS command ID of the command to which authentication is being applied.

lpvInputData

Pointer to the input data structure of the command referred to by *dwCommandID*. For details on the contents of the structure pointed to by *lpvInputData*, refer to the command referenced by *dwCommandID*.

Output Param LPWFSPINSTARTAUTHENTICATEOUT lpStartAuthenticateOut;

typedef struct _wfs_pin_start_authenticate_out

HRESULT hInternalCmdResult;	
LPWFSXDATA lpxDataToSign;	
DWORD dwSigners;	
} WFSPINSTARTAUTHENTICATEOUT, *LPWFSPINSTARTAUTHENTICAT	FEOUT;

hInternalCmdResult

Result from the command referenced by *dwCommandID*. If the data within *lpvInputData* is invalid or cannot be used for some reason, then *hInternalCmdResult* will return an error but the result of this command will be WFS_SUCCESS.

lpxDataToSign

The data that must be signed by one of the authorities indicated by *dwSigners* before the command referenced by *dwCommandID* can be executed. If the command specified by *dwCommandID* does not require authentication, then *lpxDataToSign* is NULL and the command result is WFS_SUCCESS.

If *dwSigners* includes the WFS_PIN_SIGNER_TR34 flag, then either the WFS_PIN_SIGNER_CA or WFS_PIN_SIGNER_HL flag must also be set. In this case *lpxDataToSign* shall contain a TR34 Random Number Token. It shall be the responsibility of the host/HSM to use this data to build and sign the relevant TR34 token, incorporating this random number. Please refer to X9 TR34-2012 [Ref. 42] for more details.

dwSigners

Specifies the allowed signers of the data as a combination of the following flags:

Value	Meaning
WFS_PIN_SIGNER_NONE	Authentication is not required.
WFS_PIN_SIGNER_CERTHOST	The current Host can be used to sign
	lpxDataToSign, using the RSA certificate-
	based scheme.
WFS_PIN_SIGNER_SIGHOST	The current Host can be used to sign
	lpxDataToSign, using the RSA signature-
	based scheme.
WFS_PIN_SIGNER_CA	The Certificate Authority (CA) can be used
	to sign <i>lpxDataToSign</i> .
WFS_PIN_SIGNER_HL	The Higher Level (HL) Authority can be
	used to sign lpxDataToSign.

	WFS_PIN_SIGNER_TR34	The format of the data to sign must comply with the data defined in X9 TR34-2012 [Ref. 42]. This value can only be returned in combination with the WFS_PIN_SIGNER_CERTHOST, WFS_PIN_SIGNER_CA or
	WFS_PIN_SIGNER_CBCMAC	WFS_PIN_SIGNER_HL flags. A MAC calculated over the <i>lpxDataToSign</i> using the CBC MAC algorithm can be used
	WFS_PIN_SIGNER_CMAC	as a signature. A MAC calculated over the <i>lpxDataToSign</i> using the CMAC algorithm can be used as a signature.
	WFS_PIN_SIGNER_RESERVED_1	Reserved for a vendor-defined signing method.
	WFS_PIN_SIGNER_RESERVED_2	Reserved for a vendor-defined signing method.
	WFS_PIN_SIGNER_RESERVED_3	Reserved for a vendor-defined signing method.
Cadaa	Only the concrise error ender defined in [Def. 1	l can be concreted by this command

Error Codes Only the generic error codes defined in [Ref. 1] can be generated by this command.

Events

None.

Comments To allow XFS client applications to be multi-vendor, the

WFS_CMD_PIN_START_AUTHENTICATE and WFS_CMD_PIN_AUTHENTICATE commands can be executed even if authentication is not required. If authentication is not required for a particular command, then the WFS_CMD_PIN_START_AUTHENTICATE command will return WFS_SUCCESS, *lpxDataToSign* will be NULL, and *dwSigners* will be WFS_PIN_SIGNER_NONE.

Then, the client application can do one of two things:

- (1) Call the WFS_CMD_PIN_AUTHENTICATE command with *dwSigner* set to WFS_PIN_SIGNER_NONE and *lpxSignedData* set to NULL.
- (2) Call the command referenced by *dwCommandID* directly (i.e. if authenticated delete is not required, then the WFS_CMD_PIN_IMPORT_KEY command can be called directly in order to delete a key).

5.1.34 WFS_CMD_PIN_AUTHENTICATE

Description

ion This command can be used to add authentication to any existing PIN command. The functionality of the command specified by *dwCommandID* will be executed within the context of this command, and the XFS application should not call the command specified by *dwCommandID*. The signed data is unique for each command request and therefore can be used only once per command.

The WFS_CMD_PIN_START_AUTHENTICATE command must be called before this command. If this command is called without first calling the WFS_CMD_PIN_START_AUTHENTICATE command, then this command will fail and WFS_ERR_SEQUENCE_ERROR will be returned.

The WFS_CMD_PIN_START_AUTHENTICATE command does not need to immediately precede the WFS_CMD_PIN_AUTHENTICATE command. It is acceptable for other commands to be executed between these commands, except for any command that will clear from the PIN device the data that is being saved in order to verify the signed data provided in the WFS_CMD_PIN_AUTHENTICATE command. If this occurs, then WFS_ERR_SEQUENCE_ERROR will be returned.

Input Param LPWFSPINAUTHENTICATE lpAuthenticate;

typedef struct _wfs_pin_authenticate

{	
DWORD	dwSigner;
LPSTR	lpsSigKey;
LPWFSXDATA	lpxSignedData;
DWORD	dwCommandID;
LPVOID	lpvInputData;
} WFSPINAUTHENTICATE,	*LPWFSPINAUTHENTICATE;

dwSigner

Specifies the signer of the data, with one of the following values:

Value	Meaning
WFS PIN SIGNER NONE	Authentication is not required.
WFS_PIN_SIGNER_CERTHOST	The data is signed by the current Host, using
	the RSA certificate-based scheme.
WFS_PIN_SIGNER_SIGHOST	The data is signed by the current Host, using
	the RSA signature-based scheme.
WFS_PIN_SIGNER_CA	The data is signed by the Certificate
	Authority (CA).
WFS_PIN_SIGNER_HL	The data is signed by the Higher Level (HL)
	Authority.
WFS_PIN_SIGNER_CBCMAC	A MAC is calculated over the data using
	<i>lpsKey</i> and the CBC MAC algorithm.
WFS_PIN_SIGNER_CMAC	A MAC is calculated over the data using
	<i>lpsKey</i> and the CMAC algorithm.
WFS_PIN_SIGNER_RESERVED_1	Reserved for a vendor-defined signing
	method.
WFS_PIN_SIGNER_RESERVED_2	Reserved for a vendor-defined signing
	method.
WFS_PIN_SIGNER_RESERVED_3	Reserved for a vendor-defined signing
	method.

In addition, a combination of the following flags can optionally be used:

Value	Meaning
WFS_PIN_SIGNER_TR34	The format of the data that was signed
	complies with the data defined in X9 TR34-
	2012 [Ref. 42]. This value can only be used
	in combination with the
	WFS PIN SIGNER CERTHOST,
	WFS PIN SIGNER CA or
	WFS_PIN_SIGNER_HL flags.

lpsSigKey

If WFS_PIN_SIGNER_CBCMAC or WFS_PIN_SIGNER_CMAC are specified for *dwSigner*, then *lpsSigKey* is the name of a key with the WFS_PIN_USEMACING usage.

If WFS_PIN_SIGNER_SIGHOST is specified for *dwSigner*, then *lpsSigKey* specifies the name of a previously loaded asymmetric key (i.e. an RSA Public Key). The default Signature Issuer public key (installed in a secure environment during manufacture) will be used, if *lpsSigKey* is either NULL or contains the name of the default Signature Issuer as defined in section <u>8.1.8</u>.

Otherwise, this parameter must be NULL.

lpxSignedData

This field contains the signed version of the data that was provided by the PIN device during the previous call to the WFS_CMD_PIN_START_AUTHENTICATE command.

The signer specified by *dwSigner* is used to do the signing. Both the signature and the data that was signed must be verified before the operation is performed.

If WFS_PIN_SIGNER_CERTHOST, WFS_PIN_SIGNER_CA, or WFS_PIN_SIGNER_HL are specified for *dwSigner*, then *lpxSignedData* is a PKCS#7 signedData structure which includes the data that was returned by the WFS_CMD_PIN_START_AUTHENTICATE command. The optional CRL field may or may not be included in the PKCS#7 signedData structure.

If the WFS_PIN_SIGNER_TR34 flag is set, then either the WFS_PIN_SIGNER_CERTHOST, WFS_PIN_SIGNER_CA or WFS_PIN_SIGNER_HL flag must also be set. Please refer to the X9 TR34-2012 [Ref. 42] for more details.

If WFS_PIN_SIGNER_SIGHOST is specified for *dwSigner*, then *lpxSignedData* is a PKCS#7 signedData structure which includes the data that was returned by the WFS_CMD_PIN_START_AUTHENTICATE command.

If WFS_PIN_SIGNER_CBCMAC or WFS_PIN_SIGNER_CMAC are specified for *dwSigner*, then *lpsSigKey* must refer to a key loaded with the WFS_PIN_USEMACING usage.

dwCommandID

The XFS command ID of the command to which authentication is being applied.

lpvInputData

Pointer to the input data structure of the command referred to by *dwCommandID*. For details on the contents of the structure pointed to by *lpvInputData*, refer to the command referenced by *dwCommandID*.

Output Param LPWFSPINAUTHENTICATEOUT lpAuthenticateOut;

typedef struct _wfs_pin_authenticate_out
{

l	
HRESULT	hInternalCmdResult;
DWORD	dwCommandID;
LPVOID	lpvOutputData;
} WFSPINAUTHENTICATEOUT,	*LPWFSPINAUTHENTICATEOUT;

hInternalCmdResult

Result from the command referenced by *dwCommandID*. If the authentication was verified but the internal command failed, then *hInternalCmdResult* will return an error but the result of this command will be WFS_SUCCESS.

dwCommandID

The XFS command ID of the command to which authentication was applied.

lpvOutputData

Pointer to the output data structure of the command referred to by *dwCommandID*. For details on the contents of the structure pointed to by *lpvOutputData*, refer to the command referenced by *dwCommandID*.

Error Codes In addition to the generic error codes defined in [Ref. 1], the following error codes can be generated by this command:

Value	Meaning
WFS_ERR_PIN_ACCESSDENIED	The encryption module is either not
	initialized or not ready for any vendor
	specific reason.

WFS_ERR_PIN_KEYNOTFOUND	The supplied key name cannot be found.
WFS_ERR_PIN_RANDOMINVALID	The random number is either incorrect or no
	random number has been generated prior to
	this command.
WFS_ERR_PIN_MACINVALID	The MAC calculated by the PIN device does
	not match the MAC supplied in
	lpxSignedData
WFS_ERR_PIN_SIGNATUREINVALID	The signature in the input data is invalid.
WFS_ERR_PIN_INVALIDID	The data that was signed was not valid.
	-

Events

None.

Comments

To allow XFS client applications to be multi-vendor, the WFS_CMD_PIN_START_AUTHENTICATE and WFS_CMD_PIN_AUTHENTICATE commands can be executed even if authentication is not required. If authentication is not required for a particular command, then the WFS_CMD_PIN_START_AUTHENTICATE command will return WFS_SUCCESS, *lpxDataToSign* will be NULL, and *dwSigners* will be WFS_PIN_SIGNER_NONE.

Then, the client application can do one of two things:

- (1) Call the WFS_CMD_PIN_AUTHENTICATE command with *dwSigner* set to WFS_PIN_SIGNER_NONE and *lpxSignedData* set to NULL.
- (2) Call the command referenced by *dwCommandID* directly (i.e. if authenticated delete is not required, then the WFS_CMD_PIN_IMPORT_KEY command can be called directly in order to delete a key).

5.1.35 WFS_CMD_PIN_GET_PINBLOCK_EX

Description This function takes the account information and a PIN entered by the user to build a formatted PIN. Encrypting this formatted PIN once or twice returns a PIN block which can be written on a magnetic card or sent to a host. The PIN block can be calculated using one of the algorithms specified in the WFS_INF_PIN_CAPABILITIES command. This command will clear the PIN unless the application has requested that the PIN be maintained through the WFS_CMD_PIN_MAINTAIN_PIN command.

In order to access the maximum functionality it is recommended that applications should use the WFS CMD PIN GET PINBLOCK 340 command.

Input Param LPWFSPINBLOCKEX lpPinBlockEx;

typedef struct _wfs_pin_block_ex

l	
LPSTR	lpsCustomerData;
LPSTR	lpsXORData;
BYTE	bPadding;
DWORD	dwFormat;
LPSTR	lpsKey;
LPSTR	lpsKeyEncKey;
DWORD	dwAlgorithm;
} WFSPINBLOCKEX,	*LPWFSPINBLOCKEX;

lpsCustomerData

The customer data should be an ASCII string. Used for ANSI, ISO-0, ISO-1, ISO-3 and ISO-4 algorithm to build the formatted PIN. For ANSI, ISO-0, ISO-3, and ISO-4 the PAN (Primary Account Number, without the check number) is supplied, for ISO-1 a ten digit transaction field is required. If not used a NULL is required.

Used for DIEBOLD with coordination number, as a two digit coordination number.

Used for EMV with challenge number (8 bytes) coming from the chip card. This number is passed as unpacked string, for example: 0123456789ABCDEF = 0x30 0x31 0x32 0x33 0x34 0x35 0x36 0x37 0x38 0x39 0x41 0x42 0x43 0x44 0x45 0x46

For AP PIN blocks, the data must be a concatenation of the PAN (18 digits including the check digit), and the CCS (8 digits).

lpsXORData

If the formatted PIN is encrypted twice to build the resulting PIN block, this data can be used to modify the result of the first encryption by an XOR-operation. This parameter is a string of hexadecimal data that must be converted by the application, e.g. 0x0123456789ABCDEF must be converted to 0x30 0x31 0x32 0x33 0x34 0x35 0x36 0x37 0x38 0x39 0x41 0x42 0x43 0x44 0x45 0x46 and terminated with 0x00. In other words the application would set *lpsXORData* to "0123456789ABCDEF\0". The hex digits 0xA to 0xF can be represented by characters in the ranges 'a' to 'f' or 'A' to 'F'. If this value is NULL no XOR-operation will be performed. If the formatted PIN is not encrypted twice (i.e. if *lpsKeyEncKey* is NULL) this parameter is ignored.

bPadding

Specifies the padding character. The valid range is 0x00 to 0x0F. Only the least significant nibble is used.

dwFormat

Specifies the format of the PIN block. Possible values are one of the following: (see command WFS INF PIN CAPABILITIES)

lpsKey

Specifies the key used to encrypt the formatted PIN for the first time, NULL if no encryption is required. If this specifies a double-length or triple-length key, triple DES encryption will be performed. The key referenced by *lpsKey* must have the WFS_PIN_USEFUNCTION or WFS_PIN_USEPINREMOTE attribute. If this specifies an RSA key, RSA encryption will be performed.

lpsKeyEncKey

Specifies the key used to format the once encrypted formatted PIN, NULL if no second encryption required. The key referenced by *lpsKeyEncKey* must have the WFS_PIN_USEFUNCTION or WFS_PIN_USEPINREMOTE attribute. If this specifies a double-length or triple-length key, triple DES encryption will be performed.

dwAlgorithm

Specifies the encryption algorithm. Possible values are one of the following:

Value	Meaning
WFS_PIN_CRYPTDESECB	Electronic Code Book.
WFS_PIN_CRYPTDESCBC	Cipher Block Chaining.
WFS_PIN_CRYPTDESCFB	Cipher Feed Back.
WFS_PIN_CRYPTRSA	RSA Encryption.
WFS_PIN_CRYPTECMA	ECMA Encryption.
WFS_PIN_CRYPTTRIDESECB	Triple DES with Electronic Code Book.
WFS_PIN_CRYPTTRIDESCBC	Triple DES with Cipher Block Chaining.
WFS_PIN_CRYPTTRIDESCFB	Triple DES with Cipher Feed Back.
WFS_PIN_CRYPTSM4	SM4 block cipher algorithm as defined in
	Password industry standard of the People's
	Republic of China GM/T 0002-2012 [Ref.
	43].

Output Param LPWFSXDATA lpxPinBlock;

lpxPinBlock Pointer to the encrypted PIN block.

Error Codes In addition to the generic error codes defined in [Ref. 1], the following error codes can be generated by this command:

Value	Meaning
WFS_ERR_PIN_KEYNOTFOUND	The specified key was not found.
WFS_ERR_PIN_ACCESSDENIED	The encryption module is either not initialized or not ready for any vendor specific reason.
WFS ERR PIN KEYNOVALUE	The specified key is not loaded.
WFS_ERR_PIN_USEVIOLATION	The specified use is not supported by this key.
WFS_ERR_PIN_NOPIN	The PIN has not been entered was not long enough or has been cleared.
WFS ERR PIN FORMATNOTSUPP	The specified format is not supported.
WFS_ERR_PIN_INVALIDKEYLENGTH	The length of <i>lpsKeyEncKey</i> or <i>lpsKey</i> is no supported by this key or the length of an encryption key is not compatible with the encryption operation required.
WFS_ERR_PIN_ALGORITHMNOTSUPP	The specified algorithm is not supported by this command.
WFS_ERR_PIN_DUKPTOVERFLOW	The DUKPT KSN encryption counter has overflowed to zero. A new IPEK must be loaded.

Events In addition to the generic events defined in [Ref. 1], the following events can be generated by this command:

Value	Meaning
WFS_SRVE_PIN_ILLEGAL_KEY_ACCESS	An error occurred accessing an encryption key.
WFS_EXEE_PIN_DUKPT_KSN	An <i>lpsKey</i> with WFS_PIN_USEDUKPT usage has been used to encrypt the PIN block.

Comments None.

5.1.36 WFS_CMD_PIN_SYNCHRONIZE_COMMAND

Description This command is used to reduce response time of a command (e.g. for synchronization with display) as well as to synchronize actions of the different device classes. This command is intended to be used only on hardware which is capable of synchronizing functionality within a single device class or with other device classes.

The list of execute commands which this command supports for synchronization is retrieved in the *lpdwSynchronizableCommands* parameter of the WFS_INF_PIN_CAPABILITIES.

This command is optional, i.e. any other command can be called without having to call it in advance. Any preparation that occurs by calling this command will not affect any other subsequent command. However, any subsequent execute command other than the one that was specified in the *dwCommand* input parameter will execute normally and may invalidate the pending synchronization. In this case the application should call the WFS CMD PIN SYNCHRONIZE COMMAND again in order to start a synchronization.

Input Param LPWFSPINSYNCHRONIZECOMMAND lpSynchronizeCommand;

typedef struct _wfs_pin_synchronize_command

t	
DWORD	dwCommand;
LPVOID	lpCmdData;
} WFSPINSYNCHRONIZECOMMAND	<pre>, *LPWFSPINSYNCHRONIZECOMMAND;</pre>

dwCommand

ſ

The command ID of the command to be synchronized and executed next.

lpCmdData

Pointer to data or a data structure that represents the parameter that is normally associated with the command that is specified in *dwCommand*. For example, if *dwCommand* is WFS_CMD_PIN_CRYPT then *lpCmdData* will point to a WFSPINCRYPT structure. This parameter can be NULL if no command input parameter is needed or if this detail is not needed to synchronize for the command.

It will be device-dependent whether the synchronization is effective or not in the case where the application synchronizes for a command with this command specifying a parameter but subsequently executes the synchronized command with a different parameter. This case should not result in an error; however, the preparation effect could be different from what the application expects. The application should, therefore, make sure to use the same parameter between *lpCmdData* of this command and the subsequent corresponding execute command.

Output Param None.

Error Codes In addition to the generic error codes defined in [Ref. 1], the following error codes can be generated by this command:

	Value	Meaning	
	WFS_ERR_PIN_COMMANDUNSUPP	The command specified in the <i>dwCommand</i>	
		field is not supported by the Service	
		Provider.	
	WFS_ERR_PIN_SYNCHRONIZEUNSUPP	The preparation for the command specified	
		in the dwCommand with the parameter	
		specified in the <i>lpCmdData</i> is not supported	
		by the Service Provider.	
Events	Only the generic events defined in [Ref. 1] can be	e generic events defined in [Ref. 1] can be generated by this command.	
C			

Comments For sample flows of this synchronization see the [Ref. 1] Appendix C.

5.1.37 WFS_CMD_PIN_CRYPT_340

Description

The input data is either encrypted or decrypted using the specified or selected encryption mode. The available modes are defined in the *lppCryptAttributes* of the WFS_INF_PIN_CAPABILITIES command.

This command cannot be used for random number generation. For random number generation, the WFS_CMD_PIN_CRYPT command should be used.

This command cannot be used with externally encrypted keys, which can be specified using the *lpxKeyEncKey* parameter of the WFS_CMD_PIN_CRYPT command

This command can be used for Message Authentication Code generation and verification (i.e. MACing). The input data is padded to the necessary length mandated by the encryption algorithm using the *bPadding* parameter.

This command can be used for asymmetric signature generation and verification. The input data is padded to the necessary length mandated by the signature algorithm using the *bPadding* parameter.

Applications can use an alternative padding method by pre-formatting the data passed and combining this with the standard padding method.

The Start Value (or Initialization Vector) can be provided as input data to this command, or it can be imported via TR-31 prior to requesting this command and referenced by name. The Start Value and Start Value Key are both optional parameters.

Input Param LPWFSPINCRYPT340 lpCrypt340;

typedef struct _wfs_pin_crypt_340

l	
LPSTR	lpsKey;
LPSTR	lpsStartValueKey;
LPWFSXDATA	lpxStartValue;
BYTE	bPadding;
BYTE	bCompression;
LPWFSXDATA	lpxCryptData;
LPWFSXDATA	lpxVerifyData;
LPWFSPINATTRIBUTES	lpCryptAttributes;
<pre>} WFSPINCRYPT340, *LPWFSPI</pre>	NCRYPT340;

lpsKey

Specifies the name of the stored key.

lpsStartValueKey

If *lpxStartValue* specifies an Initialization Vector (IV), then this parameter specifies the name of the stored key used to decrypt the *lpxStartValue* to obtain the IV. If *lpxStartValue* is NULL and this parameter is not NULL, then this parameter specifies the name of the IV that has been previously imported via TR-31. If this parameter is NULL, *lpxStartValue* is used as the Initialization Vector.

lpxStartValue

The initialization vector for CBC / CFB encryption and MACing. If this parameter and *lpsStartValueKey* are both NULL the default value for CBC / CFB / MAC is 16 hex digits 0x0.

bPadding

Specifies the padding character. The padding character is a full byte, e.g. 0xFF. The valid range is 0x00 to 0xFF.

bCompression

Specifies whether data is to be compressed (blanks removed) before building the MAC. If *bCompression* is 0x00 no compression is selected, otherwise *bCompression* holds the representation of the blank character (e.g. 0x20 in ASCII or 0x40 in EBCDIC).

lpxCryptData

Pointer to the data to be encrypted, decrypted, MACed, or signed. If *lpCryptAttributes.bModeOfUse* is 'V', then the PIN device will either generate a MAC or sign the *lpxCryptData* and compare with *lpxVerifyData*.

lpxVerifyData

Pointer to the data to be verified by MAC or signature. If the bModeOfUse is 'E', 'D', 'G', or 'S', then this parameter must be NULL.

lpCryptAttributes

Pointer to a WFSPINATTRIBUTES structure. This parameter specifies the encryption algorithm, cryptographic method, and mode to be used for this command. For a list of valid values see the *lppCryptAttributes* capability field. The values specified must be compatible with the key identified by lpsKey.

Output Param LPWFSXDATA lpxCryptData;

lpxCryptData Pointer to the encrypted or decrypted data, MAC value or signature. This parameter will be NULL if the *lpCrvptAttributes.bModeOfUse* is 'V'.

Error Codes In addition to the generic error codes defined in [Ref. 1], the following error codes can be generated by this command:

	Value	Meaning			
	WFS_ERR_PIN_KEYNOTFOUND	The specified key was not found.			
	WFS_ERR_PIN_MODENOTSUPPORTED	The mode specified by <i>bModeOfUse is</i> not supported.			
	WFS_ERR_PIN_ACCESSDENIED	The encryption module is either not initialized or not ready for any vendor			
	WFS_ERR_PIN_KEYNOVALUE	specific reason. The specified key name was found but the corresponding key value has not been loaded.			
	WFS_ERR_PIN_USEVIOLATION	The use specified by <i>bKeyUsage</i> is not supported.			
	WFS_ERR_PIN_INVALIDKEYLENGTH	The length of <i>lpxStartValue</i> is not supported or the length of an encryption key is not compatible with the encryption operation required.			
	WFS_ERR_PIN_NOCHIPTRANSACTIVE	A chipcard key is used as encryption key and there is no chip transaction active.			
	WFS_ERR_PIN_ALGORITHMNOTSUPP	The algorithm specified by <i>bAlgorithm</i> is not supported.			
	WFS ERR PIN MACINVALID	The MAC verification failed.			
	WFS_ERR_PIN_SIGNATUREINVALID WFS_ERR_PIN_CRYPTOMETHODNOTSUP	The signature verification failed. PThe cryptographic method specified by <i>dwCryptoMethod</i> is not supported.			
Events	In addition to the generic events defined in [Ref. 1] command:	, the following events can be generated by this			
	Value	Meaning			
	WFS_SRVE_PIN_ILLEGAL_KEY_ACCESS	An error occurred accessing an encryption key.			
	WFS_EXEE_PIN_DUKPT_KSN	An <i>lpsKey</i> with WFS_PIN_USEKEYDERKEY usage has been used to encrypt or MAC the data.			
Comments	This command can be used in place of the following the description of this command:	g commands, except for the cases mentioned in			
	- WFS_CMD_PIN_CRYPT				
	The length of the key must match the encryption algorithm and cryptographic method specified. For example, if a double-length or triple-length key is used when a DES encryption algorithm is specified, or a single-length key is used when Triple DES is specified, the WFS ERR PIN INVALIDKEYLENGTH error is returned.				
	The date time I DWESVD ATA is used to used have desired date and is defined as follows:				

The data type LPWFSXDATA is used to pass hexadecimal data and is defined as follows:

typedef struct _wfs_hex_data
 {
 USHORT usLength;
 LPBYTE lpbData;
 } WFSXDATA, *LPWFSXDATA;

usLength

Length of the byte stream pointed to by *lpbData*.

lpbData Pointer to the binary data stream.

bKeyUsage	bAlgorithm	bModeOfUse
'D0'	'A', 'D', 'T'	'D', 'E'
'D1'	ʻR'	'D', 'E'
'M0'	'A', 'D', 'T'	'G', 'V'
'M1'	'A', 'D', 'T'	'G', 'V'
'M2'	'A', 'D', 'T'	'G', 'V'
'M3'	'A', 'D', 'T'	'G', 'V'
'M4'	'A', 'D', 'T'	'G', 'V'
'M5'	'A', 'D', 'T'	'G', 'V'
'M6'	'A', 'D', 'T'	'G', 'V'
'M7'	'A', 'D', 'T'	'G', 'V'
'M8'	'A', 'D', 'T'	'G', 'V'
'S0'	ʻR'	'S', 'T'
'S1'	ʻR'	'S', 'T'
'S2'	ʻR'	'S', 'T'

Valid *lpCryptAttributes*

Mapping of legacy algorithms to *lpCryptAttributes*:

wAlgorithm/dwAlgorithm	bKeyUsage	bAlgorithm	bModeOfUse	dwCryptoMethod
WFS_PIN_CRYPTDESECB	'D0'	'D'	'E' or 'D'	WFS_PIN_CRYPTOECB
WFS_PIN_CRYPTDESCBC	'D0'	'D'	'E' or 'D'	WFS_PIN_CRYPTOCBC
WFS_PIN_CRYPTDESCFB	'D0'	'D'	'E' or 'D'	WFS_PIN_CRYPTOCFB
WFS_PIN_CRYPTRSA	'D1'	ʻR'	'E' or 'D'	See <i>dwRSAEncipherAlgorithm</i> for valid values.
WFS_PIN_CRYPTECMA ¹	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A
WFS_PIN_CRYPTDESMAC	'M1'	'D'	'G'	0
WFS_PIN_CRYPTTRIDESECB	'D0'	'T'	'E' or 'D'	WFS_PIN_CRYPTOECB
WFS_PIN_CRYPTTRIDESCBC	'D0'	'T'	'E' or 'D'	WFS_PIN_CRYPTOCBC
WFS_PIN_CRYPTTRIDESCFB	'D0'	ʻT'	'E' or 'D'	WFS_PIN_CRYPTOCFB
WFS_PIN_CRYPTTRIDESMAC	'M3'	'T'	ʻG'	0
WFS_PIN_CRYPTMAAMAC ²	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A
WFS_PIN_CRYPTTRIDESMAC2805	'M1'	'T'	ʻG'	0

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WFS_PIN_CRYPTSM4 ³	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A
WFS_PIN_CRYPTSM4MAC ³	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A

¹: ECMA is not supported with this command. ECMA can still be used with the WFS_CMD_PIN_CRYPT command.

²: ISO recommended in 2002 to stop using the MAA MAC algorithm. This command does not support MAA MAC. MAA MAC can still be used with the WFS_CMD_PIN_CRYPT command.

³: This command does not support the SM4 algorithms. The SM4 algorithms can still be used with the WFS_CMD_PIN_CRYPT command.

5.1.38 WFS_CMD_PIN_GET_PINBLOCK_340

Description This function takes the account information and a PIN entered by the user to build a formatted PIN. Encrypting this formatted PIN once or twice returns a PIN block which can be written on a magnetic card or sent to a host. The PIN block can be calculated using one of the algorithms specified in the WFS_INF_PIN_CAPABILITIES command. This command will clear the PIN unless the application has requested that the PIN be maintained through the WFS_CMD_PIN_MAINTAIN_PIN command.

Input Param LPWFSPINBLOCK340 lpPinBlock340;

typedef struct _wfs_pin_block_340
{

LPSTR	lpsCustomerData;
LPSTR	lpsXORData;
BYTE	bPadding;
DWORD	dwFormat;
LPSTR	lpsKey;
LPSTR	lpsSecondEncKey;
LPWFSPINATTRIBUTES	lpPINBlockAttributes;
<pre>} WFSPINBLOCK340, *LPWFSPI</pre>	NBLOCK340;

lpsCustomerData

The customer data should be an ASCII string. Used for ANSI, ISO-0, ISO-1, ISO-3, and ISO-4 algorithm to build the formatted PIN. For ANSI, ISO-0, ISO-3 and ISO-4 the PAN (Primary Account Number, without the check number) is supplied, for ISO-1 a ten digit transaction field is required. If not used a NULL is required.

Used for DIEBOLD with coordination number, as a two digit coordination number.

Used for EMV with challenge number (8 bytes) coming from the chip card. This number is passed as unpacked string, for example: 0123456789ABCDEF = 0x30 0x31 0x32 0x33 0x34 0x35 0x36 0x37 0x38 0x39 0x41 0x42 0x43 0x44 0x45 0x46

For AP PIN blocks, the data must be a concatenation of the PAN (18 digits including the check digit), and the CCS (8 digits).

lpsXORData

If the formatted PIN is encrypted twice to build the resulting PIN block, this data can be used to modify the result of the first encryption by an XOR-operation. This parameter is a string of hexadecimal data that must be converted by the application, e.g. 0x0123456789ABCDEF must be converted to 0x30 0x31 0x32 0x33 0x34 0x35 0x36 0x37 0x38 0x39 0x41 0x42 0x43 0x44 0x45 0x46 and terminated with 0x00. In other words the application would set *lpsXORData* to "0123456789ABCDEF\0". The hex digits 0xA to 0xF can be represented by characters in the ranges 'a' to 'f' or 'A' to 'F'. If this value is NULL no XOR-operation will be performed. If the formatted PIN is not encrypted twice (i.e. if *lpsSecondEncKey* is NULL) this parameter is ignored.

bPadding

Specifies the padding character. The valid range is 0x00 to 0x0F. Only the least significant nibble is used.

dwFormat

Specifies the format of the PIN block. Possible values are one of the following: (see command WFS_INF_PIN_CAPABILITIES)

lpsKey

Specifies the key used to encrypt the formatted PIN for the first time, NULL if no encryption is required. If this specifies a double-length or triple-length key, triple DES encryption will be performed. The key referenced by *lpsKey* must have the WFS_PIN_USEFUNCTION or WFS_PIN_USEPINREMOTE attribute.

lpsSecondEncKey

Specifies the key used to format the once encrypted formatted PIN, NULL if no second encryption required. The key referenced by *lpsSecondEncKey* must have the WFS_PIN_USEFUNCTION or WFS_PIN_USEPINREMOTE attribute.

lpPINBlockAttributes

Pointer to a WFSPINATTRIBUTES structure. This parameter specifies the encryption algorithm, cryptographic method, and mode to be used for this command. For a list of valid values see the *lppPINBlockAttributes* capabilities field. For a list of valid values see the *lppCryptAttributes* capability field. The values specified must be compatible with the key identified by *lpsKey*.

Output Param LPWFSXDATA lpxPinBlock;

lpxPinBlock Pointer to the encrypted PIN block.

Error Codes In addition to the generic error codes defined in [Ref. 1], the following error codes can be generated by this command:

Value	Meaning
WFS_ERR_PIN_KEYNOTFOUND	The specified key was not found.
WFS_ERR_PIN_ACCESSDENIED	The encryption module is either not
	initialized or not ready for any vendor
	specific reason.
WFS_ERR_PIN_KEYNOVALUE	The specified key is not loaded.
WFS_ERR_PIN_USEVIOLATION	The use specified by <i>bKeyUsage</i> is not supported.
WFS_ERR_PIN_NOPIN	The PIN has not been entered was not lon enough or has been cleared.
WFS_ERR_PIN_FORMATNOTSUPP	The specified format is not supported.
WFS_ERR_PIN_INVALIDKEYLENGTH	The length of lpsSecondEncKey or lpsKey
	not supported by this key or the length of
	encryption key is not compatible with the
	encryption operation required.
WFS_ERR_PIN_ALGORITHMNOTSUPP	The algorithm specified by <i>bAlgorithm</i> is supported by this command.
WFS_ERR_PIN_DUKPTOVERFLOW	The DUKPT KSN encryption counter has
	overflowed to zero. A new IPEK must be
	loaded.
WFS_ERR_PIN_MODENOTSUPPORTED	The mode specified by <i>bModeOfUse</i> is no supported.
WFS_ERR_PIN_CRYPTOMETHNOTSUPP	The cryptographic method specified by <i>dwCryptoMethod</i> is not supported.

Events In addition to the generic events defined in [Ref. 1], the following events can be generated by this command:

Value	Meaning
WFS_SRVE_PIN_ILLEGAL_KEY_ACCESS	An error occurred accessing an encryption
	key.
WFS_EXEE_PIN_DUKPT_KSN	An <i>lpsKey</i> with WFS_PIN_USEDUKPT
	usage has been used to encrypt the PIN
	block.

Comments This command can be used in place of the following commands:.

- WFS CMD PIN GET PINBLOCK

- WFS_CMD_PIN_GET_PINBLOCK_EX

5.1.39 WFS_CMD_PIN_IMPORT_KEY_340

Description The encryption key passed by the application is loaded in the encryption module. For secret keys, the key must be passed encrypted with an accompanying "key encrypting key" or "key block protection key". For public keys, they key is not required to be encrypted but is required to have verification data in order to be loaded.

This command can also be used to delete a key without authentication. Where an authenticated delete is required, the WFS_CMD_PIN_START_AUTHENTICATE and WFS_CMD_PIN_AUTHENTICATE commands should be used.

Input Param LPWFSPINIMPORTKEY340 lpImportKey340;

typedef struct _wfs_pin_import_key_340

{	
LPSTR	lpsKey;
LPWFSPINATTRIBUTES	lpKeyAttributes;
LPWFSXDATA	lpxValue;
LPSTR	lpsDecryptKey;
DWORD	dwDecryptMethod;
LPWFSXDATA	lpxVerificationData;
LPSTR	lpsVerifyKey;
LPWFSPINATTRIBUTES	lpVerifyAttributes;
LPWFSXDATA	lpxVendorAttributes;
} WFSPINIMPORTKEY340,	*LPWFSPINIMPORTKEY340;

lpsKey

Specifies the name of the key being loaded or deleted.

lpKeyAttributes

Pointer to a WFSPINATTRIBUTES structure. This parameter specifies the encryption algorithm, cryptographic method, and mode to be used for the key imported by this command. For a list of valid values see the *lppKeyAttributes* capability field. The values specified must be compatible with the key identified by *lpsKey*.

Must be NULL if the key specified by *lpsKey* is to be deleted.

lpxValue

Specifies the value of the key to be loaded or the complete key block for the key being loaded. Must be NULL if the key specified by *lpsKey* is to be deleted.

lpsDecryptKey

Specifies the name of the key used to decrypt the key being loaded. If *lpxValue* contains a TR-31 key block, then *lpsDecryptKey* is the name of the key block protection key that is used to verify and decrypt the key block. Can be NULL if the data in *lpxValue* is not encrypted.

Must be NULL if the key specified by *lpsKey* is to be deleted.

dwDecryptMethod

Specifies the cryptographic method that shall be used with the key specified by *lpsDecryptKey*. The PIN device shall use this method to decrypt the encrypted value in the *lpxValue* parameter. For a list of valid values see the *dwCryptoMethod* field in the *lppDecryptAttributes* capability field.

Must be 0 if *lpsDecryptKey* is NULL or the key specified by *lpsKey* is to be deleted.

Must be 0 if a keyblock is being imported, as the decrypt method is contained within the keyblock.

lpxVerificationData

Contains the data to be verified before importing. *lpxVerificationData* is NULL when no verification is needed before importing or deleting the key. Where an authenticated delete is required, the WFS_CMD_PIN_START_AUTHENTICATE and WFS_CMD_PIN_AUTHENTICATE commands should be used.

lpsVerifyKey

Specifies the name of the previously loaded key which will be used to verify the *lpxVerificationData*. *lpsVerifyKey* is NULL when no verification is needed before importing or deleting the key.

lpVerifyAttributes

Pointer to a WFSPINATTRIBUTES structure. This parameter specifies the encryption algorithm, cryptographic method, and mode to be used to verify this command or to generate verification output data. Verifying input data will result in no verification output data. For a list of valid values see the *lppVerifyAttributes* capability fields.

Must be NULL if *lpxVerificationData* is NULL.

lpxVendorAttributes

Specifies the vendor attributes of the key to be imported. Refer to vendor documentation for details. If no vendor attributes are used, then this parameter must be NULL.

Output Param LPWFSPINIMPORTKEY340OUT lpImportKey340Out;

typedef struct _wfs_pin_import_ key_340_out

1	
LPWFSXDATA	lpxVerificationData;
LPWFSPINATTRIBUTES	lpVerifyAttributes;
ULONG	ulKeyLength;
} WFSPINIMPORTKEY340OUT,	*LPWFSPINIMPORTKEY340OUT;

lpxVerificationData

Pointer to the verification data. This parameter is NULL if there is no verification data.

lpVerifyAttributes

Pointer to a WFSPINATTRIBUTES structure. This parameter specifies the encryption algorithm, cryptographic method, and mode used to verify this command For a list of valid values see the *lppVerifyAttributes* capability fields.

This parameter is NULL if there is no verification data.

ulKeyLength

Specifies the length, in bits, of the key. 0 if the key length is unknown.

Error Codes In addition to the generic error codes defined in [Ref. 1], the following error codes can be generated by this command:

Value	Meaning
WFS_ERR_PIN_KEYNOTFOUND	One of the keys specified was not found.
WFS_ERR_PIN_ACCESSDENIED	The encryption module is either not
	initialized or not ready for any vendor
	specific reason.
WFS_ERR_PIN_DUPLICATEKEY	A key exists with that name and cannot be overwritten.
WFS_ERR_PIN_KEYNOVALUE	One of the specified keys is not loaded.
WFS_ERR_PIN_USEVIOLATION	The use specified by <i>bKeyUsage</i> is not supported or conflicts with a previously
	loaded key with the same name as <i>lpsKey</i> .
WFS_ERR_PIN_FORMATNOTSUPP	The specified format is not supported.
WFS_ERR_PIN_INVALIDKEYLENGTH	The length of <i>lpxValue</i> is not supported.
WFS_ERR_PIN_NOKEYRAM	There is no space left in the key RAM for a
	key of the specified type.
WFS_ERR_PIN_SIG_NOT_SUPP	The <i>dwCryptoMethod</i> of the
	<i>lpVerifyAttributes</i> is not supported. The key
	is not stored in the PIN.
WFS_ERR_PIN_SIGNATUREINVALID	The verification data in the input data is
	invalid. The key is not stored in the PIN.
WFS_ERR_PIN_RANDOMINVALID	The encrypted random number in the input
	data does not match the one previously
	provided by the PIN device. The key is not
	stored in the PIN.
WFS_ERR_PIN_ALGORITHMNOTSUPP	The algorithm specified by <i>bAlgorithm</i> is not
	supported by this command.
WFS_ERR_PIN_MODENOTSUPPORTED	The mode specified by <i>bModeOfUse</i> is not supported.

WFS_ERR_PIN_CRYPTOMETHODNOTSUPPThe cryptographic method specified by *dwCryptoMethod* for *lpKeyAttributes* or *lpVerifyAttributes* is not supported.

Events In addition to the generic events defined in [Ref. 1], the following events can be generated by this command:

Value	Meaning
WFS_SRVE_PIN_ILLEGAL_KEY_ACCESS	An error occurred accessing an encryption key.

- **Comments** This command can be used in place of the following commands. Please see the tables in Appendix A, section 8 of this specification for examples of accomplishing various key import scenarios using this command compared to older commands prior to this command's introduction to this specification:
 - WFS_CMD_PIN_IMPORT_KEY
 - WFS_CMD_PIN_IMPORT_KEY_EX
 - WFS_CMD_PIN_IMPORT_RSA_PUBLIC_KEY
 - WFS_CMD_PIN_IMPORT_RSA_SIGNED_DES_KEY
 - WFS_CMD_PIN_IMPORT_KEYBLOCK

5.2 Common commands for Remote Key Loading Schemes

This section describes those commands that are common between the two Remote Key Loading Schemes. The commands defined within this section can be used for both the Remote Key Loading Scheme using Signatures and the Remote Key Loading Scheme using Certificates. Section <u>8</u> provides additional explanation on how these commands are used.

5.2.1 WFS_CMD_PIN_START_KEY_EXCHANGE

Description	This command is used to start communication with the host, including transferring the host's Key Transport Key, replacing the Host certificate, and requesting initialization remotely.	
	This output value is returned to the host a WFS_CMD_PIN_IMPORT_RSA_ENCH WFS_CMD_PIN_IMPORT_RSA_SIGN WFS_CMD_PIN_LOAD_CERTIFICAT WFS_CMD_PIN_IMPORT_RSA_ENCH WFS_CMD_PIN_IMPORT_KEY_340 c proper host.	PHERED_PKCS7_KEY, ED_DES_KEY, E_EX,
	The WFS_CMD_PIN_IMPORT_RSA_E WFS_CMD_PIN_IMPORT_RSA_ENCI WFS_CMD_PIN_IMPORT_RSA_SIGN WFS_CMD_PIN_IMPORT_KEY_340 cc	PHERED_PKCS7_KEY_EX, ED_DES_KEY, and
Input Param	None.	
Output Param	LPWFSPINSTARTKEYEXCHANGE lpStartKeyExchange;	
	<pre>typedef struct _wfs_pin_start_k { LPWFSXDATA WFSPINSTARTKEYEXCHANGE,</pre>	ey_exchange lpxRandomItem; *LPWFSPINSTARTKEYEXCHANGE;
		preated by the encryptor. If the PIN device does not erification, a zero length random number is returned and
Error Codes	In addition to the generic error codes defigenerated by this command:	ned in [Ref. 1], the following error codes can be
	Value	Meaning
	WFS_ERR_PIN_ACCESSDENIED	The encryption module is either not initialized or not ready for any vendor specific reason.
Events	None.	
Comments	None.	

5.3 Remote Key Loading Using Signatures

This section contains commands that are used for Remote Key Loading with Signatures. Applications wishing to use such functionality must use these commands. Section <u>8.1</u> provides additional explanation on how these commands are used. Section <u>8.1.8</u> defines the fixed names for the Security Item and RSA keys that must be loaded during manufacture.

5.3.1 WFS_CMD_PIN_IMPORT_RSA_PUBLIC_KEY

Description The Public RSA key passed by the application is loaded in the encryption module. The *dwUse* parameter restricts the cryptographic functions that the imported key can be used for.

This command provides similar public key import functionality to that provided with WFS_CMD_PIN_IMPORT_KEY_EX. The primary advantage gained through using this function is that the imported key can be verified as having come from a trusted source. If a Signature algorithm is specified that is not supported by the PIN Service Provider, then the request will not be accepted and the command fails.

Input Param LPWFSPINIMPORTRSAPUBLICKEY lpImportRSAPublicKey;

typedef struct _wfs_pin_import_rsa_public_key

1	
LPSTR	lpsKey;
LPWFSXDATA	lpxValue;
DWORD	dwUse;
LPSTR	lpsSigKey;
DWORD	dwRSASignatureAlgorithm;
LPWFSXDATA	lpxSignature;
} WFSPINIMPORTRSAPUBLICKEY	<pre>// *LPWFSPINIMPORTRSAPUBLICKEY;</pre>

lpsKey

Specifies the name of key being loaded.

lpxValue

Contains the PKCS #1 formatted RSA Public Key to be loaded, represented in DER encoded ASN.1.

dwUse

Specifies the type of access for which the key can be used. If this parameter equals zero, the key is deleted. Otherwise the parameter can be one of the following flags:

Value	Meaning
WFS_PIN_USERSAPUBLIC	Key is used as a public key for RSA
	Encryption including EMV PIN block
	creation.
WFS_PIN_USERSAPUBLICVERIFY	Key is used as a public key for RSA
	signature verification and/or data decryption.

If *dwUse* equals zero the specified key is deleted.

When no signature is required to authenticate the deletion of a public key, all parameters but *lpsKey* are ignored. In addition, WFS_CMD_PIN_IMPORT_KEY,

WFS_CMD_PIN_IMPORT_KEY_EX, WFS_CMD_PIN_IMPORT_RSA_PUBLIC_KEY and WFS_CMD_PIN_IMPORT_RSA_SIGNED_DES_KEY can be used to delete a key that has been imported with this command.

When a signature is required to authenticate the deletion of the public key, all parameters in the command are used. *lpxValue* must contain the concatenation of the Security Item which uniquely identifies the PIN device (see the command

WFS_CMD_PIN_EXPORT_RSA_ISSUER_SIGNED_ITEM) and the PKCS #1 formatted RSA public key to be deleted, i.e. UI_{ATM}|| PK_{TO DELETE}. *lpxSignature* contains the signature generated from *lpxValue* using the private key component of the public key being deleted.

The equivalent commands in the certificate scheme must not be used to delete a key imported through the signature scheme.

lpsSigKey

lpsSigKey specifies the name of a previously loaded asymmetric key (i.e. an RSA Public Key) which will be used to verify the signature passed in *lpxSignature*. The default Signature Issuer public key (installed in a secure environment during manufacture) will be used, if *lpsSigKey* is either NULL or contains the name of the default Signature issuer as defined in section <u>8.1.8</u>.

dwRSASignatureAlgorithm

Defines the algorithm used to generate the Signature specified in *lpxSignature*. Contains one of the following values:

Value	Meaning
WFS_PIN_SIGN_NA	No signature algorithm specified. No
	signature verification will take place and the contents of <i>lpsSigKey</i> and <i>lpxSignature</i> are
	ignored.
WFS_PIN_SIGN_RSASSA_PKCS1_V1_5	Use the RSASSA-PKCS1-v1.5 algorithm.
WFS_PIN_SIGN_RSASSA_PSS	Use the RSASSA-PSS algorithm.

lpxSignature

Contains the Signature associated with the key being imported or deleted. The Signature is used to validate the key request has been received from a trusted sender. This value contains NULL when no key validation is required.

Output Param LPWFSPINIMPORTRSAPUBLICKEYOUTPUT lpImportRSAPublicKeyOutput;

typedef struct _wfs_pin_import_rsa_public_key_output

1	
DWORD	dwRSAKeyCheckMode;
LPWFSXDATA	lpxKeyCheckValue;
} WFSPINIMPORTRSAPUBLICKEY	OUTPUT,
*LPWFSPINIMPORTRSAPUBLICKE	YOUTPUT;

dwRSAKeyCheckMode

Defines algorithm/method used to generate the public key check value/thumb print. The check value can be used to verify that the public key has been imported correctly. It can be one of the following flags:

Value	Meaning
WFS_PIN_RSA_KCV_NONE	No check value is returned in
	lpxKeyCheckValue.
WFS_PIN_RSA_KCV_SHA1	lpxKeyCheckValue contains a SHA-1 digest
	of the public key.
WFS_PIN_RSA_KCV_SHA256	lpxKeyCheckValue contains a SHA-256
	digest of the public key.

lpxKeyCheckValue

Contains the public key check value as defined by the dwRSAKeyCheckMode flag.

Error Codes In addition to the generic error codes defined in [Ref. 1], the following error codes can be generated by this command:

Value	Meaning
WFS_ERR_PIN_ACCESSDENIED	The encryption module is either not
	initialized or not ready for any vendor
	specific reason.
WFS_ERR_PIN_KEYNOTFOUND	The key name supplied in <i>lpsSigKey</i> was not
	found.
WFS_ERR_PIN_USEVIOLATION	An invalid use was specified for the key
	being imported.
WFS_ERR_PIN_DUPLICATEKEY	A key exists with that name and cannot be
	overwritten.
WFS_ERR_PIN_INVALIDKEYLENGTH	The length of <i>lpxValue</i> is not supported.
WFS_ERR_PIN_NOKEYRAM	There is no space left in the key RAM for a
	key of the specified type.
WFS_ERR_PIN_SIG_NOT_SUPP	The Service Provider does not support the
	Signature Algorithm requested. The key was
	discarded.

	WFS_ERR_PIN_SIGNATUREINVALID	The signature verification failed. The key has not been stored or deleted.
Events	In addition to the generic events defined in [Ref. 1], command:	the following events can be generated by this
	Value WFS_SRVE_PIN_ILLEGAL_KEY_ACCESS	Meaning An error occurred accessing an encryption key.
Comments	None.	key.

5.3.2 WFS_CMD_PIN_EXPORT_RSA_ISSUER_SIGNED_ITEM

Description This command is used to export data elements from the PIN device, which have been signed by an offline Signature Issuer. This command is used when the default keys and Signature Issuer signatures, installed during manufacture, are to be used for remote key loading.

This command allows the following data items are to be exported:

- The Security Item which uniquely identifies the PIN device. This value may be used to uniquely identify a PIN device and therefore confer trust upon any key or data obtained from this device.
- The RSA Public key component of a public/private key pair that exists within the PIN device. These public/private key pairs are installed during manufacture. Typically, an exported public key is used by the host to encipher the symmetric key.

See section <u>8.1.8</u> (Default Keys and Security Item loaded during manufacture) for the default names and the description of the keys installed during manufacture. These names are defined to ensure multi-vendor applications can be developed.

The WFS_INF_PIN_KEY_DETAIL_EX command can be used to determine the valid uses for the exported public key.

Input Param LPWFSPINEXPORTRSAISSUERSIGNEDITEM lpExportRSAIssuerSignedItem;

typedef struct _wfs_pin_export_rsa_issuer_signed_item

t	
WORD	wExportItemType;
LPSTR	lpsName;
} WFSPINEXPORTRSAISSUERSIC	GNEDITEM,
*LPWFSPINEXPORTRSAISSUERS	IGNEDITEM;

wExportItemType

Defines the type of data item to be exported from the PIN. Contains one of the following values:

Value	Meaning
WFS_PIN_EXPORT_EPP_ID	The Unique ID for the PIN will be exported,
	<i>lpsName</i> is ignored.
WFS_PIN_EXPORT_PUBLIC_KEY	The public key identified by <i>lpsName</i> will be
	exported.

lpsName

Specifies the name of the public key to be exported. The private/public key pair was installed during manufacture; see section <u>8.1.8</u> (Default Keys and Security Item loaded during manufacture) for a definition of these default keys. If *lpsName* is NULL, then the default EPP public key that is used for symmetric key encryption is exported.

Output Param LPWFSPINEXPORTRSAISSUERSIGNEDITEMOUTPUT lpExportRSAIssuerSignedItemOutput;

typedef struct _wfs_pin_export_rsa_issuer_signed_item_output

LPWFSXDATA lpxValue;	
DWORD dwRSASignatureAlgorith	m;
LPWFSXDATA lpxSignature;	
<pre>WFSPINEXPORTRSAISSUERSIGNEDITEMOUTPUT,</pre>	
*LPWFSPINEXPORTRSAISSUERSIGNEDITEMOUTPUT;	

lpxValue

If a public key was requested then *lpxValue* contains the PKCS #1 formatted RSA Public Key represented in DER encoded ASN.1 format. If the security item was requested then *lpxValue* contains the PIN's Security Item, which may be vendor specific.

dwRSASignatureAlgorithm.

Specifies the algorithm used to generate the Signature returned in *lpxSignature*. Contains one of the following values:

	Value	Meaning
	WFS_PIN_SIGN_NA	No signature algorithm used, no signature will be provided in <i>lpxSignature</i> , the data item may still be exported.
	WFS_PIN_SIGN_RSASSA_PKCS1_V1_5 WFS_PIN_SIGN_RSASSA_PSS	RSASSA-PKCS1-v1.5 algorithm used. RSASSA-PSS algorithm used.
	<i>lpxSignature</i> Specifies the RSA signature of the data item export Signatures are not supported.	ed. NULL can be returned when key
Error Codes	In addition to the generic error codes defined in [Re generated by this command:	ef. 1], the following error codes can be
	Value	Meaning
	WFS_ERR_PIN_NORSAKEYPAIR WFS_ERR_PIN_ACCESSDENIED	The PIN device does not have a private key. The encryption module is either not initialized or not ready for any vendor specific reason.
	WFS_ERR_PIN_KEYNOTFOUND	The data item identified by <i>lpsName</i> was not found.
Events	In addition to the generic events defined in [Ref. 1], command:	, the following events can be generated by this
	Value	Meaning
	WFS_SRVE_PIN_ILLEGAL_KEY_ACCESS	An error occurred accessing an encryption key.
Comments	None.	

5.3.3 WFS_CMD_PIN_IMPORT_RSA_SIGNED_DES_KEY

Description This command is used to load a Symmetric Key that is either a single-length, double-length or triple-length DES key into the encryptor. The key passed by the application is loaded in the encryption module, the (optional) signature is used during validation, the key is decrypted using the device's RSA Private Key, and is then stored. The loaded key will be discarded at any stage if any of the above fails.

The random number previously obtained from the WFS_CMD_PIN_START_KEY_EXCHANGE command and sent to the host is included in the signed data. This random number (when present) is verified during the load process. This command ends the Key Exchange process.

The *dwUse* parameter restricts the cryptographic functions that the imported key can be used for.

If a Signature algorithm is specified that is not supported by the PIN Service Provider, then the message will not be decrypted and the command fails.

Input Param LPWFSPINIMPORTRSASIGNEDDESKEY lpImportRSASignedDESKey;

typedef struct _wfs_pin_import_rsa_signed_des_key

{	
LPSTR	lpsKey;
LPSTR	lpsDecryptKey;
DWORD	dwRSAEncipherAlgorithm;
LPWFSXDATA	lpxValue;
DWORD	dwUse;
LPSTR	lpsSigKey;
DWORD	dwRSASignatureAlgorithm;
LPWFSXDATA	lpxSignature;
} WFSPINIMPORTRSASIGNEDDES	KEY, *LPWFSPINIMPORTRSASIGNEDDESKEY;

lpsKey

Specifies the name of key being loaded.

lpsDecryptKey

Specifies the name of the RSA private key used to decrypt the symmetric key. See section $\underline{8.1.8}$ (Default Keys and Security Item loaded during manufacture) for a description of the fixed name defined for the default decryption private key. If *lpsDecryptKey* is NULL then the default decryption private key is used.

dwRSAEncipherAlgorithm

Specifies the RSA algorithm that is used, along with the private key, to decipher the imported key. Contains one of the following values:

Value	Meaning
WFS_PIN_CRYPT_RSAES_PKCS1_V1_5	Use the RSAES_PKCS1-v1.5 algorithm.
WFS_PIN_CRYPT_RSAES_OAEP	Use the RSAES_OAEP algorithm.

lpxValue

Specifies the enciphered value of the key to be loaded. *lpxValue* contains the concatenation of the random number (when present) and enciphered key.

dwUse

Specifies the type of access for which the key can be used. If this parameter equals zero, the key is deleted. Otherwise, the parameter can be a combination of the following flags:

Value	Meaning
WFS_PIN_USECRYPT	Key is used for encryption and decryption.
WFS_PIN_USEFUNCTION	Key is used for PIN block creation.
WFS_PIN_USEMACING	Key is used for MACing.
WFS_PIN_USEKEYENCKEY	Key is used as key encryption key.
WFS_PIN_USEPINLOCAL	Key is used only for local PIN check.
WFS_PIN_USENODUPLICATE	Key can be imported only once.
WFS_PIN_USESVENCKEY	Key is used as CBC Start Value encryption
	key.
WFS_PIN_USEANSTR31MASTER	Key can be used for importing keys
	packaged within an ANS TR-31 key block.

WFS_PIN_USEPINREMOTE WFS PIN_USERESTRICTEDKEYENCKEY

Key is used only for PIN block creation. Key is used as

WFS_PIN_USEKEYENCKEY key whose later subsequently derived keys inherit and are restricted to a single use. To express this the WFS_PIN_USERESTRICTED-KEYENCKEY use must be combined with the use WFS_PIN_USEKEYENCKEY and must additionally be combined with the use that the later subsequently derived keys will have. See also examples in section 8.7.

If *dwUse* equals zero the specified key is deleted. In that case all parameters but *lpsKey* are ignored. WFS_CMD_PIN_IMPORT_KEY, WFS_CMD_PIN_IMPORT_KEY_EX, WFS_CMD_PIN_IMPORT_RSA_PUBLIC_KEY and

WFS_CMD_PIN_IMPORT_RSA_SIGNED_DES_KEY can be used to delete a key that has been imported with this command. The equivalent commands in the certificate scheme must not be used to delete a key imported through the signature scheme.

lpsSigKey

If *lpsSigKey* is NULL then the key signature will not be used for validation and *lpxSignature* is ignored. Otherwise *lpsSigKey* specifies the name of an Asymmetric Key (i.e. an RSA Public Key) previously loaded which will be used to verify the signature passed in *lpxSignature*.

dwRSASignatureAlgorithm

Specifies the algorithm used to generate the Signature specified in *lpxSignature*. Contains one of the following values:

Value	Meaning
WFS_PIN_SIGN_NA	No signature algorithm specified. No
	signature verification will take place and the
	content of <i>lpxSignature</i> is ignored.
WFS_PIN_SIGN_RSASSA_PKCS1_V1_5	Use the RSASSA-PKCS1-v1.5 algorithm.
WFS_PIN_SIGN_RSASSA_PSS	Use the RSASSA-PSS algorithm.

lpxSignature

Contains the Signature associated with the key being imported. The Signature is used to validate the key has been received from a trusted sender. The signature is generated over the contents of the *lpxValue*. The *lpxSignature* signature contains NULL when no key validation is required.

Output Param LPWFSPINIMPORTRSASIGNEDDESKEYOUTPUT lpImportRSASignedDESKeyOutput;

typedef struct _wfs_pin_import_rsa_signed_des_key_output

WORD wKeyLength; WORD wKeyCheckMode; LPWFSXDATA lpxKeyCheckValue; } WFSPINIMPORTRSASIGNEDDESKEYOUTPUT, *LPWFSPINIMPORTRSASIGNEDDESKEYOUTPUT;

wKeyLength

Specifies the length of the key loaded. It can be one of the following flags:

Value	Meaning
WFS_PIN_KEYSINGLE	The imported key is single length.
WFS_PIN_KEYDOUBLE	The imported key is double length.
WFS_PIN_KEYTRIPLE	The imported key is triple length.

wKeyCheckMode

Specifies the mode that is used to create the key check value. It can be one of the following flags:

Value	Meaning
WFS_PIN_KCVNONE	There is no key check value provided.
WFS_PIN_KCVSELF	The key check value (KCV) is created by an encryption of the key with itself. For the description refer to the WFS PIN KCVSELF literal described in
	the Capabilities.

WFS_PIN_KCVZERO

The key check value (KCV) is created by encrypting a zero value with the key. Unless otherwise specified, ECB encryption is used. The encryption algorithm used (i.e. DES, 3DES, AES) is determined by the type of key used to generate the KCV.

lpxKeyCheckValue

pointer to the key verification data that can be used for verification of the loaded key, NULL if device does not have that capability.

Error Codes

In addition to the generic error codes defined in [Ref. 1], the following error codes can be generated by this command:

Value	Meaning
WFS_ERR_PIN_ACCESSDENIED	The encryption module is either not initialized or not ready for any vendor specific reason.
WFS_ERR_PIN_DUPLICATEKEY	A key exists with that name and cannot be overwritten.
WFS ERR PIN KEYNOTFOUND	One of the keys specified were not found.
WFS_ERR_PIN_KEYNOVALUE	The specified key encryption key is not loaded.
WFS_ERR_PIN_USEVIOLATION	The specified use is not supported by this key.
WFS ERR PIN INVALIDKEYLENGTH	The length of <i>lpxValue</i> is not supported.
WFS_ERR_PIN_NOKEYRAM	There is no space left in the key RAM for a key of the specified type.
WFS_ERR_PIN_SIG_NOT_SUPP	The Service Provider does not support the Signature Algorithm requested. The key wa discarded.
WFS_ERR_PIN_SIGNATUREINVALID	The signature in the input data is invalid. The key is not stored in the PIN.
WFS_ERR_PIN_RANDOMINVALID	The encrypted random number in the input data does not match the one previously provided by the EPP. The key is not stored in the PIN.

Value	Meaning
WFS_SRVE_PIN_ILLEGAL_KEY_ACCESS	An error occurred accessing an encryption key.

Comments None.

command:

Events

5.3.4 WFS CMD PIN GENERATE RSA KEY PAIR

Description

This command will generate a new RSA key pair. The public key generated as a result of this command can subsequently be obtained by calling WFS CMD PIN EXPORT RSA EPP SIGNED ITEM.

> The newly generated key pair can only be used for the use defined in the dwUse flag. This flag defines the use of the private key; its public key can only be used for the inverse function.

Input Param LPWFSPINGENERATERSAKEYPAIR lpGenerateRSAKeyPair;

typedef struct wfs pin generate rsa key

1	
LPSTR	lpsKey;
DWORD	dwUse;
WORD	wModulusLength;
WORD	wExponentValue;
} WFSPINGENERATERSAKEYPAIR	, *LPWFSPINGENERATERSAKEYPAIR;

lpsKev

Specifies the name of the new key-pair to be generated. Details of the generated key-pair can be obtained through the WFS INF PIN KEY DETAIL EX command.

dwUse

Specifies what the private key component of the key pair can be used for. The public key part can only be used for the inverse function. For example, if the WFS PIN USERSAPRIVATESIGN use is specified, then the private key can only be used for signature generation and the partner public key can only be used for verification. dwUse can take one of the following values:

Value	Meaning
WFS_PIN_USERSAPRIVATE	Key is used as a private key for RSA
WFS_PIN_USERSAPRIVATESIGN	decryption. Key is used as a private key for RSA Signature generation. Only data generated within the device can be signed.

wModulusLength

Specifies the number of bits for the modulus of the RSA key pair to be generated. When zero is specified then the PIN device will be responsible for defining the length.

wExponentValue

Specifies the value of the exponent of the RSA key pair to be generated. The following defines valid values the exponent:

Value	Meaning
WFS_PIN_DEFAULT	The device will decide the exponent.
WFS_PIN_EXPONENT_1	Exponent of $2^{1}+1$ (3).
WFS_PIN_EXPONENT_4	Exponent of $2^{4}+1$ (17).
WFS_PIN_EXPONENT_16	Exponent of $2^{16}+1$ (65537).

Output Param None.

```
Error Codes
                 In addition to the generic error codes defined in [Ref. 1], the following error codes can be
                 generated by this command:
```

Value	Meaning
	The encryption module is either not
	initialized or not ready for any vendor specific reason.
WFS_ERR_PIN_INVALID_MOD_LEN	The modulus length specified is invalid.
	The specified use is not supported by this key.
WFS_ERR_PIN_DUPLICATEKEY	A key exists with that name and cannot be overwritten.
WFS_ERR_PIN_KEY_GENERATION_ERROR	
	The EPP is unable to generate a key pair.

In addition to the generic events defined in [Ref. 1], the following events can be generated by this **Events**

command:	
Value	Meaning
WFS_SRVE_PIN_ILLEGAL_KEY_ACCESS	An error occurred accessing an encryption key.

5.3.5 WFS_CMD_PIN_EXPORT_RSA_EPP_SIGNED_ITEM

Description This command is used to export data elements from the PIN device that have been signed by a private key within the EPP. This command is used in place of the WFS_CMD_PIN_EXPORT_RSA_ISSUER_SIGNED_ITEM command, when a private key generated within the PIN device is to be used to generate the signature for the data item. This command allows an application to define which of the following data items are to be exported:

- The Security Item which uniquely identifies the PIN device. This value may be used to uniquely identify a PIN device and therefore confer trust upon any key or data obtained from this device.
- The RSA Public key component of a public/private key pair that exists within the PIN device.

See section <u>8.1.8</u> (Default Keys and Security Item loaded during manufacture) for the default names and the description of the keys installed during manufacture. These names are defined to ensure multi-vendor applications can be developed.

The public/private key pairs exported by this command are either installed during manufacture or generated through the WFS_CMD_PIN_GENERATE_RSA_KEY_PAIR command.

The WFS_INF_PIN_KEY_DETAIL_EX command can be used to determine the valid uses for the exported public key.

Input Param LPWFSPINEXPORTRSAEPPSIGNEDITEM lpExportRSAEPPSignedItem;

typedef struct _wfs_pin_export_rsa_epp_signed_item

ł		
WORD	wExpo	rtItemType;
LPSTR	lpsNa	me;
LPSTR	lpsSi	gKey;
DWORD	dwSig	natureAlgorithm;
<pre>} WFSPINEXPORTRSAEPPSIGNED</pre>	DITEM,	*LPWFSPINEXPORTRSAEPPSIGNEDITEM

wExportItemType

Defines the type of data item to be exported from the PIN. Contains one of the following values:

Value	Meaning
WFS_PIN_EXPORT_EPP_ID	The Unique ID for the PIN will be exported,
	<i>lpsName</i> is ignored.
WFS_PIN_EXPORT_PUBLIC_KEY	The public key identified by <i>lpsName</i> will be
	exported.

lpsName

Specifies the name of the public key to be exported. This can either be the name of a key-pair generated through WFS_CMD_PIN_GENERATE_RSA_KEY_PAIR or the name of one of the default key-pairs installed during manufacture.

lpsSigKey

Specifies the name of the private key to use to sign the exported item.

dwSignatureAlgorithm.

Specifies the algorithm to use to generate the Signature returned in both the *lpxSelfSignature* and *lpxSignature* fields. Contains one of the following values:

Value	Meaning
WFS_PIN_SIGN_NA	No signature algorithm used, no signature
	will be provided in <i>lpxSelfSignature</i> or
	<i>lpxSignature</i> . The requested item may still
	be exported.
WFS_PIN_SIGN_RSASSA_PKCS1_V1_5	RSASSA-PKCS1-v1.5 algorithm used.
WFS_PIN_SIGN_RSASSA_PSS	RSASSA-PSS algorithm used.

Output Param LPWFSPINEXPORTRSAEPPSIGNEDITEMOUTPUT lpExportRSAEPPSignedItemOutput;

typedef struct wfs pin export rsa epp signed item output LPWFSXDATA lpxValue; LPWFSXDATA lpxSelfSignature; LPWFSXDATA lpxSignature; } WFSPINEXPORTRSAEPPSIGNEDITEMOUTPUT, *LPWFSPINEXPORTRSAEPPSIGNEDITEMOUTPUT; lpxValue If a public key was requested then *lpxValue* contains the PKCS #1 formatted RSA Public Key represented in DER encoded ASN.1 format. If the security item was requested then *lpxValue* contains the PIN's Security Item, which may be vendor specific. lpxSelfSignature If a public key was requested then *lpxSelfSignature* contains the RSA signature of the public key exported, generated with the key-pair's private component. NULL can be returned when key Self-Signatures are not supported/required. lpxSignature Specifies the RSA signature of the data item exported. NULL can be returned when signatures are not supported/required. **Error Codes** In addition to the generic error codes defined in [Ref. 1], the following error codes can be generated by this command: Value Meaning WFS ERR PIN NORSAKEYPAIR The PIN device does not have a private key. WFS ERR PIN ACCESSDENIED The encryption module is either not initialized or not ready for any vendor

WFS ERR PIN KEYNOTFOUND

WFS SRVE PIN ILLEGAL KEY ACCESS

command: Value

None.

specific reason.

found.

Meaning

key.

In addition to the generic events defined in [Ref. 1], the following events can be generated by this

The data item identified by *lpsName* was not

An error occurred accessing an encryption

Events

Comments

5.4 Remote Key Loading with Certificates

This section contains commands that are used for Remote Key Loading with Certificates. Applications wishing to use such functionality must use these commands.

5.4.1 WFS_CMD_PIN_LOAD_CERTIFICATE

Description	This command is used to load a host certificate or to load a new encryptor certificate from a Certificate Authority to make remote key loading possible. This command can be called only once if there are no plans for a new CA to take over the duties. If a new CA does take over the duties, then this command should be called after the WFS_CMD_PIN_REPLACE_CERTIFICATE command. The type of certificate (Primary or Secondary) to be loaded will be embedded within the actual certificate structure.		
Input Param LPWFSPINLOADCERTIFICATE lpLoadCertificate;		te;	
	<pre>typedef struct _wfs_pin_load_certifica { LPWFSXDATA lpxLoad } WFSPINLOADCERTIFICATE, *LPWFSPI</pre>	dCertificate;	
	<i>lpxLoadCertificate</i> Pointer to the structure that contains the certificate encoded ASN.1 notation. This data should be in a b certificate only case of the signed-data content type omitted and there are no signers.	binary encoded PKCS #7 using the degenerate	
Output Param	LPWFSPINLOADCERTIFICATEOUTPUT lpLoa	dCertificateOutput;	
	<pre>typedef struct _wfs_pin_load_certifica { LPWFSXDATA lpxCert WFSPINLOADCERTIFICATEOUTPUT, *I</pre>	- tificateData;	
	<i>lpxCertificateData</i> Pointer to a PKCS #7 structure using a Digested-data content type. The digest parameter should contain the thumb print value.		
Error Codes	For Codes In addition to the generic error codes defined in [Ref. 1], the following error codes can be generated by this command:		
	Value	Meaning	
	WFS_ERR_PIN_ACCESSDENIED WFS_ERR_PIN_FORMATINVALID WFS_ERR_PIN_INVALIDCERTSTATE	The encryption module is either not initialized or not ready for any vendor specific reason. The format of the message is invalid. The certificate module is in a state in which	
		the request is invalid.	
Events In addition to the generic events defined in [R command:		, the following events can be generated by this	
	Value	Meaning The cost of the state has showed	
-	WFS_SRVE_PIN_CERTIFICATE_CHANGE	The certificate module state has changed.	
Comments	None.		

5.4.2 WFS_CMD_PIN_GET_CERTIFICATE

Description This command is used to read out the encryptor's certificate, which has been signed by the trusted Certificate Authority and is sent to the host. This command only needs to be called once if no new Certificate Authority has taken over. The output of this command will specify in the PKCS #7 message the resulting Primary or Secondary certificate.

Input Param LPWFSPINGETCERTIFICATE lpGetCertificate;

typedef struct wfs pin get certificate

{
 WORD wGetCertificate;
} WFSPINGETCERTIFICATE, *LPWFSPINGETCERTIFICATE;

wGetCertificate

Specifies which public key certificate is requested. If the WFS_INF_PIN_STATUS command indicates Primary Certificates are accepted, then the Primary Public Encryption Key or the Primary Public Verification Key will be read out. If the WFS_INF_PIN_STATUS command indicates Secondary Certificates are accepted, then the Secondary Public Encryption Key or the Secondary Public Verification Key will be read out.

Value	Meaning
WFS_PIN_PUBLICENCKEY	The corresponding encryption key is to be
	returned.
WFS_PIN_PUBLICVERIFICATIONKEY	The corresponding verification key is to be
	returned.
WFS_PIN_PUBLICHOSTKEY	The host public key is to be returned.

Output Param LPWFSPINGETCERTIFICATEOUTPUT lpGetCertificateOutput;

typedef struct _wfs_pin_get_certificate_output

{ LPWFSXDATA lpxCertificate; } WFSPINGETCERTIFICATEOUTPUT, *LPWFSPINGETCERTIFICATEOUTPUT;

lpxCertificate

Pointer to the structure that contains the certificate that is to be loaded represented in DER encoded ASN.1 notation. This data should be in a binary encoded PKCS #7 using the degenerate certificate only case of the signed-data content type in which the inner content's data file is omitted and there are no signers.

Error Codes In addition to the generic error codes defined in [Ref. 1], the following error codes can be generated by this command:

	Value	Meaning
	WFS_ERR_PIN_ACCESSDENIED	The encryption module is either not initialized or not ready for any vendor specific reason.
	WFS_ERR_PIN_INVALIDCERTSTATE	The certificate module is in a state in which the request is invalid.
	WFS_ERR_PIN_KEYNOTFOUND	The specified public key was not found.
Events	None.	
Comments	None.	

5.4.3 WFS_CMD_PIN_REPLACE_CERTIFICATE

Description	This command is used to replace the existing primary or secondary Certificate Authority certificate already loaded into the encryptor. This operation must be done by an Initial Certificate Authority or by a Sub-Certificate Authority. These operations will replace either the primary or secondary Certificate Authority public verification key inside of the encryptor. After this command is complete, the application should send the WFS_CMD_PIN_LOAD_CERTIFICATE and WFS_CMD_GET_CERTIFICATE commands to ensure that the new HOST and the encryptor have all the information required to perform the remote key loading process.		
Input Param	LPWFSPINREPLACECERTIFICATE lpReplaceCo	ertificate;	
	<pre>typedef struct _wfs_pin_replace_certif: { LPWFSXDATA lpxRepl } WFSPINREPLACECERTIFICATE, *LPWF</pre>	aceCertificate;	
	<i>lpxReplaceCertificate</i> Pointer to the PKCS # 7 message that will replace the current Certificate Authority. The ou content uses the Signed-data content type, the inner content is a degenerate certificate only content containing the new CA certificate and Inner Signed Data type The certificate shoul a format represented in DER encoded ASN.1 notation.		
Output Param	LPWFSPINREPLACECERTIFICATEOUTPUT lp	ReplaceCertificateOuput	
	<pre>typedef struct _wfs_pin_replace_certif;</pre>	icate_output	
	{ LPWFSXDATA lpxNewCertificateData; } WFSPINREPLACECERTIFICATEOUTPUT, *LPWFSPINREPLACECERTIFICATEOUTPUT;		
<i>lpxNewCertificateData</i> Pointer to a PKCS #7 structure using a Digested-data content type. The digest parameter contain the thumb print value.		ta content type. The digest parameter should	
Error Codes	Error Codes In addition to the generic error codes defined in [Ref. 1], the following error codes can be generated by this command:		
	Value	Meaning	
	WFS_ERR_PIN_ACCESSDENIED	The encryption module is either not initialized or not ready for any vendor specific reason.	
	WFS_ERR_PIN_FORMATINVALID WFS_ERR_PIN_INVALIDCERTSTATE	The format of the message is invalid. The certificate module is in a state in which the request is invalid.	
Events	In addition to the generic events defined in [Ref. 1], command:	the following events can be generated by this	
	Value	Meaning	
	WFS_SRVE_PIN_CERTIFICATE_CHANGE	The certificate module state has changed.	
Comments	None.		

5.4.4 WFS_CMD_PIN_IMPORT_RSA_ENCIPHERED_PKCS7_KEY

Description This command is used to load a Key Transport Key that is either a single-length, double-length or triple-length DES key into the encryptor. The Key Transport Key should be destroyed if the entire process is not completed. In addition, a new Key Transport Key should be generated each time this protocol is executed. This method ends the Key Exchange process.

Input Param LPWFSPINIMPORTRSAENCIPHEREDPKCS7KEY lpImportRSAEncipheredPKCS7Key;

typedef struct _wfs_pin_import_rsa_enciphered_pkcs7_key

L		
LPWFSXDATA	lpxImportRSAKeyIn;	
LPSTR	lpsKey;	
DWORD	dwUse;	
<pre>}WFSPINIMPORTRSAENCIPHEREDPKCS7KEY,</pre>		
*LPWFSPINIMPORTRSAENCIPHEF	REDPKCS7KEY;	

lpxImportRSAKeyIn

Pointer to a binary encoded PKCS #7 represented in DER encoded ASN.1 notation. This allows the Host to verify that key was imported correctly and to the correct encryptor. The message has an outer Signed-data content type with the SignerInfo encryptedDigest field containing the HOST's signature. The random numbers are included as authenticatedAttributes within the SignerInfo. The inner content is an Enveloped-data content type. The ATM identifier is included as the issuerAndSerialNumber within the RecipientInfo. The enciphered KTK is included within RecipientInfo. The encryptedContent is omitted.

lpsKey Specifies the name of the key to be stored.

dwUse

Specifies the type of access for which the key can be used as a combination of the following flags:

Value	Meaning
WFS PIN USECRYPT	Key can be used for encryption/decryption.
WFS_PIN_USEFUNCTION	Key can be used for PIN functions.
WFS_PIN_USEMACING	Key can be used for MACing.
WFS_PIN_USEKEYENCKEY	Key is used as key encryption key.
WFS_PIN_USENODUPLICATE	Key can be imported only once.
WFS_PIN_USESVENCKEY	Key is used as CBC Start Value encryption
	key.
WFS_PIN_USEANSTR31MASTER	Key can be used for importing keys
	packaged within an ANS TR-31 key block.
WFS_PIN_USERESTRICTEDKEYENCKEY	Key is used as
	WFS_PIN_USEKEYENCKEY key whose
	later subsequently derived keys inherit and
	are restricted to a single use. To express this
	the WFS_PIN_USERESTRICTED-
	KEYENCKEY use must be combined with
	the use WFS_PIN_USEKEYENCKEY and
	must additionally be combined with the use
	that the later subsequently derived keys will
	have. See also examples in section 8.7 .
	-

If *dwUse* equals zero the specified key is deleted. In that case all parameters but *lpsKey* are ignored. WFS_CMD_PIN_IMPORT_KEY, WFS_CMD_PIN_IMPORT_KEY_EX, WFS_CMD_PIN_IMPORT_RSA_ENCIPHERED_PKCS7_KEY can be used to delete a key that has been imported with this command. The equivalent commands in the signature scheme must not be used to delete a key imported through the certificate scheme.

Output Param LPWFSPINIMPORTRSAENCIPHEREDPKCS7KEYOUTPUT lpImportRSAEncipheredKeyOut;

wKeyLength

Specifies the length of the key loaded. It can be one of the following flags:

Value	Meaning
WFS_PIN_KEYSINGLE	The imported key is single length.
WFS_PIN_KEYDOUBLE	The imported key is double length.
WFS_PIN_KEYTRIPLE	The imported key is triple length.

lpxRSAData

Pointer to a binary encoded PKCS #7, represented in DER encoded ASN.1 notation. The message has an outer Signed-data content type with the SignerInfo encryptedDigest field containing the ATM's signature. The random numbers are included as authenticatedAttributes within the SignerInfo. The inner content is a data content type, which contains the HOST identifier as an issuerAndSerialNumber sequence.

Error Codes In addition to the generic error codes defined in [Ref. 1], the following error codes can be generated by this command:

Value	Meaning
WFS_ERR_PIN_ACCESSDENIED	The encryption module is either not initialized or not ready for any vendor specific reason.
	1
WFS_ERR_PIN_DUPLICATEKEY	A key exists with that name and cannot be overwritten.
WFS ERR PIN INVALIDKEYLENGTH	The length of <i>lpxValue</i> is not supported.
WFS ERR PIN INVALIDID	The ID passed was not valid.
WFS ERR PIN NOKEYRAM	There is no space left in the key RAM for a
	key of the specified type.
WFS ERR PIN FORMATINVALID	The format of the message is invalid.
WFS_ERR_PIN_USEVIOLATION	The specified use conflicts with a previously for the same key specified one.

Events In addition to the generic events defined in [Ref. 1], the following events can be generated by this command:

Value	Meaning
WFS_SRVE_PIN_ILLEGAL_KEY_ACCESS	An error occurred accessing an encryption
	key.

Comments The following is a generic structure of how the *lpxImportRSAIn* field is structured regarding the outer signed data content type and the inner content as an Envelope-data content type:

```
ContentInfo ::= SEQUENCE
{
     contentType ContentType = signedData
     content
     SignedData ::= SEQUENCE
     {
           version Version,
           DigestAlgorithms DigestAlgorithmIdentifiers,
           contentInfo ContentInfo ::= SEQUENCE,
           {
                contentType ContentType = EnvelopedData
                content
                :::
           }
     }
}
```

5.4.5 WFS_CMD_PIN_LOAD_CERTIFICATE_EX

Description This command is used to load a host certificate to make remote key loading possible. This command can be used to load a host certificate when there is not already one present in the encryptor as well as replace the existing host certificate with a new host certificate. The type of certificate (Primary or Secondary) to be loaded will be embedded within the actual certificate structure.

Input Param LPWFSPINLOADCERTIFICATEEX lpLoadCertificateEx;

typedef struct _wfs_pin_load_certificate_ex

1	
DWORD	dwLoadOption;
DWORD	dwSigner;
LPWFSXDATA	lpxCertificateData;
<pre>} WFSPINLOADCERTIFICATEEX,</pre>	*LPWFSPINLOADCERTIFICATEEX

dwLoadOption

Specifies the method to use to load the certificate, with one of the following values:

Value	Meaning
WFS_PIN_LOAD_NEWHOST	Load a new Host certificate, where one has
	not already been loaded.
WFS_PIN_LOAD_REPLACEHOST	Replace (or rebind) the PIN device to a new
	Host certificate, where the new Host
	certificate is signed by dwSigner.

dwSigner

Specifies the signer of the certificate to be loaded, with one of the following values:

Value	Meaning
WFS_PIN_SIGNER_CERTHOST	The certificate to be loaded is signed by the
	current Host. Cannot be combined with
	WFS_PIN_LOAD_NEWHOST.
WFS_PIN_SIGNER_CA	The certificate to be loaded is signed by the
	Certificate Authority (CA).
WFS_PIN_SIGNER_HL	The certificate to be loaded is signed by the
	Higher Level (HL) Authority.

lpxCertificateData

Pointer to the structure that contains the certificate that is to be loaded represented in DER encoded ASN.1 notation.

For WFS_PIN_LOAD_NEWHOST, this data should be in a binary encoded PKCS #7 using the "degenerate certificate only" case of the signed-data content type in which the inner content's data file is omitted and there are no signers.

For WFS_PIN_LOAD_REPLACEHOST, the message has an outer SignedData content type with the SignerInfo encryptedDigest field containing the signature of *dwSigner*. The inner content is binary encoded PKCS#7 using the degenerate certificate.

The optional CRL field may or may not be included in the PKCS#7 signedData structure.

Output Param LPWFSPINLOADCERTIFICATEEXOUTPUT lpLoadCertificateExOutput;

typedef struct _wfs_pin_load_certificate_ex_output
{

DWORD	dwRSAK	eyCheckMode;
LPWFSXDATA	lpxRSAI	Data;
} WFSPINLOADCERTIFIC	CATEEXOUTPUT,	*LPWFSPINLOADCERTIFICATEEXOUTPUT;

dwRSAKeyCheckMode

Defines algorithm/method used to generate the public key check value/thumb print. The check value can be used to verify that the public key has been imported correctly. It can be one of the following flags:

Value	Meaning
WFS_PIN_RSA_KCV_NONE	No check value is returned in <i>lpxRSAData</i> .

lpxRSAData contains a SHA-1 digest of the

WFS_PIN_RSA_KCV_SHA1

	public key.	
WFS_PIN_RSA_KCV_SHA256	lpxRSAData contains a	a SHA-256 digest of
	the public key.	

lpxRSAData

Pointer to a PKCS #7 structure using a Digested-data content type. The digest parameter should contain the thumb print value calculated by the algorithm specified by *dwRSAKeyCheckMode*. If *dwRSAKeyCheckMode* is WFS_PIN_RSA_KCV_NONE, then this field must be NULL.

Error Codes In addition to the generic error codes defined in [Ref. 1], the following error codes can be generated by this command:

	Value	Meaning	
	WFS_ERR_PIN_ACCESSDENIED	The encryption module is either not initialized or not ready for any vendor specific reason.	
	WFS_ERR_PIN_FORMATINVALID WFS_ERR_PIN_INVALIDCERTSTATE	The format of the message is invalid. The certificate module is in a state in which the request is invalid.	
	WFS_ERR_PIN_SIGNATUREINVALID WFS_ERR_PIN_RANDOMINVALID	The signature in the input data is invalid. The encrypted random number in the input data does not match the one previously provided by the PIN device. Only applies to load options that use a random number.	
	WFS_ERR_PIN_MODENOTSUPPORTED	The specified combination of dwLoadOption and dwSigner is not supported.	
Events	In addition to the generic events defined in [Ref. 1] command:	, the following events can be generated by this	
	Value	Meaning	
	WFS_SRVE_PIN_CERTIFICATE_CHANGE	The certificate module state has changed.	
Comments	The WFS_PIN_LOAD_NEWHOST load option co signer is equivalent to the WFS_CMD_PIN_LOAD accomplish the KDH Bind Phase described by X97	CERTIFICATE command. This option will	
	The WFS_PIN_LOAD_REPLACEHOST load option combined with the WFS_PIN_SIGNER_CERTHOST signer can be used to support the KDH Rebind Phase described by X9 TR34-2012 [Ref. 42]. Before executing the WFS_CMD_PIN_LOAD_CERTIFICATE_EX with this option, a random number must be requested using the WFS_CMD_PIN_START_KEY_EXCHANGE command. The random number must then be incorporated into the input message of the WFS_CMD_PIN_LOAD_CERTIFICATE_EX command.		
	The WFS_PIN_LOAD_REPLACEHOST load opti WFS_PIN_SIGNER_HL signer can be used to supp described by X9 TR34-2012 [Ref. 42]. Before exec WFS_CMD_PIN_LOAD_CERTIFICATE_EX wit requested using the WFS_CMD_PIN_START_KE number is not used to construct the input message of WFS_CMD_PIN_LOAD_CERTIFICATE_EX con EPP is ignored by the EPP during execution of this	port the Higher Level Authority Rebind Phase outing the h this option, a random number must be Y_EXCHANGE command. The random of the nmand, and the random number stored in the	

5.4.6 WFS_CMD_PIN_IMPORT_RSA_ENCIPHERED_PKCS7_KEY_EX

Description This command is used to load a Key Transport Key that is either a single-length, double-length or triple-length DES key or an AES-128, AES-192, or AES-256 bit key into the encryptor. The Key Transport Key should be destroyed if the entire process is not completed. In addition, a new Key Transport Key should be generated each time this protocol is executed. This method ends the Key Exchange process.

Input Param LPWFSPINIMPORTRSAENCIPHEREDPKCS7KEYEX lpImportRSAEncipheredPKCS7KeyEx;

typedef struct _wfs_pin_import_rsa_enciphered_pkcs7_key_ex
{

LPWFSXDATA	lpxImportRSAKeyIn;	
LPSTR	lpsKey;	
DWORD	dwUse;	
DWORD	dwCRKLLoadOption;	
<pre>} WFSPINIMPORTRSAENCIPHEREDPKCS7KEYEX,</pre>		
*LPWFSPINIMPORTRSAENCIPHEREDPKCS7KEYEX;		

lpxImportRSAKeyIn

Pointer to a binary encoded PKCS #7 represented in DER encoded ASN.1 notation. This allows the Host to verify that key was imported correctly and to the correct encryptor. The message has an outer Signed-data content type with the SignerInfo encryptedDigest field containing the HOST's signature. The inner content is an Enveloped-data content type. The ATM identifier is included as the issuerAndSerialNumber within the RecipientInfo.

If *dwCRKLLoadOption* is WFS_PIN_CRKLLOAD_RANDOM or WFS_PIN_CRKLLOAD_RANDOM_CRL, the random numbers are included as authenticatedAttributes within the SignerInfo.

If *dwCRKLLoadOption* is WFS_PIN_CRKLLOAD_NORANDOM or WFS_PIN_CRKLLOAD_NORANDOM_CRL, a timestamp is included as an authenticatedAttribute within the SignerInfo.

lpsKey

Specifies the name of the key to be stored.

dwUse

Specifies the type of access for which the key can be used as a combination of the following flags:

Value	Meaning
WFS_PIN_USECRYPT	Key can be used for encryption/decryption.
WFS_PIN_USEFUNCTION	Key can be used for PIN functions.
WFS_PIN_USEMACING	Key can be used for MACing.
WFS_PIN_USEKEYENCKEY	Key is used as key encryption key.
WFS_PIN_USENODUPLICATE	Key can be imported only once.
WFS_PIN_USESVENCKEY	Key is used as CBC Start Value encryption
	key.
WFS_PIN_USEANSTR31MASTER	Key can be used for importing keys
	packaged within an ANS TR-31 key block.

If *dwCRKLLoadOption* is WFS_PIN_CRKLLOAD_NORANDOM_CRL or WFS_PIN_CRKLLOAD_RANDOM_CRL, the usage is embedded in the *lpxImportRSAKeyIn* message. In this case, *dwUse* must be zero.

If the intention is to delete the key then *dwUse* must be zero and *dwCRKLLoadOption* must also be zero. In this case, *lpxImportRSAKeyIn* is ignored. WFS_CMD_PIN_IMPORT_KEY, WFS_CMD_PIN_IMPORT_KEY_EX,

WFS_CMD_PIN_IMPORT_RSA_ENCIPHERED_PKCS7_KEY, and

WFS_CMD_PIN_IMPORT_RSA_ENCIPHERED_PKCS7_KEY_EX can be used to delete a key that has been imported with this command. The equivalent commands in the signature scheme must not be used to delete a key imported through the certificate scheme.

dwCRKLLoadOption

Specifies the method to use to load the Key Transport Key, with one of the following values:

Value	Meaning
WFS_PIN_CRKLLOAD_NORANDOM	Import a Key Transport Key without
	generating and using a random number.
WFS_PIN_CRKLLOAD_NORANDOM_CRL	Import a Key Transport Key with a
	Certificate Revocation List appended to the
	lpxImportRSAKeyIn parameter. A random
	number is not generated nor used.
WFS_PIN_CRKLLOAD_RANDOM	Import a Key Transport Key by generating
	and using a random number.
WFS_PIN_CRKLLOAD_RANDOM_CRL	Import a Key Transport Key with a
	Certificate Revocation List appended to the
	<i>lpxImportRSAKeyIn</i> parameter. A random
	number is generated and used.
	•

Output Param LPWFSPINIMPORTRSAENCIPHEREDPKCS7KEYEXOUTPUT lpImportRSAEncipheredKeyExOut;

typedef struct _wfs_pin_import_rsa_enciphered_pkcs7_key_ex_output

t	
WORD	wKeyLength;
DWORD	dwRSAKeyCheckMode;
LPWFSXDATA	lpxRSAData;
WORD	wKeyCheckMode;
LPWFSXDATA	lpxKeyCheckValue;
}WFSPINIMPORTRSAENCIPHEF	REDPKCS7KEYEXOUTPUT,
*LPWFSPINIMPORTRSAENCIPH	IEREDPKCS7KEYEXOUTPUT;

wKeyLength

If the key loaded is a DES or 3DES key, then this parameter specifies the length of the key loaded as one of the following flags:

Value	Meaning
WFS_PIN_KEYSINGLE	The imported key is single length.
WFS_PIN_KEYDOUBLE	The imported key is double length.
WFS_PIN_KEYTRIPLE	The imported key is triple length.

If the key length is not reported then this will be zero.

dwRSAKeyCheckMode

Defines the algorithm used to generate the signature contained in the message (*lpxRSAData*) sent to the host (see section 8.2.2 step 2c). It can be one of the following flags:

Value	Meaning
WFS_PIN_RSA_KCV_NONE	No check value is returned in <i>lpxRSAData</i> .
WFS_PIN_RSA_KCV_SHA1	<i>lpxRSAData</i> contains a SHA-1 digest of the public key.
WFS_PIN_RSA_KCV_SHA256	<i>lpxRSAData</i> contains a SHA-256 digest of the public key.

lpxRSAData

If dwCRKLLoadOption is WFS PIN CRKLLOAD NORANDOM or

WFS_PIN_CRKLLOAD_RANDOM, this data is a pointer to a binary encoded PKCS #7, represented in DER encoded ASN.1 notation. The message has an outer Signed-data content type with the SignerInfo encryptedDigest field containing the ATM's signature. The random numbers are included as authenticatedAttributes within the SignerInfo. The inner content is a data content type, which contains the HOST identifier as an issuerAndSerialNumber sequence.

If dwRSAKeyCheckMode is WFS_PIN_RSA_KCV_NONE, then this field must be NULL.

wKeyCheckMode

Specifies the mode that is used to create the key check value. It can be one of the following flags:

Value	Meaning
WFS PIN KCVNONE	There is no key check value provided.

WFS_PIN_KCVSELF	The key check value (KCV) is created by an encryption of the key with itself. For the description refer to the WFS_PIN_KCVSELF literal described in the Capabilities.
WFS_PIN_KCVZERO	The key check value (KCV) is created by encrypting a zero value with the key. Unless otherwise specified, ECB encryption is used. The encryption algorithm used (i.e. DES, 3DES, AES) is determined by the type of key used to generate the KCV.

lpxKevCheckValue

Contains the key verification code data that can be used for verification of the loaded key, NULL if device does not have that capability.

If wKeyCheckMode is WFS PIN KCVNONE, then this field must be NULL.

Error Codes In addition to the generic error codes defined in [Ref. 1], the following error codes can be generated by this command:

	Value	Meaning
	WFS_ERR_PIN_ACCESSDENIED	The encryption module is either not initialized or not ready for any vendor specific reason.
	WFS_ERR_PIN_DUPLICATEKEY	A key exists with that name and cannot be overwritten.
	WFS_ERR_PIN_INVALIDKEYLENGTH	The length of the Key Transport Key is not valid.
	WFS_ERR_PIN_NOKEYRAM	There is no space left in the key RAM for a key of the specified type.
	WFS_ERR_PIN_FORMATINVALID	The format of the message or key block is invalid.
	WFS_ERR_PIN_CONTENTINVALID	The content of the message or key block is invalid.
	WFS_ERR_PIN_USEVIOLATION	The specified use is not supported, or if a key with the same name has already been loaded, the specified use conflicts with the use of the key previously loaded.
	WFS_ERR_PIN_RANDOMINVALID	The encrypted random number in the input data does not match the one previously provided by the PIN device. Only applies to CRKL load options that use a random number.
	WFS_ERR_PIN_SIGNATUREINVALID WFS_ERR_PIN_INVALIDCERTSTATE	The signature in the input data is invalid. A Host certificate has not been previously loaded.
Events	In addition to the generic events defined in [Ref. 1], command:	, the following events can be generated by this
	Value	Meaning
	WFS_SRVE_PIN_ILLEGAL_KEY_ACCESS	An error occurred accessing an encryption key.
Comments	The WFS_PIN_CRKLLOAD_NORANDOM_CRL Symmetric Key Transport Phase – One-Pass Protoc	

<u>،</u> random number does not need to be requested via the WFS_CMD_PIN_START_KEY_EXCHANGE command before executing this option.

> The WFS PIN CRKLLOAD RANDOM load option is equivalent to the functionality available with the WFS CMD PIN IMPORT RSA ENCIPHERED PKCS7 KEY command. A random number must be requested via the WFS CMD PIN START KEY EXCHANGE command before executing this option. The random number is then incorporated into the constructed lpxImportRSAKeyIn input message.

The WFS_PIN_CRKLLOAD_RANDOM_CRL load option will accomplish the TDEA Symmetric Key Transport Phase – Two Pass Protocol described by X9 TR34-2012 [Ref. 42]. This option performs the same functionality as the WFS_PIN_CRKLLOAD_RANDOM option with the addition of the use of the Certificate Revocation List (CRL). Refer to X9 TR34-2012 [Ref. 42] for the validation that the PIN device must perform on the CRL.

5.5 EMV

This section defines the commands needed to import the EMV RSA keys provided either by a Certification Authority (for example VISA or MASTERCARD EUROPE) or by the chip card itself (ISSUER KEY, ICC KEY and ICC PIN KEY).

5.5.1 WFS_CMD_PIN_EMV_IMPORT_PUBLIC_KEY

Description The Certification Authority and the Chip Card RSA public keys needed for EMV are loaded or deleted in/from the encryption module. This command is similar to the WFS_CMD_PIN_IMPORT_KEY_EX command, but it is specifically designed to address the key formats and security features defined by EMV. Mainly the extensive use of "signed certificate" or "EMV certificate" (which is a compromise between signature and a pure certificate) to provide the public key is taken in account. The Service Provider is responsible for all EMV public key import validation. Once loaded, the Service Provider is not responsible for key/certificate expiry, this is an application responsibility.

Input Param LPWFSPINEMVIMPORTPUBLICKEY lpEMVImportPublicKey;

typedef struct _wfs_pin_emv_import_public_key

l	
LPSTR	lpsKey;
DWORD	dwUse;
WORD	wImportScheme;
LPWFSXDATA	lpxImportData;
LPSTR	lpsSigKey;
} WFSPINEMVIMPORTPUBLICKEY	, *LPWFSPINEMVIMPORTPUBLICKEY;

lpsKey

Specifies the name of key being loaded.

dwUse

Specifies the type of access for which the key can be used. If this parameter equals zero, the key is deleted. Otherwise the parameter can be one of the following flags:

Value	Meaning
WFS_PIN_USERSAPUBLIC	Key is used as a public key for RSA encryption including EMV PIN block creation.
WFS_PIN_USERSAPUBLICVERIFY	Key is used as a public key for RSA signature verification and/or data decryption. If <i>dwUse</i> equals zero the specified key is deleted. In that case all parameters but <i>lpsKey</i> are ignored.

wImportScheme

Defines the import scheme used. Contains one of the following values:

Value	Meaning
WFS_PIN_EMV_IMPORT_PLAIN_CA	This scheme is used by VISA. A plain text
	CA public key is imported with no
	verification. The two parts of the key
	(modulus and exponent) are passed in clear
	mode as a DER encoded PKCS#1 public
	key. The key is loaded directly in the
	security module.
WFS_PIN_EMV_IMPORT_CHKSUM_CA	This scheme is used by VISA. A plain text
	CA public key is imported using the EMV
	2000 Book II verification algorithm and it is
	verified before being loaded in the security
	module. (See [Ref. 4] under references
	section for this document).
WFS_PIN_EMV_IMPORT_EPI_CA	This scheme is used by MasterCard Europe.
	A CA public key is imported using the self-
	signed scheme defined in [Ref. 5].

WFS_PIN_EMV_IMPORT_ISSUER	An Issuer public key is imported as defined in EMV 2000 Book II, reference 4. (See [Ref. 4] under references section for this document).
WFS_PIN_EMV_IMPORT_ICC	An ICC public key is imported as defined in EMV 2000 Book II, reference 4. (See [Ref. 4] under references section for this document).
WFS_PIN_EMV_IMPORT_ICC_PIN	An ICC PIN public key is imported as defined in EMV 2000 Book II, reference 4. (See [Ref. 4] under references section for this document).
WFS_PIN_EMV_IMPORT_PKCSV1_5_CA	A CA public key is imported and verified using a signature generated with a private key for which the public key is already loaded.

lpxImportData

The *lpxImportData* parameter contains all the necessary data to complete the import using the scheme specified within *wImportScheme*.

If *wImportScheme* is WFS_PIN_EMV_IMPORT_PLAIN_CA then *lpxImportData* contains a DER encoded PKCS#1 public key. No verification is possible. *lpsSigKey* is ignored.

If *wImportScheme* is WFS_PIN_EMV_IMPORT_CHKSUM_CA then *lpxImportData* contains table 23 data, as specified in EMV 2000 Book 2 (See Ref. [4] under the reference section for this document). The plain text key is verified as defined within EMV 2000 Book 2, page 73. *lpsSigKey* is ignored (See Ref. [4] under the reference section for this document).

If *wImportScheme* is WFS_PIN_EMV_IMPORT_EPI_CA then *lpxImportData* contains the concatenation of tables 4 and 13, as specified in reference 5, Europay International, EPI CA Module Technical – Interface specification Version 1.4. These tables are also described in the <u>EMV Support Appendix</u>. The self-signed public key is verified as defined by the reference document. *lpsSigKey* is ignored.

If *wImportScheme* is WFS_PIN_EMV_IMPORT_ISSUER then *lpxImportData* contains the EMV public key certificate. Within the following descriptions tags are documented to indicate the source of the data, but they are not sent down to the Service Provider. The data consists of the concatenation of: the key exponent length (1 byte), the key exponent value (variable length – EMV Tag value: '9F32'), the EMV certificate length (1 byte), the EMV certificate value (variable length – EMV Tag value: '90'), the remainder length (1 byte). The remainder value (variable length – EMV Tag value: '92'), the PAN length (1 byte) and the PAN value (variable length – EMV Tag value: '5A'). The Service Provider will compare the leftmost three to eight hex digits (where each byte consists of two hex digits) of the PAN to the Issuer Identification Number retrieved from the certificate. For more explanations, the reader can refer to EMVCo, Book2 – Security & Key Management Version 4.0, Table 4 (See [Ref. 4] under the reference section for this document). *lpsSigKey* defines the previously loaded key used to verify the signature.

If *wImportScheme* is WFS_PIN_EMV_IMPORT_ICC then *lpxImportData* contains the EMV public key certificate. Within the following descriptions tags are documented to indicate the source of the data, but they are not sent down to the Service Provider. The data consists of the concatenation of: the key exponent length (1 byte), the key exponent value (variable length– EMV Tag value: '9F47'), the EMV certificate length (1 byte), the EMV certificate value (variable length– EMV Tag value: '9F46'), the remainder length (1 byte), the remainder value (variable length– EMV Tag value: '9F46'), the remainder length (1 byte), the SDA value (variable length), the PAN length (1 byte) and the PAN value (variable length– EMV Tag value: '5A'). The Service Provider will compare the PAN to the PAN retrieved from the certificate. For more explanations, the reader can refer to EMVCo, Book2 – Security & Key Management Version 4.0, Table 9 (See [Ref. 4] under the reference section for this document). *lpsSigKey* defines the previously loaded key used to verify the signature.

If wImportScheme is WFS_PIN_EMV_IMPORT_ICC_PIN then lpxImportData contains the EMV public key certificate. Within the following descriptions tags are documented to indicate the source of the data, but they are not sent down to the Service Provider. The data consists of the concatenation of: the key exponent length (1 byte), the key exponent value (variable length – EMV Tag value: '9F2E'), the EMV certificate length (1 byte), the EMV certificate value (variable length – EMV Tag value: '9F2E'), the remainder length (1 byte), the remainder value (variable length – EMV Tag value: '9F2E'), the SDA length (1 byte), the SDA value (variable length), the PAN length (1 byte) and the PAN value (variable length – EMV Tag value: '5A'). The Service Provider will compare the PAN to the PAN retrieved from the certificate. For more explanations, the reader can refer to EMVCo, Book2 – Security & Key Management Version 4.0, Table 9 (See [Ref. 4] under the reference section for this document). *lpsSigKey* defines the previously loaded key used to verify the signature.

If *wImportScheme* is WFS_PIN_EMV_IMPORT_PKCSV1_5_CA then *lpxImportData* contains the CA public key signed with the previously loaded public key specified in *lpsSigKey*. *lpxImportData* consists of the concatenation of EMV 2000 Book II Table 23(reference 4) + 8 byte random number + Signature (See Ref. [4] under the reference section for this document). The 8-byte random number is not used for validation; it is used to ensure the signature is unique. The Signature consists of all the bytes in the *lpxImportData* buffer after table 23 and the 8-byte random number.

lpsSigKey

This field specifies the name of the previously loaded key used to verify the signature, as detailed in the descriptions above.

Output Param LPWFSPINEMVIMPORTPUBLICKEYOUTPUT lpEMVImportPublicKeyOutput;

typedef struct _wfs_pin_emv_import_public_key_output

L. C.	
LPSTR	lpsExpiryDate;
} WFSPINEMVIMPORTPUBL	ICKEYOUTPUT,
*LPWFSPINEMVIMPORTPUB	LICKEYOUTPUT;

lpsExpiryDate

Contains the expiry date of the certificate in the following format MMYY. If no expiry date applies then *lpsExpiryDate* is NULL.

Error Codes In addition to the generic error codes defined in [Ref. 1], the following error codes can be generated by this command:

	Value	Meaning
	WFS_ERR_PIN_ACCESSDENIED	The encryption module is either not initialized or not ready for any vendor specific reason.
	WFS_ERR_PIN_DUPLICATEKEY	A key exists with that name and cannot be overwritten.
	WFS_ERR_PIN_NOKEYRAM	There is no space left in the key RAM for a key of the specified type.
	WFS_ERR_PIN_EMV_VERIFY_FAILED	The verification of the imported key failed and the key was discarded.
	WFS_ERR_PIN_KEYNOTFOUND	The specified key name is not found.
	WFS_ERR_PIN_USEVIOLATION	The specified use is not supported by this key.
Events	In addition to the generic events defined in [Ref. 1], the following events can be generated by this

command:

lition to the generic events defined in [Ref. 1], the following events can be generated by this and:

Value	Meaning
WFS_SRVE_PIN_ILLEGAL_KEY_ACCESS	An error occurred accessing an encryption key.

Comments This command only imports one key per use. If the same key value has to be imported for two different uses, this command must be called twice and different key names must be specified.

5.5.2 WFS_CMD_PIN_DIGEST

Description: This command is used to compute a hash code on a stream of data using the specified hash algorithm. This command can be used to verify EMV static and dynamic data.

Input Param LPWFSPINDIGEST lpDigest;

wHashAlgorithm Specifies which hash algorithm should be used to calculate the hash. See the Capabilities section for valid algorithms.

lpxDigestInput Pointer to the structure that contains the length and the data to be hashed.

Output Param LPWFSPINDIGESTOUTPUT lpDigestOutput;

typedef struct _wfs_pin_digest_output
 {
 LPWFSXDATA lpxDigestOutput;
 } WFSPINDIGESTOUTPUT, *LPWFSPINDIGESTOUTPUT;

lpxDigestOuput

Pointer to the structure that contains the length and the data containing the calculated hash.

Error Codes In addition to the generic error codes defined in [Ref. 1], the following error codes can be generated by this command:

Value	Meaning
WFS_ERR_PIN_ACCESSDENIED	The encryption module is either not initialized or not ready for any vendor specific reason.
None.	

Comments None.

Events

6. Events

6.1 WFS_EXEE_PIN_KEY

Description This event specifies that any active key has been pressed at the PIN pad. It is used if the device has no internal display unit and the application has to manage the display of the entered digits. It is the responsibility of the application to identify the mapping between the FDK code and the physical location of the FDK.

Event Param LPWFSPINKEY lpKey;

typedef struct _wfs_pin_key
{
 WORD wCompletion;
 ULONG ulDigit;
 WFSPINKEY, *LPWFSPINKEY;

wCompletion

Specifies the reason for completion or continuation of the entry. Possible values are: (see command WFS_CMD_PIN_GET_PIN)

ulDigit

Specifies the digit entered by the user. When working in encryption mode or secure key entry mode (WFS_CMD_PIN_GET_PIN and WFS_CMD_PIN_SECUREKEY_ENTRY), the value of this field is 0x00 for the function keys 0-9 and A-F. Otherwise, for each key pressed, the corresponding FK or FDK mask value is stored in this field.

6.2 WFS_SRVE_PIN_INITIALIZED

Description	This event specifies that, as a result of a WFS_CMD_PIN_INITIALIZATION, the encryption module is now initialized and the master key (where required) and any other initial keys are loaded; ready to import other keys.
Event Param	LPWFSPININIT lpInit;
	<i>lpInit</i> For a definition of the WFSPININIT structure see command WFS_CMD_PIN_INITIALIZATION.
Comments	None.

6.3 WFS_SRVE_PIN_ILLEGAL_KEY_ACCESS

Description This event specifies that an error occurred accessing an encryption key. Possible situations for generating this event are listed in the description of *lErrorCode*.

Event Param LPWFSPINACCESS lpAccess;

typedef struct _wfs_pin_access
{
 LPSTR lpsKeyName;
 LONG lErrorCode;
 } WFSPINACCESS, *LPWFSPINACCESS;

lpsKeyName

Specifies the name of the key that caused the error.

lErrorCode

Specifies the type of illegal key access that occurred. Possible values are:

Value	Meaning
WFS_ERR_PIN_KEYNOTFOUND	The specified key was not loaded or attempting to delete a non-existent key.
WFS ERR PIN KEYNOVALUE	The specified key is not loaded.
WFS_ERR_PIN_USEVIOLATION	The specified use is not supported by this key.
WFS_ERR_PIN_ALGORITHMNOTSUPP	The specified algorithm is not supported by this key.
WFS_ERR_PIN_DUKPTOVERFLOW	The DUKPT KSN encryption counter has overflowed to zero. A new IPEK must be loaded.

6.4 WFS_SRVE_PIN_OPT_REQUIRED

wProtocol=WFS_PIN_PROTISOPS.

Description This event indicates that the online date/time stored in a HSM has been reached. LPWFSPINHSMIDENTIFIER lpOPTRequired; **Event Param** typedef struct wfs pin hsm identifier WORD wHSMSerialNumber; } WFSPINHSMIDENTIFIER, *LPWFSPINHSMIDENTIFIER; wHSMSerialNumber Specifies the serial number of the logical HSM where the online time has been reached. If logical HSMs are not supported then *lpOPTRequired* is NULL. The *wHSMSerialNumber* value is encoded as a standard binary value (i.e. it is not BCD). Comments This event may be triggered by the clock reaching a previously stored online time or by the online time being set to a time that lies in the past. The online time may be set by the command WFS CMD PIN HSM SET TDATA or by a command WFS CMD PIN SECURE MSG RECEIVE that contains a message from a host system containing a new online date/time. The event does not mean that any keys or other data in the HSM is out of date now. It just indicates that the terminal should communicate with a "Personalisierungsstelle" as soon as

possible using the commands WFS CMD PIN SECURE MSG SEND / RECEIVE and

6.5 WFS_SRVE_PIN_CERTIFICATE_CHANGE

Description This event indicates that the certificate module state has changed from Primary to Secondary.

Event Param LPWORD lpwCertificateChange;

 lpwCertificateChange

 Specifies change of the certificate state inside of the encryptor as one of the following:

 Value
 Meaning

 WFS_PIN_CERT_SECONDARY
 The certificate state of the encryptor is now Secondary and Primary Certificates will no longer be accepted.

6.6 WFS_SRVE_PIN_HSM_TDATA_CHANGED

Description This event indicates that one of the values of the terminal data has changed (these are the data that can be set using WFS_CMD_PIN_HSM_SET_TDATA). I.e. this event will be sent especially when the online time or the HSM status is changed because of a WFS_CMD_PIN_HSM_INIT command or an OPT online dialog (WFS_CMD_PIN_SECURE_MSG_SEND/_RECEIVE with WFS_PIN_PROTISOPS).

On configurations with multiple logical HSMs, the serial number tag must be included within the data so that the logical HSM that has changed can be identified.

Event Param LPWFSXDATA lpxTData;

lpxTData Contains the parameter settings as a series of "tag/length/value" items. See command WFS_CMD_PIN_HSM_SET_TDATA for the tags supported.

6.7 WFS_SRVE_PIN_HSM_CHANGED

Description This event indicates that the currently active logical HSM has been changed. This event will be triggered when an application changes the current HSM through the WFS_CMD_PIN_SET_LOGICAL_HSM command. This event is not generated if the HSM is not changed.

wHSMSerialNumber

Specifies the serial number of the logical HSM that has been made active. The *wHSMSerialNumber* value is encoded as a standard binary value (i.e. it is not BCD).

6.8 WFS_EXEE_PIN_ENTERDATA

Description This mandatory event notifies the application when the device is ready for the user to start entering data.

Event Param None.

6.9 WFS_SRVE_PIN_DEVICEPOSITION

Description This service event reports that the device has changed its position status.

Event Param LPWFSPINDEVICEPOSITION lpDevicePosition;

typedef struct _wfs_pin_device_position

wPosition

Position of the device as one of the following values:

Value	Meaning
WFS_PIN_DEVICEINPOSITION	The device is in its normal operating position.
WFS_PIN_DEVICENOTINPOSITION	The device has been removed from its normal operating position.
WFS_PIN_DEVICEPOSUNKNOWN	The position of the device cannot be determined.

6.10 WFS_SRVE_PIN_POWER_SAVE_CHANGE

Description	This service event specifies that the power save recovery time has changed.	
Event Param	LPWFSPINPOWERSAVECHANGE lpPowerSaveChange;	
	<pre>typedef struct _wfs_pin_power_save_change { USHORT usPowerSaveRecoveryTime; } WFSPINPOWERSAVECHANGE, *LPWFSPINPOWERSAVECHANGE;</pre>	
	<i>usPowerSaveRecoveryTime</i> Specifies the actual number of seconds required by the device to resume its normal operationa state. This value is zero if the device exited the power saving mode.	

Comments If another device class compounded with this device enters into a power saving mode, this device will automatically enter into the same power saving mode and this event will be generated.

6.11 WFS_EXEE_PIN_LAYOUT

Description This event sends the layout for a specific keyboard entry mode if the layout has changed since it was loaded (i.e. if a float action is being used).

Event Param LPWFSPINLAYOUT lpLayout; For the definition of the WFSPINLAYOUT structure see command WFS_INF_PIN_GET_LAYOUT.

6.12 WFS_EXEE_PIN_DUKPT_KSN

Description This event sends the DUKPT KSN of the key used in the command. The receiving TRSM uses this to derive the key from the BDK.

Event Param LPWFSPINDUKPTKSN lpKSN;

typedef struct _ wfs_pin_dukpt_ksn
{
 LPSTR lpsKey;
 LPWFSXDATA lpxKSN;
 WFSPINDUKPTKSN, *LPWFSPINDUKPTKSN;

lpsKey

Specifies the name of the DUKPT Key derivation key.

lpxKSN

Pointer to the structure that contains the KSN.

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7. C - Header File

```
* xfspin.h XFS - Personal Identification Number Keypad (PIN) definitions
              Version 3.40 (December 6 2019)
*****
#ifndef __INC_XFSPIN__H
#define INC XFSPIN H
#ifdef __cplu
extern "C" {
         cplusplus
#endif
#include <xfsapi.h>
/* be aware of alignment */
#pragma pack(push,1)
/* values of WFSPINCAPS.wClass */
#define WFS SERVICE CLASS PIN
                                                             (4)
#define WFS_SERVICE_CLASS_VERSION PIN
                                                             (0x2803) /* Version 3.40 */
#define WFS_SERVICE_CLASS_NAME PIN
                                                             "PIN"
#define PIN SERVICE OFFSET
                                                             (WFS SERVICE CLASS PIN * 100)
/* PIN Info Commands */
#define WFS_INF_PIN_STATUS
#define WFS_INF_PIN_CAPABILITIES
#define WFS_INF_PIN_KEY_DETAIL
                                                            (PIN_SERVICE_OFFSET + 1)
                                                            (PIN_SERVICE_OFFSET + 2)
(PIN_SERVICE_OFFSET + 4)
#define WFS INF PIN FUNCKEY DETAIL
                                                           (PIN SERVICE OFFSET + 5)
#define WFS INF PIN HSM TDATA
                                                            (PIN SERVICE OFFSET + 6)
#define WFS INF PIN KEY DETAIL EX
                                                            (PIN SERVICE OFFSET + 7)

      #define WFS_INF_PIN_SECUREKEY_DETAIL
      (PIN_SERVICE_OFFSET + 8)

      #define WFS_INF_PIN_QUERY_LOGICAL_HSM_DETAIL
      (PIN_SERVICE_OFFSET + 9)

      #define WFS_INF_PIN_QUERY_PCIPTS_DEVICE_ID
      (PIN_SERVICE_OFFSET + 10)

#define WFS INF PIN GET LAYOUT
                                                            (PIN SERVICE OFFSET + 11)
#define WFS INF PIN KEY DETAIL 340
                                                             (PIN SERVICE OFFSET + 12)
/* PIN Command Verbs */
#define WFS CMD PIN CRYPT
                                                            (PIN SERVICE OFFSET + 1)
#define WFS CMD PIN IMPORT KEY
                                                            (PIN SERVICE OFFSET + 3)
#define WFS_CMD_PIN_GET_PIN
                                                            (PIN SERVICE OFFSET + 5)
#define WFS_CMD_PIN_GET_PINBLOCK
#define WFS_CMD_PIN_GET_DATA
#define WFS_CMD_PIN_INITIALIZATION
                                                             (PIN_SERVICE_OFFSET + 7)
(PIN_SERVICE_OFFSET + 8)
                                                            (PIN SERVICE OFFSET + 9)
#define WFS_CMD_PIN_LOCAL_DES
                                                            (PIN SERVICE OFFSET + 10)
                                                            (PIN_SERVICE OFFSET + 11)
#define WFS_CMD_PIN_LOCAL_EUROCHEQUE
                                                           (PIN_SERVICE_OFFSET + 12)
(PIN_SERVICE_OFFSET + 13)
(PIN_SERVICE_OFFSET + 14)
#define WFS_CMD_PIN_LOCAL_VISA
#define WFS_CMD_PIN_CREATE_OFFSET
#define WFS_CMD_PIN_DERIVE_KEY
#define WFS CMD PIN PRESENT IDC
                                                            (PIN SERVICE OFFSET + 15)
#define WFS_CMD_PIN_LOCAL BANKSYS
                                                            (PIN SERVICE OFFSET + 16)
#define WFS_CMD_PIN_BANKSYS_IO
                                                            (PIN_SERVICE_OFFSET + 17)
#define WFS_CMD_PIN_RESET
#define WFS_CMD_PIN_HSM_SET_TDATA
                                                            (PIN_SERVICE_OFFSET + 18)
(PIN_SERVICE_OFFSET + 19)
(PIN_SERVICE_OFFSET + 20)
#define WFS_CMD_PIN_SECURE MSG_SEND
                                                     (FIN_SERVICE_OFFSET + 20)
(PIN_SERVICE_OFFSET + 21)
#define WFS CMD PIN_SECURE_MSG_RECEIVE
#define WFS CMD PIN GET JOURNAL
                                                            (PIN SERVICE OFFSET + 22)
#define WFS_CMD_PIN_IMPORT_KEY_EX
                                                             (PIN_SERVICE_OFFSET + 23)
#define WFS CMD PIN ENC IO
                                                             (PIN SERVICE OFFSET + 24)
```

#define WFS_CMD_PIN_HSM_INIT	(PIN_SERVICE_OFFSET + 25)
#define WFS_CMD_PIN_IMPORT_RSA_PUBLIC_KEY	(PIN SERVICE OFFSET + 26)
#define WFS_CMD_PIN_EXPORT_RSA_ISSUER_SIGNED_ITEM	(PIN SERVICE OFFSET + 27)
#define WFS_CMD_PIN_IMPORT_RSA_SIGNED_DES_KEY	(PIN SERVICE OFFSET + 28)
#define WFS CMD PIN GENERATE RSA KEY PAIR	(PIN SERVICE OFFSET + 29)
#define WFS_CMD_PIN_EXPORT_RSA_EPP_SIGNED_ITEM	(PIN_SERVICE_OFFSET + 30)
#define WFS_CMD_PIN_LOAD_CERTIFICATE	(PIN_SERVICE_OFFSET + 31)
#define WFS_CMD_PIN_GET_CERTIFICATE	(PIN_SERVICE_OFFSET + 32)
#define WFS_CMD_PIN_REPLACE_CERTIFICATE	(PIN SERVICE OFFSET + 33)
#define WFS_CMD_PIN_START KEY EXCHANGE	(PIN SERVICE OFFSET + 34)
#define WFS CMD PIN IMPORT RSA ENCIPHERED PKCS7 KE	
#define WFS_CMD_FIN_IMFORT_RSA_ENCIFIERED_FRCS/_RE #define WFS_CMD_FIN_ENV_IMPORT_PUBLIC_KEY	
	(PIN_SERVICE_OFFSET + 36)
#define WFS_CMD_PIN_DIGEST	(PIN_SERVICE_OFFSET + 37)
#define WFS_CMD_PIN_SECUREKEY_ENTRY	(PIN_SERVICE_OFFSET + 38)
#define WFS_CMD_PIN_GENERATE KCV	(PIN SERVICE OFFSET + 39)
#define WFS_CMD_PIN_GENERATE_KCV #define WFS_CMD_PIN_SET_GUIDANCE_LIGHT	(PIN SERVICE OFFSET + 41)
#define WFS_CMD_PIN_MAINTAIN_PIN	(PIN SERVICE OFFSET + 42)
#define WFS_CMD_PIN_KEYPRESS_BEEP	(PIN_SERVICE_OFFSET + 43)
#define WFS_CMD_PIN_SET_PINBLOCK_DATA	(PIN_SERVICE_OFFSET + 44)
	(PIN_SERVICE_OFFSET + 45)
#define WFS CMD PIN IMPORT KEYBLOCK	(PIN SERVICE OFFSET + 46)
#define WFS_CMD_PIN_POWER_SAVE_CONTROL	(PIN SERVICE OFFSET + 47)
#define WFS CMD PIN LOAD CERTIFICATE EX	(PIN SERVICE OFFSET + 48)
#define WFS_CMD_PIN_IMPORT_RSA_ENCIPHERED_PKCS7_KE	
#define WFS_CMD_PIN_DEFINE_LAYOUT	(PIN_SERVICE_OFFSET + 50)
#define WFS_CMD_PIN_START_AUTHENTICATE	(PIN_SERVICE_OFFSET + 51)
#define WFS_CMD_PIN_AUTHENTICATE	(PIN SERVICE OFFSET + 52)
#define WFS_CMD_PIN_AUTHENTICATE #define WFS_CMD_PIN_GET_PINBLOCK_EX #define WFS_CMD_PIN_SYNCHRONIZE_COMMAND	(PIN SERVICE OFFSET + 53)
#dofino WES CMD DIN SYNCHDONIZE COMMAND	(PIN SERVICE OFFSET + 54)
#define WEG_CMD_DIN_CDVDE_240	
#define WFS_CMD_PIN_CRYPT_340	(PIN_SERVICE_OFFSET + 55)
#define WFS_CMD_PIN_IMPORT_KEY_340	(PIN_SERVICE_OFFSET + 56)
#define WFS_CMD_PIN_GET_PINBLOCK_340	(PIN_SERVICE_OFFSET + 57)
/* PIN Messages */	
#define WFS_EXEE_PIN_KEY	(PIN_SERVICE_OFFSET + 1)
	(PIN_SERVICE_OFFSET + 2)
	(PIN_SERVICE_OFFSET + 2) (PIN_SERVICE_OFFSET + 3)
#define WFS_SRVE_PIN_INITIALIZED #define WFS_SRVE_PIN_ILLEGAL_KEY_ACCESS #define WFS_SRVE_PIN_OPT_REQUIRED	(PIN_SERVICE_OFFSET + 2) (PIN_SERVICE_OFFSET + 3) (PIN_SERVICE_OFFSET + 4)
#define WFS_SRVE_PIN_INITIALIZED #define WFS_SRVE_PIN_ILLEGAL_KEY_ACCESS #define WFS_SRVE_PIN_OPT_REQUIRED #define WFS_SRVE_PIN_HSM_TDATA_CHANGED	(PIN_SERVICE_OFFSET + 2) (PIN_SERVICE_OFFSET + 3) (PIN_SERVICE_OFFSET + 4) (PIN_SERVICE_OFFSET + 5)
<pre>#define WFS_SRVE_PIN_INITIALIZED #define WFS_SRVE_PIN_ILLEGAL_KEY_ACCESS #define WFS_SRVE_PIN_OPT_REQUIRED #define WFS_SRVE_PIN_HSM_TDATA_CHANGED #define WFS_SRVE_PIN_CERTIFICATE_CHANGE</pre>	(PIN_SERVICE_OFFSET + 2) (PIN_SERVICE_OFFSET + 3) (PIN_SERVICE_OFFSET + 4) (PIN_SERVICE_OFFSET + 5) (PIN_SERVICE_OFFSET + 6)
<pre>#define WFS_SRVE_PIN_INITIALIZED #define WFS_SRVE_PIN_ILLEGAL_KEY_ACCESS #define WFS_SRVE_PIN_OPT_REQUIRED #define WFS_SRVE_PIN_HSM_TDATA_CHANGED #define WFS_SRVE_PIN_CERTIFICATE_CHANGE #define WFS_SRVE_PIN_HSM_CHANGED</pre>	<pre>(PIN_SERVICE_OFFSET + 2) (PIN_SERVICE_OFFSET + 3) (PIN_SERVICE_OFFSET + 4) (PIN_SERVICE_OFFSET + 5) (PIN_SERVICE_OFFSET + 6) (PIN_SERVICE_OFFSET + 7)</pre>
<pre>#define WFS_SRVE_PIN_INITIALIZED #define WFS_SRVE_PIN_ILLEGAL_KEY_ACCESS #define WFS_SRVE_PIN_OPT_REQUIRED #define WFS_SRVE_PIN_HSM_TDATA_CHANGED #define WFS_SRVE_PIN_CERTIFICATE_CHANGE</pre>	(PIN_SERVICE_OFFSET + 2) (PIN_SERVICE_OFFSET + 3) (PIN_SERVICE_OFFSET + 4) (PIN_SERVICE_OFFSET + 5) (PIN_SERVICE_OFFSET + 6)
<pre>#define WFS_SRVE_PIN_INITIALIZED #define WFS_SRVE_PIN_ILLEGAL_KEY_ACCESS #define WFS_SRVE_PIN_OPT_REQUIRED #define WFS_SRVE_PIN_HSM_TDATA_CHANGED #define WFS_SRVE_PIN_CERTIFICATE_CHANGE #define WFS_SRVE_PIN_HSM_CHANGED #define WFS_EXEE_PIN_ENTERDATA</pre>	<pre>(PIN_SERVICE_OFFSET + 2) (PIN_SERVICE_OFFSET + 3) (PIN_SERVICE_OFFSET + 4) (PIN_SERVICE_OFFSET + 5) (PIN_SERVICE_OFFSET + 6) (PIN_SERVICE_OFFSET + 7) (PIN_SERVICE_OFFSET + 8)</pre>
<pre>#define WFS_SRVE_PIN_INITIALIZED #define WFS_SRVE_PIN_ILLEGAL_KEY_ACCESS #define WFS_SRVE_PIN_OPT_REQUIRED #define WFS_SRVE_PIN_HSM_TDATA_CHANGED #define WFS_SRVE_PIN_CERTIFICATE_CHANGE #define WFS_SRVE_PIN_HSM_CHANGED #define WFS_SRVE_PIN_ENTERDATA #define WFS_SRVE_PIN_DEVICEPOSITION</pre>	<pre>(PIN_SERVICE_OFFSET + 2) (PIN_SERVICE_OFFSET + 3) (PIN_SERVICE_OFFSET + 4) (PIN_SERVICE_OFFSET + 5) (PIN_SERVICE_OFFSET + 6) (PIN_SERVICE_OFFSET + 7) (PIN_SERVICE_OFFSET + 8) (PIN_SERVICE_OFFSET + 9)</pre>
<pre>#define WFS_SRVE_PIN_INITIALIZED #define WFS_SRVE_PIN_ILLEGAL_KEY_ACCESS #define WFS_SRVE_PIN_OPT_REQUIRED #define WFS_SRVE_PIN_HSM_TDATA_CHANGED #define WFS_SRVE_PIN_CERTIFICATE_CHANGE #define WFS_SRVE_PIN_HSM_CHANGED #define WFS_SRVE_PIN_ENTERDATA #define WFS_SRVE_PIN_DEVICEPOSITION #define WFS_SRVE_PIN_POWER_SAVE_CHANGE</pre>	<pre>(PIN_SERVICE_OFFSET + 2) (PIN_SERVICE_OFFSET + 3) (PIN_SERVICE_OFFSET + 4) (PIN_SERVICE_OFFSET + 5) (PIN_SERVICE_OFFSET + 6) (PIN_SERVICE_OFFSET + 7) (PIN_SERVICE_OFFSET + 8) (PIN_SERVICE_OFFSET + 9) (PIN_SERVICE_OFFSET + 10)</pre>
<pre>#define WFS_SRVE_PIN_INITIALIZED #define WFS_SRVE_PIN_ILLEGAL_KEY_ACCESS #define WFS_SRVE_PIN_OPT_REQUIRED #define WFS_SRVE_PIN_HSM_TDATA_CHANGED #define WFS_SRVE_PIN_CERTIFICATE_CHANGE #define WFS_SRVE_PIN_HSM_CHANGED #define WFS_SRVE_PIN_ENTERDATA #define WFS_SRVE_PIN_DEVICEPOSITION #define WFS_SRVE_PIN_DEVICEPOSITION #define WFS_SRVE_PIN_POWER_SAVE_CHANGE #define WFS_EXEE_PIN_LAYOUT</pre>	<pre>(PIN_SERVICE_OFFSET + 2) (PIN_SERVICE_OFFSET + 3) (PIN_SERVICE_OFFSET + 4) (PIN_SERVICE_OFFSET + 5) (PIN_SERVICE_OFFSET + 6) (PIN_SERVICE_OFFSET + 7) (PIN_SERVICE_OFFSET + 8) (PIN_SERVICE_OFFSET + 9) (PIN_SERVICE_OFFSET + 10) (PIN_SERVICE_OFFSET + 11)</pre>
<pre>#define WFS_SRVE_PIN_INITIALIZED #define WFS_SRVE_PIN_ILLEGAL_KEY_ACCESS #define WFS_SRVE_PIN_OPT_REQUIRED #define WFS_SRVE_PIN_HSM_TDATA_CHANGED #define WFS_SRVE_PIN_CERTIFICATE_CHANGE #define WFS_SRVE_PIN_HSM_CHANGED #define WFS_SRVE_PIN_ENTERDATA #define WFS_SRVE_PIN_DEVICEPOSITION #define WFS_SRVE_PIN_POWER_SAVE_CHANGE</pre>	<pre>(PIN_SERVICE_OFFSET + 2) (PIN_SERVICE_OFFSET + 3) (PIN_SERVICE_OFFSET + 4) (PIN_SERVICE_OFFSET + 5) (PIN_SERVICE_OFFSET + 6) (PIN_SERVICE_OFFSET + 7) (PIN_SERVICE_OFFSET + 8) (PIN_SERVICE_OFFSET + 9) (PIN_SERVICE_OFFSET + 10)</pre>
<pre>#define WFS_SRVE_PIN_INITIALIZED #define WFS_SRVE_PIN_ILLEGAL_KEY_ACCESS #define WFS_SRVE_PIN_OPT_REQUIRED #define WFS_SRVE_PIN_HSM_TDATA_CHANGED #define WFS_SRVE_PIN_CERTIFICATE_CHANGE #define WFS_SRVE_PIN_HSM_CHANGED #define WFS_SRVE_PIN_ENTERDATA #define WFS_SRVE_PIN_DEVICEPOSITION #define WFS_SRVE_PIN_DEVICEPOSITION #define WFS_SRVE_PIN_POWER_SAVE_CHANGE #define WFS_EXEE_PIN_LAYOUT</pre>	<pre>(PIN_SERVICE_OFFSET + 2) (PIN_SERVICE_OFFSET + 3) (PIN_SERVICE_OFFSET + 4) (PIN_SERVICE_OFFSET + 5) (PIN_SERVICE_OFFSET + 6) (PIN_SERVICE_OFFSET + 7) (PIN_SERVICE_OFFSET + 8) (PIN_SERVICE_OFFSET + 9) (PIN_SERVICE_OFFSET + 10) (PIN_SERVICE_OFFSET + 11)</pre>
<pre>#define WFS_SRVE_PIN_INITIALIZED #define WFS_SRVE_PIN_ILLEGAL_KEY_ACCESS #define WFS_SRVE_PIN_OPT_REQUIRED #define WFS_SRVE_PIN_HSM_TDATA_CHANGED #define WFS_SRVE_PIN_CERTIFICATE_CHANGE #define WFS_SRVE_PIN_HSM_CHANGED #define WFS_EXEE_PIN_ENTERDATA #define WFS_SRVE_PIN_DEVICEPOSITION #define WFS_SRVE_PIN_DEVICEPOSITION #define WFS_EXEE_PIN_DOWER_SAVE_CHANGE #define WFS_EXEE_PIN_LAYOUT #define WFS_EXEE_PIN_DUKPT_KSN /* values of WFSPINSTATUS.fwDevice */</pre>	<pre>(PIN_SERVICE_OFFSET + 2) (PIN_SERVICE_OFFSET + 3) (PIN_SERVICE_OFFSET + 4) (PIN_SERVICE_OFFSET + 5) (PIN_SERVICE_OFFSET + 6) (PIN_SERVICE_OFFSET + 7) (PIN_SERVICE_OFFSET + 8) (PIN_SERVICE_OFFSET + 10) (PIN_SERVICE_OFFSET + 11) (PIN_SERVICE_OFFSET + 12)</pre>
<pre>#define WFS_SRVE_PIN_INITIALIZED #define WFS_SRVE_PIN_ILLEGAL_KEY_ACCESS #define WFS_SRVE_PIN_OPT_REQUIRED #define WFS_SRVE_PIN_HSM_TDATA_CHANGED #define WFS_SRVE_PIN_CERTIFICATE_CHANGE #define WFS_SRVE_PIN_HSM_CHANGED #define WFS_SRVE_PIN_DEVICEPOSITION #define WFS_SRVE_PIN_DEVICEPOSITION #define WFS_SRVE_PIN_POWER_SAVE_CHANGE #define WFS_EXEE_PIN_LAYOUT #define WFS_EXEE_PIN_DUKPT_KSN /* values of WFSPINSTATUS.fwDevice */ #define WFS_PIN_DEVONLINE</pre>	<pre>(PIN_SERVICE_OFFSET + 2) (PIN_SERVICE_OFFSET + 3) (PIN_SERVICE_OFFSET + 4) (PIN_SERVICE_OFFSET + 5) (PIN_SERVICE_OFFSET + 6) (PIN_SERVICE_OFFSET + 7) (PIN_SERVICE_OFFSET + 8) (PIN_SERVICE_OFFSET + 10) (PIN_SERVICE_OFFSET + 10) (PIN_SERVICE_OFFSET + 11) (PIN_SERVICE_OFFSET + 12) WFS_STAT_DEVONLINE</pre>
<pre>#define WFS_SRVE_PIN_INITIALIZED #define WFS_SRVE_PIN_ILLEGAL_KEY_ACCESS #define WFS_SRVE_PIN_OPT_REQUIRED #define WFS_SRVE_PIN_HSM_TDATA_CHANGED #define WFS_SRVE_PIN_CERTIFICATE_CHANGE #define WFS_SRVE_PIN_HSM_CHANGED #define WFS_SRVE_PIN_DEVICEPOSITION #define WFS_SRVE_PIN_DEVICEPOSITION #define WFS_SRVE_PIN_POWER_SAVE_CHANGE #define WFS_EXEE_PIN_LAYOUT #define WFS_EXEE_PIN_DUKPT_KSN /* values of WFSPINSTATUS.fwDevice */ #define WFS_PIN_DEVONLINE #define WFS_PIN_DEVOFFLINE</pre>	<pre>(PIN_SERVICE_OFFSET + 2) (PIN_SERVICE_OFFSET + 3) (PIN_SERVICE_OFFSET + 4) (PIN_SERVICE_OFFSET + 5) (PIN_SERVICE_OFFSET + 6) (PIN_SERVICE_OFFSET + 7) (PIN_SERVICE_OFFSET + 7) (PIN_SERVICE_OFFSET + 8) (PIN_SERVICE_OFFSET + 10) (PIN_SERVICE_OFFSET + 11) (PIN_SERVICE_OFFSET + 12) WFS_STAT_DEVONLINE WFS_STAT_DEVONLINE</pre>
<pre>#define WFS_SRVE_PIN_INITIALIZED #define WFS_SRVE_PIN_ILLEGAL_KEY_ACCESS #define WFS_SRVE_PIN_OPT_REQUIRED #define WFS_SRVE_PIN_HSM_TDATA_CHANGED #define WFS_SRVE_PIN_CERTIFICATE_CHANGE #define WFS_SRVE_PIN_HSM_CHANGED #define WFS_SRVE_PIN_DEVICEPOSITION #define WFS_SRVE_PIN_DEVICEPOSITION #define WFS_SRVE_PIN_POWER_SAVE_CHANGE #define WFS_EXEE_PIN_LAYOUT #define WFS_EXEE_PIN_DUKPT_KSN /* values of WFSPINSTATUS.fwDevice */ #define WFS_PIN_DEVONLINE #define WFS_PIN_DEVOFFLINE #define WFS_PIN_DEVOFFLINE #define WFS_PIN_DEVPOWEROFF</pre>	<pre>(PIN_SERVICE_OFFSET + 2) (PIN_SERVICE_OFFSET + 3) (PIN_SERVICE_OFFSET + 4) (PIN_SERVICE_OFFSET + 5) (PIN_SERVICE_OFFSET + 5) (PIN_SERVICE_OFFSET + 7) (PIN_SERVICE_OFFSET + 7) (PIN_SERVICE_OFFSET + 8) (PIN_SERVICE_OFFSET + 10) (PIN_SERVICE_OFFSET + 10) (PIN_SERVICE_OFFSET + 11) (PIN_SERVICE_OFFSET + 12) WFS_STAT_DEVONLINE WFS_STAT_DEVONLINE WFS_STAT_DEVOFFLINE WFS_STAT_DEVPOWEROFF</pre>
<pre>#define WFS_SRVE_PIN_INITIALIZED #define WFS_SRVE_PIN_ILLEGAL_KEY_ACCESS #define WFS_SRVE_PIN_OPT_REQUIRED #define WFS_SRVE_PIN_OPT_REQUIRED #define WFS_SRVE_PIN_CERTIFICATE_CHANGED #define WFS_SRVE_PIN_CERTIFICATE_CHANGE #define WFS_SRVE_PIN_ENTERDATA #define WFS_SRVE_PIN_DEVICEPOSITION #define WFS_SRVE_PIN_DEVICEPOSITION #define WFS_SRVE_PIN_POWER_SAVE_CHANGE #define WFS_EXEE_PIN_LAYOUT #define WFS_EXEE_PIN_DUKPT_KSN /* values of WFSPINSTATUS.fwDevice */ #define WFS_PIN_DEVONLINE #define WFS_PIN_DEVOFFLINE #define WFS_PIN_DEVPOWEROFF #define WFS_PIN_DEVNODEVICE</pre>	<pre>(PIN_SERVICE_OFFSET + 2) (PIN_SERVICE_OFFSET + 3) (PIN_SERVICE_OFFSET + 4) (PIN_SERVICE_OFFSET + 4) (PIN_SERVICE_OFFSET + 5) (PIN_SERVICE_OFFSET + 7) (PIN_SERVICE_OFFSET + 7) (PIN_SERVICE_OFFSET + 8) (PIN_SERVICE_OFFSET + 10) (PIN_SERVICE_OFFSET + 10) (PIN_SERVICE_OFFSET + 11) (PIN_SERVICE_OFFSET + 12) WFS_STAT_DEVONLINE WFS_STAT_DEVONLINE WFS_STAT_DEVONLINE WFS_STAT_DEVONEROFF WFS_STAT_DEVNODEVICE</pre>
<pre>#define WFS_SRVE_PIN_INITIALIZED #define WFS_SRVE_PIN_ILLEGAL_KEY_ACCESS #define WFS_SRVE_PIN_OPT_REQUIRED #define WFS_SRVE_PIN_OPT_REQUIRED #define WFS_SRVE_PIN_CERTIFICATE_CHANGED #define WFS_SRVE_PIN_ENTERDATA #define WFS_SRVE_PIN_DEVICEPOSITION #define WFS_SRVE_PIN_DEVICEPOSITION #define WFS_SRVE_PIN_POWER_SAVE_CHANGE #define WFS_EXEE_PIN_LAYOUT #define WFS_EXEE_PIN_DUKPT_KSN /* values of WFSPINSTATUS.fwDevice */ #define WFS_PIN_DEVONLINE #define WFS_PIN_DEVOFFLINE #define WFS_PIN_DEVOOFFF #define WFS_PIN_DEVNODEVICE #define WFS_PIN_DEVNODEVICE #define WFS_PIN_DEVNODEVICE #define WFS_PIN_DEVHWERROR</pre>	<pre>(PIN_SERVICE_OFFSET + 2) (PIN_SERVICE_OFFSET + 3) (PIN_SERVICE_OFFSET + 4) (PIN_SERVICE_OFFSET + 5) (PIN_SERVICE_OFFSET + 5) (PIN_SERVICE_OFFSET + 7) (PIN_SERVICE_OFFSET + 7) (PIN_SERVICE_OFFSET + 8) (PIN_SERVICE_OFFSET + 10) (PIN_SERVICE_OFFSET + 10) (PIN_SERVICE_OFFSET + 11) (PIN_SERVICE_OFFSET + 12) WFS_STAT_DEVONLINE WFS_STAT_DEVONLINE WFS_STAT_DEVOFFLINE WFS_STAT_DEVPOWEROFF</pre>
<pre>#define WFS_SRVE_PIN_INITIALIZED #define WFS_SRVE_PIN_ILLEGAL_KEY_ACCESS #define WFS_SRVE_PIN_OPT_REQUIRED #define WFS_SRVE_PIN_OPT_REQUIRED #define WFS_SRVE_PIN_CERTIFICATE_CHANGED #define WFS_SRVE_PIN_CERTIFICATE_CHANGE #define WFS_SRVE_PIN_ENTERDATA #define WFS_SRVE_PIN_DEVICEPOSITION #define WFS_SRVE_PIN_DEVICEPOSITION #define WFS_SRVE_PIN_POWER_SAVE_CHANGE #define WFS_EXEE_PIN_LAYOUT #define WFS_EXEE_PIN_DUKPT_KSN /* values of WFSPINSTATUS.fwDevice */ #define WFS_PIN_DEVONLINE #define WFS_PIN_DEVOFFLINE #define WFS_PIN_DEVPOWEROFF #define WFS_PIN_DEVNODEVICE</pre>	<pre>(PIN_SERVICE_OFFSET + 2) (PIN_SERVICE_OFFSET + 3) (PIN_SERVICE_OFFSET + 4) (PIN_SERVICE_OFFSET + 4) (PIN_SERVICE_OFFSET + 5) (PIN_SERVICE_OFFSET + 6) (PIN_SERVICE_OFFSET + 7) (PIN_SERVICE_OFFSET + 8) (PIN_SERVICE_OFFSET + 10) (PIN_SERVICE_OFFSET + 10) (PIN_SERVICE_OFFSET + 11) (PIN_SERVICE_OFFSET + 12) WFS_STAT_DEVONLINE WFS_STAT_DEVONLINE WFS_STAT_DEVOFFLINE WFS_STAT_DEVPOWEROFF WFS_STAT_DEVNODEVICE</pre>
<pre>#define WFS_SRVE_PIN_INITIALIZED #define WFS_SRVE_PIN_ILLEGAL_KEY_ACCESS #define WFS_SRVE_PIN_OPT_REQUIRED #define WFS_SRVE_PIN_HSM_TDATA_CHANGED #define WFS_SRVE_PIN_CERTIFICATE_CHANGE #define WFS_SRVE_PIN_ENTERDATA #define WFS_SRVE_PIN_DEVICEPOSITION #define WFS_SRVE_PIN_DEVICEPOSITION #define WFS_SRVE_PIN_POWER_SAVE_CHANGE #define WFS_EXEE_PIN_LAYOUT #define WFS_EXEE_PIN_DUKPT_KSN /* values of WFSPINSTATUS.fwDevice */ #define WFS_PIN_DEVOFFLINE #define WFS_PIN_DEVOFFLINE #define WFS_PIN_DEVNODEVICE #define WFS_PIN_DEVNODEVICE #define WFS_PIN_DEVNODEVICE #define WFS_PIN_DEVNODEVICE #define WFS_PIN_DEVHWERROR #define WFS_PIN_DEVUSERERROR</pre>	<pre>(PIN_SERVICE_OFFSET + 2) (PIN_SERVICE_OFFSET + 3) (PIN_SERVICE_OFFSET + 4) (PIN_SERVICE_OFFSET + 4) (PIN_SERVICE_OFFSET + 5) (PIN_SERVICE_OFFSET + 7) (PIN_SERVICE_OFFSET + 7) (PIN_SERVICE_OFFSET + 8) (PIN_SERVICE_OFFSET + 10) (PIN_SERVICE_OFFSET + 10) (PIN_SERVICE_OFFSET + 11) (PIN_SERVICE_OFFSET + 11) (PIN_SERVICE_OFFSET + 12) WFS_STAT_DEVONLINE WFS_STAT_DEVONLINE WFS_STAT_DEVONEROFF WFS_STAT_DEVNODEVICE WFS_STAT_DEVHWERROR WFS_STAT_DEVHWERROR WFS_STAT_DEVUSERERROR</pre>
<pre>#define WFS_SRVE_PIN_INITIALIZED #define WFS_SRVE_PIN_ILLEGAL_KEY_ACCESS #define WFS_SRVE_PIN_OPT_REQUIRED #define WFS_SRVE_PIN_OPT_REQUIRED #define WFS_SRVE_PIN_CERTIFICATE_CHANGED #define WFS_SRVE_PIN_CERTIFICATE_CHANGE #define WFS_SRVE_PIN_DEVICEPOSITION #define WFS_SRVE_PIN_DEVICEPOSITION #define WFS_SRVE_PIN_DEVICEPOSITION #define WFS_SRVE_PIN_DEVICEPOSITION #define WFS_EXEE_PIN_LAYOUT #define WFS_EXEE_PIN_DUKPT_KSN /* values of WFSPINSTATUS.fwDevice */ #define WFS_PIN_DEVOFFLINE #define WFS_PIN_DEVOFFLINE #define WFS_PIN_DEVNODEVICE #define WFS_PIN_DEVNODEVICE #define WFS_PIN_DEVNODEVICE #define WFS_PIN_DEVNODEVICE #define WFS_PIN_DEVNODEVICE #define WFS_PIN_DEVNODEVICE #define WFS_PIN_DEVNODEVICE #define WFS_PIN_DEVUSERERROR #define WFS_PIN_DEVBUSY</pre>	<pre>(PIN_SERVICE_OFFSET + 2) (PIN_SERVICE_OFFSET + 3) (PIN_SERVICE_OFFSET + 4) (PIN_SERVICE_OFFSET + 4) (PIN_SERVICE_OFFSET + 5) (PIN_SERVICE_OFFSET + 6) (PIN_SERVICE_OFFSET + 7) (PIN_SERVICE_OFFSET + 8) (PIN_SERVICE_OFFSET + 10) (PIN_SERVICE_OFFSET + 10) (PIN_SERVICE_OFFSET + 11) (PIN_SERVICE_OFFSET + 11) (PIN_SERVICE_OFFSET + 12) WFS_STAT_DEVONLINE WFS_STAT_DEVONLINE WFS_STAT_DEVONEROFF WFS_STAT_DEVNODEVICE WFS_STAT_DEVNODEVICE WFS_STAT_DEVNODEVICE WFS_STAT_DEVUSERERROR WFS_STAT_DEVUSERERROR WFS_STAT_DEVBUSY</pre>
<pre>#define WFS_SRVE_PIN_INITIALIZED #define WFS_SRVE_PIN_OPT_REQUIRED #define WFS_SRVE_PIN_OPT_REQUIRED #define WFS_SRVE_PIN_HSM_TDATA_CHANGED #define WFS_SRVE_PIN_CERTIFICATE_CHANGE #define WFS_SRVE_PIN_DENTERDATA #define WFS_SRVE_PIN_DEVICEPOSITION #define WFS_SRVE_PIN_DEVICEPOSITION #define WFS_SRVE_PIN_DEVICEPOSITION #define WFS_EXEE_PIN_LAYOUT #define WFS_EXEE_PIN_DUKPT_KSN /* values of WFSPINSTATUS.fwDevice */ #define WFS_PIN_DEVOFFLINE #define WFS_PIN_DEVOFFLINE #define WFS_PIN_DEVNODEVICE #define WFS_PIN_DEVNODEVICE #d</pre>	<pre>(PIN_SERVICE_OFFSET + 2) (PIN_SERVICE_OFFSET + 3) (PIN_SERVICE_OFFSET + 4) (PIN_SERVICE_OFFSET + 4) (PIN_SERVICE_OFFSET + 5) (PIN_SERVICE_OFFSET + 6) (PIN_SERVICE_OFFSET + 7) (PIN_SERVICE_OFFSET + 8) (PIN_SERVICE_OFFSET + 10) (PIN_SERVICE_OFFSET + 10) (PIN_SERVICE_OFFSET + 11) (PIN_SERVICE_OFFSET + 11) (PIN_SERVICE_OFFSET + 12) WFS_STAT_DEVONLINE WFS_STAT_DEVONLINE WFS_STAT_DEVONEROFF WFS_STAT_DEVNODEVICE WFS_STAT_DEVNODEVICE WFS_STAT_DEVUSERERROR WFS_STAT_DEVUSERERROR WFS_STAT_DEVUSERERROR WFS_STAT_DEVENUSY WFS_STAT_DEVFRAUDATTEMPT</pre>
<pre>#define WFS_SRVE_PIN_INITIALIZED #define WFS_SRVE_PIN_ILLEGAL_KEY_ACCESS #define WFS_SRVE_PIN_OPT_REQUIRED #define WFS_SRVE_PIN_OPT_REQUIRED #define WFS_SRVE_PIN_CERTIFICATE_CHANGED #define WFS_SRVE_PIN_CERTIFICATE_CHANGE #define WFS_SRVE_PIN_DEVICEPOSITION #define WFS_SRVE_PIN_DEVICEPOSITION #define WFS_SRVE_PIN_DEVICEPOSITION #define WFS_SRVE_PIN_DEVICEPOSITION #define WFS_EXEE_PIN_LAYOUT #define WFS_EXEE_PIN_DUKPT_KSN /* values of WFSPINSTATUS.fwDevice */ #define WFS_PIN_DEVOFFLINE #define WFS_PIN_DEVOFFLINE #define WFS_PIN_DEVNODEVICE #define WFS_PIN_DEVNODEVICE #define WFS_PIN_DEVNODEVICE #define WFS_PIN_DEVNODEVICE #define WFS_PIN_DEVNODEVICE #define WFS_PIN_DEVNODEVICE #define WFS_PIN_DEVNODEVICE #define WFS_PIN_DEVUSERERROR #define WFS_PIN_DEVBUSY</pre>	<pre>(PIN_SERVICE_OFFSET + 2) (PIN_SERVICE_OFFSET + 3) (PIN_SERVICE_OFFSET + 4) (PIN_SERVICE_OFFSET + 4) (PIN_SERVICE_OFFSET + 5) (PIN_SERVICE_OFFSET + 6) (PIN_SERVICE_OFFSET + 7) (PIN_SERVICE_OFFSET + 8) (PIN_SERVICE_OFFSET + 10) (PIN_SERVICE_OFFSET + 10) (PIN_SERVICE_OFFSET + 11) (PIN_SERVICE_OFFSET + 11) (PIN_SERVICE_OFFSET + 12) WFS_STAT_DEVONLINE WFS_STAT_DEVONLINE WFS_STAT_DEVONEROFF WFS_STAT_DEVNODEVICE WFS_STAT_DEVNODEVICE WFS_STAT_DEVNODEVICE WFS_STAT_DEVUSERERROR WFS_STAT_DEVUSERERROR WFS_STAT_DEVBUSY</pre>
<pre>#define WFS_SRVE_PIN_INITIALIZED #define WFS_SRVE_PIN_OPT_REQUIRED #define WFS_SRVE_PIN_OPT_REQUIRED #define WFS_SRVE_PIN_HSM_TDATA_CHANGED #define WFS_SRVE_PIN_CERTIFICATE_CHANGE #define WFS_SRVE_PIN_DENTERDATA #define WFS_SRVE_PIN_DEVICEPOSITION #define WFS_SRVE_PIN_DEVICEPOSITION #define WFS_SRVE_PIN_DEVICEPOSITION #define WFS_EXEE_PIN_LAYOUT #define WFS_EXEE_PIN_DUKPT_KSN /* values of WFSPINSTATUS.fwDevice */ #define WFS_PIN_DEVOFFLINE #define WFS_PIN_DEVOFFLINE #define WFS_PIN_DEVNODEVICE #define WFS_PIN_DEVNODEVICE #d</pre>	<pre>(PIN_SERVICE_OFFSET + 2) (PIN_SERVICE_OFFSET + 3) (PIN_SERVICE_OFFSET + 4) (PIN_SERVICE_OFFSET + 4) (PIN_SERVICE_OFFSET + 5) (PIN_SERVICE_OFFSET + 6) (PIN_SERVICE_OFFSET + 7) (PIN_SERVICE_OFFSET + 8) (PIN_SERVICE_OFFSET + 10) (PIN_SERVICE_OFFSET + 10) (PIN_SERVICE_OFFSET + 11) (PIN_SERVICE_OFFSET + 11) (PIN_SERVICE_OFFSET + 12) WFS_STAT_DEVONLINE WFS_STAT_DEVONLINE WFS_STAT_DEVONEROFF WFS_STAT_DEVNODEVICE WFS_STAT_DEVNODEVICE WFS_STAT_DEVNODEVICE WFS_STAT_DEVUSERERROR WFS_STAT_DEVUSERERROR WFS_STAT_DEVBUSY WFS_STAT_DEVFRAUDATTEMPT</pre>
<pre>#define WFS_SRVE_PIN_INITIALIZED #define WFS_SRVE_PIN_OPT_REQUIRED #define WFS_SRVE_PIN_OPT_REQUIRED #define WFS_SRVE_PIN_CERTIFICATE_CHANGED #define WFS_SRVE_PIN_CERTIFICATE_CHANGE #define WFS_SRVE_PIN_DEVICEPOSITION #define WFS_SRVE_PIN_DEVICEPOSITION #define WFS_SRVE_PIN_DEVICEPOSITION #define WFS_SRVE_PIN_DOWER_SAVE_CHANGE #define WFS_EXEE_PIN_LAYOUT #define WFS_EXEE_PIN_DUKPT_KSN /* values of WFSPINSTATUS.fwDevice */ #define WFS_PIN_DEVOFFLINE #define WFS_PIN_DEVOFFLINE #define WFS_PIN_DEVNODEVICE #define WFS_PIN_DEVNODEVICE #define WFS_PIN_DEVNODEVICE #define WFS_PIN_DEVNODEVICE #define WFS_PIN_DEVNODEVICE #define WFS_PIN_DEVUSERERROR #define WFS_PIN_DEVEROR #define WFS_PIN_STATUS.fwEncStat */</pre>	<pre>(PIN_SERVICE_OFFSET + 2) (PIN_SERVICE_OFFSET + 3) (PIN_SERVICE_OFFSET + 4) (PIN_SERVICE_OFFSET + 5) (PIN_SERVICE_OFFSET + 5) (PIN_SERVICE_OFFSET + 7) (PIN_SERVICE_OFFSET + 7) (PIN_SERVICE_OFFSET + 8) (PIN_SERVICE_OFFSET + 10) (PIN_SERVICE_OFFSET + 10) (PIN_SERVICE_OFFSET + 11) (PIN_SERVICE_OFFSET + 11) (PIN_SERVICE_OFFSET + 12) WFS_STAT_DEVONLINE WFS_STAT_DEVOFFLINE WFS_STAT_DEVOFFLINE WFS_STAT_DEVPOWEROFF WFS_STAT_DEVNODEVICE WFS_STAT_DEVUSERERROR WFS_STAT_DEVUSERERROR WFS_STAT_DEVBUSY WFS_STAT_DEVFRAUDATTEMPT WFS_STAT_DEVFRAUDATTEMPT WFS_STAT_DEVPOTENTIALFRAUD</pre>
<pre>#define WFS_SRVE_PIN_INITIALIZED #define WFS_SRVE_PIN_OPT_REQUIRED #define WFS_SRVE_PIN_OPT_REQUIRED #define WFS_SRVE_PIN_CERTIFICATE_CHANGED #define WFS_SRVE_PIN_ERTERDATA #define WFS_SRVE_PIN_DEVICEPOSITION #define WFS_SRVE_PIN_DEVICEPOSITION #define WFS_SRVE_PIN_DEVICEPOSITION #define WFS_SRVE_PIN_DEVICEPOSITION #define WFS_SRVE_PIN_DUKPT_KSN /* values of WFSPINSTATUS.fwDevice */ #define WFS_PIN_DEVONLINE #define WFS_PIN_DEVONLINE #define WFS_PIN_DEVONFLINE #define WFS_PIN_DEVORFFF #define WFS_PIN_DEVORFFF #define WFS_PIN_DEVERORFF #define WFS_PIN_DEVEROR #define WFS_PIN_DEVEROR #define WFS_PIN_DEVEROR #define WFS_PIN_DEVEROR #define WFS_PIN_DEVERATOR #define WFS_PIN_TONCEATON /* values of WFSPINSTATUS.fwEncStat */</pre>	<pre>(PIN_SERVICE_OFFSET + 2) (PIN_SERVICE_OFFSET + 3) (PIN_SERVICE_OFFSET + 4) (PIN_SERVICE_OFFSET + 5) (PIN_SERVICE_OFFSET + 6) (PIN_SERVICE_OFFSET + 7) (PIN_SERVICE_OFFSET + 7) (PIN_SERVICE_OFFSET + 10) (PIN_SERVICE_OFFSET + 10) (PIN_SERVICE_OFFSET + 11) (PIN_SERVICE_OFFSET + 11) (PIN_SERVICE_OFFSET + 12) WFS_STAT_DEVONLINE WFS_STAT_DEVONLINE WFS_STAT_DEVONEROFF WFS_STAT_DEVPOWEROFF WFS_STAT_DEVNODEVICE WFS_STAT_DEVNODEVICE WFS_STAT_DEVUSERERROR WFS_STAT_DEVUSERERROR WFS_STAT_DEVENUSY WFS_STAT_DEVENUSY WFS_STAT_DEVENUSY WFS_STAT_DEVENUSY WFS_STAT_DEVENUSY WFS_STAT_DEVENUSY WFS_STAT_DEVENUSY WFS_STAT_DEVENUSY WFS_STAT_DEVENUSY WFS_STAT_DEVENUSY WFS_STAT_DEVENUSY WFS_STAT_DEVENUSY WFS_STAT_DEVENUSY WFS_STAT_DEVENUSY WFS_STAT_DEVENUSY WFS_STAT_DEVENUSY WFS_STAT_DEVENUSY WFS_STAT_DEVENUSY WFS_STAT_DEVENUSY WFS_STAT_DEVENUSY WFS_STAT_DEVENUSY WFS_STAT_DEVENUSY WFS_STAT_DEVENUSY WFS_STAT_DEVENUSY WFS_STAT_DEVENUSY WFS_STAT_DEVENUSY WFS_STAT_DEVENUSY WFS_STAT_DEVENUSY WFS_STAT_DEVENUSY WFS_STAT_DEVENUSY WFS_STAT_DEVENUSY WFS_STAT_DEVENUSY WFS_STAT_DEVENUSY WFS_STAT_DEVENUSY WFS_STAT_DEVENUSY WFS_STAT_DEVENUSY WFS_STAT_DEVENUSY WFS_STAT_DEVENUSY WFS_STAT_DEVENUSY WFS_STAT_DEVENUSY WFS_STAT_DEVENUSY WFS_STAT_DEVENUSY WFS_STAT_DEVENUSY WFS_STAT_DEVENUSY WFS_STAT_DEVENUSY WFS_STAT_DEVENUSY WFS_STAT_DEVENUSY WFS_STAT_DEVENUSY WFS_STAT_DEVENUSY WFS_STAT_DEVENUSY WFS_STAT_DEVENUSY WFS_STAT_DEVENUSY WFS_STAT_DEVENUSY WFS_STAT_DEVENUSY WFS_STAT_DEVENUSY WFS_STAT_DEVENUSY WFS_STAT_DEVENUSY WFS_STAT_DEVENUSY WFS_STAT_DEVENUSY WFS_STAT_DEVENUSY WFS_STAT_DEVENUSY WFS_STAT_DEVENUSY WFS_STAT_DEVENUSY WFS_STAT_DEVENUSY WFS_STAT_DEVENUSY WFS_STAT_DEVENUSY WFS_STAT_DEVENUSY WFS_STAT_DEVENUSY WFS_STAT_DEVENUSY WFS_STAT_DEVENUSY WFS_STAT_DEVENUSY WFS_STAT_DEVENUSY WFS_STAT_DEVENUSY WFS_STAT_DEVENUSY WFS_STAT_DEVENUSY WFS_STAT_DEVENUSY WFS_STAT_DEVENUSY WFS_STAT_DEVENUSY WFS_STAT_DEVENUSY WFS_STAT_DEVENUSY WFS_STAT_DEVENUSY WFS_STAT_DEVENUSY WFS_STAT_DEVENUSY</pre>
<pre>#define WFS_SRVE_PIN_INITIALIZED #define WFS_SRVE_PIN_OPT_REQUIRED #define WFS_SRVE_PIN_OPT_REQUIRED #define WFS_SRVE_PIN_CERTIFICATE_CHANGED #define WFS_SRVE_PIN_HSM_CHANGED #define WFS_SRVE_PIN_DEVICEPOSITION #define WFS_SRVE_PIN_DEVICEPOSITION #define WFS_SRVE_PIN_POWER_SAVE_CHANGE #define WFS_SRVE_PIN_DUKPT_KSN /* values of WFSPINSTATUS.fwDevice */ #define WFS_PIN_DEVONLINE #define WFS_PIN_DEVONLINE #define WFS_PIN_DEVONLINE #define WFS_PIN_DEVONLINE #define WFS_PIN_DEVORFFF #define WFS_PIN_DEVNDEVICE #define WFS_PIN_DEVONEROFF #define WFS_PIN_DEVUSEREROR #define WFS_PIN_DEVUSEREROR #define WFS_PIN_DEVPOTENTIALFRAUD /* values of WFSPINSTATUS.fwEncStat */ #define WFS_PIN_ENCREADY #define WFS_PIN_ENCROTREADY</pre>	<pre>(PIN_SERVICE_OFFSET + 2) (PIN_SERVICE_OFFSET + 3) (PIN_SERVICE_OFFSET + 4) (PIN_SERVICE_OFFSET + 5) (PIN_SERVICE_OFFSET + 5) (PIN_SERVICE_OFFSET + 7) (PIN_SERVICE_OFFSET + 7) (PIN_SERVICE_OFFSET + 8) (PIN_SERVICE_OFFSET + 10) (PIN_SERVICE_OFFSET + 10) (PIN_SERVICE_OFFSET + 11) (PIN_SERVICE_OFFSET + 12) WFS_STAT_DEVONLINE WFS_STAT_DEVONLINE WFS_STAT_DEVONEROFF WFS_STAT_DEVONDEVICE WFS_STAT_DEVNODEVICE WFS_STAT_DEVUSERERROR WFS_STAT_DEVUSERERROR WFS_STAT_DEVENUSY WFS_STAT_DEVENUSY WFS_STAT_DEVENUSY WFS_STAT_DEVENUSY WFS_STAT_DEVENUSY WFS_STAT_DEVENUSY (0) (1)</pre>
<pre>#define WFS_SRVE_PIN_INITIALIZED #define WFS_SRVE_PIN_ILLEGAL_KEY_ACCESS #define WFS_SRVE_PIN_OPT_REQUIRED #define WFS_SRVE_PIN_HSM_TDATA_CHANGED #define WFS_SRVE_PIN_CERTIFICATE_CHANGE #define WFS_SRVE_PIN_ENTERDATA #define WFS_SRVE_PIN_DEVICEPOSITION #define WFS_SRVE_PIN_DEVICEPOSITION #define WFS_SRVE_PIN_POWER_SAVE_CHANGE #define WFS_EXEE_PIN_LAYOUT #define WFS_EXEE_PIN_DUKPT_KSN /* values of WFSPINSTATUS.fwDevice */ #define WFS_PIN_DEVOFFLINE #define WFS_PIN_DEVOFFLINE #define WFS_PIN_DEVOFFLINE #define WFS_PIN_DEVNODEVICE #define WFS_PIN_DEVNODEVICE #define WFS_PIN_DEVNODEVICE #define WFS_PIN_DEVNODEVICE #define WFS_PIN_DEVERERROR #define WFS_PIN_DEVERAUDATTEMPT #define WFS_PIN_DEVERAUDATTEMPT #define WFS_PIN_DEVPOTENTIALFRAUD /* values of WFSPINSTATUS.fwEncStat */ #define WFS_PIN_ENCROTEADY #define WFS_PIN_ENCNOTREADY #define WFS_PIN_ENCNOTREADY #define WFS_PIN_ENCNOTINITIALIZED</pre>	<pre>(PIN_SERVICE_OFFSET + 2) (PIN_SERVICE_OFFSET + 3) (PIN_SERVICE_OFFSET + 4) (PIN_SERVICE_OFFSET + 5) (PIN_SERVICE_OFFSET + 5) (PIN_SERVICE_OFFSET + 7) (PIN_SERVICE_OFFSET + 7) (PIN_SERVICE_OFFSET + 8) (PIN_SERVICE_OFFSET + 10) (PIN_SERVICE_OFFSET + 10) (PIN_SERVICE_OFFSET + 11) (PIN_SERVICE_OFFSET + 12) WFS_STAT_DEVONLINE WFS_STAT_DEVONLINE WFS_STAT_DEVONEROFF WFS_STAT_DEVPOWEROFF WFS_STAT_DEVNODEVICE WFS_STAT_DEVUSERERROR WFS_STAT_DEVUSERERROR WFS_STAT_DEVUSERERROR WFS_STAT_DEVENUSY WFS_STAT_DEVFRAUDATTEMPT WFS_STAT_DEVFRAUDATTEMPT WFS_STAT_DEVPOTENTIALFRAUD</pre>
<pre>#define WFS_SRVE_PIN_INITIALIZED #define WFS_SRVE_PIN_ILLEGAL_KEY_ACCESS #define WFS_SRVE_PIN_OPT_REQUIRED #define WFS_SRVE_PIN_OPT_REQUIRED #define WFS_SRVE_PIN_HSM_TDATA_CHANGED #define WFS_SRVE_PIN_CERTIFICATE_CHANGE #define WFS_SRVE_PIN_DEVICEPOSITION #define WFS_SRVE_PIN_DEVICEPOSITION #define WFS_SRVE_PIN_DEVICEPOSITION #define WFS_SRVE_PIN_DOWER_SAVE_CHANGE #define WFS_EXEE_PIN_LAYOUT #define WFS_EXEE_PIN_DUKPT_KSN /* values of WFSPINSTATUS.fwDevice */ #define WFS_PIN_DEVOFFLINE #define WFS_PIN_DEVOFFLINE #define WFS_PIN_DEVONEROFF #define WFS_PIN_DEVONEVICE #define WFS_PIN_DEVNODEVICE #define WFS_PIN_DEVNODEVICE #define WFS_PIN_DEVUSERERROR #define WFS_PIN_DEVUSERERROR #define WFS_PIN_DEVPOTENTIALFRAUD /* values of WFSPINSTATUS.fwEncStat */ #define WFS_PIN_ENCRADY #define WFS_PIN_ENCRADY #define WFS_PIN_ENCRADY #define WFS_PIN_ENCNOTINITIALIZED #define WFS_PIN_ENCBUSY</pre>	<pre>(PIN_SERVICE_OFFSET + 2) (PIN_SERVICE_OFFSET + 3) (PIN_SERVICE_OFFSET + 4) (PIN_SERVICE_OFFSET + 5) (PIN_SERVICE_OFFSET + 5) (PIN_SERVICE_OFFSET + 7) (PIN_SERVICE_OFFSET + 7) (PIN_SERVICE_OFFSET + 10) (PIN_SERVICE_OFFSET + 10) (PIN_SERVICE_OFFSET + 11) (PIN_SERVICE_OFFSET + 11) (PIN_SERVICE_OFFSET + 12) WFS_STAT_DEVONLINE WFS_STAT_DEVONLINE WFS_STAT_DEVONEROFF WFS_STAT_DEVNODEVICE WFS_STAT_DEVNODEVICE WFS_STAT_DEVUSERERROR WFS_STAT_DEVUSERERROR WFS_STAT_DEVENUSY WFS_STAT_DEVENUSY WFS_STAT_DEVENUSY WFS_STAT_DEVENUSY WFS_STAT_DEVENUSY WFS_STAT_DEVENUSY WFS_STAT_DEVENUSY (0) (1) (2) (3)</pre>
<pre>#define WFS_SRVE_PIN_INITIALIZED #define WFS_SRVE_PIN_ILLEGAL_KEY_ACCESS #define WFS_SRVE_PIN_OPT_REQUIRED #define WFS_SRVE_PIN_OPT_REQUIRED #define WFS_SRVE_PIN_HSM_TDATA_CHANGED #define WFS_SRVE_PIN_CERTIFICATE_CHANGE #define WFS_SRVE_PIN_DEVICEPOSITION #define WFS_SRVE_PIN_DEVICEPOSITION #define WFS_SRVE_PIN_DEVICEPOSITION #define WFS_SRVE_PIN_DEVICEPOSITION #define WFS_EXEE_PIN_LAYOUT #define WFS_EXEE_PIN_DUKPT_KSN /* values of WFSPINSTATUS.fwDevice */ #define WFS_PIN_DEVONLINE #define WFS_PIN_DEVOFFLINE #define WFS_PIN_DEVOVEROFF #define WFS_PIN_DEVNODEVICE #define WFS_PIN_DEVWERORF #define WFS_PIN_DEVWERROR #define WFS_PIN_DEVBUSY #define WFS_PIN_DEVERAUDATTEMPT #define WFS_PIN_DEVPOTENTIALFRAUD /* values of WFSPINSTATUS.fwEncStat */ #define WFS_PIN_ENCREADY #define WFS_PIN_ENCREADY #define WFS_PIN_ENCREADY #define WFS_PIN_ENCREADY #define WFS_PIN_ENCNOTREADY #define WFS_PIN_ENCNOTREADY</pre>	<pre>(PIN_SERVICE_OFFSET + 2) (PIN_SERVICE_OFFSET + 3) (PIN_SERVICE_OFFSET + 4) (PIN_SERVICE_OFFSET + 5) (PIN_SERVICE_OFFSET + 5) (PIN_SERVICE_OFFSET + 7) (PIN_SERVICE_OFFSET + 7) (PIN_SERVICE_OFFSET + 8) (PIN_SERVICE_OFFSET + 10) (PIN_SERVICE_OFFSET + 10) (PIN_SERVICE_OFFSET + 11) (PIN_SERVICE_OFFSET + 12) WFS_STAT_DEVONLINE WFS_STAT_DEVONLINE WFS_STAT_DEVONEROFF WFS_STAT_DEVPOWEROFF WFS_STAT_DEVNODEVICE WFS_STAT_DEVUSERERROR WFS_STAT_DEVUSERERROR WFS_STAT_DEVUSERERROR WFS_STAT_DEVENUSY WFS_STAT_DEVFRAUDATTEMPT WFS_STAT_DEVFRAUDATTEMPT WFS_STAT_DEVPOTENTIALFRAUD</pre>
<pre>#define WFS_SRVE_PIN_INITIALIZED #define WFS_SRVE_PIN_ILLEGAL_KEY_ACCESS #define WFS_SRVE_PIN_OPT_REQUIRED #define WFS_SRVE_PIN_OPT_REQUIRED #define WFS_SRVE_PIN_HSM_TDATA_CHANGED #define WFS_SRVE_PIN_CERTIFICATE_CHANGE #define WFS_SRVE_PIN_DEVICEPOSITION #define WFS_SRVE_PIN_DEVICEPOSITION #define WFS_SRVE_PIN_DEVICEPOSITION #define WFS_SRVE_PIN_DOWER_SAVE_CHANGE #define WFS_EXEE_PIN_LAYOUT #define WFS_EXEE_PIN_DUKPT_KSN /* values of WFSPINSTATUS.fwDevice */ #define WFS_PIN_DEVOFFLINE #define WFS_PIN_DEVOFFLINE #define WFS_PIN_DEVONEROFF #define WFS_PIN_DEVONEVICE #define WFS_PIN_DEVNODEVICE #define WFS_PIN_DEVNODEVICE #define WFS_PIN_DEVUSERERROR #define WFS_PIN_DEVUSERERROR #define WFS_PIN_DEVPOTENTIALFRAUD /* values of WFSPINSTATUS.fwEncStat */ #define WFS_PIN_ENCRADY #define WFS_PIN_ENCRADY #define WFS_PIN_ENCRADY #define WFS_PIN_ENCNOTINITIALIZED #define WFS_PIN_ENCBUSY</pre>	<pre>(PIN_SERVICE_OFFSET + 2) (PIN_SERVICE_OFFSET + 3) (PIN_SERVICE_OFFSET + 4) (PIN_SERVICE_OFFSET + 5) (PIN_SERVICE_OFFSET + 5) (PIN_SERVICE_OFFSET + 7) (PIN_SERVICE_OFFSET + 7) (PIN_SERVICE_OFFSET + 10) (PIN_SERVICE_OFFSET + 10) (PIN_SERVICE_OFFSET + 11) (PIN_SERVICE_OFFSET + 11) (PIN_SERVICE_OFFSET + 12) WFS_STAT_DEVONLINE WFS_STAT_DEVONLINE WFS_STAT_DEVONEROFF WFS_STAT_DEVNODEVICE WFS_STAT_DEVNODEVICE WFS_STAT_DEVUSERERROR WFS_STAT_DEVUSERERROR WFS_STAT_DEVENUSY WFS_STAT_DEVENUSY WFS_STAT_DEVENUSY WFS_STAT_DEVENUSY WFS_STAT_DEVENUSY WFS_STAT_DEVENUSY (0) (1) (2) (3)</pre>
<pre>#define WFS_SRVE_PIN_INITIALIZED #define WFS_SRVE_PIN_ILLEGAL_KEY_ACCESS #define WFS_SRVE_PIN_OPT_REQUIRED #define WFS_SRVE_PIN_OPT_REQUIRED #define WFS_SRVE_PIN_HSM_TDATA_CHANGED #define WFS_SRVE_PIN_CERTIFICATE_CHANGE #define WFS_SRVE_PIN_ENTERDATA #define WFS_SRVE_PIN_DEVICEPOSITION #define WFS_SRVE_PIN_DEVICEPOSITION #define WFS_SRVE_PIN_DUKPT_KSN /* values of WFSPINSTATUS.fwDevice */ #define WFS_PIN_DEVOFFLINE #define WFS_PIN_DEVOFFLINE #define WFS_PIN_DEVNOEVICE #define WFS_PIN_DEVNOEVICE #define WFS_PIN_DEVNOEVICE #define WFS_PIN_DEVNOEVICE #define WFS_PIN_DEVNOEVICE #define WFS_PIN_DEVNOEVICE #define WFS_PIN_DEVNOEVICE #define WFS_PIN_DEVNERORR #define WFS_PIN_DEVERAUDATTEMPT #define WFS_PIN_DEVPOTENTIALFRAUD /* values of WFSPINSTATUS.fwEncStat */ #define WFS_PIN_ENCNOTREADY #define WFS_PIN_ENCNOTREADY #define WFS_PIN_ENCNOTINITIALIZED #define WFS_PIN_ENCNOTENED #define WFS_PIN_ENCNOTENED #define WFS_PIN_ENCNOTENED #define WFS_PIN_ENCINITIALIZED</pre>	<pre>(PIN_SERVICE_OFFSET + 2) (PIN_SERVICE_OFFSET + 3) (PIN_SERVICE_OFFSET + 4) (PIN_SERVICE_OFFSET + 5) (PIN_SERVICE_OFFSET + 6) (PIN_SERVICE_OFFSET + 7) (PIN_SERVICE_OFFSET + 7) (PIN_SERVICE_OFFSET + 10) (PIN_SERVICE_OFFSET + 10) (PIN_SERVICE_OFFSET + 11) (PIN_SERVICE_OFFSET + 11) (PIN_SERVICE_OFFSET + 12) WFS_STAT_DEVONLINE WFS_STAT_DEVONLINE WFS_STAT_DEVONEROFF WFS_STAT_DEVNODEVICE WFS_STAT_DEVNODEVICE WFS_STAT_DEVUSERERROR WFS_STAT_DEVUSERERROR WFS_STAT_DEVENUSY WFS_STAT_DEVENUSY WFS_STAT_DEVENUSY WFS_STAT_DEVENUSY WFS_STAT_DEVENUSY WFS_STAT_DEVENUSY WFS_STAT_DEVENUSY (0) (1) (2) (3) (4) (5)</pre>
<pre>#define WFS_SRVE_PIN_INITIALIZED #define WFS_SRVE_PIN_ILLEGAL_KEY_ACCESS #define WFS_SRVE_PIN_OPT_REQUIRED #define WFS_SRVE_PIN_OPT_REQUIRED #define WFS_SRVE_PIN_HSM_TDATA_CHANGED #define WFS_SRVE_PIN_CERTIFICATE_CHANGE #define WFS_SRVE_PIN_DEVICEPOSITION #define WFS_SRVE_PIN_DEVICEPOSITION #define WFS_SRVE_PIN_DEVICEPOSITION #define WFS_SRVE_PIN_DEVICEPOSITION #define WFS_EXEE_PIN_LAYOUT #define WFS_EXEE_PIN_DUKPT_KSN /* values of WFSPINSTATUS.fwDevice */ #define WFS_PIN_DEVONLINE #define WFS_PIN_DEVOFFLINE #define WFS_PIN_DEVOVEROFF #define WFS_PIN_DEVNODEVICE #define WFS_PIN_DEVWERORF #define WFS_PIN_DEVWERROR #define WFS_PIN_DEVBUSY #define WFS_PIN_DEVERAUDATTEMPT #define WFS_PIN_DEVPOTENTIALFRAUD /* values of WFSPINSTATUS.fwEncStat */ #define WFS_PIN_ENCREADY #define WFS_PIN_ENCREADY #define WFS_PIN_ENCREADY #define WFS_PIN_ENCREADY #define WFS_PIN_ENCNOTREADY #define WFS_PIN_ENCNOTREADY</pre>	<pre>(PIN_SERVICE_OFFSET + 2) (PIN_SERVICE_OFFSET + 3) (PIN_SERVICE_OFFSET + 4) (PIN_SERVICE_OFFSET + 5) (PIN_SERVICE_OFFSET + 5) (PIN_SERVICE_OFFSET + 7) (PIN_SERVICE_OFFSET + 7) (PIN_SERVICE_OFFSET + 10) (PIN_SERVICE_OFFSET + 10) (PIN_SERVICE_OFFSET + 11) (PIN_SERVICE_OFFSET + 11) (PIN_SERVICE_OFFSET + 12) WFS_STAT_DEVONLINE WFS_STAT_DEVONLINE WFS_STAT_DEVONEROFF WFS_STAT_DEVNODEVICE WFS_STAT_DEVNODEVICE WFS_STAT_DEVUSERERROR WFS_STAT_DEVUSERERROR WFS_STAT_DEVENUSY WFS_STAT_DEVENUSY WFS_STAT_DEVENUSY WFS_STAT_DEVENUSY WFS_STAT_DEVENUSY WFS_STAT_DEVENUSY WFS_STAT_DEVENUSY (0) (1) (2) (3) (4)</pre>

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<pre>/* Size and max index of dwGuidLights array */</pre>		
<pre>#define WFS_PIN_GUIDLIGHTS_SIZE #define WFS_PIN_GUIDLIGHTS_MAX</pre>	(32) (WFS_PIN_GUIDLIGHTS_SIZE - 1)	
<pre>/* Indices of WFSPINSTATUS.dwGuidLights []</pre>		
#define WFS_PIN_GUIDANCE_PINPAD	(0)	
<pre>/* Values of WFSPINSTATUS.dwGuidLights []</pre>		
<pre>#define WFS_PIN_GUIDANCE_NOT_AVAILABLE #define WFS_PIN_GUIDANCE_OFF #define WFS_PIN_GUIDANCE_SLOW_FLASH #define WFS_PIN_GUIDANCE_MEDIUM_FLASH #define WFS_PIN_GUIDANCE_QUICK_FLASH #define WFS_PIN_GUIDANCE_CONTINUOUS #define WFS_PIN_GUIDANCE_RED #define WFS_PIN_GUIDANCE_YELLOW #define WFS_PIN_GUIDANCE_BLUE #define WFS_PIN_GUIDANCE_CYAN #define WFS_PIN_GUIDANCE_MAGENTA #define WFS_PIN_GUIDANCE_WHITE #define WFS_PIN_GUIDANCE_ENTRY #define WFS_PIN_GUIDANCE_EXIT</pre>	(0×00000000) (0×00000001) (0×00000004) (0×00000008) (0×000000000) (0×00000000) (0×00000000) (0×00000000) (0×00000000) (0×00000000) (0×0000000) (0×0000000) (0×0000000) (0×0000000)	
/* values for WFSPINSTATUS.fwAutoBeepMode and WFS_CMD_PIN_KEYPRESS_BEEP lpwMode parameter */		
#define WFS_PIN_BEEP_ON_ACTIVE #define WFS_PIN_BEEP_ON_INACTIVE	(0x0001) (0x0002)	
<pre>/* values of WFSPINSTATUS.wDevicePosition</pre>		
<pre>#define WFS_PIN_DEVICEINPOSITION #define WFS_PIN_DEVICENOTINPOSITION #define WFS_PIN_DEVICEPOSUNKNOWN #define WFS_PIN_DEVICEPOSNOTSUPP /* values of WFSPINCAPS.fwType */</pre>	(0) (1) (2) (3)	
<pre>#define WFS_PIN_TYPEEPP #define WFS_PIN_TYPEEDM #define WFS_PIN_TYPEHSM #define WFS_PIN_TYPEETS</pre>	(0x0001) (0x0002) (0x0004) (0x0008)	
<pre>/* values of WFSPINCAPS.fwAlgorithms, WFSPINCRYPT.wAlgorithm */</pre>		
<pre>#define WFS_PIN_CRYPTDESECB #define WFS_PIN_CRYPTDESCBC #define WFS_PIN_CRYPTDESCFB #define WFS_PIN_CRYPTECMA #define WFS_PIN_CRYPTECMA #define WFS_PIN_CRYPTTRIDESECB #define WFS_PIN_CRYPTTRIDESCBC #define WFS_PIN_CRYPTTRIDESCFB #define WFS_PIN_CRYPTTRIDESCFB #define WFS_PIN_CRYPTTRIDESMAC #define WFS_PIN_CRYPTTRIDESMAC #define WFS_PIN_CRYPTTRIDESMAC #define WFS_PIN_CRYPTTRIDESMAC #define WFS_PIN_CRYPTRIDESMAC2805 #define WFS_PIN_CRYPTSM4 #define WFS_PIN_CRYPTSM4</pre>	(0x0001) (0x0002) (0x0004) (0x0008) (0x0010) (0x0020) (0x0040) (0x0080) (0x0100) (0x0200) (0x0400) (0x0800) (0x1000) (0x2000)	

/* values of WFSPINCAPS.fwPinFormats */ #define WFS_PIN_FORM3624
#define WFS_PIN_FORMANSI (0x0001) (0x0002) #define WFS PIN FORMISO0 (0x0004) #define WFS PIN FORMISO1 $(0 \times 0 0 0 8)$ #define WFS PIN FORMECI2 (0x0010) #define WFS_PIN_FORMECI3 (0×0020) #define WFS_PIN_FORMVISA
#define WFS_PIN_FORMDIEBOLD (0x0040) (0×0.080) #define WFS PIN FORMDIEBOLDCO (0×0100) #define WFS PIN FORMVISA3 (0x0200) #define WFS PIN FORMBANKSYS (0x0400) #define WFS_PIN_FORMEMV
#define WFS_PIN_FORMISO3
#define WFS_PIN_FORMAP (0x0800) (0x2000) (0×4000) #define WFS PIN FORMISO4 (0x8000) /* values of WFSPINCAPS.fwDerivationAlgorithms */ #define WFS PIN CHIP ZKA (0x0001) /* values of WFSPINCAPS.fwPresentationAlgorithms */ #define WFS PIN PRESENT CLEAR (0x0001) /* values of WFSPINCAPS.fwDisplay */ #define WFS_PIN_DISPNONE (1) #define WFS_PIN_DISPLEDTHROUGH
#define WFS_PIN_DISPDISPLAY (2) (3) /* values of WFSPINCAPS.fwIDKey */ #define WFS_PIN_IDKEYINITIALIZATION
#define WFS_PIN_IDKEYIMPORT (0x0001) (0x0002) /* values of WFSPINCAPS.fwValidationAlgorithms */ #define WFS_PIN_DES (0×0001) #define WFS_PIN_EUROCHEQUE
#define WFS_PIN_VISA (0x0002) (0×0004) #define WFS PIN DES OFFSET (0x0008) #define WFS PIN BANKSYS (0x0010) /* values of WFSPINCAPS.fwKeyCheckModes, WFSPINIMPORTKEYEX.wKeyCheckMode and WFSPINATTRIBUTES.dwCryptoMethod */ #define WFS PIN KCVNONE (0x0000) (0x0001) #define WFS_PIN_KCVSELF (0x0002) #define WFS PIN KCVZERO /* Additional values for values of WFSPINSECUREKEYENTRY.wVerificationType */ (0x8000000) #define WFS PIN KCV DES #define WFS_PIN_KCV_3DES (0x4000000) #define WFS PIN KCV AES (0x2000000) /* values of WFSPINCAPS.dwSymmetricKeyManagementMethods */ #define WFS PIN KM FIXED KEY (0x0001) #define WFS_PIN_KM_MASTER_KEY (0x0002) #define WFS PIN KM TDES DUKPT (0x0004) /* values of WFSPINCAPS.fwAutoBeep */ #define WFS_PIN_BEEP_ACTIVE_AVAILABLE(0x0001)#define WFS_PIN_BEEP_ACTIVE_SELECTABLE(0x0002)#define WFS_PIN_BEEP_INACTIVE_AVAILABLE(0x0004)

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#define WFS PIN BEEP INACTIVE SELECTABLE (0x0008) /* values of WFSPINCAPS.fwKeyBlockImportFormats */ #define WFS PIN ANSTR31KEYBLOCK (0×0001) #define WFS PIN ANSTR31KEYBLOCKB (0x0002) #define WFS_PIN_ANSTR31KEYBLOCKC (0x0004) /* values of WFSPINETSCAPS.wFloatFlags and WFSPINFRAME.wFloatAction */ #define WFS PIN FLOAT NONE $(0 \times 0 0 0 0)$ #define WFS PIN FLOATX (0x0001) #define WFS PIN_FLOATY (0x0002) /* values of WFSPINKEYDETAIL.fwUse and values of WFSPINKEYDETAILEX.dwUse */ #define WFS PIN USECRYPT (0x0001) #define WFS PIN USEFUNCTION (0x0002) #define WFS_PIN_USEMACING (0×0004) #define WFS_PIN_USEKEYENCKEY
#define WFS_PIN_USENODUPLICATE (0x0020) (0×0040) #define WFS PIN USESVENCKEY (0×0.080) #define WFS PIN USECONSTRUCT (0x0100) #define WFS_PIN_USESECURECONSTRUCT
#define WFS_PIN_USESECURECONSTRUCT (0x0200) #define WFS_PIN_USEANSTR31MASTER
#define WFS_PIN_USERESTRICTEDKEYENCKEY (0x0400) (0x0800) #define WFS PIN USEKEYDERKEY (0x1000) /* additional values for WFSPINKEYDETAILEX.dwUse */ #define WFS PIN USEPINLOCAL (0x00010000) #define WFS PIN USERSAPUBLIC $(0 \times 0 0 0 2 0 0 0)$ #define WFS_PIN_USERSAPRIVATE (0x00040000) #define WFS PIN USECHIPINFO (0x00100000) #define WFS_PIN_USECHIPPIN (0x00200000) #define WFS_PIN_USECHIPPS
#define WFS_PIN_USECHIPMAC (0x00400000) (0x0080000) #define WFS PIN USECHIPLT $(0 \times 01 0 0 0 0 0)$ #define WFS_PIN_USECHIPMACLZ (0x0200000) #define WFS_PIN_USECHIPMACAZ (0x0400000) (0x0800000) #define WFS_PIN_USERSAPUBLICVERIFY #define WFS PIN USERSAPRIVATESIGN (0x1000000) #define WFS PIN USEPINREMOTE (0x2000000) /* values of WFSPINFUNCKEYDETAIL.ulFuncMask */ #define WFS_PIN_FK_0
#define WFS_PIN_FK_1 (0x0000001) (0x0000002) #define WFS PIN FK 2 (0x00000004) #define WFS PIN FK 3 (0x0000008) #define WFS_PIN_FK_4 (0x00000010) #define WFS_PIN_FK_ (0x00000020) #define WFS_PIN_FK_6
#define WFS_PIN_FK_7 (0x00000040) $(0 \times 0 0 0 0 0 0 8 0)$ #define WFS PIN FK 8 (0x00000100) #define WFS PIN_FK_9 (0x00000200) #define WFS_PIN_FK_ENTER (0x00000400) #define WFS_PIN_FK_CANCEL
#define WFS_PIN_FK_CLEAR (0x00000800) (0x00001000) #define WFS_PIN_FK_BACKSPACE (0x00002000) #define WFS PIN FK HELP (0x00004000) #define WFS_PIN_FK_DECPOINT (0x00008000) #define WFS_PIN_FK_00 (0x00010000) #define WFS_PIN_FK_000
#define WFS_PIN_FK_RES1 (0x00020000) (0×00040000) #define WFS PIN FK RES2 (0x00080000) #define WFS PIN FK RES3 (0x00100000) #define WFS_PIN_FK_RES4 (0x00200000) #define WFS_PIN_FK_RES5
#define WFS_PIN_FK_RES6 (0x00400000) (0x0080000)

#define WFS PIN FK RES7	(0x0100000)
#define WFS_PIN_FK_RES8	(0x0200000)
#define WFS PIN FK OEM1	(0x0400000)
#define WFS_PIN_FK_OEM2	(0x0800000)
#define WFS PIN FK OEM3	(0x1000000)
#define WFS_PIN_FK_OEM4	(0x2000000)
	(,
#define WFS_PIN_FK_OEM5	(0x4000000)
#define WFS PIN FK OEM6	(0x8000000)
	(,
/* additional values of WFSPINFUNCKEYDETAIL.ul	FuncMask */
#define WFS_PIN_FK_UNUSED	(0x0000000)
HARFTON MED DIN EK A	WEG DIN EK DEGI
#define WFS_PIN_FK_A	WFS_PIN_FK_RES1
#define WFS PIN FK B	WFS PIN FK RES2
#define WFS PIN FK C	WFS PIN FK RES3
#define WFS_PIN_FK_D	WFS_PIN_FK_RES4
#define WFS PIN FK E	WFS PIN FK RES5
#define WFS_PIN_FK_F	WFS PIN FK RES6
#define WFS PIN FK SHIFT	WFS PIN FK RES7
/* values of WFSPINFDK.ulFDK */	
#dofine WEG DIN EV EDV01	(0x0000001)
#define WFS_PIN_FK_FDK01	
#define WFS_PIN_FK_FDK02	(0x0000002)
#define WFS PIN FK FDK03	(0x0000004)
#define WFS_PIN_FK_FDK04	(0x0000008)
#define WFS PIN FK FDK05	(0x0000010)
#define WFS_PIN_FK_FDK06	(0x0000020)
#define WFS PIN FK FDK07	(0x0000040)
#define WFS PIN FK FDK08	(0x0000080)
#define WFS_PIN_FK_FDK09	(0x0000100)
#define WFS PIN FK FDK10	(0x0000200)
#define WFS_PIN_FK_FDK11	(0×00000400)
#define WFS PIN FK FDK12	(0x0000800)
#define WFS PIN FK FDK13	(0x00001000)
#define WFS PIN FK FDK14	(0x00002000)
#define WFS PIN FK FDK15	(0x00004000)
#define WFS_PIN_FK_FDK16	(0x00008000)
#define WFS PIN FK FDK17	(0x00010000)
#define WFS PIN FK FDK18	
	(0x00020000)
	(0x00040000)
#define WFS_PIN_FK_FDK19	
#define WFS_PIN_FK_FDK19 #define WFS_PIN_FK_FDK20	(0x00080000)
#define WFS_PIN_FK_FDK19	
#define WFS_PIN_FK_FDK19 #define WFS_PIN_FK_FDK20 #define WFS_PIN_FK_FDK21	(0x00080000) (0x00100000)
<pre>#define WFS_PIN_FK_FDK19 #define WFS_PIN_FK_FDK20 #define WFS_PIN_FK_FDK21 #define WFS_PIN_FK_FDK22</pre>	(0x00080000) (0x00100000) (0x00200000)
<pre>#define WFS_PIN_FK_FDK19 #define WFS_PIN_FK_FDK20 #define WFS_PIN_FK_FDK21 #define WFS_PIN_FK_FDK22 #define WFS_PIN_FK_FDK23</pre>	(0x00080000) (0x00100000)
<pre>#define WFS_PIN_FK_FDK19 #define WFS_PIN_FK_FDK20 #define WFS_PIN_FK_FDK21 #define WFS_PIN_FK_FDK22 #define WFS_PIN_FK_FDK23</pre>	(0x00080000) (0x00100000) (0x00200000)
<pre>#define WFS_PIN_FK_FDK19 #define WFS_PIN_FK_FDK20 #define WFS_PIN_FK_FDK21 #define WFS_PIN_FK_FDK22 #define WFS_PIN_FK_FDK23 #define WFS_PIN_FK_FDK24</pre>	(0x00080000) (0x00100000) (0x00200000) (0x00400000) (0x00800000)
<pre>#define WFS_PIN_FK_FDK19 #define WFS_PIN_FK_FDK20 #define WFS_PIN_FK_FDK21 #define WFS_PIN_FK_FDK22 #define WFS_PIN_FK_FDK23 #define WFS_PIN_FK_FDK24 #define WFS_PIN_FK_FDK25</pre>	(0x00080000) (0x00100000) (0x00200000) (0x00400000) (0x00800000) (0x01000000)
<pre>#define WFS_PIN_FK_FDK19 #define WFS_PIN_FK_FDK20 #define WFS_PIN_FK_FDK21 #define WFS_PIN_FK_FDK22 #define WFS_PIN_FK_FDK23 #define WFS_PIN_FK_FDK24 #define WFS_PIN_FK_FDK25 #define WFS_PIN_FK_FDK26</pre>	(0x00080000) (0x00100000) (0x00200000) (0x00400000) (0x00800000)
<pre>#define WFS_PIN_FK_FDK19 #define WFS_PIN_FK_FDK20 #define WFS_PIN_FK_FDK21 #define WFS_PIN_FK_FDK22 #define WFS_PIN_FK_FDK23 #define WFS_PIN_FK_FDK24 #define WFS_PIN_FK_FDK25 #define WFS_PIN_FK_FDK26</pre>	(0x00080000) (0x00100000) (0x00200000) (0x00400000) (0x00800000) (0x01000000)
<pre>#define WFS_PIN_FK_FDK19 #define WFS_PIN_FK_FDK20 #define WFS_PIN_FK_FDK21 #define WFS_PIN_FK_FDK22 #define WFS_PIN_FK_FDK23 #define WFS_PIN_FK_FDK24 #define WFS_PIN_FK_FDK25 #define WFS_PIN_FK_FDK26 #define WFS_PIN_FK_FDK27</pre>	(0×00080000) (0×00100000) (0×00200000) (0×00400000) (0×00800000) (0×01000000) (0×02000000) (0×04000000)
<pre>#define WFS_PIN_FK_FDK19 #define WFS_PIN_FK_FDK20 #define WFS_PIN_FK_FDK21 #define WFS_PIN_FK_FDK22 #define WFS_PIN_FK_FDK23 #define WFS_PIN_FK_FDK24 #define WFS_PIN_FK_FDK25 #define WFS_PIN_FK_FDK26 #define WFS_PIN_FK_FDK27 #define WFS_PIN_FK_FDK28</pre>	(0×00080000) (0×00100000) (0×00200000) (0×00400000) (0×01000000) (0×01000000) (0×02000000) (0×04000000) (0×08000000)
<pre>#define WFS_PIN_FK_FDK19 #define WFS_PIN_FK_FDK20 #define WFS_PIN_FK_FDK21 #define WFS_PIN_FK_FDK22 #define WFS_PIN_FK_FDK23 #define WFS_PIN_FK_FDK24 #define WFS_PIN_FK_FDK25 #define WFS_PIN_FK_FDK26 #define WFS_PIN_FK_FDK27</pre>	(0×00080000) (0×00100000) (0×00200000) (0×00400000) (0×00800000) (0×01000000) (0×02000000) (0×04000000)
<pre>#define WFS_PIN_FK_FDK19 #define WFS_PIN_FK_FDK20 #define WFS_PIN_FK_FDK21 #define WFS_PIN_FK_FDK22 #define WFS_PIN_FK_FDK23 #define WFS_PIN_FK_FDK24 #define WFS_PIN_FK_FDK25 #define WFS_PIN_FK_FDK26 #define WFS_PIN_FK_FDK27 #define WFS_PIN_FK_FDK28 #define WFS_PIN_FK_FDK29</pre>	(0×00080000) (0×00100000) (0×00200000) (0×00800000) (0×01000000) (0×02000000) (0×04000000) (0×08000000) (0×10000000)
<pre>#define WFS_PIN_FK_FDK19 #define WFS_PIN_FK_FDK20 #define WFS_PIN_FK_FDK21 #define WFS_PIN_FK_FDK22 #define WFS_PIN_FK_FDK23 #define WFS_PIN_FK_FDK24 #define WFS_PIN_FK_FDK26 #define WFS_PIN_FK_FDK27 #define WFS_PIN_FK_FDK28 #define WFS_PIN_FK_FDK29 #define WFS_PIN_FK_FDK30</pre>	(0×00080000) (0×00100000) (0×00200000) (0×00800000) (0×01000000) (0×02000000) (0×04000000) (0×08000000) (0×10000000) (0×20000000)
<pre>#define WFS_PIN_FK_FDK19 #define WFS_PIN_FK_FDK20 #define WFS_PIN_FK_FDK21 #define WFS_PIN_FK_FDK22 #define WFS_PIN_FK_FDK23 #define WFS_PIN_FK_FDK24 #define WFS_PIN_FK_FDK25 #define WFS_PIN_FK_FDK26 #define WFS_PIN_FK_FDK27 #define WFS_PIN_FK_FDK28 #define WFS_PIN_FK_FDK29</pre>	(0×00080000) (0×00100000) (0×00200000) (0×00800000) (0×01000000) (0×02000000) (0×04000000) (0×08000000) (0×10000000)
<pre>#define WFS_PIN_FK_FDK19 #define WFS_PIN_FK_FDK20 #define WFS_PIN_FK_FDK21 #define WFS_PIN_FK_FDK22 #define WFS_PIN_FK_FDK23 #define WFS_PIN_FK_FDK24 #define WFS_PIN_FK_FDK25 #define WFS_PIN_FK_FDK26 #define WFS_PIN_FK_FDK27 #define WFS_PIN_FK_FDK28 #define WFS_PIN_FK_FDK29 #define WFS_PIN_FK_FDK30 #define WFS_PIN_FK_FDK31</pre>	(0×00080000) (0×00100000) (0×00200000) (0×00800000) (0×01000000) (0×02000000) (0×04000000) (0×08000000) (0×10000000) (0×20000000) (0×40000000)
<pre>#define WFS_PIN_FK_FDK19 #define WFS_PIN_FK_FDK20 #define WFS_PIN_FK_FDK21 #define WFS_PIN_FK_FDK22 #define WFS_PIN_FK_FDK23 #define WFS_PIN_FK_FDK24 #define WFS_PIN_FK_FDK26 #define WFS_PIN_FK_FDK27 #define WFS_PIN_FK_FDK28 #define WFS_PIN_FK_FDK29 #define WFS_PIN_FK_FDK30</pre>	(0×00080000) (0×00100000) (0×00200000) (0×00800000) (0×01000000) (0×02000000) (0×04000000) (0×08000000) (0×10000000) (0×20000000)
<pre>#define WFS_PIN_FK_FDK19 #define WFS_PIN_FK_FDK20 #define WFS_PIN_FK_FDK21 #define WFS_PIN_FK_FDK22 #define WFS_PIN_FK_FDK23 #define WFS_PIN_FK_FDK24 #define WFS_PIN_FK_FDK25 #define WFS_PIN_FK_FDK26 #define WFS_PIN_FK_FDK27 #define WFS_PIN_FK_FDK28 #define WFS_PIN_FK_FDK29 #define WFS_PIN_FK_FDK30 #define WFS_PIN_FK_FDK31</pre>	(0×00080000) (0×00100000) (0×00200000) (0×00800000) (0×01000000) (0×02000000) (0×04000000) (0×08000000) (0×10000000) (0×20000000) (0×40000000)
<pre>#define WFS_PIN_FK_FDK19 #define WFS_PIN_FK_FDK20 #define WFS_PIN_FK_FDK21 #define WFS_PIN_FK_FDK22 #define WFS_PIN_FK_FDK23 #define WFS_PIN_FK_FDK25 #define WFS_PIN_FK_FDK26 #define WFS_PIN_FK_FDK27 #define WFS_PIN_FK_FDK28 #define WFS_PIN_FK_FDK29 #define WFS_PIN_FK_FDK30 #define WFS_PIN_FK_FDK31 #define WFS_PIN_FK_FDK32 /* values of WFSPINCRYPT.wMode */</pre>	(0×00080000) (0×00100000) (0×00200000) (0×00800000) (0×01000000) (0×02000000) (0×04000000) (0×08000000) (0×10000000) (0×20000000) (0×80000000)
<pre>#define WFS_PIN_FK_FDK19 #define WFS_PIN_FK_FDK20 #define WFS_PIN_FK_FDK21 #define WFS_PIN_FK_FDK22 #define WFS_PIN_FK_FDK23 #define WFS_PIN_FK_FDK25 #define WFS_PIN_FK_FDK26 #define WFS_PIN_FK_FDK27 #define WFS_PIN_FK_FDK28 #define WFS_PIN_FK_FDK30 #define WFS_PIN_FK_FDK31 #define WFS_PIN_FK_FDK32</pre>	(0×00080000) (0×00100000) (0×00200000) (0×00800000) (0×01000000) (0×02000000) (0×04000000) (0×08000000) (0×10000000) (0×20000000) (0×40000000)
<pre>#define WFS_PIN_FK_FDK19 #define WFS_PIN_FK_FDK20 #define WFS_PIN_FK_FDK21 #define WFS_PIN_FK_FDK22 #define WFS_PIN_FK_FDK23 #define WFS_PIN_FK_FDK25 #define WFS_PIN_FK_FDK26 #define WFS_PIN_FK_FDK27 #define WFS_PIN_FK_FDK28 #define WFS_PIN_FK_FDK29 #define WFS_PIN_FK_FDK30 #define WFS_PIN_FK_FDK31 #define WFS_PIN_FK_FDK32 /* values of WFSPINCRYPT.wMode */ #define WFS_PIN_MODEENCRYPT</pre>	$(0 \times 00080000) \\ (0 \times 00100000) \\ (0 \times 00200000) \\ (0 \times 00400000) \\ (0 \times 00800000) \\ (0 \times 01000000) \\ (0 \times 02000000) \\ (0 \times 04000000) \\ (0 \times 08000000) \\ (0 \times 10000000) \\ (0 \times 20000000) \\ (0 \times 40000000) \\ (0 \times 80000000) \\ (0 \times 80000000) \\ (1)$
<pre>#define WFS_PIN_FK_FDK19 #define WFS_PIN_FK_FDK20 #define WFS_PIN_FK_FDK21 #define WFS_PIN_FK_FDK22 #define WFS_PIN_FK_FDK23 #define WFS_PIN_FK_FDK24 #define WFS_PIN_FK_FDK25 #define WFS_PIN_FK_FDK26 #define WFS_PIN_FK_FDK27 #define WFS_PIN_FK_FDK28 #define WFS_PIN_FK_FDK30 #define WFS_PIN_FK_FDK31 #define WFS_PIN_FK_FDK32 /* values of WFSPINCRYPT.wMode */ #define WFS_PIN_MODEENCRYPT #define WFS_PIN_MODEDECRYPT</pre>	(0x00080000) (0x00100000) (0x00200000) (0x00400000) (0x01000000) (0x01000000) (0x04000000) (0x04000000) (0x10000000) (0x20000000) (0x20000000) (0x8000000) (0x8000000)
<pre>#define WFS_PIN_FK_FDK19 #define WFS_PIN_FK_FDK20 #define WFS_PIN_FK_FDK21 #define WFS_PIN_FK_FDK22 #define WFS_PIN_FK_FDK23 #define WFS_PIN_FK_FDK25 #define WFS_PIN_FK_FDK26 #define WFS_PIN_FK_FDK27 #define WFS_PIN_FK_FDK28 #define WFS_PIN_FK_FDK29 #define WFS_PIN_FK_FDK30 #define WFS_PIN_FK_FDK31 #define WFS_PIN_FK_FDK32 /* values of WFSPINCRYPT.wMode */ #define WFS_PIN_MODEENCRYPT</pre>	$(0 \times 00080000) \\ (0 \times 00100000) \\ (0 \times 00200000) \\ (0 \times 00400000) \\ (0 \times 00800000) \\ (0 \times 01000000) \\ (0 \times 02000000) \\ (0 \times 04000000) \\ (0 \times 08000000) \\ (0 \times 10000000) \\ (0 \times 20000000) \\ (0 \times 40000000) \\ (0 \times 80000000) \\ (0 \times 80000000) \\ (1)$
<pre>#define WFS_PIN_FK_FDK19 #define WFS_PIN_FK_FDK20 #define WFS_PIN_FK_FDK21 #define WFS_PIN_FK_FDK22 #define WFS_PIN_FK_FDK23 #define WFS_PIN_FK_FDK24 #define WFS_PIN_FK_FDK25 #define WFS_PIN_FK_FDK26 #define WFS_PIN_FK_FDK27 #define WFS_PIN_FK_FDK28 #define WFS_PIN_FK_FDK30 #define WFS_PIN_FK_FDK31 #define WFS_PIN_FK_FDK32 /* values of WFSPINCRYPT.wMode */ #define WFS_PIN_MODEENCRYPT #define WFS_PIN_MODEDECRYPT</pre>	(0x00080000) (0x00100000) (0x00200000) (0x00400000) (0x01000000) (0x01000000) (0x04000000) (0x04000000) (0x10000000) (0x20000000) (0x20000000) (0x8000000) (0x8000000)
<pre>#define WFS_PIN_FK_FDK19 #define WFS_PIN_FK_FDK20 #define WFS_PIN_FK_FDK21 #define WFS_PIN_FK_FDK22 #define WFS_PIN_FK_FDK23 #define WFS_PIN_FK_FDK24 #define WFS_PIN_FK_FDK26 #define WFS_PIN_FK_FDK27 #define WFS_PIN_FK_FDK28 #define WFS_PIN_FK_FDK30 #define WFS_PIN_FK_FDK31 #define WFS_PIN_FK_FDK32 /* values of WFSPINCRYPT.wMode */ #define WFS_PIN_MODEENCRYPT #define WFS_PIN_MODEENCRYPT #define WFS_PIN_MODECRYPT #define WFS_PIN_MODERANDOM</pre>	(0x00080000) (0x00100000) (0x00200000) (0x00400000) (0x01000000) (0x01000000) (0x04000000) (0x04000000) (0x10000000) (0x20000000) (0x20000000) (0x8000000) (0x8000000)
<pre>#define WFS_PIN_FK_FDK19 #define WFS_PIN_FK_FDK20 #define WFS_PIN_FK_FDK21 #define WFS_PIN_FK_FDK22 #define WFS_PIN_FK_FDK23 #define WFS_PIN_FK_FDK24 #define WFS_PIN_FK_FDK25 #define WFS_PIN_FK_FDK26 #define WFS_PIN_FK_FDK27 #define WFS_PIN_FK_FDK28 #define WFS_PIN_FK_FDK30 #define WFS_PIN_FK_FDK31 #define WFS_PIN_FK_FDK32 /* values of WFSPINCRYPT.wMode */ #define WFS_PIN_MODEENCRYPT #define WFS_PIN_MODEDECRYPT</pre>	(0x00080000) (0x00100000) (0x00200000) (0x00400000) (0x01000000) (0x01000000) (0x04000000) (0x04000000) (0x10000000) (0x20000000) (0x20000000) (0x8000000) (0x8000000)
<pre>#define WFS_PIN_FK_FDK19 #define WFS_PIN_FK_FDK20 #define WFS_PIN_FK_FDK21 #define WFS_PIN_FK_FDK22 #define WFS_PIN_FK_FDK23 #define WFS_PIN_FK_FDK24 #define WFS_PIN_FK_FDK25 #define WFS_PIN_FK_FDK26 #define WFS_PIN_FK_FDK27 #define WFS_PIN_FK_FDK28 #define WFS_PIN_FK_FDK30 #define WFS_PIN_FK_FDK31 #define WFS_PIN_FK_FDK31 #define WFS_PIN_FK_FDK32 /* values of WFSPINCRYPT.wMode */ #define WFS_PIN_MODEENCRYPT #define WFS_PIN_MODEDECRYPT #define WFS_PIN_MODEDECRYPT #define WFS_PIN_MODERANDOM /* values of WFSPINENTRY.wCompletion */</pre>	(0x00080000) (0x00100000) (0x00200000) (0x00400000) (0x01000000) (0x01000000) (0x04000000) (0x04000000) (0x10000000) (0x20000000) (0x40000000) (0x80000000) (0x80000000) (1) (2) (3)
<pre>#define WFS_PIN_FK_FDK19 #define WFS_PIN_FK_FDK20 #define WFS_PIN_FK_FDK21 #define WFS_PIN_FK_FDK22 #define WFS_PIN_FK_FDK23 #define WFS_PIN_FK_FDK24 #define WFS_PIN_FK_FDK26 #define WFS_PIN_FK_FDK27 #define WFS_PIN_FK_FDK28 #define WFS_PIN_FK_FDK30 #define WFS_PIN_FK_FDK31 #define WFS_PIN_FK_FDK32 /* values of WFSPINCRYPT.wMode */ #define WFS_PIN_MODEENCRYPT #define WFS_PIN_MODEENCRYPT #define WFS_PIN_MODECRYPT #define WFS_PIN_MODERANDOM</pre>	(0x00080000) (0x00100000) (0x00200000) (0x00400000) (0x01000000) (0x01000000) (0x04000000) (0x04000000) (0x10000000) (0x20000000) (0x20000000) (0x8000000) (0x8000000)
<pre>#define WFS_PIN_FK_FDK19 #define WFS_PIN_FK_FDK20 #define WFS_PIN_FK_FDK21 #define WFS_PIN_FK_FDK22 #define WFS_PIN_FK_FDK23 #define WFS_PIN_FK_FDK24 #define WFS_PIN_FK_FDK26 #define WFS_PIN_FK_FDK27 #define WFS_PIN_FK_FDK28 #define WFS_PIN_FK_FDK30 #define WFS_PIN_FK_FDK31 #define WFS_PIN_FK_FDK32 /* values of WFSPINCRYPT.wMode */ #define WFS_PIN_MODEDECRYPT #define WFS_PIN_MODEDECRYPT #define WFS_PIN_MODEANDOM /* values of WFSPINENTRY.wCompletion */ #define WFS_PIN_COMPAUTO</pre>	(0x00080000) (0x00100000) (0x00200000) (0x00400000) (0x01000000) (0x01000000) (0x04000000) (0x04000000) (0x10000000) (0x20000000) (0x40000000) (0x80000000) (0x8000000) (1) (2) (3)
<pre>#define WFS_PIN_FK_FDK19 #define WFS_PIN_FK_FDK20 #define WFS_PIN_FK_FDK21 #define WFS_PIN_FK_FDK22 #define WFS_PIN_FK_FDK23 #define WFS_PIN_FK_FDK24 #define WFS_PIN_FK_FDK25 #define WFS_PIN_FK_FDK26 #define WFS_PIN_FK_FDK27 #define WFS_PIN_FK_FDK28 #define WFS_PIN_FK_FDK30 #define WFS_PIN_FK_FDK31 #define WFS_PIN_FK_FDK32 /* values of WFSPINCRYPT.wMode */ #define WFS_PIN_MODEENCRYPT #define WFS_PIN_MODEENCRYPT #define WFS_PIN_MODEANDOM /* values of WFSPINENTRY.wCompletion */ #define WFS_PIN_COMPAUTO #define WFS_PIN_COMPAUTO #define WFS_PIN_COMPENTER</pre>	(0x00080000) (0x00100000) (0x00200000) (0x00400000) (0x01000000) (0x01000000) (0x04000000) (0x04000000) (0x10000000) (0x20000000) (0x40000000) (0x80000000) (0x8000000) (0x8000000) (0x8000000) (0x8000000)
<pre>#define WFS_PIN_FK_FDK19 #define WFS_PIN_FK_FDK20 #define WFS_PIN_FK_FDK21 #define WFS_PIN_FK_FDK22 #define WFS_PIN_FK_FDK23 #define WFS_PIN_FK_FDK24 #define WFS_PIN_FK_FDK25 #define WFS_PIN_FK_FDK26 #define WFS_PIN_FK_FDK27 #define WFS_PIN_FK_FDK28 #define WFS_PIN_FK_FDK30 #define WFS_PIN_FK_FDK31 #define WFS_PIN_FK_FDK32 /* values of WFSPINCRYPT.wMode */ #define WFS_PIN_MODEDECRYPT #define WFS_PIN_MODEANDOM /* values of WFSPINENTRY.wCompletion */ #define WFS_PIN_COMPAUTO #define WFS_PIN_COMPAUTO #define WFS_PIN_COMPAUTO #define WFS_PIN_COMPCANCEL</pre>	(0x00080000) (0x00100000) (0x00200000) (0x00400000) (0x01000000) (0x01000000) (0x04000000) (0x04000000) (0x10000000) (0x20000000) (0x20000000) (0x40000000) (0x80000000) (0x80000000) (0x80000000) (0x80000000) (0) (1) (2) (3)
<pre>#define WFS_PIN_FK_FDK19 #define WFS_PIN_FK_FDK20 #define WFS_PIN_FK_FDK21 #define WFS_PIN_FK_FDK22 #define WFS_PIN_FK_FDK23 #define WFS_PIN_FK_FDK24 #define WFS_PIN_FK_FDK25 #define WFS_PIN_FK_FDK26 #define WFS_PIN_FK_FDK27 #define WFS_PIN_FK_FDK28 #define WFS_PIN_FK_FDK30 #define WFS_PIN_FK_FDK31 #define WFS_PIN_FK_FDK32 /* values of WFSPINCRYPT.wMode */ #define WFS_PIN_MODEDECRYPT #define WFS_PIN_MODEANDOM /* values of WFSPINENTRY.wCompletion */ #define WFS_PIN_COMPAUTO #define WFS_PIN_COMPAUTO #define WFS_PIN_COMPAUTO #define WFS_PIN_COMPCANCEL</pre>	(0x00080000) (0x00100000) (0x00200000) (0x00400000) (0x01000000) (0x01000000) (0x04000000) (0x04000000) (0x10000000) (0x20000000) (0x20000000) (0x40000000) (0x80000000) (0x80000000) (0x80000000) (0x80000000) (0) (1) (2) (3)
<pre>#define WFS_PIN_FK_FDK19 #define WFS_PIN_FK_FDK20 #define WFS_PIN_FK_FDK21 #define WFS_PIN_FK_FDK22 #define WFS_PIN_FK_FDK23 #define WFS_PIN_FK_FDK24 #define WFS_PIN_FK_FDK25 #define WFS_PIN_FK_FDK26 #define WFS_PIN_FK_FDK27 #define WFS_PIN_FK_FDK28 #define WFS_PIN_FK_FDK30 #define WFS_PIN_FK_FDK31 #define WFS_PIN_FK_FDK32 /* values of WFSPINCRYPT.wMode */ #define WFS_PIN_MODEDECRYPT #define WFS_PIN_MODEDECRYPT #define WFS_PIN_MODEANDOM /* values of WFSPINENTRY.wCompletion */ #define WFS_PIN_COMPAUTO #define WFS_PIN_COMPAUTO #define WFS_PIN_COMPCNTER #define WFS_PIN_COMPCNTINUE</pre>	(0x00080000) (0x00100000) (0x00200000) (0x00400000) (0x01000000) (0x01000000) (0x04000000) (0x04000000) (0x10000000) (0x20000000) (0x20000000) (0x40000000) (0x80000000) (0x80000000) (0x80000000) (0x80000000) (0) (1) (2) (3)
<pre>#define WFS_PIN_FK_FDK19 #define WFS_PIN_FK_FDK20 #define WFS_PIN_FK_FDK21 #define WFS_PIN_FK_FDK22 #define WFS_PIN_FK_FDK23 #define WFS_PIN_FK_FDK24 #define WFS_PIN_FK_FDK25 #define WFS_PIN_FK_FDK26 #define WFS_PIN_FK_FDK28 #define WFS_PIN_FK_FDK29 #define WFS_PIN_FK_FDK30 #define WFS_PIN_FK_FDK31 #define WFS_PIN_FK_FDK32 /* values of WFSPINCRYPT.wMode */ #define WFS_PIN_MODEDECRYPT #define WFS_PIN_MODEDECRYPT #define WFS_PIN_MODEDECRYPT #define WFS_PIN_MODEANDOM /* values of WFSPINENTRY.wCompletion */ #define WFS_PIN_COMPAUTO #define WFS_PIN_COMPCNTER #define WFS_PIN_COMPCNTEL #define WFS_PIN_COMPCNTINUE #define WFS_PIN_COMPCLEAR</pre>	(0x00080000) (0x00100000) (0x00200000) (0x00400000) (0x01000000) (0x01000000) (0x04000000) (0x04000000) (0x10000000) (0x20000000) (0x20000000) (0x40000000) (0x80000000) (0x80000000) (0x80000000) (0x80000000) (0) (1) (2) (3)
<pre>#define WFS_PIN_FK_FDK19 #define WFS_PIN_FK_FDK20 #define WFS_PIN_FK_FDK21 #define WFS_PIN_FK_FDK22 #define WFS_PIN_FK_FDK23 #define WFS_PIN_FK_FDK24 #define WFS_PIN_FK_FDK25 #define WFS_PIN_FK_FDK26 #define WFS_PIN_FK_FDK27 #define WFS_PIN_FK_FDK28 #define WFS_PIN_FK_FDK30 #define WFS_PIN_FK_FDK30 #define WFS_PIN_FK_FDK31 #define WFS_PIN_FK_FDK32 /* values of WFSPINCRYPT.wMode */ #define WFS_PIN_MODEDECRYPT #define WFS_PIN_MODEDECRYPT #define WFS_PIN_MODEDECRYPT #define WFS_PIN_MODEDECRYPT #define WFS_PIN_MODEDECRYPT #define WFS_PIN_MODEDECRYPT #define WFS_PIN_MODEDECRYPT #define WFS_PIN_MODEDECRYPT #define WFS_PIN_COMPAUTO /* values of WFSPINENTRY.wCompletion */ #define WFS_PIN_COMPAUTO #define WFS_PIN_COMPENTER #define WFS_PIN_COMPCANCEL #define WFS_PIN_COMPCONTINUE</pre>	(0x00080000) (0x00100000) (0x00200000) (0x00400000) (0x01000000) (0x01000000) (0x04000000) (0x04000000) (0x10000000) (0x20000000) (0x20000000) (0x40000000) (0x80000000) (0x80000000) (0x80000000) (0x80000000) (0) (1) (2) (3)

<pre>#define WFS_PIN_COMPFDK #define WFS_PIN_COMPHELP #define WFS_PIN_COMPFK #define WFS_PIN_COMPCONTFDK</pre>	(9) (10) (11) (12)
<pre>/* values of WFSPINSECMSG.wProtocol */</pre>	
<pre>#define WFS_PIN_PROTISOAS #define WFS_PIN_PROTISOLZ #define WFS_PIN_PROTISOPS #define WFS_PIN_PROTCHIPZKA #define WFS_PIN_PROTPBM #define WFS_PIN_PROTPBM #define WFS_PIN_PROTGENAS #define WFS_PIN_PROTCHIPINCHG #define WFS_PIN_PROTPINCMP #define WFS_PIN_PROTISOPINCHG</pre>	<pre>(1) (2) (3) (4) (5) (6) (7) (8) (9) (10) (11)</pre>
<pre>/* values of WFSPINHSMINIT.wInitMode. */</pre>	
#define WFS_PIN_INITTEMP #define WFS_PIN_INITDEFINITE #define WFS_PIN_INITIRREVERSIBLE	(1) (2) (3)
/* values of WFSPINENCIO.wProtocol and WFSPINCAPS.f	wENCIOProtocols */
<pre>#define WFS_PIN_ENC_PROT_CH #define WFS_PIN_ENC_PROT_GIECB #define WFS_PIN_ENC_PROT_LUX #define WFS_PIN_ENC_PROT_CHN /* values for WFS_SRVE_PIN_CERTIFICATE_CHANGE and W</pre>	(0x0001) (0x0002) (0x0004) (0x0008) FSPINSTATUS.dwCertificateState */
#define WFS PIN CERT SECONDARY	(0x0000002)
<pre> /* values for WFSPINSTATUS.dwCertificateState*/</pre>	
<pre>#define WFS_PIN_CERT_UNKNOWN #define WFS_PIN_CERT_PRIMARY #define WFS_PIN_CERT_NOTREADY</pre>	(0x0000000) (0x0000001) (0x00000004)
<pre>/* Values for WFSPINCAPS.dwRSAAuthenticationScheme, WFSPINCAPS.dwRestrictedKeyEncKeySupport (LOWORD onl lpszExtra parameter, REMOTE_KEY_SCHEME. */</pre>	y) and the fast-track Capabilities
<pre>#define WFS_PIN_RSA_AUTH_2PARTY_SIG #define WFS_PIN_RSA_AUTH_3PARTY_CERT #define WFS_PIN_RSA_AUTH_3PARTY_CERT_TR34</pre>	(0x0000001) (0x0000002) (0x00000004)
<pre>/* Values for WFSPINCAPS.dwRestrictedKeyEncKeySuppo #define WFS_PIN_RESTRICTED_SECUREKEYENTRY</pre>	rt (HIWORD only) */ (0x00010000)
<pre>/* Values for WFSPINCAPS.dwSignatureScheme and the parameter, SIGNATURE_CAPABILITIES. */</pre>	fast-track Capabilities lpzExtra
<pre>#define WFS_PIN_SIG_GEN_RSA_KEY_PAIR #define WFS_PIN_SIG_RANDOM_NUMBER #define WFS_PIN_SIG_EXPORT_EPP_ID #define WFS_PIN_SIG_ENHANCED_RKL</pre>	(0x0000001) (0x0000002) (0x0000004) (0x0000008)
/* values of WFSPINIMPORTRSAPUBLICKEY.dwRSASignatur WFSPINCAPS.dwRSASignatureAlgorithm and WFSPINATTRIB	
<pre>#define WFS_PIN_SIGN_NA #define WFS_PIN_SIGN_RSASSA_PKCS1_V1_5 #define WFS_PIN_SIGN_RSASSA_PSS /* values of WFSPINIMPORTRSAPUBLICKEYOUTPUT.dwRSAKe</pre>	(0) (0x00000001) (0x00000002)

/* values of WFSPINIMPORTRSAPUBLICKEYOUTPUT.dwRSAKeyCheckMode */

#define WFS PIN RSA KCV NONE (0x0000000) #define WFS_PIN_RSA_KCV_SHA1 (0x0000001) #define WFS PIN RSA KCV SHA256 (0x0000002) /* values of WFSPINEXPORTRSAISSUERSIGNEDITEM.wExportItemType and */ WFSPINEXPORTRSAEPPSIGNEDITEM.wExportItemType */ /* #define WFS_PIN_EXPORT_EPP_ID (0x0001) #define WFS PIN EXPORT PUBLIC KEY (0×0002) /* values of WFSPINIMPORTRSASIGNEDDESKEY.dwRSAEncipherAlgorithm, WFSPINCAPS.dwRSACryptAlgorithm and WFSPINATTRIBUTES.dwCryptoMethod */ #define WFS_PIN_CRYPT_RSAES_PKCS1_V1_5 (0x0000001)
#define WFS_PIN_CRYPT_RSAES_OAEP (0x0000002) /* values of WFSPINGENERATERSAKEYPAIR.wExponentValue */ #define WFS PIN DEFAULT (0) #define WFS_PIN_EXPONENT_1
#define WFS_PIN_EXPONENT_4 (1)(2)#define WFS PIN EXPONENT 16 (3) /* values of WFSPINCAPS.wDESKeyLength, */ WFSPINIMPORTRSASIGNEDDESKEYOUTPUT.wKeyLength and */ /* /* WFSPINIMPORTRSAENCIPHEREDPKCS7KEYOUTPUT.wKeyLength */ #define WFS PIN KEYSINGLE (0×0001) #define WFS_PIN_KEYDOUBLE (0x0002) #define WFS PIN KEYTRIPLE (0x0004) /* values of WFSPINGETCERTIFICATE.wGetCertificate and WFSPINCAPS.wCertificateTypes */ #define WFS_PIN_PUBLICENCKEY (0×0001) #define WFS_PIN_PUBLICVERIFICATIONKEY
#define WFS_PIN_PUBLICHOSTKEY (0x0002) (0x0004) /* values of WFSPINAUTHENTICATE.dwSigner, */ /* WFSPINLOADCERTIFICATEEX.dwSigner, and */ /* WFSPINSIGNERCAP.dwSigner */ (0x00000001) #define WFS PIN SIGNER NONE #define WFS PIN SIGNER CERTHOST (0x00000002) #define WFS PIN SIGNER SIGHOST (0x0000004) #define WFS_PIN_SIGNER_CA (0x0000008) #define WFS_PIN_SIGNER_HL
#define WFS_PIN_SIGNER_CBCMAC (0x00000010) (0x0000020) #define WFS PIN SIGNER CMAC $(0 \times 0 0 0 0 0 4 0)$ #define WFS PIN SIGNER TR34 (0x1000000) (0x20000000) #define WFS_PIN_SIGNER_RESERVED_1 #define WFS_PIN_SIGNER_RESERVED_2 (0x4000000) #define WFS PIN SIGNER RESERVED 3 (0x8000000) /* values of WFSPINLOADCERTIFICATEEX.dwLoadOption and */ /* WFSPINSIGNERCAP.dwOption */ #define WFS_PIN_LOAD_REPLACEHOST (0x0000001) (0x0000002) /* values of WFSPINIMPORTRSAENCIPHEREDPKCS7EX.dwCRKLLoadOption */ (0x0000001) #define WFS_PIN_CRKLLOAD_NORANDOM #define WFS_FIN_CRKLLOAD_NORANDOM_CRL (0x00000002) #define WFS_PIN_CRKLLOAD_RANDOM
#define WFS_PIN_CRKLLOAD_RANDOM_CRL . (0x00000004) (0x0000008) /* values for WFSPINEMVIMPORTPUBLICKEY.wImportScheme and WFSPINCAPS.lpwEMVImportSchemes */

#define WFS PIN EMV IMPORT PLAIN CA (1)#define WFS_PIN_EMV_IMPORT_CHKSUM_CA (2) #define WFS_PIN_EMV_IMPORT_EPI_CA
#define WFS_PIN_EMV_IMPORT_ISSUER
#define WFS_PIN_EMV_IMPORT_ICC (3) (4) (5) #define WFS_PIN_EMV_IMPORT_ICC PIN (6) #define WFS PIN EMV IMPORT PKCSV1 5 CA (7) /* values for WFSPINDIGEST.wHashAlgorithm and WFSPINCAPS.fwEMVHashAlgorithm */ #define WFS PIN HASH SHA1 DIGEST (0×0001) #define WFS PIN HASH SHA256 DIGEST (0x0002) /* values of WFSPINSECUREKEYDETAIL.fwKeyEntryMode */ #define WFS PIN SECUREKEY NOTSUPP $(0 \times 0 0 0 0)$ #define WFS_PIN_SECUREKEY_REG_SHIFT (0x0001) #aetine WFS_PIN_SECUREKEY_REG_SHIFT #define WFS_PIN_SECUREKEY_REG_UNIQUE (0x0002) #define WFS_PIN_SECUREKEY_IRREG_SHIFT (0x0004) #define WFS PIN SECUREKEY IRREG UNIQUE (0x0008) /* values of WFSPINSTATUS.wAntiFraudModule */ #define WFS_PIN_AFMNOTSUPP (0)#define WFS_PIN_AFMOK (1)#define WFS_PIN_AFMINOP
#define WFS_PIN_AFMDEVICEDETECTED (2)(3)#define WFS PIN AFMUNKNOWN (4) /* values of WFSPINLAYOT.dwEntryMode and WFSPINGETLAYOUT.dwEntryMode */ #define WFS PIN LAYOUT DATA (0x00000001) #define WFS PIN LAYOUT PIN (0x0000002) #define WFS PIN LAYOUT SECURE (0x00000004) /* values of WFSPINFK.wKeyType */ #define WFS PIN FK (0×0001) #define WFS PIN_FDK (0x0002) /* values of WFSPINATTRIBUTES.dwCryptoMethod */ #define WFS PIN CRYPTOECB (1) #define WFS PIN CRYPTOCBC (2) #define WFS PIN CRYPTOCFB (3) #define WFS_PIN_CRYPTOOFB (4) #define WFS_PIN_CRYPTOCTR (5)#define WFS PIN CRYPTOXTS (6) /* values of WFSPINATTRIBUTES.dwCryptoMethod Hash Algorithms */ #define WFS PIN SIGNHASH SHA1 (0x8000000) #define WFS PIN SIGNHASH SHA256 (0x4000000) /* values of WFSPINKEYDETAIL340.fwLoaded */ #define WFS_PIN_LOADED NO (0x0000001) #define WFS_PIN_LOADED_YES
#define WFS_PIN_LOADED_UNKNOWN (0x0000002) (0x0000004) #define WFS PIN LOADED CONSTRUCT (0x80000000) /* XFS PIN Errors */ #define WFS ERR PIN KEYNOTFOUND (-(PIN SERVICE OFFSET + 0)) #define WFS_ERR_PIN_MODENOTSUPPORTED (-(PIN SERVICE OFFSET + 1)) #define WFS ERR PIN ACCESSDENIED (-(PIN SERVICE OFFSET + 2)) #define WFS_ERR_PIN_INVALIDID (-(PIN_SERVICE_OFFSET + 3)) (-(PIN_SERVICE_OFFSET + 4)) (-(PIN_SERVICE_OFFSET + 6)) #define WFS_ERR_PIN_DUPLICATEKEY #define WFS ERR PIN KEYNOVALUE

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#define WFS ERR PIN USEVIOLATION
                                                            (-(PIN SERVICE OFFSET + 7))
                                                            (-(PIN_SERVICE_OFFSET + 8))
#define WFS_ERR_PIN_NOPIN
                                                            (-(PIN_SERVICE_OFFSET + 9))
(-(PIN_SERVICE_OFFSET + 10))
#define WFS_ERR_PIN_INVALIDKEYLENGTH
#define WFS ERR PIN KEYINVALID
#define WFS_ERR PIN KEYNOTSUPPORTED
                                                            (-(PIN SERVICE OFFSET + 11))
#define WFS_ERR_PIN_NOACTIVEKEYS
                                                           (-(PIN_SERVICE_OFFSET + 12))
#define WFS_ERR_PIN_NOTERMINATEKEYS
                                                           (-(PIN SERVICE OFFSET + 14))
                                                           (-(PIN_SERVICE_OFFSET + 15))
(-(PIN_SERVICE_OFFSET + 16))
(-(PIN_SERVICE_OFFSET + 16))
(-(PIN_SERVICE_OFFSET + 17))
#define WFS_ERR_PIN_MINIMUMLENGTH
#define WFS_ERR_PIN_PROTOCOLNOTSUPP
#define WFS ERR PIN INVALIDDATA
#define WFS_ERR_PIN_NOTALLOWED
                                                            (-(PIN_SERVICE_OFFSET + 18))
#define WFS_ERR_PIN_NOKEYRAM
                                                            (-(PIN SERVICE OFFSET + 19))
#define WFS_ERR_PIN_NOCHIPTRANSACTIVE
                                                           (-(PIN SERVICE OFFSET + 20))
                                                          (-(PIN_SERVICE_OFFSET + 21))
(-(PIN_SERVICE_OFFSET + 22))
(-(PIN_SERVICE_OFFSET + 23))
#define WFS_ERR_PIN_ALGORITHMNOTSUPP
#define WFS ERR PIN FORMATNOTSUPP
#define WFS_ERR_PIN_HSMSTATEINVALID
#define WFS_ERR_PIN_MACINVALID
                                                           (-(PIN SERVICE OFFSET + 24))
#define WFS ERR PIN PROTINVALID
                                                           (-(PIN SERVICE OFFSET + 25))
                                                           (-(PIN_SERVICE_OFFSET + 26))
(-(PIN_SERVICE_OFFSET + 27))
(-(PIN_SERVICE_OFFSET + 29))
#define WFS_ERR_PIN_FORMATINVALID
#define WFS_ERR_PIN_CONTENTINVALID
#define WFS_ERR_PIN_SIG_NOT_SUPP
#define WFS_ERR_PIN_INVALID_MOD_LEN
                                                           (-(PIN SERVICE OFFSET + 31))
#define WFS_ERR_PIN_INVALIDCERTSTATE
                                                           (-(PIN SERVICE OFFSET + 32))
#define WFS_ERR_PIN_KEY_GENERATION_ERROR
                                                           (-(PIN_SERVICE_OFFSE1 + 32))
(-(PIN_SERVICE_OFFSET + 33))
(-(PIN_SERVICE_OFFSET + 34))
(-(PIN_SERVICE_OFFSET + 35))
(-(PIN_SERVICE_OFFSET + 36))
#define WFS_ERR_PIN_EMV_VERIFY_FAILED
#define WFS_ERR PIN RANDOMINVALID
#define WFS_ERR_PIN_SIGNATUREINVALID
#define WFS_ERR_PIN_SNSCDINVALID
                                                           (-(PIN SERVICE OFFSET + 37))
#define WFS_ERR_PIN_NORSAKEYPAIR
                                                           (-(PIN_SERVICE_OFFSET + 38))
                                                           (-(PIN_SERVICE_OFFSET + 39))
(-(PIN_SERVICE_OFFSET + 40))
(-(PIN_SERVICE_OFFSET + 41))
#define WFS_ERR_PIN_INVALID_PORT
#define WFS_ERR_PIN_POWERSAVETOOSHORT
#define WFS ERR PIN INVALIDHSM
#define WFS_ERR_PIN_TOOMANYFRAMES
                                                           (-(PIN SERVICE OFFSET + 42))
#define WFS ERR PIN PARTIALFRAME
                                                           (-(PIN SERVICE OFFSET + 43))
                                                           (-(PIN_SERVICE_OFFSET + 44))
(-(PIN_SERVICE_OFFSET + 45))
(-(PIN_SERVICE_OFFSET + 46))
#define WFS_ERR_PIN_MISSINGKEYS
#define WFS_ERR_PIN_FRAMECOORD
#define WFS_ERR_PIN_KEYCOORD
#define WFS_ERR_PIN_FRAMEOVERLAP
                                                           (-(PIN SERVICE OFFSET + 47))
#define WFS_ERR_PIN_KEYOVERLAP
                                                           (-(PIN SERVICE OFFSET + 48))
#define WFS_ERR_PIN_TOOMANYKEYS
                                                           (-(PIN SERVICE OFFSET + 49))
                                                           (-(PIN_SERVICE_OFFSET + 50))
(-(PIN_SERVICE_OFFSET + 51))
(-(PIN_SERVICE_OFFSET + 52))
#define WFS_ERR_PIN_KEYALREADYDEFINED
#define WFS_ERR_PIN_COMMANDUNSUPP
#define WFS_ERR_PIN_SYNCHRONIZEUNSUPP
#define WFS_ERR_PIN_DUKPTOVERFLOW
#define WFS_ERR_PIN_ENTRYTIMEOUT
                                                           (-(PIN SERVICE OFFSET + 53))
                                                           (-(PIN SERVICE OFFSET + 54))
#define WFS_ERR_PIN_CRYPTOMETHODNOTSUPP
                                                            (-(PIN_SERVICE_OFFSET + 55))
/*_____*/
/* PIN Info Command Structures and variables */
/*_____*/
typedef struct _wfs_hex_data
                              usLength;
    USHORT
    LPBYTE
                              lpbData;
} WFSXDATA, *LPWFSXDATA;
typedef struct wfs pin status
    WORD
                               fwDevice;
    WORD
                              fwEncStat;
    LPSTR
                              lpszExtra;
    DWORD
                              dwGuidLights[WFS PIN GUIDLIGHTS SIZE];
    WORD
                              fwAutoBeepMode;
                              dwCertificateState;
    DWORD
    WORD
                             wDevicePosition;
    USHORT
                             usPowerSaveRecoveryTime;
    WORD
                              wAntiFraudModule;
} WFSPINSTATUS, *LPWFSPINSTATUS;
```

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```
typedef struct wfs pin rest keyenckey
{
    DWORD
                            dwLoadingMethod;
    DWORD
                            dwUses;
} WFSPINRESTKEYENCKEY, *LPWFSPINRESTKEYENCKEY;
typedef struct wfs pin signer capability
{
    DWORD
                            dwSigner;
    DWORD
                            dwOption;
} WFSPINSIGNERCAP, *LPWFSPINSIGNERCAP;
typedef struct _wfs_pin_ets_caps
{
    LONG
                            lXPos;
    LONG
                            lYPos:
    USHORT
                            usXSize;
    USHORT
                            usYSize;
    WORD
                            wMaximumTouchFrames:
    WORD
                            wMaximumTouchKeys;
    WORD
                            wFloatFlags;
} WFSPINETSCAPS, *LPWFSPINETSCAPS;
typedef struct _wfs_pin_attributes
{
    BYTE
                            bKeyUsage[2];
    BYTE
                            bAlgorithm;
    BYTE
                            bModeOfUse;
    DWORD
                            dwCryptoMethod;
} WFSPINATTRIBUTES, *LPWFSPINATTRIBUTES;
typedef struct _wfs_pin_caps
{
    WORD
                            wClass;
    WORD
                            fwType;
    BOOL
                            bCompound;
    USHORT
                            usKeyNum;
                            fwAlgorithms;
    WORD
    WORD
                            fwPinFormats;
    WORD
                            fwDerivationAlgorithms;
    WORD
                            fwPresentationAlgorithms;
    WORD
                            fwDisplay;
    BOOL
                            bIDConnect;
    WORD
                            fwIDKey;
    WORD
                            fwValidationAlgorithms;
    WORD
                            fwKeyCheckModes;
    LPSTR
                            lpszExtra;
                            dwGuidLights[WFS PIN GUIDLIGHTS SIZE];
    DWORD
    BOOL
                            bPINCanPersistAfterUse;
    WORD
                            fwAutoBeep;
    LPSTR
                            lpsHSMVendor;
                            bHSMJournaling;
    BOOL
    DWORD
                            dwRSAAuthenticationScheme;
    DWORD
                            dwRSASignatureAlgorithm;
    DWORD
                            dwRSACrvptAlgorithm;
    DWORD
                            dwRSAKeyCheckMode;
    DWORD
                            dwSignatureScheme;
    LPWORD
                            lpwEMVImportSchemes;
    WORD
                            fwEMVHashAlgorithm;
    BOOL
                            bKeyImportThroughParts;
    WORD
                            fwENCIOProtocols;
    BOOL
                            bTypeCombined;
    BOOL
                            bSetPinblockDataRequired;
    WORD
                            fwKeyBlockImportFormats;
    BOOL
                            bPowerSaveControl;
    BOOL
                            bAntiFraudModule;
    WORD
                            wDESKeyLength;
    WORD
                            wCertificateTypes;
    LPWFSPINSIGNERCAP
                            *lppLoadCertOptions;
    DWORD
                            dwCRKLLoadOptions;
```

```
LPWFSPINETSCAPS
                            lpETSCaps;
    L'EDWORD
                            lpdwSynchronizableCommands;
    LPWFSPINRESTKEYENCKEY
                           *lppRestrictedKeyEncKeySupport;
    DWORD
                            dwSymmetricKeyManagementMethods;
    LPWFSPINATTRIBUTES
                            *lppCryptAttributes;
                            *lppPINBlockAttributes;
    LPWFSPINATTRIBUTES
    LPWFSPINATTRIBUTES
                            *lppKeyAttributes;
    LPWFSPINATTRIBUTES
                            *lppDecryptAttributes;
    LPWFSPINATTRIBUTES
                            *lppVerifyAttributes;
} WFSPINCAPS, *LPWFSPINCAPS;
typedef struct wfs pin key detail
{
    LPSTR
                            lpsKeyName;
    WORD
                            fwUse;
    BOOL
                           bLoaded;
    LPWFSXDATA
                            lpxKeyBlockHeader;
} WFSPINKEYDETAIL, *LPWFSPINKEYDETAIL;
typedef struct wfs pin fdk
    ULONG
                            ulFDK;
    USHORT
                            usXPosition:
    USHORT
                            usYPosition;
} WFSPINFDK, *LPWFSPINFDK;
typedef struct wfs pin func key detail
    ULONG
                            ulFuncMask;
    USHORT
                            usNumberFDKs;
    LPWFSPINFDK
                            *lppFDKs;
} WFSPINFUNCKEYDETAIL, *LPWFSPINFUNCKEYDETAIL;
typedef struct _wfs_pin_key_detail_ex
{
    LPSTR
                           lpsKeyName;
    DWORD
                           dwllse:
    BYTE
                           bGeneration;
    BYTE
                           bVersion;
    BYTE
                           bActivatingDate[4];
    BYTE
                           bExpiryDate[4];
    BOOT.
                           bLoaded;
    LPWFSXDATA
                           lpxKeyBlockHeader;
} WFSPINKEYDETAILEX, *LPWFSPINKEYDETAILEX;
/* WFS_INF_PIN_SECUREKEY_DETAIL command key layout output structure */
typedef struct _wfs_pin_hex_keys
    USHORT
                            usXPos;
    USHORT
                            usYPos;
    USHORT
                           usXSize;
    USHORT
                            usYSize;
    IILONG
                           11] FK:
    ULONG
                           ulShiftFK;
} WFSPINHEXKEYS, *LPWFSPINHEXKEYS;
/* WFS INF PIN SECUREKEY DETAIL command output structure */
typedef struct wfs_pin_secure_key_detail
{
    WORD
                            fwKeyEntryMode;
    LPWFSPINFUNCKEYDETAIL lpFuncKeyDetail;
    ULONG
                           ulClearFDK;
    ULONG
                            ulCancelFDK;
    ULONG
                           ulBackspaceFDK;
    ULONG
                           ulEnterFDK;
    WORD
                           wColumns;
    WORD
                           wRows:
    LPWFSPINHEXKEYS
                           *lppHexKeys;
} WFSPINSECUREKEYDETAIL, *LPWFSPINSECUREKEYDETAIL;
```

```
/* WFS INF PIN PCIPTS_DEVICE_ID command output structure */
typedef struct _wfs_pin_pcipts_deviceid
{
   LPSTR
                         lpszManufacturerIdentifier;
   LPSTR
                         lpszModelIdentifier;
   LPSTR
                         lpszHardwareIdentifier;
   LPSTR
                         lpszFirmwareIdentifier;
   LPSTR
                         lpszApplicationIdentifier;
} WFSPINPCIPTSDEVICEID, *LPWFSPINPCIPTSDEVICEID;
/* WFSPINKEYBLOCKINFO structure */
typedef struct wfs pin key block info
{
   BYTE
                         bKeyUsage[2];
   BYTE
                         bAlgorithm;
   BYTE
                        bModeOfUse;
   BYTE
                        bKeyVersionNumber[2];
   BYTE
                        bExportability;
   LPWFSXDATA
                         lpxOptionalBlockHeader;
   ULONG
                         ulKeyLength;
} WFSPINKEYBLOCKINFO, *LPWFSPINKEYBLOCKINFO;
/* WFS INF PIN KEY DETAIL 340 command output structure */
typedef struct wfs_pin_key_detail_340
{
   LPSTR
                         lpsKeyName;
   DWORD
                        dwUse;
   BYTE
                        bGeneration;
   BYTE
                         bVersion;
   BYTE
                         bActivatingDate[4];
   BYTE
                        bExpiryDate[4];
   DWORD
                        fwLoaded;
   LPWFSPINKEYBLOCKINFO lpKeyBlockInfo;
} WFSPINKEYDETAIL340, *LPWFSPINKEYDETAIL340;
/*_____*
/* PIN Execute Command Structures */
/*_____*
typedef struct _wfs_pin_crypt
{
   WORD
                        wMode;
   LPSTR
                        lpsKev;
   LPWFSXDATA
                        lpxKeyEncKey;
   WORD
                        wAlgorithm;
   LPSTR
                         lpsStartValueKey;
   LPWFSXDATA
                         lpxStartValue;
                       bPadding;
   BYTE
   BYTE
                       bCompression;
   LPWFSXDATA
                         lpxCryptData;
} WFSPINCRYPT, *LPWFSPINCRYPT;
typedef struct _wfs_pin_import
{
   LPSTR
                         lpsKey;
   LPSTR
                         lpsEncKey;
   LPWFSXDATA
                         lpxIdent;
   LPWFSXDATA
                         lpxValue;
   WORD
                         fwUse:
} WFSPINIMPORT, *LPWFSPINIMPORT;
typedef struct _wfs_pin_derive
{
   WORD
                         wDerivationAlgorithm;
   LPSTR
                        lpsKey;
   LPSTR
                        lpsKeyGenKey;
                        lpsStartValueKey;
   LPSTR
   LPWFSXDATA
                         lpxStartValue;
   BYTE
                        bPadding;
```

```
LPWFSXDATA
                            lpxInputData;
    LPWFSXDATA
                            lpxIdent;
} WFSPINDERIVE, *LPWFSPINDERIVE;
typedef struct _wfs_pin_getpin
{
    USHORT
                           usMinLen;
    USHORT
                           usMaxLen:
    BOOL
                           bAutoEnd;
    CHAR
                            cEcho;
    ULONG
                           ulActiveFDKs;
    ULONG
                           ulActiveKeys;
    ULONG
                           ulTerminateFDKs;
    ULONG
                           ulTerminateKeys;
} WFSPINGETPIN, *LPWFSPINGETPIN;
typedef struct _wfs_pin_entry
{
    USHORT
                            usDigits;
                            wCompletion;
    WORD
} WFSPINENTRY, *LPWFSPINENTRY;
typedef struct wfs pin local des
{
    LPSTR
                            lpsValidationData;
    LPSTR
                            lpsOffset;
    BYTE
                           bPadding;
    USHORT
                           usMaxPIN;
    USHORT
                            usValDigits;
    BOOL
                           bNoLeadingZero;
    LPSTR
                            lpsKey;
    LPWFSXDATA
                            lpxKeyEncKey;
                            lpsDecTable;
    LPSTR
} WFSPINLOCALDES, *LPWFSPINLOCALDES;
typedef struct _wfs_pin_create_offset
                            lpsValidationData;
    LPSTR
    BYTE
                           bPadding;
    USHORT
                           usMaxPIN;
    USHORT
                            usValDigits;
    LPSTR
                            lpsKey;
    LPWFSXDATA
                            lpxKeyEncKey;
    LPSTR
                            lpsDecTable;
} WFSPINCREATEOFFSET, *LPWFSPINCREATEOFFSET;
typedef struct _wfs_pin_local_eurocheque
    LPSTR
                            lpsEurochequeData;
    LPSTR
                            lpsPVV;
    WORD
                            wFirstEncDigits;
    WORD
                           wFirstEncOffset;
    WORD
                            wPVVDigits;
    WORD
                            wPVVOffset;
    LPSTR
                            lpsKev;
    LPWFSXDATA
                            lpxKeyEncKey;
    LPSTR
                           lpsDecTable;
} WFSPINLOCALEUROCHEQUE, *LPWFSPINLOCALEUROCHEQUE;
typedef struct _wfs_pin_local_visa
{
                            lpsPAN;
    LPSTR
    LPSTR
                            lpsPVV;
    WORD
                            wPVVDigits;
    LPSTR
                            lpsKey;
    LPWFSXDATA
                            lpxKeyEncKey;
} WFSPINLOCALVISA, *LPWFSPINLOCALVISA;
typedef struct _wfs_pin_presentidc
```

```
WORD
                           wPresentAlgorithm;
    WORD
                           wChipProtocol;
    ULONG
                           ulChipDataLength;
    LPBYTE
                           lpbChipData;
    LPVOTD
                           lpAlgorithmData;
} WFSPINPRESENTIDC, *LPWFSPINPRESENTIDC;
typedef struct wfs pin present result
{
   WORD
                           wChipProtocol;
    ULONG
                           ulChipDataLength;
    LPBYTE
                           lpbChipData;
} WFSPINPRESENTRESULT, *LPWFSPINPRESENTRESULT;
typedef struct _wfs_pin_presentclear
{
    ULONG
                           ulPINPointer;
    USHORT
                           usPINOffset;
} WFSPINPRESENTCLEAR, *LPWFSPINPRESENTCLEAR;
typedef struct wfs pin block
{
    LPSTR
                           lpsCustomerData;
    LPSTR
                           lpsXORData;
    BYTE
                           bPadding;
    WORD
                           wFormat;
    LPSTR
                           lpsKey;
    LPSTR
                           lpsKeyEncKey;
} WFSPINBLOCK, *LPWFSPINBLOCK;
typedef struct _wfs_pin_block_ex
{
                           lpsCustomerData;
    LPSTR
    LPSTR
                           lpsXORData;
                           bPadding;
    BYTE
    DWORD
                           dwFormat;
    LPSTR
                           lpsKey;
                           lpsKeyEncKey;
    LPSTR
                           dwAlgorithm;
    DWORD
} WFSPINBLOCKEX, *LPWFSPINBLOCKEX;
typedef struct _wfs_pin_getdata
{
    USHORT
                           usMaxLen;
    BOOL
                           bAutoEnd;
   ULONG
                           ulActiveFDKs;
    ULONG
                           ulActiveKeys;
    ULONG
                           ulTerminateFDKs;
    ULONG
                           ulTerminateKeys;
} WFSPINGETDATA, *LPWFSPINGETDATA;
typedef struct _wfs_pin_key
{
   WORD
                           wCompletion;
    ULONG
                           ulDigit;
} WFSPINKEY, *LPWFSPINKEY;
typedef struct _wfs_pin_data
{
    USHORT
                           usKevs;
    LPWFSPINKEY
                           *lpPinKeys;
                           wCompletion;
    WORD
} WFSPINDATA, *LPWFSPINDATA;
typedef struct _wfs_pin_init
{
   LPWFSXDATA
                           lpxIdent;
   LPWFSXDATA
                           lpxKey;
} WFSPININIT, *LPWFSPININIT;
```

```
typedef struct wfs pin local banksys
{
    LPWFSXDATA
                           lpxATMVAC;
} WFSPINLOCALBANKSYS, *LPWFSPINLOCALBANKSYS;
typedef struct _wfs_pin_banksys_io
    ULONG
                           ulLength;
    LPBYTE
                           lpbData;
} WFSPINBANKSYSIO, *LPWFSPINBANKSYSIO;
typedef struct wfs pin secure message
    WORD
                           wProtocol;
    ULONG
                           ulLength;
    LPRYTE
                           lpbMsq;
} WFSPINSECMSG, *LPWFSPINSECMSG;
typedef struct wfs pin import key ex
{
    LPSTR
                           lpsKey;
    LPSTR
                           lpsEncKey;
    LPWFSXDATA
                           lpxValue;
                           lpxControlVector;
    LPWESXDATA
    DWORD
                           dwUse;
    WORD
                           wKeyCheckMode;
                           lpxKeyCheckValue;
   LPWESXDATA
} WFSPINIMPORTKEYEX, *LPWFSPINIMPORTKEYEX;
typedef struct _wfs_pin_enc_io
{
    WORD
                           wProtocol;
    ULONG
                           ulDataLength;
    LPVOID
                           lpvData;
} WFSPINENCIO, *LPWFSPINENCIO;
/* WFS CMD PIN SECUREKEY ENTRY command input structure */
typedef struct wfs pin secure key entry
    USHORT
                           usKeyLen;
    BOOL
                           bAutoEnd;
    ULONG
                           ulActiveFDKs;
    ULONG
                           ulActiveKeys;
    ULONG
                           ulTerminateFDKs;
    ULONG
                           ulTerminateKeys;
    WORD
                           wVerificationType;
} WFSPINSECUREKEYENTRY, *LPWFSPINSECUREKEYENTRY;
/* WFS CMD PIN SECUREKEY ENTRY command output structure */
typedef struct wfs_pin_secure_key_entry_out
{
    USHORT
                           usDigits;
    WORD
                           wCompletion;
    I.PWFSYDATA
                           lpxKCV;
} WFSPINSECUREKEYENTRYOUT, *LPWFSPINSECUREKEYENTRYOUT;
/* WFS CDM PIN IMPORT KEYBLOCK command input structure */
typedef struct wfs_pin_import_key_block
    LPSTR
                           lpsKey;
    LPSTR
                           lpsEncKey;
    LPWFSXDATA
                           lpxKeyBlock;
} WFSPINIMPORTKEYBLOCK, *LPWFSPINIMPORTKEYBLOCK;
typedef struct _wfs_pin_import_rsa_public_key
{
    LPSTR
                           lpsKey;
    LPWFSXDATA
                           lpxValue;
    DWORD
                           dwUse;
    LPSTR
                           lpsSigKey;
```

```
DWORD
                           dwRSASignatureAlgorithm;
   LPWFSXDATA
                           lpxSignature;
WFSPINIMPORTRSAPUBLICKEY, *LPWFSPINIMPORTRSAPUBLICKEY;
typedef struct _wfs_pin_import_rsa_public_key_output
{
   DWORD
                dwRSAKeyCheckMode;
   LPWFSXDATA lpxKeyCheckValue;
} WFSPINIMPORTRSAPUBLICKEYOUTPUT, *LPWFSPINIMPORTRSAPUBLICKEYOUTPUT;
typedef struct wfs pin export rsa issuer signed item
{
   WORD
                           wExportItemType;
   LPSTR
                           lpsName;
} WFSPINEXPORTRSAISSUERSIGNEDITEM, *LPWFSPINEXPORTRSAISSUERSIGNEDITEM;
typedef struct wfs pin export rsa issuer signed item output
   LPWESXDATA
                           lpxValue;
   DWORD
                           dwRSASignatureAlgorithm;
   LPWFSXDATA
                           lpxSignature;
} WFSPINEXPORTRSAISSUERSIGNEDITEMOUTPUT, *LPWFSPINEXPORTRSAISSUERSIGNEDITEMOUTPUT;
typedef struct wfs pin import rsa signed des key
{
   LPSTR
                           lpsKey;
   LPSTR
                           lpsDecryptKey;
   DWORD
                           dwRSAEncipherAlgorithm;
   LPWFSXDATA
                          lpxValue;
   DWORD
                           dwUse;
   LPSTR
                           lpsSigKey;
   DWORD
                           dwRSASignatureAlgorithm;
   LPWFSXDATA
                           lpxSignature;
} WFSPINIMPORTRSASIGNEDDESKEY, *LPWFSPINIMPORTRSASIGNEDDESKEY;
typedef struct wfs pin import rsa signed des key output
   WORD
                           wKeyLength;
   WORD
                           wKeyCheckMode;
   LPWFSXDATA
                           lpxKeyCheckValue;
WFSPINIMPORTRSASIGNEDDESKEYOUTPUT, *LPWFSPINIMPORTRSASIGNEDDESKEYOUTPUT;
typedef struct wfs pin generate rsa key
{
   LPSTR
                           lpsKey;
   DWORD
                           dwUse;
   WORD
                           wModulusLength;
   WORD
                           wExponentValue;
} WFSPINGENERATERSAKEYPAIR, *LPWFSPINGENERATERSAKEYPAIR;
typedef struct wfs pin export rsa epp signed item
{
   WORD
                           wExportItemType;
   L.PSTR
                           lpsName;
   LPSTR
                           lpsSigKev;
   DWORD
                           dwSignatureAlgorithm;
} WFSPINEXPORTRSAEPPSIGNEDITEM, *LPWFSPINEXPORTRSAEPPSIGNEDITEM;
typedef struct _wfs_pin_export_rsa_epp_signed_item_output
{
   LPWFSXDATA
                           lpxValue;
   LPWFSXDATA
                           lpxSelfSignature;
                           lpxSignature;
   LPWFSXDATA
} WFSPINEXPORTRSAEPPSIGNEDITEMOUTPUT, *LPWFSPINEXPORTRSAEPPSIGNEDITEMOUTPUT;
typedef struct _wfs_pin_load_certificate
{
   LPWESXDATA
                          lpxLoadCertificate;
} WFSPINLOADCERTIFICATE, *LPWFSPINLOADCERTIFICATE;
```

```
typedef struct wfs pin load certificate output
{
   LPWFSXDATA
                           lpxCertificateData;
} WFSPINLOADCERTIFICATEOUTPUT, *LPWFSPINLOADCERTIFICATEOUTPUT;
typedef struct wfs pin get certificate
   WORD
                           wGetCertificate:
} WFSPINGETCERTIFICATE, *LPWFSPINGETCERTIFICATE;
typedef struct wfs pin get certificate output
{
   LPWESXDATA
                          lpxCertificate;
WFSPINGETCERTIFICATEOUTPUT, *LPWFSPINGETCERTIFICATEOUTPUT;
typedef struct wfs pin replace certificate
{
   LPWESXDATA
                           lpxReplaceCertificate;
} WFSPINREPLACECERTIFICATE, *LPWFSPINREPLACECERTIFICATE;
typedef struct wfs pin replace certificate output
  LPWFSXDATA
                           lpxNewCertificateData;
} WFSPINREPLACECERTIFICATEOUTPUT, *LPWFSPINREPLACECERTIFICATEOUTPUT;
typedef struct _wfs_pin_start key exchange
   LPWFSXDATA
                           lpxRandomItem;
} WFSPINSTARTKEYEXCHANGE, *LPWFSPINSTARTKEYEXCHANGE;
typedef struct wfs pin import rsa enciphered pkcs7 key
   LPWFSXDATA
                           lpxImportRSAKeyIn;
                           lpsKey;
   LPSTR
   DWORD
                           dwUse;
WFSPINIMPORTRSAENCIPHEREDPKCS7KEY, *LPWFSPINIMPORTRSAENCIPHEREDPKCS7KEY;
typedef struct wfs pin import rsa enciphered pkcs7 key output
   WORD
                           wKeyLength;
   LPWFSXDATA
                           lpxRSAData;
}WFSPINIMPORTRSAENCIPHEREDPKCS7KEYOUTPUT, *LPWFSPINIMPORTRSAENCIPHEREDPKCS7KEYOUTPUT;
typedef struct _wfs_pin_emv_import_public_key
{
   LPSTR
                           lpsKev;
   DWORD
                           dwUse;
   WORD
                           wImportScheme;
   LPWFSXDATA
                           lpxImportData;
   LPSTR
                           lpsSigKey;
} WFSPINEMVIMPORTPUBLICKEY, *LPWFSPINEMVIMPORTPUBLICKEY;
typedef struct _wfs_pin_emv_import public key output
   LPSTR
                           lpsExpirvDate;
} WFSPINEMVIMPORTPUBLICKEYOUTPUT, *LPWFSPINEMVIMPORTPUBLICKEYOUTPUT;
typedef struct wfs pin digest
   WORD
                          wHashAlgorithm;
   LPWFSXDATA
                           lpxDigestInput;
} WFSPINDIGEST, *LPWFSPINDIGEST;
typedef struct wfs pin digest output
   LPWESXDATA
                          lpxDigestOutput;
} WFSPINDIGESTOUTPUT, *LPWFSPINDIGESTOUTPUT;
typedef struct _wfs_pin_hsm_init
```

```
WORD
                          wInitMode;
   LPWFSXDATA
                          lpxOnlineTime;
} WFSPINHSMINIT, *LPWFSPINHSMINIT;
typedef struct _wfs_pin_generate_KCV
{
   LPSTR
                           lpsKey;
                           wKeyCheckMode;
   WORD
} WFSPINGENERATEKCV, *LPWFSPINGENERATEKCV;
typedef struct wfs pin kcv
{
   LPWFSXDATA
                          lpxKCV;
} WFSPINKCV, *LPWFSPINKCV;
typedef struct _wfs_pin_set_guidlight
{
   WORD
                           wGuidLight;
   DWORD
                          dwCommand;
} WFSPINSETGUIDLIGHT, *LPWFSPINSETGUIDLIGHT;
typedef struct _wfs_pin_maintain_pin
{
   BOOT.
                          bMaintainPTN:
} WFSPINMAINTAINPIN, *LPWFSPINMAINTAINPIN;
typedef struct _wfs_pin_hsm_info
{
   WORD
                          wHSMSerialNumber;
   LPSTR
                          lpsZKAID;
} WFSPINHSMINFO, *LPWFSPINHSMINFO;
typedef struct _wfs_pin_hsm_detail
{
                          wActiveLogicalHSM;
   WORD
   LPWFSPINHSMINFO
                           *lppHSMInfo;
} WFSPINHSMDETAIL, *LPWFSPINHSMDETAIL;
typedef struct _wfs_pin_hsm_identifier
{
   WORD
                          wHSMSerialNumber:
} WFSPINHSMIDENTIFIER, *LPWFSPINHSMIDENTIFIER;
typedef struct _wfs_pin_power_save_control
{
   USHORT
                          usMaxPowerSaveRecoveryTime;
} WFSPINPOWERSAVECONTROL, *LPWFSPINPOWERSAVECONTROL;
typedef struct _wfs_pin_get_layout
{
   DWORD
                           dwEntryMode;
} WFSPINGETLAYOUT, *LPWFSPINGETLAYOUT;
typedef struct _wfs_pin_fk
{
   USHORT
                          usXPos;
   USHORT
                          usYPos;
   USHORT
                           usXSize;
   USHORT
                           usYSize;
                          wКеуТуре;
   WORD
   ULONG
                          ulFK;
   ULONG
                          ulShiftFK;
} WFSPINFK, *LPWFSPINFK;
typedef struct _wfs_pin_frame
{
   USHORT
                          usFrameXPos;
   USHORT
                          usFrameYPos;
   USHORT
                          usFrameXSize;
   USHORT
                          usFrameYSize;
```

```
WORD
                           wFloatAction;
    LPWFSPINFK
                           *lppFKs;
} WFSPINFRAME, *LPWFSPINFRAME;
typedef struct _wfs_pin_layout
{
    DWORD
                           dwEntryMode;
                           usNumberOfFrames;
    USHORT
    LPWFSPINFRAME
                           *lppFrames;
} WFSPINLAYOUT, *LPWFSPINLAYOUT;
typedef struct wfs pin load certificate ex
{
    DWORD
                           dwLoadOption;
    DWORD
                           dwSigner;
    LPWESXDATA
                           lpxCertificateData;
} WFSPINLOADCERTIFICATEEX, *LPWFSPINLOADCERTIFICATEEX;
typedef struct wfs pin load certificate ex output
{
    DWORD
                           dwRSAKeyCheckMode;
    LPWFSXDATA
                           lpxRSAData;
} WFSPINLOADCERTIFICATEEXOUTPUT, *LPWFSPINLOADCERTIFICATEEXOUTPUT;
typedef struct wfs pin import rsa enciphered pkcs7 key ex
{
    LPWFSXDATA
                           lpxImportRSAKeyIn;
    LPSTR
                           lpsKey;
    DWORD
                           dwUse;
    DWORD
                           dwCRKLLoadOption;
} WFSPINIMPORTRSAENCIPHEREDPKCS7KEYEX, *LPWFSPINIMPORTRSAENCIPHEREDPKCS7KEYEX;
typedef struct _wfs_pin_import_rsa_enciphered_pkcs7_key_ex_output
{
    WORD
                           wKeyLength;
    DWORD
                           dwRSAKeyCheckMode;
    LPWFSXDATA
                           lpxRSAData;
    WORD
                           wKeyCheckMode;
    LPWESXDATA
                           lpxKeyCheckValue;
} WFSPINIMPORTRSAENCIPHEREDPKCS7KEYEXOUTPUT,
*LPWFSPINIMPORTRSAENCIPHEREDPKCS7KEYEXOUTPUT;
typedef struct wfs pin start authenticate
{
    DWORD
                           dwCommandID;
    LPVOID
                           lpvInputData;
} WFSPINSTARTAUTHENTICATE, *LPWFSPINSTARTAUTHENTICATE;
typedef struct _wfs_pin_start_authenticate_out
{
    HRESILT
                           hInternalCmdResult;
                           lpxDataToSign;
    LPWFSXDATA
    DWORD
                           dwSigners;
} WFSPINSTARTAUTHENTICATEOUT, *LPWFSPINSTARTAUTHENTICATEOUT;
typedef struct wfs pin authenticate
{
    DWORD
                           dwSigner;
    LPSTR
                           lpsSigKey;
    LPWFSXDATA
                           lpxSignedData;
    DWORD
                           dwCommandID;
    LPVOID
                           lpvInputData;
} WFSPINAUTHENTICATE, *LPWFSPINAUTHENTICATE;
typedef struct _wfs_pin_authenticate_out
    HRESULT
                           hInternalCmdResult;
    DWORD
                           dwCommandID;
    LPVOTD
                           lpvOutputData;
} WFSPINAUTHENTICATEOUT, *LPWFSPINAUTHENTICATEOUT;
```

```
typedef struct _wfs_pin_synchronize_command
{
   DWORD
                         dwCommand;
   LPVOTD
                         lpCmdData;
} WFSPINSYNCHRONIZECOMMAND, *LPWFSPINSYNCHRONIZECOMMAND;
typedef struct wfs pin crypt 340
{
   LPSTR
                         lpsKey;
   LPSTR
                        lpsStartValueKev;
   LPWFSXDATA
                        lpxStartValue;
                       bPadding;
   BYTE
   BYTE
                        bCompression;
   LPWFSXDATA
                         lpxCryptData;
   LPWFSXDATA lpxVerifyData;
LPWFSPINATTRIBUTES lpCryptAttributes;
} WFSPINCRYPT340, *LPWFSPINCRYPT340;
typedef struct _wfs_pin_block_340
{
   LPSTR
                         lpsCustomerData;
   LPSTR
                         lpsXORData;
   BYTE
                         bPadding;
   DWORD
                         dwFormat;
   LPSTR
                         lpsKey;
                        lpsSecondEncKey;
   LPSTR
   LPWFSPINATTRIBUTES lpPINBlockAttributes;
} WFSPINBLOCK340, *LPWFSPINBLOCK340;
typedef struct _wfs_pin_import_key_340
{
   LPSTR
                        lpsKey;
   LPWFSPINATTRIBUTES lpKeyAttributes;
                        lpxValue;
   LPWFSXDATA
   LPSTR
                        lpsDecryptKey;
   DWORD
                        dwDecryptMethod;
                        lpxVerificationData;
   LPWFSXDATA
   LPSTR
                        lpsVerifyKey;
   LPWFSPINATTRIBUTES lpVerifyAttributes;
   LPWFSXDATA
                        lpxVendorAttributes;
} WFSPINIMPORTKEY340, *LPWFSPINIMPORTKEY340;
typedef struct _wfs_pin_import_key_340_out
{
                        lpxVerificationData;
   LPWFSXDATA
   LPWFSPINATTRIBUTES
                        lpVerifyAttributes;
   ULONG
                         ulKeyLength;
} WFSPINIMPORTKEY340OUT, *LPWFSPINIMPORTKEY340OUT;
/*_____*
/* PIN Message Structures */
/*_____*/
typedef struct wfs pin access
{
   LPSTR
                         lpsKeyName;
   LONG
                         lErrorCode;
} WFSPINACCESS, *LPWFSPINACCESS;
typedef struct _wfs_pin_device_position
{
   WORD
                         wPosition;
} WFSPINDEVICEPOSITION, *LPWFSPINDEVICEPOSITION;
typedef struct wfs pin power save change
{
   USHORT
                        usPowerSaveRecoveryTime;
} WFSPINPOWERSAVECHANGE, *LPWFSPINPOWERSAVECHANGE;
```

```
typedef struct wfs_pin_dukpt_ksn
{
    LPSTR lpsKey;
    LPWFSXDATA lpxKSN;
} WFSPINDUKPTKSN, *LPWFSPINDUKPTKSN;
/* restore alignment */
#pragma pack(pop)
#ifdef __cplusplus
} /*extern "C"*/
#endif
#endif /* __INC_XFSPIN_H */
```

8. Appendix-A

This section provides extended explanation of concepts and functionality needing further clarification. The terminology as described below is used within the following sections.

Definitions and Abbreviations		
ATM	Automated Teller Machine, used here for any type of self-service terminal, regardless whether it actually dispenses cash	
CA	Certificate Authority	
Certificate	A data structure that contains a public key and a name that allows certification of a public key belonging to a specific individual. This is certified using digital signatures.	
Host	The remote system that an ATM communicates with.	
КТК	Key Transport Key	
PKI	Public Key Infrastructure	
Private Key	That key of an entity's key pair that should only be used by that entity.	
Public Key	That key of an entity's key pair that can be made public.	
Symmetric Key	A key used with symmetric cryptography	
Verification Key	A key that is used to verify the validity of a certificate	
SignatureIssuer	An entity that signs the ATM's public key at production time, may be the ATM manufacturer	

Notation of Cryptogr	aphic Items and Functions
SKE	The private key belonging to entity E
PK _E	The public belonging to entity E
SKATM	The private key belonging to the ATM/PIN
РКАТМ	The public key belonging to the ATM/PIN
SKHOST	The private key belonging to the Host
PKHOST	The public key belonging to the Host
SK _{SI}	The private key belonging to Signature Issuer
PK _{SI}	The public key belonging to Signature Issuer
SKROOT	The root private key belonging to the Host
PKROOT	The root public key belonging to the Host
K _{NAME}	A symmetric key
Cert _{HOST}	A Certificate that contains the public verification of the host and is signed by a
	trusted Certificate Authority.
Cert _{ATM}	A Certificate that contains the ATM/PIN public verification or encipherment key,
	which is signed by a trusted Certificate Authority.
Cert _{CA}	The Certificate of a new Certificate Authority
RATM	Random Number of the ATM/PIN
Іноят	Identifier of the Host
Кктк	Key Transport Key
Rhost	Random number of the Host
IATM	Identifier of the ATM/PIN
ТРатм	Thumb Print of the ATM/PIN
Sign(SK _E)[D]	The signing of data block D, using the private key SK _E
Recover(PK _E)[S]	The recovery of the data block D from the signature S, using the private key PK_E
RSACrypt(PK _E)[D]	RSA Encryption of the data block D using the public key PK _E
Hash [M]	Hashing of a message M of arbitrary length to a 20 Byte hash value
Des(K) [D]	DES encipherment of an 8 byte data block D using the secret key K
Des ⁻¹ (K)[D]	DES decipherment of an 8 byte data block D using the 8 byte secret key K
Des3(K)[D]	Triple DES encipherment of an 8 byte data block D using the 16 byte secret key K =
-	$(K_L \parallel K_R)$, equivalent to $Des(K_L)$ [$Des^{-1}(K_R)$ [$Des(K_L)$ [D]]]
Des3 ⁻¹ (K) [D]	Triple DES decipherment of an 8 byte data block D using the 16 byte secret key K =
	$(K_L \parallel K_R)$, equivalent to Des ⁻¹ (K_L) [Des (K_R) [Des ⁻¹ (K_L) [D]]]
Rnde	A random number created by entity E
UIE	Unique Identifier for entity E
(A B)	Concatenation of A and B

8.1 Remote Key Loading Using Signatures

8.1.1 RSA Data Authentication and Digital Signatures

Digital signatures rely on a public key infrastructure (PKI). The PKI model involves an entity, such as a Host, having a pair of encryption keys – one private, one public. These keys work in consort to encrypt, decrypt and authenticate data. One way authentication occurs is through the application of a digital signature. For example:

- 1. The Host creates some data that it would like to digitally sign;
- 2. Host runs the data through a hashing algorithm to produce a hash or digest of the data. The digest is unique to every block of data a digital fingerprint of the data, much smaller and therefore more economical to encrypt than the data itself.
- 3. Digest is encrypted with the Host's private key.

This is the digital signature – a data block digest encrypted with the private key. The Host then sends the following to the ATM:

- 1. Data block.
- 2. Digital signature.
- 3. Host's public key.

To validate the signature, the ATM performs the following:

- 1. ATM runs data through the standard hashing algorithm the same one used by the Host to produce a digest of the data received. Consider this digest₂;
- 2. ATM uses the Host's public key to decrypt the digital signature. The digital signature was produced using the Host's private key to encrypt the data digest; therefore, when decrypted with the Host's public key it produces the same digest. Consider this digest₁. Incidentally, no other public key in the world would work to decrypt digest₁ only the public key corresponding to the signing private key.
- 3. ATM compares digest₁ with digest₂.

If digest₁ matches digest₂ exactly, the ATM has confirmed the following:

- Data was not tampered with in transit. Changing a single bit in the data sent from the Host to the ATM would cause digest₂ to be different than digest₁. Every data block has a unique digest; therefore, an altered data block is detected by the ATM.
- Public key used to decrypt the digital signature corresponds to the private key used to create it. No other public key could possibly work to decrypt the digital signature, so the ATM was not handed someone else's public key.

This gives an overview of how Digital Signatures can be used in Data Authentication. In particular, Signatures can be used to validate and securely install Encryption Keys. The following section describes Key Exchange and the use of Digital signatures.

8.1.2 RSA Secure Key Exchange using Digital Signatures

In summary, both end points, the ATM and the Host, inform each other of their Public Keys. This information is then used to securely send the PIN device Master Key to the ATM. A trusted third party, the Signature Issuer, is used to generate the signatures for the Public keys of each end point, ensuring their validity.

The detail of this is as follows:

Purpose: The Host wishes to install a new master key (K_M) on the ATM securely.

Assumptions:

- 1. The Host has obtained the Public Key (PK_{SI}) from the Signature Issuer.
- The Host has provided the Signature Issuer with its Public Key (PK_{HOST}), and receives the corresponding signature Sign(SK_{SI})[PK_{HOST}]. The Signature Issuer uses its own Private Key (SK_{SI}) to create this signature.
- 3. In the case where Enhanced Remote Key Loading is used, the host has provided the Signature Issuer with its Public Key (PK_{ROOT}), and receives the corresponding signature Sign(SK_{SI})[PK_{ROOT}]. The host has generated another key pair PK_{HOST} and SK_{HOST} and signs the PK_{HOST} with the SK_{ROOT}.
- (Optional) The host obtains a list of the valid PIN device's Unique Identifiers. The Signature Issuer installs a Signature Sign(SK_{SI})[UI_{ATM}] for the Unique Id (UI_{ATM}) on the ATM PIN. The Signature Issuer uses SK_{SI} to do this.
- The Signature Issuer installs its Public Key (PK_{SI}) on the ATM PIN. It also derives and installs the Signature Sign(SK_{SI})[PK_{ATM}] of the ATM PIN's Public Key (PK_{ATM}) on the ATM PIN. The Signature Issuer uses SK_{SI} to do this.
- 6. The ATM PIN device additionally contains its own Public (PK_{ATM}) and Private Key (SK_{ATM}).

Step 1

The ATM PIN sends its Public Key to the Host in a secure structure:

The ATM PIN sends its ATM Public Key with its associated Signature. When the Host receives this information it will use the Signature Issuer's Public Key to validate the signature and obtain the ATM Public Key.

The XFS command used to export the PIN public key securely as described above is WFS_CMD_PIN_EXPORT_RSA_ISSUER_SIGNED_ITEM.

Step 2 (Optional)

The Host verifies that the key it has just received is from a valid sender.

It does this by obtaining the PIN device unique identifier. The ATM PIN sends its Unique Identifier with its associated Signature. When the Host receives this information it will use the Signature Issuer's Public Key to validate the signature and retrieve the PIN Unique Identifier. It can then check this against the list it received from the Signature Issuer.

The XFS command used to export the PIN Unique Identifier is WFS_CMD_PIN_EXPORT_RSA_ISSUER_SIGNED_ITEM.

<u>Step 3 (Enhanced Remote Key Loading only)</u> The Host sends its root public key to the ATM PIN:

The Host sends its Root Public Key (PK_{ROOT}) and associated Signature. The ATM PIN verifies the signature using PK_{SI} and stores the key.

The XFS command used to import the host root public key securely as described above is WFS_CMD_PIN_IMPORT_RSA_PUBLIC_KEY.

Step 4

The Host sends its public key to the ATM PIN:

The Host sends its Public Key (PK_{HOST}) and associated Signature. The ATM PIN verifies the signature using PK_{SI} (or PK_{ROOT} in the Enhanced Remote Key Loading Scheme) and stores the key.

The XFS command used to import the host public key securely as described above is WFS_CMD_PIN_IMPORT_RSA_PUBLIC_KEY.

Step 5

The ATM PIN receives its Master Key from the Host:

The Host encrypts the Master Key (K_M) with PK_{ATM} . A signature for this is then created using SK_{HOST} . The ATM PIN will then validate the signature using PK_{HOST} and then obtain the master key by decrypting using SK_{ATM} .

The XFS commands used to exchange master symmetric keys as described above are:

- WFS_CMD_PIN_START_KEY_EXCHANGE
- WFS CMD PIN IMPORT RSA SIGNED DES KEY

<u>Step 6 – Alternative including random number</u>

The host requests the ATM PIN to begin the DES key transfer process and generate a random number.

The Host encrypts the Master Key (K_M) with PK_{ATM} . A signature for the random number and encrypted key is then created using SK_{HOST} .

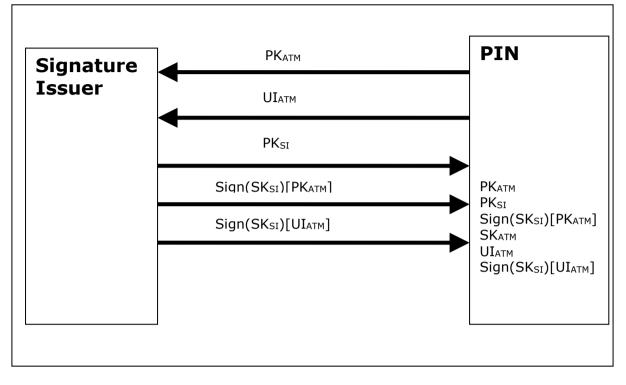
The ATM PIN will then validate the signature using PK_{HOST} , verify the random number and then obtain the master key by decrypting using SK_{ATM} .

The XFS commands used to exchange master symmetric keys as described above are:

- WFS_CMD_PIN_START_KEY_EXCHANGE
- WFS_CMD_PIN_IMPORT_RSA_SIGNED_DES_KEY

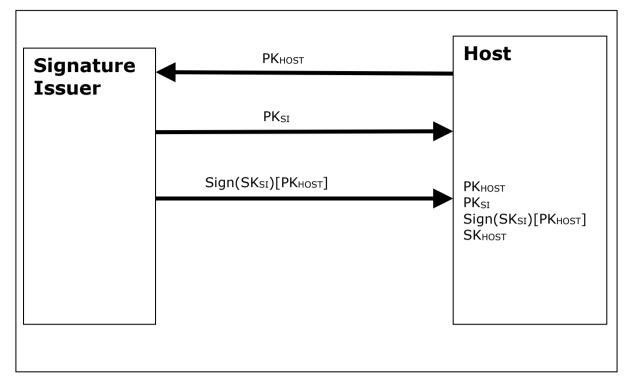
The following diagrams summaries the key exchange process described above:

8.1.3 Initialization Phase – Signature Issuer and ATM PIN



This would typically occur in a secure manufacturing environment.

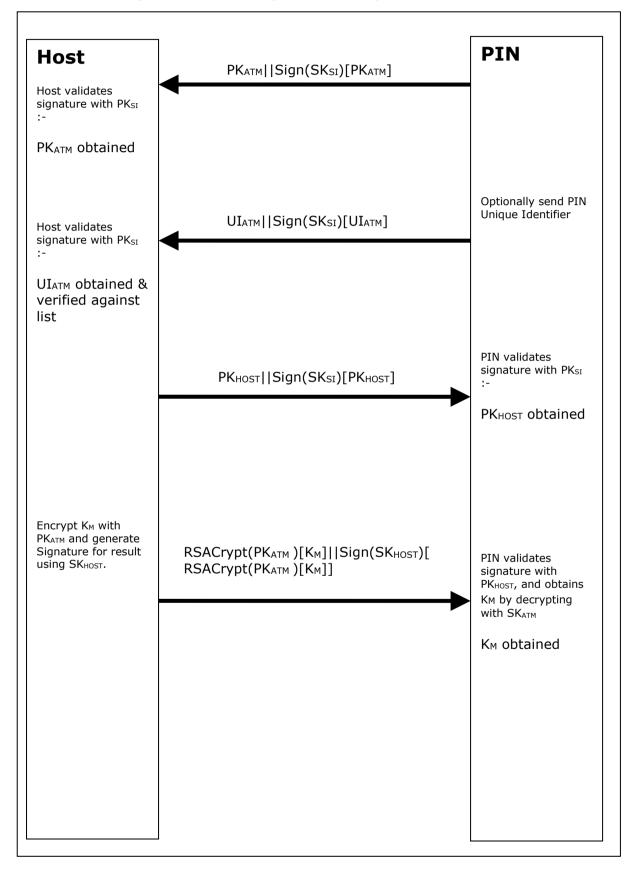
8.1.4 Initialization Phase – Signature Issuer and Host



This would typically occur in a secure offline environment.

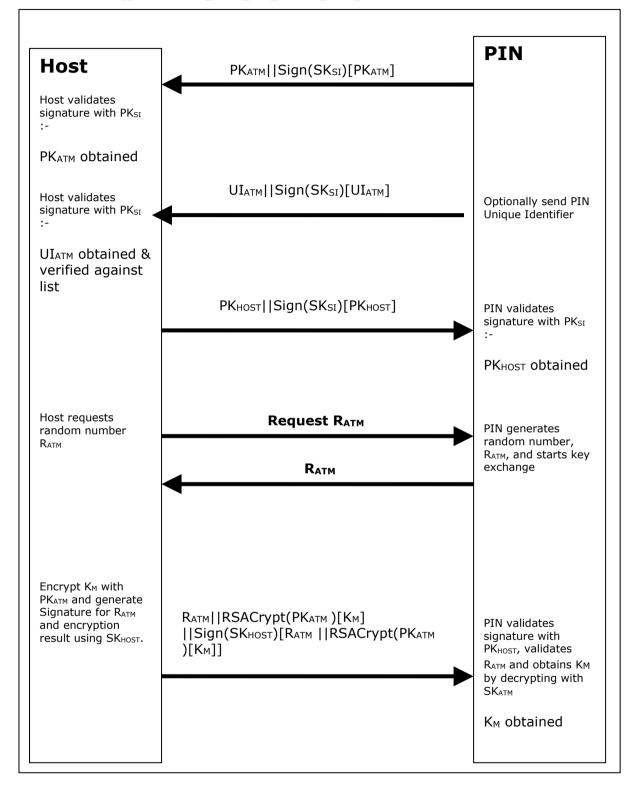
8.1.5 Key Exchange – Host and ATM PIN

This following is a typical interaction for the exchange of the initial symmetric master key in a typical ATM Network. The following is the recommended sequence of interchanges.



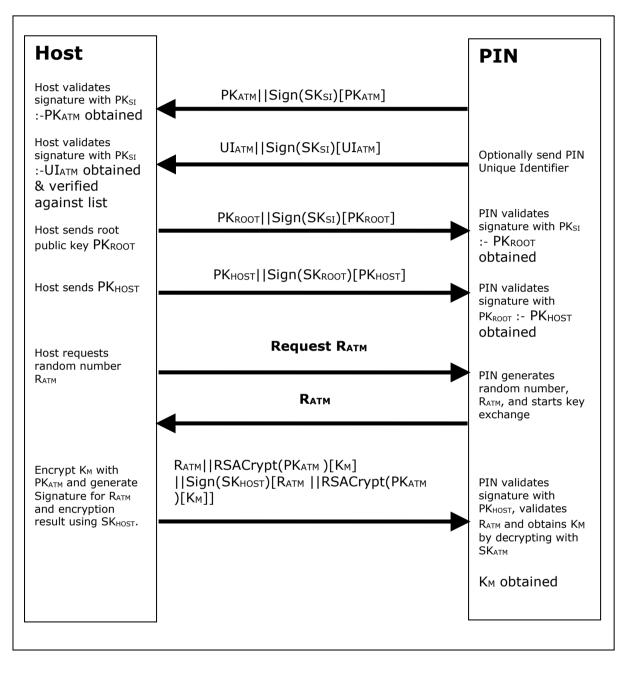
8.1.6 Key Exchange (with random number) – Host and ATM PIN

This following is a typical interaction for the exchange of the initial symmetric master key when the PIN device and Service Provider supports the WFS_CMD_PIN_START_KEY_EXCHANGE command.



8.1.7 Enhanced RKL, Key Exchange (with random number) – Host and ATM PIN

This following is a typical interaction for the exchange of the initial symmetric master key when the PIN device and Service Provider supports the Enhanced Signature Remote Key Loading scheme.



8.1.8 Default Keys and Security Item loaded during manufacture

Several keys and a security item which are mandatory for the 2 party/Signature authentication scheme are installed during manufacture. These items are given fixed names so multi-vendor applications can be developed without the need for vendor specific configuration tools.

Item Name	Item Type	Signed by	Description
"_SigIssuerVendor"	Public Key	N/A	The public key of the signature
			issuer, i.e. PK _{SI}
"_EPPCryptKey"	Public/Private	The private key	The key-pair used to encrypt and
	key-pair	associated with	decrypt the symmetric key, i.e.
		_SigIssuerVendor	SKATM and PKATM. The public
			key is used for encryption by the
			host and the private for
			decryption by the EPP.

In addition the following optional keys can be loaded during manufacture.

Item Name	Item Type	Signed by	Description
"_EPPSignKey"	Public/Private	The private key	A key-pair where the private key
	key-pair	associated with	is used to sign data, e.g. other
		_SigIssuerVendor	generated key pairs.

8.2 Remote Key Loading Using Certificates

The following sections demonstrate the proper usage of the CEN PIN interface to accomplish Remote Key Loading using Certificates. Beginning with Section 8.2.5, there are sequence diagrams to demonstrate how the CEN PIN interface can be used to complete each of the TR34 operations.

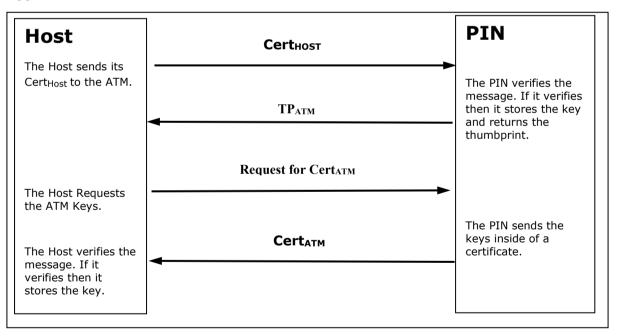
8.2.1 Certificate Exchange and Authentication

In summary, both end points, the ATM and the Host, inform each other of their Public Keys. This information is then used to securely send the PIN device Master Key to the ATM. A trusted third party, Certificate Authority (or a HOST if it becomes the new CA), is used to generate the certificates for the Public Keys of each end point, ensuring their validity. NOTE: The WFS_CMD_PIN_LOAD_CERTIFICATE and WFS_CMD_PIN_GET_CERTIFICATE do not necessarily need to be called in the order below. This way though is the recommend way.

The following flow is how the exchange authentication takes place:

- WFS_CMD_PIN_LOAD_CERTIFICATE is called. In this message contains the host certificate, which has been signed by the trusted CA. The encryptor uses the Public Key of the CA (loaded at the time of production) to verify the validity of the certificate. If the certificate is valid, the encryptor stores the HOST's Public Verification Key.
- Next, WFS_CMD_PIN_GET_CERTIFICATE is called. The encryptor then sends a message that contains a certificate, which is signed by the CA and is sent to the HOST. The HOST uses the Public Key from the CA to verify the certificate. If valid then the HOST stores the encryptor's verification or encryption key (primary or secondary this depends on the state of the encryptor).

The following diagram shows how the Host and ATM Load and Get each other's information to make Remote Key Loading possible:



8.2.2 Remote Key Exchange

After the above has been completed, the HOST is ready to load the key into the encryptor. The following is done to complete this and the application must complete the Remote Key Exchange in this order:

- 1. First, the WFS_CMD_PIN_START_KEY_EXCHANGE is called. This returns R_{ATM} from the encryptor to be used in the authenticating the WFS_CMD_PIN_IMPORT_RSA_ENCHIPERED_PKCS7_KEY message.
- 2. Next, WFS_CMD_PIN_IMPORT_RSA_ENCIPHERED_PKCS7_KEY is called. This command sends down the KTK to the encryptor. The following items below show how this is accomplished.
 - a) HOST has obtained a Key Transport Key and wants to transfer it to the encryptor. HOST constructs a key block containing an identifier of the HOST, I_{HOST}, and the key, K_{KTK}, and enciphers the block, using the encryptor's Public Encryption Key from the WFS_CMD_PIN_GET CERTIFICATE command.
 - b) After completing the above, the HOST generates random data and builds the outer message containing the random number of the host, R_{HOST}, the random number of the encryptor returned in the WFS_CMD_PIN_START_KEY_EXCHANGE command, R_{ATM}, the identifier of the encryptor, I_{ENC}, and the enciphered key block. The HOST signs the whole block using its private signature key and sends the message down to the encryptor.

The encryptor then verifies the HOST's signature on the message by using the HOST's Public Verification Key. Then the encryptor checks the identifier and the random number of the encryptor passed in the message to make sure that the encryptor is talking to the right HOST. The encryptor then deciphers the enciphered block using its private verification key. After the message has been deciphered, the encryptor checks the Identifier of the HOST. Finally, if everything checks out to this point the encryptor will load the Key Transport Key. NOTE: If one step of this verification occurs the encryptor will return the proper error to the HOST.

- c) After the Key Transport Key has been accepted, the encryptor constructs a message that contains the random number of the host, the random number of the encryptor and the HOST identifier all signed by the private signature key of the encryptor. This message is sent to the host.
- d) The HOST verifies the message sent from the encryptor by using the ATM's public verification key. The HOST then checks the identifier of the host and then compares the identifier in the message with the one stored in the HOST. Then checks the random number sent in the message and to the one stored in the HOST. The HOST finally checks the encryptor's random number with the one received in received in the WFS_CMD_PIN_START_KEY_EXCHANGE command.

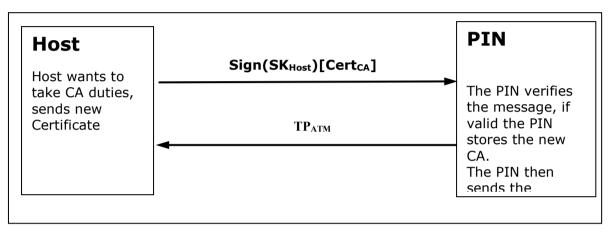
The following diagram below shows how the Host and ATM transmit the Key Transport Key.

Host	Request RATM	PIN
The Host starts the Key Exchange process.	Rатм	The PIN generates
	Sign(SK _{Host})[R _{Host} R _{ATM} I _{ATM} RSACrypt(PK _{ATM})[I _{Host} K _{KTK}]]	random number and sends it to the host
The Host sends the Signed Key Transport Key message to the ATM.		
	Sign(SKATM)[RHost RATM IHost]	The PIN verifies the messages
The Host receives the message and verifies the message and		and if validate stores the key. The PIN then sends a message back to the Host.

8.2.3 Replace Certificate

After the key is been loaded into the encryptor, the following could be completed:

• (Optional) WFS_CMD_PIN_REPLACE_CERTIFICATE. This is called by entity that would like to take over the job of being the CA. The new CA requests a Certificate from the previous Certificate Authority. The HOST must over-sign the message to take over the role of the CA to ensure that the encryptor accepts the new Certificate Authority. The HOST sends the message to the encryptor. The encryptor uses the HOST's Public Verification Key to verify the HOST's signature. The encryptor uses the previous CA's Public Verification Key to verify the signature on the new Certificate sent down in the message. If valid, the EPP stores the new CA's certificate and uses the new CA's Public Verification Key as its new CA verification key. The diagram below shows how the Host and the ATM communicate to load the new CA.



8.2.4 Primary and Secondary Certificates

Primary and Secondary Certificates for both the Public Verification Key and Public Encipherment Key are preloaded into the encryptor. Primary Certificates will be used until told otherwise by the HOST via the WFS_CMD_PIN_LOAD_CERTIFICATE or WFS_CMD_PIN_REPLACE_CERTIFICATE commands. This change in state will be specified in the PKCS #7 message of the WFS_CMD_PIN_LOAD_CERTIFICATE or WFS_CMD_PIN_REPLACE_CERTIFICATE commands. The reason why the HOST would want to change states is because the HOST thinks that the Primary Certificates have been compromised.

After the HOST tells the encryptor to shift to the secondary certificate state, only Secondary Certificates can be used. The encryptor will no longer be able to go back to the Primary State and any attempts from the HOST to get or load a Primary Certificate will return an error. When either Primary or Secondary certificates are compromised it is up to the vendor on how the encryptor should be handled with the manufacturer.

8.2.5 TR34 BIND To Host

This section defines the command to use when transferring a TR34 BIND token as defined in X9 TR34-2012 [Ref. 42].

This step is a pre-requisite for all other TR34 operations. The PIN device must be bound to a host before any other TR34 operation will succeed.

It is recommended that the encryption certificate retrieved during this process is stored for future use otherwise it will need to be requested prior to every operation.

Host	WFS_CMD_PIN_GET_CERTIFICATE PKCS#7 Certificate	PIN
	WFS_CMD_PIN_LOAD_CERTIFICATE_EX (WFS_PIN_LOAD_NEWHOST, WFS_PIN_SIGNER_CA)	
	Checksum of public key (optional)	

8.2.6 TR34 Key Transport

There are two mechanisms that can be used to transport symmetric keys under TR34; these are the One Pass and Two Pass protocols. The use of CEN commands for these two protocols are shown in the following sections.

NOTE: Refer to dwCRKLLoadOptions in the WFS_INF_PIN_CAPABILITIES output structure for an indication of whether the PIN device supports one-pass and/or two-pass protocols.

8.2.6.1 One Pass

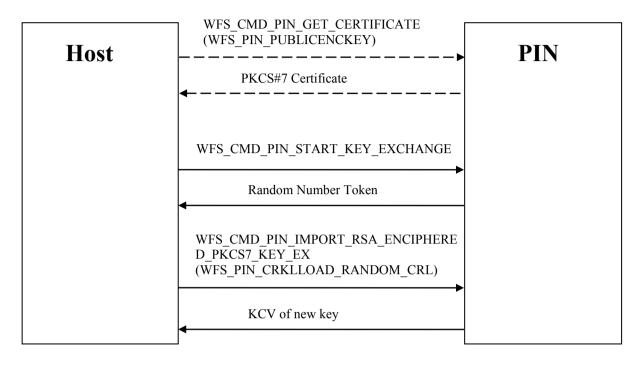
This section defines the command to use when transferring a TR34 KEY token (1-pass) as defined in X9 TR34-2012 [Ref. 42].

Pre-condition: A successful BIND command has completed such that the PIN device is bound to the host.

Host	WFS_CMD_PIN_IMPORT_RSA_ENCIPHERE D_PKCS7_KEY_EX (WFS_PIN_CRKLLOAD_CRL)	PIN
	KCV of new key	

8.2.6.2 Two Pass

This section defines the command to use when transferring a TR34 KEY token (2-pass) as defined in reference [n]. Pre-condition: A successful BIND command has completed such that the PIN device is bound to the host.

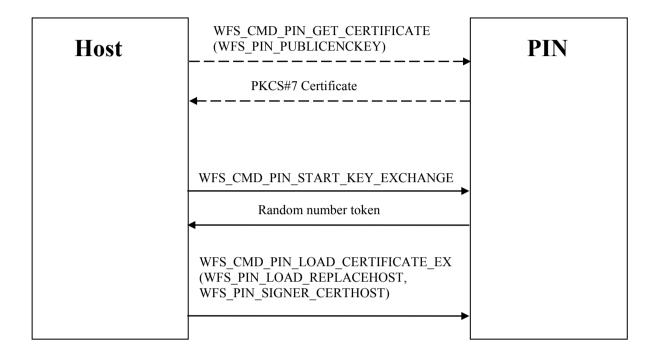


NB: Dotted lines represent commands that are only required if the PIN device encryption certificate has not been previously stored by the host.

8.2.7 TR34 REBIND To New Host

This section defines the command to use when transferring a TR34 REBIND token as defined in X9 TR34-2012 [Ref. 42].

Pre-condition: A successful BIND command has completed such that the PIN device is bound to the host.

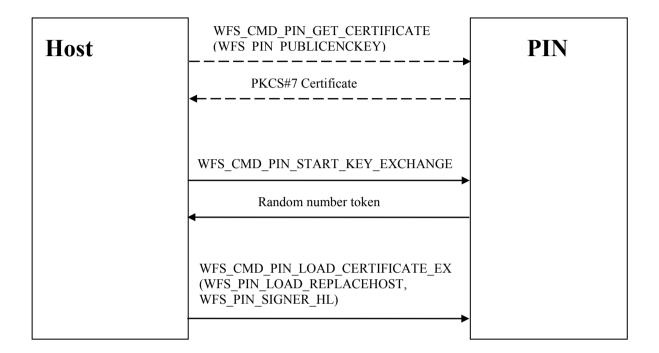


NB: Dotted lines represent commands that are only required if the PIN device encryption certificate has not been previously stored by the host.

8.2.8 TR34 Force REBIND To New Host

This section defines the command to use when transferring a TR34 Force REBIND token as defined in X9 TR34-2012 [Ref. 42].

Pre-condition: A successful BIND command has completed such that the PIN device is bound to the host.



NB:

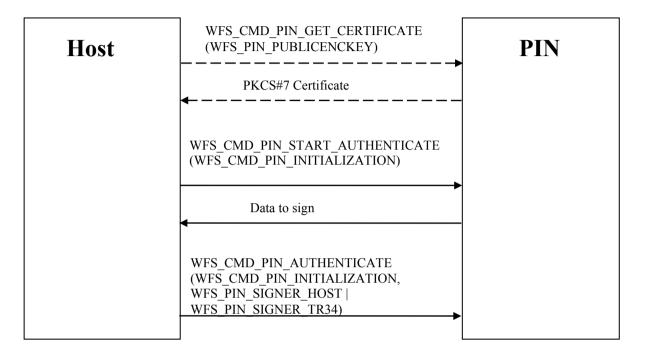
Dotted lines represent commands that are only required if the PIN device encryption certificate has not been previously stored by the host.

Although the random number token is requested as part of this operation, it is discarded by the host and is not actually used in the Force Rebind token.

8.2.9 TR34 UNBIND From Host

This section defines the command to use when transferring a TR34 UNBIND token as defined in X9 TR34-2012 [Ref. 42].

Pre-condition: A successful BIND command has completed such that the PIN device is bound to the host.



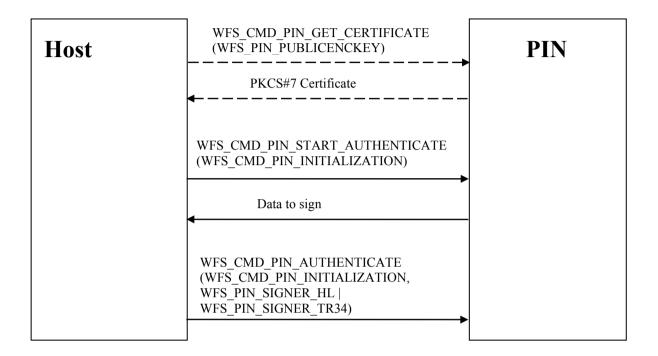
NB:

Dotted lines represent commands that are only required if the PIN device encryption certificate has not been previously stored by the host.

8.2.10 TR34 Force UNBIND From Host

This section defines the command to use when transferring a TR34 Force UNBIND token as defined in X9 TR34-2012 [Ref. 42].

Pre-condition: A successful BIND command has completed such that the PIN device is bound to the host.



NB:

Dotted lines represent commands that are only required if the PIN device encryption certificate has not been previously stored by the host.

Although the random number token is requested as part of this operation, it is discarded by the host and is not actually used in the Force Unbind token.

8.3 German ZKA GeldKarte (Deutsche Kreditwirtschaft)

The PIN service is able to handle the German "Geldkarte", which is an electronic purse specified by the DK (Deutsche Kreditwirtschaft) formerly known as the ZKA (Zentraler Kreditausschuß) protocol.

For anyone attempting to write an application that handles this type of chip card, it is essential to read and understand the ZKA specifications see [Ref 17], [Ref 6] and [Ref 7].

8.3.1 How to use the SECURE_MSG commands

This is to describe how an application should use the WFS_CMD_PIN_SECURE_MSG_SEND and WFS_CMD_PIN_SECURE_MSG_RECEIVE commands for transactions involving chipcards with a German ZKA GeldKarte chip.

- Applications must call SECURE_MSG_SEND for every command they send to the chip or to a host system, including those commands that do not actually require secure messaging. This enables the Service Provider to remember security-relevant data that may be needed or checked later in the transaction.
- Applications must pass a complete message as input to SECURE_MSG_SEND, with all fields including those that will be filled by the Service Provider being present in the correct length. All fields that are not filled by the Service Provider must be filled with the ultimate values in order to enable MACing by the Service Provider.
- Every command SECURE_MSG_SEND that an application issues must be followed by exactly one command SECURE_MSG_RECEIVE that informs the Service Provider about the response from the chip or host. If no response is received (timeout or communication failure) the application must issue a SECURE_MSG_RECEIVE command with *lpSecMsgIn->lpbMsg* = NULL to inform the Service Provider about this fact.
- If a system is restarted after a SECURE_MSG_SEND was issued to the Service Provider but before the SECURE_MSG_RECEIVE was issued, the restart has the same effect as a SECURE_MSG_RECEIVE command with *lpSecMsgIn->lpbMsg* = *NULL*.
- Between a SECURE_MSG_SEND and the corresponding SECURE_MSG_RECEIVE no SECURE_MSG_SEND with the same *lpSecMsgIn->wProtocol* must be issued. Other WFS_CMD_PIN... commands including SECURE_MSG_SEND / RECEIVE with different *wProtocol* may be used.

8.3.2 Protocol WFS_PIN_PROTISOAS

This protocol handles ISO8583 messages between an ATM and an authorization system (AS).

Only messages in the new ISO format, with new PAC/MAC-format using session keys and Triple-DES are supported.

Authorization messages may be used to dispense the amount authorized in cash or to load the amount into an electronic purse (GeldKarte).

For loading a GeldKarte the only type of authorization supported is a transaction originating from track 3 of a German ec-card (message types 0200/0210 for authorization and 0400/0410 for reversal).

For dispensing cash, transactions originating from international cards (message types 0100/0110 and 0400/0410) are supported as well.

The following bitmap positions are filled by the Service Provider:

- BMP11 Trace-Nummer
- BMP52 PAC
- BMP57 Verschlüsselungsparameter (only the challenge values RND_{MES} and RND_{PAC})
- BMP64 MAC

These bitmaps have to be present and the corresponding flag has to be set in the primary bitmap when the ISO message is passed to the HSM.

The following bitmap positions are checked by the Service Provider and have to be filled by the application:

- Nachrichtentyp
- BMP3 Abwicklungskennzeichen (only for GeldKarte, not for cash)
- BMP4 Transaktionsbetrag (only for GeldKarte, not for cash)
- BMP41 Terminal-ID
- BMP42 Betreiber-BLZ

For additional documentation of authorization messages see [Ref. 27] - [Ref. 30].

8.3.3 Protocol WFS_PIN_PROTISOLZ

This protocol handles ISO8583 messages between a "Ladeterminal" and a "Ladezentrale" (LZ).

Only messages in the new ISO format, with new MAC-format using session keys and Triple-DES are supported.

Both types of GeldKarte chip (type 0 = DEM, type 1 = EUR) are supported.

The following bitmap positions are filled by the Service Provider:

- BMP11: Trace-Nummer
- BMP57: Verschlüsselungsparameter (only the challenge value RNDMES)
- BMP64: MAC

These bitmaps have to be present and the corresponding flag has to be set in the primary bitmap when the ISO message is passed to the HSM.

The following bitmap positions are checked by the Service Provider and have to be filled by the application:

- Nachrichtentyp
- BMP3: Abwicklungskennzeichen
- BMP4: Transaktionsbetrag
- BMP12: Uhrzeit
- BMP13: Datum
- BMP25: Konditionscode
- BMP41: Terminal-ID
- BMP42: Betreiber-BLZ (caution: "Ladeentgelt" also in BMP42 is not set by the EPP)
- BMP61: Online-Zeitpunkt
- BMP62: Chipdaten

The following bitmap positions are only checked if they are available:

- BMP43: Standort
- BMP60: Kontodaten Ladeterminal

For a documentation of the Ladezentrale interface see [Ref. 31].

8.3.4 Protocol WFS_PIN_PROTISOPS

This protocol handles ISO8583 messages between a terminal and a "Personalisierungsstelle" (PS). These messages are about OPT.

The Service Provider creates the whole message with WFS_CMD_PIN_SECURE_MSG_SEND, including message type and bitmap.

For a documentation of the Personalisierungsstelle interface see [Ref. 7].

8.3.5 Protocol WFS_PIN_PROTCHIPZKA

This protocol is intended to handle messages between the application and a GeldKarte.

Both types of GeldKarte are supported.

Both types of load transactions ("Laden vom Kartenkonto" and "Laden gegen andere Zahlungsmittel") are supported.

See the chapter "Command Sequence" below for the actions that Service Providers take for the various chip card commands.

Only the command APDUs to and the response APDUs from the chip must be passed to the Service Provider, the ATR (answer to reset) data from the chip is not passed to the Service Provider.

For a documentation of the chip commands used to load a GeldKarte see [Ref. 31].

8.3.6 Protocol WFS_PIN_PROTRAWDATA

This protocol is intended for vendor-specific purposes. Generally the use of this protocol is not recommended and should be restricted to issues that are impossible to handle otherwise.

For example a HSM that requires vendor-specific, cryptographically secured data formats for importing keys or terminal data may use this protocol.

Application programmers should be aware that the use of this command may prevent their applications from running on different hardware.

8.3.7 Protocol WFS_PIN_PROTPBM

This protocol handles host messages between a terminal and a host system, as specified by PBM protocol.

For documentation of this protocol see [Ref. 8] – [Ref. 13].

Some additions are defined to the PBM protocol in order to satisfy the German ZKA 3.0 PAC/MAC standard. See [Ref. 14].

The commands WFS_CMD_PIN_SECURE_MSG_SEND and WFS_CMD_PIN_SECURE_MSG_RECEIVE handle the PAC and MAC in the VARDATA 'K' or 'Q' subfield of transactions records and responses. The MAC in the traditional MACODE field is not affected.

In order to enable the Service Provider to understand the messages, the application must provide the messages according to the following rules:

- All alphanumeric fields must be coded in EBCDIC.
- Pre-Edit (padding and blank compression) must not be done by the application. The Service Provider will check the MACMODE field and will perform the pre-edit according to what the MACMODE field intends.
- In order to enable the Service Provider to find the vardata subfield 'K' or 'Q', it must be included in the message by the application, with the indicator 'K' or 'Q' and its length set.
- Because CARDDATA (track 2) and T3DATA (track 3) fields always take part in the MAC computation for a transaction record, these fields must be included in the message, even if they already have been sent to the host in a previous transaction record and the CI-Option SHORTREC prevents them from being sent again.

8.3.8 Protocol WFS_PIN_PROTHSMLDI

With this protocol an application can request information about the personalized OPT groups.

The information returned consists of personalization record like in BMP62 of an OPT response but without MAC. Data format:

XX XX VV - group ID and version number (BCD format) XX - number of LDIs within the group (BCD format) ... first LDI of the group ... last LDI of the group XX XX VV - group ID and version number (BCD format) ... etc. for several groups

Each LDI consists of:

NN	Number of the LDI
00	Alg. Code
LL	Length of the following data
XXXX	data of the LDI

For each group ID the Service Provider must always return the standard LDI. LDI 01 must also be returned for groups AF XX VV. Further LDIs can be returned optionally.

8.3.9 Protocol WFS PIN PROTGENAS

This protocol provides the capability to create a PAC (encrypted PIN block) and to create and verify a MAC for a proprietary message. As the Service Provider does not know the message format, it cannot complete the message by adding security relevant fields like random values, PAC and MAC, like it does for the protocol WFS PIN PROTISOAS. Only the application is able to place these fields into the proper locations. Using this protocol, an application can generate the PAC and the random values in separate steps, adds them to the proprietary send-message, and finally lets the Service Provider generate the MAC. The generated MAC can then be added to the send-message as well.

For a received message, the application extracts the MAC and the associated random value and passes them along with the entire message data to the Service Provider for MAC verification.

PAC generation supports PIN block ISO-Format 0 and 1 for 3DES and ISO-Format 4 for AES.

Command description:

The first byte of field *lpbMsg* of WFSPINSECMSG contains a subcommand, which is used to qualify the type of operation. The remaining bytes of the command data are depending on the value of the subcommand.

The following sub-commands are defined:

- GeneratePAC 3DES (Code 0x01) Returns the encrypted PIN block together with generation and version values of the Master Key and the PAC random value.
- GetMACRandom 3DES (Code 0x02) • Returns the generation and version values of the Master Key and the MAC random value.
- GenerateMAC 3DES (Code 0x03) • Returns the generated MAC for the message data passed in. Note that the MAC is generated for exactly the data that is presented (contents and sequence). Data that should not go into MAC calculation must not be passed in.
- VerifyMAC 3DES (Code 0x04) Generates a MAC for the data passed in and compares it with the provided MAC value. MAC random value, key generation and key version must be passed in separately.
- Generate PAC AES (Code 0x05) Returns the encrypted PIN block wrapped in the BMP110.2 (Dataset 01).
- Get MAC Random AES (Code 0x06) Returns the MAC random value wrapped in the BMP110.3 (Dataset 02).
- Generate MAC AES (Code 0x07) Returns the generated MAC for the message data passed in. Note that the MAC is generated for exactly the data that is presented (contents and sequence). Data that should not go into MAC calculation must not be passed in.

Used algorithm is CMAC.

Verify MAC AES (Code 0x08) Generates a MAC for the data passed in and compares it with the provided MAC value. The MAC data must be passed in as BMP110.3 (Dataset 02) in the format: 08 (sub-command) + BMP110.3 + MAC + message to be verified.

Command/Message sequence:

Command WFS_CMD_PIN_	lpbMsg in lpbSecMsgIn	lpbMsg in lpbSecMsgOut	Service Provider's actions
SECURE_MSG_SEND	Byte 0: 0x01 (Generate PAC) Byte 1: format (0 or 1) Byte 2-9: ANF (Primary Account Number, if length is less than 12 digits, value must be left padded with binary 0, only applicable for format 0)	Byte 0: key generation Byte 1: key version Byte 2-17: PAC random Byte 18-25: PAC value (all values are binary values)	Generates a session key for PAC generation and finally the PAC itself. Determine generation and version values of Master- Key and return them along with the random value.
SECURE_MSG_SEND	Byte 0: 0x02 (Get MAC Random)	Byte 0: key generation Byte 1: key version Byte 2-17: MAC random (all values are binary values)	Generates a session key for MAC generation (see next step below) Determine generation and version values of Master- Key and return them along with the random value
SECURE_MSG_SEND	Byte 0: 0x03 (Generate MAC) Byte 1-n: Message to be mac'ed (all values are binary values)	Byte 0-7: generated MAC (binary value)	Generates MAC over bytes 1-n of the inbound message using the session key created in the previous step.
SECURE_MSG_RECEIVE	Byte 0: 0x04 (Verify MAC) Byte 1: key generation Byte 2: key version Byte 3-18: MAC random Byte 19-26: MAC Byte 27-n: Message to be verified (all values are binary values) NOTE: If no message has been received, this function must be called by omitting Bytes 1-n	N/a	Generates a session key using the Master key identified by key generation and version by using the random value passed in. Generates a MAC for the message data passed in and compare the resulting MAC with the MAC passed in.

Command WFS_CMD_PIN_	lpbMsg in lpbSecMsgIn	lpbMsg in lpbSecMsgOut	Service Provider's actions
SECURE_MSG_SEND	Byte 0: 0x05 (Generate PAC AES) Byte 1: format (4)	Byte 0: 01 Identification for Dataset 01 Byte 1-2: length of data Byte 3-n: data	Generates a session key for PAC generation and finally the PAC itself. Returned values are in the format of dataset 01 of BMP110
SECURE_MSG_SEND	Byte 0: 06 (Get MAC Random AES)	Byte 0: 02 Identification for Dataset 02 Byte 1-2: length of data Byte 3-n: data	Generates a session key for MAC generation (see next step below) Returned values are in the format of dataset 02 of BMP110
SECURE_MSG_SEND	Byte 0: 0x07 (Generate MAC AES) Byte 1-n: Message to be mac'ed (all values are binary values)	Byte 0-7: generated MAC (binary value)	Generates MAC over bytes 1-n of the inbound message using the session key created in the previous step.
SECURE_MSG_RECEIVE	Byte 0: 0x08 (Verify MAC AES) Byte 1-37: BMP110 Dataset 02 Byte 38-45: MAC Byte 46-n: Message to be verified (all values are binary values)	N/a	Generates a session key using the Master key identified by key generation and version by using the random value passed in. Generates a MAC for the message data passed in and compare the resulting MAC with the MAC passed in.

Returns:

The error code WFS_ERR_PIN_FORMATINVALID is returned when:

- The subcommand in Byte 0 of *lpbMsg* for Execute Command WFS_CMD_PIN_SECURE_MSG_SEND with protocol WFS_PIN_PROTGENAS is not 01, 02, 03, 05, 06 or 07.
- The subcommand in Byte 0 of *lpbMsg* for Execute Command WFS_CMD_PIN_SECURE_MSG_RECEIVE with protocol WFS_PIN_PROTGENAS is not 04 or 08.
- The subcommand in Byte 0 of *lpbMsg* for Execute Command WFS_CMD_PIN_SECURE_MSG_SEND with protocol WFS_PIN_PROTGENAS is 01 and Byte 1 is not 00 and not 01 (PIN block format is not ISO-0 and ISO-1).
- •
- The subcommand in Byte 0 of *lpbMsg* for Execute Command WFS_CMD_PIN_SECURE_MSG_SEND with protocol WFS_PIN_PROTGENAS is 05 and Byte 1 is not 04 (PIN block format is not ISO-4)
- The individual command data length for a subcommand is less than specified.

The error code WFS_ERR_PIN_HSMSTATEINVALID is returned when:

- The subcommand in Byte 0 of *lpbMsg* for Execute Command WFS_CMD_PIN_SECURE_MSG_SEND with protocol WFS_PIN_PROTGENAS is 03 (Generate MAC) without a preceding GetMACRandom (WFS_CMD_PIN_SECURE_MSG_SEND with subcommand 02).
- The subcommand in Byte 0 of *lpbMsg* for Execute Command WFS_CMD_PIN_SECURE_MSG_SEND with protocol WFS_PIN_PROTGENAS is 07 (Generate MAC) without a preceding GetMACRandom (WFS_CMD_PIN_SECURE_MSG_SEND with subcommand 06).

The error code WFS_ERR_PIN_MACINVALID is returned when:

• The subcommand in Byte 0 of *lpbMsg* for Execute Command WFS_CMD_PIN_SECURE_MSG_RECEIVE with protocol WFS_PIN_PROTGENAS is 04 (Verify MAC) and the MACs did not match.

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The error code WFS ERR PIN KEYNOTFOUND is returned when:

- The subcommand in Byte 0 of *lpbMsg* for Execute Command WFS_CMD_PIN_SECURE_MSG_SEND with protocol WFS_PIN_PROTGENAS is 01 or 05 (Generate PAC) and the Service Provider does not find a master key.
- The subcommand in Byte 0 of *lpbMsg* for Execute Command WFS_CMD_PIN_SECURE_MSG_SEND with protocol WFS_PIN_PROTGENAS is 02 or 06 (Get MAC Random) and the Service Provider does not find a master key.
- The subcommand in Byte 0 of *lpbMsg* for Execute Command WFS_CMD_PIN_SECURE_MSG_RECEIVE with protocol WFS_PIN_PROTGENAS is 04 or 08 (Verify MAC) and the Service Provider does not find a key for the provided key generation and key version values.

The error code WFS_ERR_PIN_NOPIN is returned when:

• The subcommand in Byte 0 of *lpbMsg* for Execute Command WFS_CMD_PIN_SECURE_MSG_SEND with protocol WFS_PIN_PROTGENAS is 01 or 05 (Generate PAC) and no PIN or insufficient PIN-digits have been entered.

8.3.10 Protocol WFS_PIN_PROTCHIPINCHG

This protocol is intended to handle messages exchanged between the PIN pad and a GeldKarte, which are all related to the PIN change transaction.

Only Type-1-GeldKarte is supported, because the former Type-0-GeldKarte will no longer be used as it was a dedicated Deutsche Mark electronic purse only. The Type-1-GeldKarte is used for Euro currency.

The transaction types supported are:

- PIN-Activation ("PIN-Aktivierung")
- PIN-Activation after Failure ("PIN-Aktivierung nach Fehlerfall")
- PIN-Change ("PIN-Änderung")

See the command sequence section below for the actions that Service Providers take for the various chip card commands.

Only the command APDUs to and the response APDUs from the chip must be passed to the Service Provider, the ATR (answer to reset) data from the chip is not passed to the Service Provider.

For the complete documentation of the chip commands used for PIN-Change see [Ref. 34].

8.3.11 Protocol WFS_PIN_PROTPINCMP

This simple protocol is used to perform a comparison of two PINs entered into the PIN Pad. In order to be able to compare the PINs, the first value must be temporary stored while the second value is entered. The user will be prompted to enter the PIN twice. After the PIN has been entered for the first time, the PIN pad needs to store the PIN value into a temporary location. After the user has entered the PIN for the second time, the PIN pad has to compare both values.

This protocol consists of two subcommands. The first subcommand requests the PIN pad to save the PIN value entered by the WFS_CMD_PIN_GET_PIN command for subsequent comparison. The second subcommand forces the PIN pad to compare the PIN stored with the second value entered by the WFS_CMD_PIN_GET_PIN command. The status of the PIN comparison is returned in the output data.

See the command sequence section below for the actions that Service Providers take for this protocol.

8.3.11.1 Use of WFS_PIN_PROTPINCMP with non-GeldKarte ZKA PIN Management

For use with the non-GeldKarte ZKA PIN compare function (see [Ref 37]) there are two more subcommands "start PIN compare" and "end PIN compare". These have to be called before entry of the first PIN and after querying of the PAC to signal the end of the PIN comparison, respectively.

Flow	Command WFS_CMD_PIN_	wProtocol WFS_PIN_PROT	lpbMsg in lpbSecMsgIn	lpbMsg in lpbSecMsgOut	Service Provider's actions
PIN Compare					
Start PIN comparison	SECURE_MSG_SEND	PINCMP	Byte 0: 0x00 (Start PIN compare)		Prepare EPP for PIN comparison. Output data buffer length is zero.
Let the user enter the new PIN for the first time.	GET_PIN	n/a	n/a	n/a	PIN entry.
	SECURE_MSG_SEND	PINCMP	Byte 0: 0x01 (Save PIN)		Save the PIN value entered for subsequent compare. Output data buffer length is zero.
Let the user enter the new PIN for the second time	GET_PIN	n/a	n/a	n/a	PIN entry.
	SECURE_MSG_SEND	PINCMP	Byte 0: 0x02 (Compare PINs)	Byte 0: 0x00 when PIN does not match, and 0x01 when PIN does match.	Compare PIN values.
Get the PAC of the new PIN via WFS_PIN_PROTGENAS or WFS_PIN_PROTISOAS (as usual).					
End PIN comparison.	SECURE_MSG_SEND	PINCMP	Byte 0: 0xFF (End PIN compare)		All PIN buffers are cleared. Output data buffer length is zero.

This is the command sequence for the non-GeldKarte transaction:

Please note that no other PIN commands apart from WFS_CMD_PIN_GET_PIN and WFS_CMD_PIN_SECURE_MSG_SEND as specified above are allowed inside a start / end PIN compare flow, with the exception of creating the PAC for the old PIN. While the old PIN always has to be entered (using WFS_CMD_PIN_GET_PIN) **before** the "Start PIN Compare", the PAC for the old PIN **may** be created (using WFS_CMD_PIN_SECURE_MSG_SEND with wProtocol=WFS_PIN_PROTGENAS) **after** the "Start PIN Compare" if (enforced by the host protocol) the same session key SK_PAC has to be used for encrypting both the old and the new PIN.

8.3.12 Protocol WFS_PIN_PROTISOPINCHG

This protocol handles ISO8583 messages between an ATM and an authorization system (AS) related to the transactions:

- PIN-Activation ("PIN-Aktivierung")
- PIN-Activation after Failure ("PIN-Aktivierung nach Fehlerfall")
- PIN-Change ("PIN-Änderung")

The message types supported are:

- 0640 (PIN Change / PIN Activation Request)
- 0642 (Confirmation / Reversal Request for PIN Change / PIN Activation)
- 0643 (Confirmation Repeat Request for PIN Change / PIN Activation)
- 0650 (PIN Change / PIN Activation Response)
- 0652 (Confirmation / Reversal Response)

The following bitmap positions are filled by the Service Provider:

- BMP52 PAC
- BMP57 Verschlüsselungsparameter (K_{Terminal} Generation, K_{Terminal} Version, RND_{MES} and RND_{PAC})
- BMP62 (EF_ID, EF_INFO, Record number of PIN, Key Version of K_{Card}, EF_FBZ, PAC, Random value returned by GET_CHALLENGE)
- BMP64 MAC

These bitmaps have to be present and the corresponding flag has to be set in the primary bitmap when the ISO message is passed to the HSM.

See the command sequence section below for the actions that Service Providers take for the various messages.

For the complete documentation of the messages used for PIN-Change see [Ref. 34].

8.3.13 Command Sequence

The following list shows the sequence of actions an application has to take for the various GeldKarte Transactions. Please note that this is a summary and is just intended to clarify the purpose of the chipcard-related WFS CMD PIN ... commands. In no way it can replace the ZKA specifications mentioned above.

Command WFS_CMD_PIN_	wProtocol WFS_PIN_ PROT	lpbMsg	Service Provider's actions
Preparation for Load/Unload			
SECURE_MSG_SEND	CHIPZKA	Command APDU SELECT FILE DF_BÖRSE	
SECURE MSG_RECEIVE SECURE_MSG_SEND	CHIPZKA CHIPZKA	Response APDU Command APDU READ RECORD EF ID	recognize type of chip
SECURE_MSG_RECEIVE SECURE_MSG_SEND	CHIPZKA CHIPZKA	record EF_ID Command APDU	store EF_ID
SECURE MSG RECEIVE	CHIPZKA	READ RECORD EF_LLOG record EF_LLOG	
SECURE_MSG_SEND	CHIPZKA	Command APDU READ_RECORD EF_BÖRSE	
SECURE_MSG_RECEIVE SECURE_MSG_SEND	CHIPZKA CHIPZKA	record EF_BÖRSE Command APDU READ_RECORD EF_BETRAG	
SECURE MSG_RECEIVE Load against other ec-Card	CHIPZKA	record EF_BETRAG	
SECURE_MSG_SEND	CHIPZKA	for type 0 chips only Command APDU READ RECORD EF KEYD	
SECURE_MSG_RECEIVE SECURE_MSG_SEND	CHIPZKA CHIPZKA	record EF_KEYD for type 1 chips only Command APDU	
SECUDE MSC DECENTE	CHIPZKA	GET KEYINFO	
SECURE_MSG_RECEIVE SECURE_MSG_SEND	CHIPZKA	Response APDU Command APDU GET CHALLENGE	
SECURE_MSG_RECEIVE	CHIPZKA	Random number RND1 from Chip	store RND1
SECURE_MSG_SEND	CHIPZKA	Command APDU LADEN EINLEITEN with Secure Msg.	fill: -Terminal ID -Traceno. -RND2 -MAC
SECURE_MSG_RECEIVE	CHIPZKA	Response APDU	store response APDU for later check of ISOLZ message, BMP 62
SECURE_MSG_SEND	ISOAZ	ISO8583 message 0200 Authorization Request	Fill: - Traceno. (BMP 11) - PAC (BMP 52) - RND _{MES} + RND _{PAC} (BMP 57) - MAC (BMP 64) check other security relevant fields
SECURE_MSG_RECEIVE	ISOAZ	ISO8583 message 0210 Authorization Response	check MAC and other security relevant fields
SECURE_MSG_SEND	ISOLZ	ISO8583 message 0200 Ladeanfrage	Fill: - Traceno. (BMP 11) - RND _{MES} (BMP 57) - MAC (BMP 64) check other security relevant fields.
SECURE_MSG_RECEIVE	ISOLZ	ISO8583 message 0210 Ladeantwort	check MAC and other security relevant fields, store BMP62 for later use in LADEN command.
SECURE_MSG_SEND	CHIPZKA	Command APDU GET CHALLENGE	

Command WFS_CMD_PIN_	wProtocol WFS_PIN_ PROT	lpbMsg	Service Provider's actions
SECURE MSG RECEIVE	CHIPZKA	Random number RND3 from	store RND3
SECURE_MSO_RECEIVE	CHIPZKA	chip	store KND3
SECURE_MSG_SEND	CHIPZKA	Command APDU LADEN with Secure Msg.	provide complete command from BMP62 of ISOLZ response, compute command MAC
SECURE_MSG_RECEIVE	CHIPZKA	Response APDU	check response MAC
GET_JOURNAL	ISOLZ	Vendor specific	
GET_JOURNAL	ISOAZ	Vendor specific	
Reversal of a Load against			
other ec-Card SECURE_MSG_SEND	CHIPZKA	Command APDU SELECT FILE DF BÖRSE	
SECURE MSG RECEIVE	CHIPZKA	Response APDU	
SECURE_MSG_SEND	CHIPZKA	Command APDU GET CHALLENGE	
SECURE_MSG_RECEIVE	CHIPZKA	Random number RND5 from chip	store RND5
SECURE_MSG_SEND	CHIPZKA	Command APDU LADEN EINLEITEN with Secure Msg.	Fill: -Terminal ID -Traceno. -RND6 -Keyno. KGKLT -MAC
SECURE_MSG_RECEIVE	CHIPZKA	Response APDU	store response APDU for later check of ISOLZ message, BMP 62
SECURE_MSG_SEND	ISOAZ	ISO8583 message 0400 Storno	Fill: - Traceno. (BMP 11) - PAC (BMP 52) - RND _{MES} + RND _{PAC} (BMP 57) - MAC (BMP 64) check other security relevant fields
SECURE_MSG_RECEIVE	ISOAZ	ISO8583 message 0410 Storno Response	check MAC and other security relevant fields.
SECURE_MSG_SEND	ISOLZ	ISO8583 message 0400 Storno	Fill: - Traceno. (BMP 11) - RND _{MES} (BMP 57) - MAC (BMP 64) check other security relevant fields.
SECURE_MSG_RECEIVE	ISOLZ	ISO8583 message 0410 Storno Response	check MAC and other security relevant fields, store BMP62 for later use in LADEN command.
SECURE_MSG_SEND	CHIPZKA	Command APDU GET CHALLENGE	
SECURE_MSG_RECEIVE	CHIPZKA	Random number RND7 from chip	store RND7
SECURE_MSG_SEND	CHIPZKA	Command APDU LADEN with Secure Msg.	provide complete command from BMP62 of ISOLZ response, compute command MAC
SECURE_MSG_RECEIVE	CHIPZKA	Response APDU	check response MAC
GET_JOURNAL	ISOLZ	Vendor specific	
GET_JOURNAL	ISOAZ	Vendor specific	

PIN Verification Type 0			
SECURE_MSG_SEND	CHIPZKA	Command APDU	
CECUDE MCC DECENTE	QUIDZILA	GET CHALLENGE	, DNDA
SECURE_MSG_RECEIVE	CHIPZKA	Random number RND0 from chip	store RND0
SECURE_MSG_SEND	CHIPZKA	Command APDU	fill
		EXTERNAL	-Keyno. KINFO
		AUTHENTICATE	-ENCRND
SECURE_MSG_RECEIVE	CHIPZKA	Response APDU	

SECURE_MSG_SEND	CHIPZKA	Command APDU PUT DATA	fill RND1
SECURE MSG RECEIVE	CHIPZKA	Response APDU	
SECURE_MSG_SEND	CHIPZKA	Command APDU READ RECORD EF_INFO	
SECURE MGC DECENTE	CHIDZKA	with Secure Messaging	
SECURE MSG RECEIVE	CHIPZKA	record EF_INFO	check MAC
SECURE_MSG_SEND	CHIPZKA	Command APDU GET CHALLENGE	
SECURE_MSG_RECEIVE	CHIPZKA	Random number RND2 from chip	store RND2
SECURE_MSG_SEND	CHIPZKA	Command APDU VERIFY	provide complete command APDU
SECURE_MSG_RECEIVE	CHIPZKA	Response APDU	
PIN Verification Type 1			
SECURE_MSG_SEND	CHIPZKA	Command APDU GET KEYINFO	
SECURE MSG RECEIVE	CHIPZKA	Response APDU	
SECURE_MSG_SEND	CHIPZKA	Command APDU GET CHALLENGE	
SECURE_MSG_RECEIVE	CHIPZKA	Random number RND0 from chip	store RND0
SECURE_MSG_SEND	CHIPZKA	Command APDU MUTUAL AUTHENTICATE	fill ENC0
SECURE MSG RECEIVE	CHIPZKA	Response APDU	check ENC1
SECURE_MSG_SEND	CHIPZKA	Command APDU VERIFY	provide complete command APDU
SECURE MSG RECEIVE	CHIPZKA	Response APDU	check MAC
"Laden vom Kartenkonto" (both types)		•	
SECURE_MSG_SEND	CHIPZKA	Command APDU LADEN EINLEITEN	fill -Terminal ID -Trace No.
SECURE_MSG_RECEIVE	CHIPZKA	Response APDU	
SECURE_MSG_SEND	ISOLZ	ISO8583 message 0200 Ladeanfrage	fill - Traceno. (BMP 11) - RND _{MES} (BMP 57) - MAC (BMP 64) check other security relevant fields.
SECURE_MSG_RECEIVE	ISOLZ	ISO8583 message 0210 Ladeantwort	check MAC and other security relevant fields.
SECURE_MSG_SEND	CHIPZKA	Command APDU LADEN	
SECURE_MSG_RECEIVE	CHIPZKA	Response APDU	
GET JOURNAL	ISOLZ	Vendor specific	

Reversal of a "Laden vom Kartenkonto"			
SECURE_MSG_SEND	CHIPZKA	Command APDU SELECT FILE DF BÖRSE	
SECURE_MSG_RECEIVE	CHIPZKA	Response APDU	
SECURE_MSG_SEND	CHIPZKA	Command APDU LADEN EINLEITEN	fill -Terminal ID -Traceno.
SECURE_MSG_RECEIVE	CHIPZKA	Response APDU	
SECURE_MSG_SEND	ISOLZ	ISO8583 message 0400 Storno	fill - Traceno. (BMP 11) - RND _{MES} (BMP 57) - MAC (BMP 64) check other security relevant fields.

SECURE_MSG_RECEIVE	ISOLZ	ISO8583 message 0410 Storno Response	check MAC and other security relevant fields
SECURE_MSG_SEND	CHIPZKA	Command APDU LADEN	
SECURE_MSG_RECEIVE	CHIPZKA	Response APDU	
GET JOURNAL	ISOLZ	Vendor specific	
Unload		•	
SECURE_MSG_SEND	CHIPZKA	ENTLADEN EINLEITEN	fill -Terminal ID -Trace No.
SECURE MSG RECEIVE	CHIPZKA	Response APDU	
SECURE_MSG_SEND	ISOLZ	ISO8583 message Entladeanfrage 0200	fill - Traceno. (BMP 11) - RND _{MES} (BMP 57) - MAC (BMP 64) check other security relevant fields.
SECURE_MSG_RECEIVE	ISOLZ	ISO8583 message Entladeantwort 0210	check MAC and other security relevant fields
SECURE MSG SEND	CHIPZKA	ENTLADEN	neids
SECURE MSG_SEND	CHIPZKA		
SECURE_MSG_SEND	CHIPZKA	Response APDU ENTLADEN EINLEITEN	fill -Terminal ID -Trace No.
SECURE MSG RECEIVE	CHIPZKA	Response APDU	
SECURE_MSG_SEND	ISOLZ	ISO8583 message Entladequittung 0202	fill - Traceno. (BMP 11) - RND _{MES} (BMP 57) - MAC (BMP 64) check other security relevant fields.
SECURE_MSG_RECEIVE	ISOLZ	ISO8583 message Entladebestätigung 0212	check MAC and other security relevant fields
SECURE_MSG_SEND	CHIPZKA	Command APDU ENTLADEN	
SECURE_MSG_RECEIVE	CHIPZKA	Response APDU	
GET_JOURNAL	ISOLZ	Vendor specific	

Repeated Messages (Stornowiederholung / Entladequittungswiederhol ung)			
SECURE_MSG_SEND	ISOLZ	ISO8583 message Stornowiederholung 0401 or Entladequittungswiederholung 0203	fill - Traceno. (BMP 11) - RND _{MES} (BMP 57) - MAC (BMP 64) check other security relevant fields.
SECURE_MSG_RECEIVE	ISOLZ	ISO8583 message Stornoantwort 410 or Entladebestätigung 0212	check MAC and other security relevant fields
GET_JOURNAL	ISOLZ	Vendor specific	

Command WFS_CMD_PIN_	wProtocol WFS_PIN_P ROT	lpbMsg	Service Provider's actions
Preparation for PIN			
Change			
SECURE_MSG_SEND	CHIPPINCHG	Command APDU	
		READ RECORD EF_ID	
SECURE_MSG_RECEIVE	CHIPPINCHG	Response APDU	Store EF_ID
		Record EF_ID	Will be inserted into BMP62 of a PIN
		_	Change request
SECURE_MSG_SEND	CHIPPINCHG	Command APDU	
		GET CHALLENGE	

SECURE MSG_RECEIVE ROI Store Random number RND0 from Chip Store RND0 SECURE_MSG_SEND CHIPPINCHG Command APDU READ RECORD EF INFO Fill RND1 SECURE_MSG_RECEIVE CHIPPINCHG Command APDU GET KEYINFO Check MAC, Store EF_INO Will be inserted into BMP62 of a PIN Change request SECURE_MSG_SEND CHIPPINCHG Command APDU GET KEYINFO Store version byte SECURE_MSG_SEND CHIPPINCHG Command APDU Version of KCard Store version byte SECURE_MSG_SEND CHIPPINCHG Command APDU SECURE_MSG_RECEIVE Store record number Will be inserted into BMP62 of a PIN Change request SECURE_MSG_SEND CHIPPINCHG Response APDU SECURE_MSG_RECEIVE Store record number Will be inserted into BMP62 of a PIN Change request SECURE_MSG_SEND CHIPPINCHG Response APDU READ RECORD EF FIZ Store record number Will be inserted into BMP62 of a PIN Change request SECURE_MSG_SEND CHIPPINCHG Command APDU READ RECORD EF FIZ Store RND0 SECURE_MSG_SEND CHIPPINCHG Command APDU GET KEYINFO Store RND0 SECURE_MSG_RECEIVE CHIPPINCHG Command APDU GET GET GIALIENCE Store RND0 SECURE_MSG_RECEIVE	Command wProtocol lpbMsg WFS_CMD_PIN_ WFS_PIN_P ROT		Service Provider's actions	
Chip Chip SECURE_MSG_SEND CHIPPINCHG Command APDU READ RECORD FF_INFO SECURE_MSG_RECEIVE CHIPPINCHG Response APDU Record Check MAC, Store FF_INO SECURE_MSG_SEND CHIPPINCHG Command APDU GET KEVINFO Check MAC, Store FF_INO SECURE_MSG_RECEIVE CHIPPINCHG Command APDU GET KEVINFO Store version byte SECURE_MSG_RECEIVE CHIPPINCHG Command APDU SECURE_MSG_SEND Store record number SECURE_MSG_RECEIVE CHIPPINCHG Command APDU Response APDU Store record number SECURE_MSG_RECEIVE CHIPPINCHG Command APDU Response APDU Store record number SECURE_MSG_RECEIVE CHIPPINCHG Command APDU Retab RECORD FF_FBZ Store record number SECURE_MSG_RECEIVE CHIPPINCHG Command APDU Response APDU Store record number SECURE_MSG_SEND CHIPPINCHG Command APDU Response APDU Store RNDO SECURE_MSG_SEND CHIPPINCHG Command APDU GET CHALLENGE Store RNDO SECURE_MSG_SEND CHIPPINCHG Command APDU GET CHALLENGE Store RNDO SECURE_MSG_SEND CHIPPINCHG <td< th=""><th>SECURE MSG RECEIVE</th><th>1</th><th>Random number RND0 from</th><th>Store RND0</th></td<>	SECURE MSG RECEIVE	1	Random number RND0 from	Store RND0
READ RECORD EF INFOSECURE_MSG_RECEIVECHIPPINCHGResponse APDU GET KEYINFOSECURE_MSG_RECEIVECHIPPINCHGCommand APDU GET KEYINFOSECURE_MSG_RECEIVECHIPPINCHGCommand APDU SEARCH RECORD O'L' OF SEARCH RECORD O'L' OF SEARCH RECORD O'L' OF SEARCH RECORD O'L' OF SECURE_MSG_SENDCHIPPINCHGSECURE_MSG_SENDCHIPPINCHGCommand APDU SEARCH RECORD O'L' OF SEARCH RECORD O'L' OF SEARCH RECORD D'L' OF SECURE_MSG_SENDStore record number Will be inserted into BMP62 o' a PIN Change requestSECURE_MSG_SENDCHIPPINCHGCommand APDU Response APDUStore record number Will be inserted into BMP62 o' a PIN Change requestSECURE_MSG_SENDCHIPPINCHGCommand APDU READ RECORD EF_FBZStore record number Will be inserted into BMP62 o' a PIN Change requestSECURE_MSG_SENDCHIPPINCHGCommand APDU GET THALLENGEStore READ RECORD EF FBZSECURE_MSG_SENDCHIPPINCHGCommand APDU GET CHALLENGEStore RND0SECURE_MSG_SENDCHIPPINCHGCommand APDU GET CHALLENGEStore RND0SECURE_MSG_SENDCHIPPINCHGCommand APDU MUTUAL AUTHINTICATEStore RND0SECURE_MSG_SENDCHIPPINCHGCommand APDU WUTUAL AUTHINTICATEStore RND0SECURE_MSG_SENDCHIPPINCHGCommand APDU VERIFYStore RND0SECURE_MSG_SENDCHIPPINCHGCommand APDU VERIFYStore RND0SECURE_MSG_SENDCHIPPINCHGCommand APDU VERIFYStore RND0SECURE_MSG_SENDISMPINCMPByte 0: 0x01 (Save HP) </td <td>SLEOKE_WSG_KLEELVE</td> <td>ennrivend</td> <td></td> <td></td>	SLEOKE_WSG_KLEELVE	ennrivend		
FF_INFOWill be inserted into BMP62 of a PIN Change requestSECURE_MSG_SENDCHIPPINCHGCommand APDU GET KEYINFOSECURE_MSG_RECEIVECHIPPINCHGResponse APDU Version of KCardStore version byte 	SECURE_MSG_SEND	CHIPPINCHG		Fill RND1
SECURE_MSG_SENDCHIPPINCHGCommand APDU GET KEYINFOStore version byte Will be inserted into BMP62 of a PIN Change requestSECURE_MSG_SENDCHIPPINCHGResponse APDU SFARCH RECORD '01' of EF_PWDDStore record number Will be inserted into BMP62 of a PIN Change requestSECURE_MSG_RECEIVECHIPPINCHGResponse APDU READ RECORD EF_FBZStore record number Will be inserted into BMP62 of a PIN Change requestSECURE_MSG_SENDCHIPPINCHGCommand APDU READ RECORD EF_FBZSECURE_MSG_SENDCHIPPINCHGResponse APDU Initial value FBZ Actual value FBZSECURE_MSG_SENDCHIPPINCHGCommand APDU GET KEYINFOSECURE_MSG_SENDCHIPPINCHGCommand APDU GET KEYINFOSECURE_MSG_SENDCHIPPINCHGCommand APDU GET CHALLENGESECURE_MSG_SENDCHIPPINCHGCommand APDU GET CHALLENGESECURE_MSG_SENDCHIPPINCHGCommand APDU MUTUAL AUTHENTICATESECURE_MSG_RECEIVECHIPPINCHGResponse APDUSECURE_MSG_SENDCHIPPINCHGResponse APDUSECURE_MSG_SENDCHIPPINCHGResponse APDUSECURE_MSG_SENDCHIPPINCHGResponse APDUSECURE_MSG_SENDCHIPPINCHGResponse APDUSECURE_MSG_SENDCHIPPINCHGResponse APDUSECURE_MSG_SENDCHIPPINCHGResponse APDUSECURE_MSG_SENDCHIPPINCHGResponse APDUSECURE_MSG_SENDHSMPINCMPSyste PINSECURE_MSG_SENDHSMPINCMPSyste PINSECURE_MSG_SENDHSMPINCMPSyste PIN <td>SECURE_MSG_RECEIVE</td> <td>CHIPPINCHG</td> <td></td> <td>Will be inserted into BMP62 of a PIN</td>	SECURE_MSG_RECEIVE	CHIPPINCHG		Will be inserted into BMP62 of a PIN
SECURE_MSG_SEND CHIPPINCHG Command APDU SEARCH RECORD '01' of EF_PWDD Store record number Will be inserted into BMP62 of a PIN Change request SECURE_MSG_RECEIVE CHIPPINCHG Response APDU Store record number Will be inserted into BMP62 of a PIN Change request SECURE_MSG_SEND CHIPPINCHG Command APDU READ RECORD EF_FBZ Will be inserted into BMP62 of a PIN Change request SECURE_MSG_RECEIVE CHIPPINCHG Command APDU READ RECORD EF_FBZ CHIPPINCHG SECURE_MSG_RECEIVE CHIPPINCHG Response APDU Ormand APDU GTT REVINFO CHIPPINCHG SECURE_MSG_RECEIVE CHIPPINCHG Response APDU CHIPPINCHG SECURE_MSG_RECEIVE CHIPPINCHG Response APDU Store RND0 SECURE_MSG_RECEIVE CHIPPINCHG Response APDU Store RND0 SECURE_MSG_RECEIVE CHIPPINCHG Response APDU Fill ENC0 SECURE_MSG_RECEIVE CHIPPINCHG Command APDU MUTUAL AUTHENTICATE Fill ENC0 SECURE_MSG_RECEIVE CHIPPINCHG Command APDU Fill ENC0 SECURE_MSG_RECEIVE CHIPPINCHG Command AP	SECURE_MSG_SEND	CHIPPINCHG		
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SECURE_MSG_SEND CHIPPINCHG Command APDU READ RECORD EF_FBZ SECURE_MSG_RECEIVE CHIPPINCHG Response APDU Initial value FBZ Actual value FBZ PIN Verification	SECURE_MSG_SEND	CHIPPINCHG	SEARCH RECORD '01' of	
Image: Constraint of the second of the sec				Will be inserted into BMP62 of a PIN
Initial value FBZ Actual value FBZ Actual value FBZ Actual value FBZ Actual value FBZ Actual value FBZ Actual value FBZ MSG_SENDPIN VerificationInitial value FBZ Actual value FBZSECURE_MSG_SENDCHIPPINCHG CHIPPINCHGCommand APDU 			READ RECORD EF_FBZ	
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GET KEYINFOSECURE_MSG_RECEIVECHIPPINCHGResponse APDUSECURE_MSG_SENDCHIPPINCHGCommand APDU GET CHALLENGESECURE_MSG_RECEIVECHIPPINCHGCommand APDU MUTUAL AUTHENTICATEFill ENCOSECURE_MSG_SENDCHIPPINCHGCommand APDU MUTUAL AUTHENTICATEFill ENCOSECURE_MSG_SENDCHIPPINCHGCommand APDU MUTUAL AUTHENTICATEFrom the complete command APDU VERIFYSECURE_MSG_SENDCHIPPINCHGResponse APDUCheck ENC1SECURE_MSG_RECEIVECHIPPINCHGResponse APDUCheck MAC Create PAC for old PINPIN Change		CITIER DI COLOR	0 1/2221	
SECURE_MSG_SENDCHIPPINCHG GET CHALLENGECommand APDU GET CHALLENGESECURE_MSG_RECEIVECHIPPINCHGRandom number RND0 from chipStore RND0SECURE_MSG_SENDCHIPPINCHGCommand APDU MUTUAL AUTHENTICATEFill ENC0SECURE_MSG_RECEIVECHIPPINCHGResponse APDUCheck ENC1SECURE_MSG_RECEIVECHIPPINCHGResponse APDUCheck ENC1SECURE_MSG_RECEIVECHIPPINCHGResponse APDUCheck MAC Create PAC for old PINSECURE_MSG_RECEIVECHIPPINCHGResponse APDUCheck MAC Create PAC for old PINSECURE_MSG_SENDHIMPINCMFByte 0: 0x01 (Save PIN)Save the PIN value entered for subsequent compare. Output data buffer length is zero.Let the user enter the PIN for the first time, by invoking the commandHSMPINCMPByte 0: 0x01 (Save PIN)Save the PIN value entered for subsequent compare. Output data buffer length is zero.Let the user enter the PIN for the second time, by invoking the commandByte 0: 0x02 (Compare PIN)Compare PIN values. Returns Byte 0: as 0x00 when PIN does not match, and 0x01 when PIN does match. Create PAC for new PIN if values matchSECURE_MSG_SENDCHIPPINCHGCommand APDU MANAGE SECURITY ENVIRONMENTCompare PIN values. Returns Byte 0: as 0x00 when PIN does match. does not match, and 0x01 when PIN does match. Create PAC for new PIN if values matchSECURE_MSG_SENDCHIPPINCHGCommand APDU MANAGE SECURITY ENVIRONMENTCempare PIN Secure PINCHG			GET KEYINFO	
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SECURE_MSG_RECEIVECHIPPINCHGResponse APDUCheck ENC1SECURE_MSG_SENDCHIPPINCHGCommand APDU VERIFYProvide complete command APDU VERIFYSECURE_MSG_RECEIVECHIPPINCHGResponse APDUCheck MAC Create PAC for old PINPIN Change Let the user enter the PIN for the first time, by invoking the command WFS_CMD_PIN_GET_PINByte 0: 0x01 (Save PIN)Save the PIN value entered for subsequent compare. Output data buffer length is zero.Let the user enter the PIN for the first time, by invoking WFS_CMD_PIN_GET_PINByte 0: 0x01 (Save PIN)Save the PIN value entered for subsequent compare. Output data buffer length is zero.Let the user enter the PIN for the second time, by invoking the command WFS_CMD_PIN_GET_PINByte 0: 0x02 (Compare PINs)Compare PIN values. Returns Byte 0: as 0x00 when PIN does not match, and 0x01 when PIN does match. Create PAC for new PIN if values matchSECURE_MSG_SENDCHIPPINCHG ENVIRONMENTCommand APDU MANAGE SECURITY ENVIRONMENTCommand APDU MANAGE SECURITY ENVIRONMENT	SECURE_MSG_SEND	CHIPPINCHG	Command APDU MUTUAL	Fill ENC0
SECURE_MSG_SENDCHIPPINCHG VERIFYCommand APDU Provide complete command APDU SECURE_MSG_RECEIVECHIPPINCHGResponse APDUCheck MAC 	SECURE MSG RECEIVE	CHIPPINCHG		Check ENC1
PIN ChangeCreate PAC for old PINLet the user enter the PIN for the first time, by invoking the command WFS_CMD_PIN_GET_PINSave the PIN value entered for subsequent compare. Output data buffer length is zero.SECURE_MSG_SENDHSMPINCMPByte 0: 0x01 (Save PIN)Save the PIN value entered for subsequent compare. Output data buffer length is zero.Let the user enter the PIN for the second time, by invoking the command WFS_CMD_PIN_GET_PINSecure Compare PIN values. (Compare PINs)SECURE_MSG_SENDHSMPINCMPByte 0: 0x02 (Compare PINs)Compare PIN values. Returns Byte 0: as 0x00 when PIN does not match, and 0x01 when PIN does match. Create PAC for new PIN if values matchSECURE_MSG_SENDCHIPPINCHGCommand APDU MANAGE SECURITY ENVIRONMENTCommand APDU MANAGE SECURITY ENVIRONMENT			Command APDU	
Let the user enter the PIN for the first time, by invoking the command WFS_CMD_PIN_GET_PINByte 0: 0x01 (Save PIN)Save the PIN value entered for subsequent compare. Output data buffer length is zero.SECURE_MSG_SENDHSMPINCMPByte 0: 0x01 (Save PIN)Save the PIN value entered for subsequent compare. Output data buffer length is zero.Let the user enter the PIN for the second time, by invoking the command WFS_CMD_PIN_GET_PINByte 0: 0x02 (Compare PINs)Compare PIN values. Returns Byte 0: as 0x00 when PIN does not match, and 0x01 when PIN does match. Create PAC for new PIN if values matchSECURE_MSG_SENDCHIPPINCHGCommand APDU MANAGE SECURITY ENVIRONMENTCommand APDU MANAGE SECURITY ENVIRONMENT	SECURE_MSG_RECEIVE	CHIPPINCHG	Response APDU	
the first time, by invoking the command WFS_CMD_PIN_GET_PINSee and an an an and an				
SECURE_MSG_SENDHSMPINCMPByte 0: 0x01 (Save PIN)Save the PIN value entered for subsequent compare. Output data buffer length is zero.Let the user enter the PIN for the second time, by invoking the command WFS_CMD_PIN_GET_PINImage: Compare PIN (Compare PIN values)Image: Compare PIN values)SECURE_MSG_SENDHSMPINCMPByte 0: 0x02 (Compare PINs)Compare PIN values. Returns Byte 0: as 0x00 when PIN does not match, and 0x01 when PIN does match. Create PAC for new PIN if values matchSECURE_MSG_SENDCHIPPINCHGCommand APDU MANAGE SECURITY ENVIRONMENTCommand APDU MANAGE SECURITY ENVIRONMENT	the first time, by invoking the command			
the second time, by invoking the command WFS_CMD_PIN_GET_PINImage: Secure_MSG_SENDHSMPINCMPByte 0: 0x02 (Compare PINs)Compare PIN values. Returns Byte 0: as 0x00 when PIN does not match, and 0x01 when PIN does match. Create PAC for new PIN if values matchSECURE_MSG_SENDCHIPPINCHGCommand APDU MANAGE SECURITY ENVIRONMENTCommand APDU MANAGE SECURITY ENVIRONMENTSECURE_MSG_RECEIVECHIPPINCHGResponse APDUCommand APDU		HSMPINCMP		subsequent compare. Output data
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SECURE_MSG_SEND CHIPPINCHG Command APDU MANAGE SECURITY ENVIRONMENT SECURE_MSG_RECEIVE CHIPPINCHG Response APDU		HSMPINCMP		Returns Byte 0: as 0x00 when PIN does not match, and 0x01 when PIN does match. Create PAC for new PIN if values
	SECURE_MSG_SEND	CHIPPINCHG	MANAGE SECURITY	
SECURE_MSG_SEND CHIPPINCHG Command APDU				
GET CHALLENGE	SECURE_MSG_SEND	CHIPPINCHG		

Command WFS_CMD_PIN_	wProtocol WFS_PIN_P ROT	lpbMsg	Service Provider's actions
SECURE_MSG_RECEIVE	CHIPPINCHG	Random number RND0 from Chip	Store RND0 Will be inserted into BMP62 of a PIN Change request
SECURE_MSG_SEND	ISOPINCHG	ISO8583 Message 0640	Fill - PAC old PIN (BMP52) - K _{Terminal} generation + K _{Terminal} version + RND _{MES} + RND _{PAC} (BMP57) - Chip Data (BMP62) with PAC of new PIN - MAC (BMP64)
SECURE MSG RECEIVE	ISOPINCHG	ISO8583 message 0650	Check MAC
SECURE_MSG_SEND	CHIPPINCHG	Command APDU from BMP62	
SECURE MSG RECEIVE	CHIPPINCHG	Response APDU	
PIN Change Confirmation/ Repeated Confirmation			
SECURE_MSG_SEND	ISOPINCHG	ISO8583 message 0642 or 0643 BMP25 = 00	Fill - K _{Terminal} generation + K _{Terminal} version + RND _{MES} (BMP57) - Chip Data (BMP62) with PAC of new PIN - MAC (BMP64)
SECURE_MSG_RECEIVE	ISOPINCHG	ISO8583 message 0652	Check MAC
PIN Change Reversal/			
Repeated Reversal			
SECURE_MSG_SEND	ISOPINCHG	ISO8583 message 0642 or 0643 BMP25 ≠ 00	Fill - K _{Terminal} generation + K _{Terminal} version + RND _{MES} (BMP57) - Chip Data (BMP62) with PAC of old PIN - MAC (BMP64)
SECURE MSG RECEIVE	ISOPINCHG	ISO8583 message 0652	Check MAC

PIN Activation after failure			
SECURE_MSG_SEND	ISOPINCHG	ISO8583 message 0640	Fill - PAC entered PIN (BMP52) - K _{Terminal} generation + K _{Terminal} version + RND _{MES} + RND _{PAC} (BMP57) - Chip Data (BMP62) with PAC of entered PIN - MAC (BMP64)
SECURE MSG RECEIVE	ISOPINCHG	ISO8583 message 0650	Check MAC

PIN Activation			
SECURE_MSG_SEND	CHIPPINCHG	Command APDU	
		MANAGE SECURITY	
		ENVIRONMENT	
SECURE_MSG_RECEIVE	CHIPPINCHG	Response APDU	
SECURE_MSG_SEND	CHIPPINCHG	Command APDU	
		GET CHALLENGE	
SECURE_MSG_RECEIVE	CHIPPINCHG	Random number RND0 from	Store RND0
		Chip	Will be inserted into BMP62 of a PIN
			Activation request
SECURE_MSG_SEND	ISOPINCHG	ISO8583 Message 0640	Fill
			- PAC entered PIN (BMP52)
			- K _{Terminal} generation + K _{Terminal} version
			$+ RND_{MES} + RND_{PAC} (BMP57)$
			- Chip Data (BMP62) with PAC of
			entered PIN
			- MAC (BMP64)
SECURE_MSG_RECEIVE	ISOPINCHG	ISO8583 message 0650	Check MAC

SECURE_MSG_SEND	CHIPPINCHG	Command APDU from BMP62	
SECURE MSG RECEIVE	CHIPPINCHG	Response APDU	
PIN Activation			
Confirmation/ Repeated			
Confirmation			
SECURE_MSG_SEND	CHIPPINCHG	Command APDU	
		MANAGE SECURITY	
		ENVIRONMENT	
SECURE_MSG_RECEIVE	CHIPPINCHG	Response APDU	
SECURE_MSG_SEND	CHIPPINCHG	Command APDU	
		GET CHALLENGE	
SECURE_MSG_RECEIVE	CHIPPINCHG	Random number RND0 from	Store RND0
		Chip	Will be inserted into BMP62 of a PIN
			Activation confirmation
SECURE_MSG_SEND	ISOPINCHG	ISO8583	Fill
		message 0642 or 0643	- K _{Terminal} generation + K _{Terminal} version
		BMP25 = 00	$+ RND_{MES}(BMP57)$
			- Chip Data (BMP62) with PAC of
			entered PIN
			- MAC (BMP64)
SECURE_MSG_RECEIVE	ISOPINCHG	ISO8583 message 0652	Check MAC
SECURE_MSG_SEND	CHIPPINCHG	Command APDU	
		from BMP62	
SECURE_MSG_RECEIVE	CHIPPINCHG	Response APDU	

8.4 EMV Support

EMV support by this specification consists in the ability of importing Certification Authority and Chip Card Public Keys, creating the PIN blocks for offline PIN verification and verifying static and dynamic data. This section is used to further explain concepts and functionality that needs further clarification.

The PIN service is able to manage the EMV chip card regarding the card authentication and the RSA local PIN verification. Two steps are mandatory in order to reach these two functions: The loading of the keys which come from the Certification Authorities or from the card itself, and the EMV PIN block management.

The Service Provider is responsible for all key validation during the import process. The application is responsible for management of the key lifetime and expiry after the key is successfully imported.

8.4.1 Keys loading

The final goal of an application is to retrieve the keys located on card to perform the operations of authentication or local PIN check (RSA encrypted). These keys are provided by the card using EMV certificates and can be retrieved using a Public Key provided by a Certification Authority. The application should first load the keys issued by the Certification Authority. At transaction time the application will use these keys to load the keys that the application has retrieved from the chip card.

Certification Authority keys

These keys are provided in the following formats:

- Plain text.
- Plain Text with EMV 2000 Verification Data (See [Ref. 4] under the reference section for this document).
- EPI CA (or self signed) format as specified in the Europay International, EPI CA Module Technical Interface specification Version 1.4 (See [Ref. 5] under the reference section for this document).
- PKCSV1_5 encrypted (as used by GIECB in France) (See [Ref. 15] under the reference section for this document).

EPI CA format

The following table corresponds to table 4 of the Europay International, EPI CA Module Technical – Interface specification Version 1.4 (See [Ref. 5]) and identifies the Europay Public Key (self-certified) and the associated data:

Field name	Length	Description	Format
ID of Certificate Subject	5	RID for Europay	Binary
Europay public key Index	1	Europay public key Index	Binary
Subject public key Algorithm Indicator	1	Algorithm to be used with the Europay public key Index, set to 0x01	Binary
Subject public key Length	1	Length of the Europay public key Modulus (equal to <i>Nca</i>)	Binary
Subject public key Exponent Length	1	Length of the Europay public key Exponent	Binary
Leftmost Digits of Subject public key	Nca-37	<i>Nca</i> -37 most significant bytes of the Europay public key Modulus	Binary
Subject public key Remainder	37	37 least significant bytes of the Europay public key Modulus	Binary
Subject public key Exponent	1	Exponent for Europay public key	Binary
Subject public key Certificate	Nca	Output of signature algorithm	Binary

Table 1

The following table corresponds to table 13 of the Europay International, EPI CA Module Technical – Interface specification Version 1.4 and identifies the Europay Public Key Hash code and associated data.

Field name	Length	Description	Format
ID of Certificate Subject	5	RID for Europay	Binary
Europay public key Index	1	Europay public key Index	Binary
Subject public key Algorithm	1	Algorithm to be used with the Europay public	Binary
Indicator		key Index, set to 0x01	
Certification Authority public key	20	Hash-code for Europay public key	Binary
Check Sum			

Table 2

Table 2 corresponds to table 13 of the Europay International, EPI CA Module Technical – Interface specification Version 1.4 (See [Ref. 5]).

Chip card keys

These keys are provided as EMV certificates which come from the chip card in a multiple layer structure (issuer key first, then the ICC keys). Two kinds of algorithm are used with these certificates in order to retrieve the keys: One for the issuer key and the other for the ICC keys (ICC Public Key and ICC PIN encipherment key). The associated data with these algorithms – The PAN (Primary Account Number) and the SDA (Static Data to be Authenticated) - come also from the chip card.

8.4.2 PIN Block Management

The PIN block management is done through the command WFS_CMD_PIN_GET_PINBLOCK. A new format WFS_PIN_FORMEMV has been added to indicate to the PIN service that the PIN block must follow the requirements of the EMVCo, Book2 – Security & Key management Version 4.0 document The parameter *lpsCustomerData* is used in this case to transfer to the PIN service the challenge number coming from the chip card. The final encryption must be done using a RSA Public Key. Please note that the application is responsible to send the PIN block to the chip card inside the right APDU.

8.4.3 SHA-1 Digest

The SHA-1 Digest is a hash algorithm used by EMV in validating ICC static and dynamic data item. The SHA-1 Digest is supported through the WFS_CMD_PIN_DIGEST command. The application will pass the data to be hashed to the Service Provider. Once the encryptor completes the SHA-1 hash code, the Service Provider will return the 20-byte hash value back to the application.

8.5 French Cartes Bancaires

"Groupement des Cartes Bancaires" from France has specified a cryptographic architecture for ATM networks. See the document [Ref. 15] for details.

The XFS command WFS_CMD_PIN_ENC_IO with the protocol WFS_PIN_ENC_PROT_GIECB is used for:

- ATM initialization
- Renewal of ATM master key
- Renewal of HOST master key
- Generation and loading of key transport key

Keys loaded or generated with WFS_CMD_PIN_ENC_IO get names like any other keys in a XFS PIN service. WFS_INF_PIN_KEY_DETAIL[_EX] shows the key with this name and the name may be used with WFS_CMD_PIN_IMPORT_KEY[_EX] to delete a key.

8.5.1 Data Structure for WFS_CMD_PIN_ENC_IO

Data will be transferred as tag-length-value (TLV) structure, encoded according to the distinguished encoding rules (DER) defined in [Ref. 16].

The following is a list of top level tags defined for the use with WFS_PIN_ENC_PROT_GIECB. All these tags have the APPLICATION class, therefore the Identifier Octets are (binary):

- 010n nnn for the primitive types
- 011n nnn for the constructed types

Tag Number	Primitive / Constructed	Identifier Octet	Contents
0	Р	0x40	Protocol Version The INTEGER value zero for this version of the protocol
1	Р	0x41	Interchange Code An ASCII string holding one of the interchange codes defined in [Ref. 15], e.g. "HRN-H1"
2	С	0x62	Interchange Data The data items as defined by [Ref.15], see table below for details
3	Р	0x43	Key Name An ASCII string holding the name for the key being loaded or generated.

The Interchange Data (Tag 2) is constructed from data items where tag numbers of the sub-tags from 1 to 23 correspond to the data item numbers ("N^o donnée") as defined in section 3.1 of [Ref. 15]. Some of the data items consist of data elements, for these the constructed encoding will be used. For data items with no data elements the primitive encoding will be used.

All Tags have the CONTEXT class, therefore the Identifier Octets are (binary):

- 100 n n n n n for the primitive types
- 101n nnn for the constructed types

Tag (=Data Item No)	Primitive / Constructed	Identifier Octet	Data Item Label	
1	С	0xA1	IdKG	
2	С	0xA2	KTK-encrypted	
3	С	0xA3	KGp	
4	С	0xA4	KDp	
5	С	0xA5	SnSCD	
6	Р	0x86	Rand	
7	Р	0x87	HOST authentication	
8	Р	0x88	KDp signature	
9	Р	0x89	KGp signature	
10	Р	0x8A	KTK signature	
11	Р	0x8B	KT-encrypted	
12	Р	0x8C	Ksc-encrypted	
13	Р	0x8D	PIN cryptogram	
14	Р	0x8E	Seal	
15	Р	0x8F	Thumbprint of KDp	
16	Р	0x90	Thumbprint of KGp	
17	С	0xB1	IdKD	
18	С	0xB2	IdKTK	
19	С	0xB3	IdKT	
20	С	0xB4	IdKSC	
21	Р	0x95	Manufacturer	
22	С	0xB6	SCD type	
23	С	0xB7	Firmware version	

Inside the constructed data items, primitive encoding is used for the data elements, all tags having CONTEXT class with tag numbers corresponding to the data element numbers ("N° d'élément de donnée") as defined in section 3.1 of [Ref. 15].

Example:

The example shows the DER encoding of the input for a WFS_CMD_PIN_ENCIO command, for the interchange "GIN-H5". All data except the 128 byte content of data item 7 is shown in hexadecimal (0x omitted for the sake of readability).

40 01 00 (tag / length / value for Protocol Version 0) 41 06 47 49 4E 2D 48 35 (tag / length / value for Interchange Code "GIN-H5") 62 81 B5 (tag / length for Interchange Data) (tag / length for data item 1) A1 14 81 01 00 (data element 1) 83 01 00 (data element 3) A5 10 (tag / length for data item 5) 81 03 00 00 00 (data element 1) 82 09 00 00 00 00 00 00 00 00 00 (data element 2) 86 08 00 00 00 00 00 00 00 00 (tag / length / value for data item 6) 87 81 80 <128 bytes> (tag / length / value for data item 7) 43 05 4D 59 4B 45 59 (tag / length / value for Key Name "MYKEY")

8.5.2 Command Sequence

The following list shows the sequence of actions an application has to take for the various *Cartes Bancaires* interchanges.

• GIN (ATM initialization)

Action	Interchange Code	Key Name	Input Data Items	Output Data Items	
Thumbprint supplied by hos	t via external ch	annel (GIN-H1)			
WFS_CMD_PIN_ENCIO	GIN-G2			21,22,23	
	Host Comm	nunication (GIN-G2 / C	GIN-H3)		
WFS_CMD_PIN_ENCIO	GIN-H3	Key Name for KG	3	16	
WFS_CMD_PIN_ENCIO	GIN-G4			5,6,1	
	Host Comm	nunication (GIN-G4 / C	GIN-H5)		
WFS_CMD_PIN_ENCIO	GIN-H5	Key Name for KD	5,6,1,7		
WFS_CMD_PIN_ENCIO	GIN-G6			5,4,8	
Host Communication (GIN-G6)					
WFS_CMD_PIN_ENCIO GIN-G7 15					
Send thumbprint to host via external channel (GIN-G7)					

• GRN (Renewal of ATM Master Key)

Action	Interchange Code	Key Name	Input Data Items	Output Data Items		
WFS_CMD_PIN_ENCIO	GRN-G1			5,6,1		
	Host Comm	unication (GRN-G	/ GRN-H2)			
WFS_CMD_PIN_ENCIO	GRN-H2	Key Name for KD	5,6,1,7			
WFS_CMD_PIN_ENCIO	GRN-G3			5,4,8,17		
	Host Communication (GRN-G3)					
WFS_CMD_PIN_ENCIO	GRN-C or GRN-R		17			

The Interchange codes "GRN-C" to commit the transaction resp. "GRN-R" to roll back the transactions are an addition to those defined in [Ref. 15].

• HRN (Renewal of HOST Master Key)

Action	Interchange Code	Key Name	Input Data Items	Output Data Items	
Host Communication (HRN-H1)					
WFS_CMD_PIN_ENCIO	HRN-H1	Key Name for KG	3,9,1		

• DKT (Generation and Loading of KTK)

Action	Interchange Code	Key Name	Input Data Items	Output Data Items				
WFS_CMD_PIN_ENCIO	DKT-G1			5,6				
Host Communication (DKT-G1 / DKT-H2)								
WFS_CMD_PIN_ENCIO	DKT-H2	Key Name for KTK	5,6,2,10,1,17					

8.6 Secure Key Entry

This section provides additional information to describe how encryption keys are entered securely through the PIN pad keyboard and also provides examples of possible keyboard layouts.

8.6.1 Keyboard Layout

The following sections describe what is returned within the WFS_INF_PIN_SECUREKEY_DETAIL output parameters to describe the physical keyboard layout. These descriptions are purely examples to help understand the usage of the parameters they do not indicate a specific layout per Key Entry Mode.

In the following section all references to parameters relate to the output fields of the WFS_INF_PIN_SECUREKEY_DETAIL command.

When *fwKeyEntryMode* represents a regular shaped PIN pad (WFS_PIN_SECUREKEY_REG_UNIQUE or WFS_PIN_SECUREKEY_REG_SHIFT) then *lppHexKeys* must contain one entry for each physical key on the PIN pad (i.e. the product of *wRows* by *wColumns*). On a regular shaped PIN pad the application can choose to ignore the position and size data and just use the *wRows* and *wColumns* parameters to define the layout. However, a Service Provider must return the position and size data for each key.

8.6.1.1 fwKeyEntryMode == WFS_PIN_SECUREKEY_REG_UNIQUE

When *fwKeyEntryMode* is WFS_PIN_SECUREKEY_REG_UNIQUE then the values in the array report which physical keys are associated with the function keys 0-9, A-F and any other function keys that can be enabled as defined in the *lpFuncKeyDetail* parameter. Any positions on the PIN pad that are not used must be defined as a WFS_PIN_FK_UNUSED in the *ulFK* and *ulShiftFK* field of the *lppHexKeys* structure.

1	2	3	Clear (A)
4	5	6	Cancel (B)
7	8	9	Enter (C)
(D)	0	(E)	(F)

In the above example, where all keys are the same size and the hex digits are located as shown the *lppHexKeys* will contain the entries in the array as defined in the following table.

Index	usXPos	usYPos	usXSize	usYSize	ulFK	ulShiftFK
0	0	0	250	250	FK_1	FK_UNUSED
1	250	0	250	250	FK_2	FK_UNUSED
2	500	0	250	250	FK_3	FK_UNUSED
3	750	0	250	250	FK_A	FK_UNUSED
4	0	250	250	250	FK_4	FK_UNUSED
5	250	250	250	250	FK_5	FK_UNUSED
6	500	250	250	250	FK_6	FK_UNUSED
7	750	250	250	250	FK_B	FK_UNUSED
8	0	500	250	250	FK_7	FK_UNUSED
9	250	500	250	250	FK_8	FK_UNUSED
10	500	500	250	250	FK_9	FK_UNUSED
11	750	500	250	250	FK_C	FK_UNUSED
12	0	750	250	250	FK_D	FK_UNUSED
13	250	750	250	250	FK_0	FK_UNUSED
14	500	750	250	250	FK_E	FK_UNUSED
15	750	750	250	250	FK_F	FK_UNUSED
fwKeyEnt	ryMode ≕	= WFS_PI	N_SECUR	EKEY_REG	SHIFT	

When *fwKeyEntryMode* is WFS_PIN_SECUREKEY_REG_SHIFT then the values in the array report which physical keys are associated with the function keys 0-9, A-F, and the shift key as defined in the *lpFuncKeyDetail* parameter. Other function keys as defined by the *lpFuncKeyDetail* parameter that can be enabled must also be reported. Any positions on the PIN pad that are not used must be defined as a WFS_PIN_FK_UNUSED in the *ulFK* and *ulShiftFK* field of the *lppHexKeys* structure. Digits 0 to 9 are accessed through the numeric keys as usual. Digits A to F are accessed by using the shift key in combination with another function key, e.g. shift-0 (zero) is hex digit A.

8.6.1.2

1 (B)	2 (C)	3 (D)	Clear
4 (E)	5 (F)	6	Cancel
7	8	9	Enter
SHIFT	0 (A)		

In the above example, where all keys are the same size and the hex digits 'A' to 'F' are accessed through shift '0' to '5', then the *lppHexKeys* will contain the entries in the array as defined in the following table.

Index	usXPos	usYPos	usXSiz	usYSize	ulFK	ulShiftFK
0	0	0	e 250	250	FK 1	FK B
1	250	0 0	250	250	FK 2	FK C
2	500	0	250	250	FK_3	FK D
3	750	0	250	250	FK CLEAR	FK UNUSED
4	0	250	250	250	FK ⁴	FK ⁻ E
5	250	250	250	250	FK_5	FK_F
6	500	250	250	250	FK_6	FK_UNUSED
7	750	250	250	250	FK_CANCEL	FK_UNUSED
8	0	500	250	250	FK_7	FK_UNUSED
9	250	500	250	250	FK_8	FK_UNUSED
10	500	500	250	250	FK_9	FK_UNUSED
11	750	500	250	250	FK_ENTER	FK_UNUSED
12	0	750	250	250	FK_SHIFT	FK_UNUSED
13	250	750	250	250	FK_0	FK_A
14	500	750	250	250	FK_UNUSED	FK_UNUSED
15	750	750	250	250	FK_UNUSED	FK_UNUSED
fwKeyEntryMode == WFS_PIN_SECUREKEY_IRREG_SHIFT						

When *fwKeyEntryMode* represents an irregular shaped PIN pad the *wRows* and *wColumns* parameters define the ratio of the width to height, i.e. square if the parameters are the same or rectangular if *wColumns* is larger than *wRows*, etc. A Service Provider must return the position and size data for each key reported.

When *fwKeyEntryMode* is WFS_PIN_SECUREKEY_IRREG_SHIFT then the values in the array must be the function keys codes for 0-9 and the shift key as defined in the *lpFuncKeyDetail* parameter. Other function keys as defined by the *lpFuncKeyDetail* parameter that can be enabled must also be reported. Any positions on the PIN pad that are not used must be defined as a WFS_PIN_FK_UNUSED in the *ulFK* and *ulShiftFK* field of the *lpPHexKeys* structure. Digits 0 to 9 are accessed through the numeric keys as usual. Digits A - F are accessed by using the shift key in combination with another function key, e.g. shift-0(zero) is hex digit A.

1 (B)	2 (C)	3 (D)	Clear
4 (E)	5 (F)	6	Cancel
7	8	9	Enter
	0 (A)		
		SHIFT	

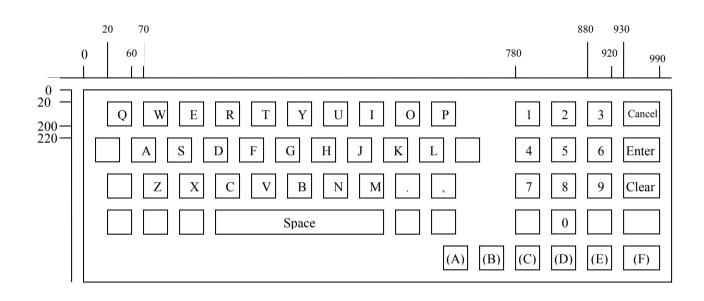
8.6.1.3

In the above example, where the hex digits 'A' to 'F' are accessed through shift '0' to '5', *wColumns* will be 4, *wRows* will be 5 and the *lppHexKeys* will contain the entries in the array as defined in the following table.

Index	usXPos	usYPos	usXSize	usYSize	ulFK	ulShiftFK
0	0	0	250	200	FK_1	FK_B
1	250	0	250	200	FK_2	FK_C
2	500	0	250	200	FK_3	FK_D
3	750	0	250	200	FK_CLEAR	FK_UNUSED
4	0	200	250	200	FK_4	FK_E
5	250	200	250	200	FK_5	FK_F
6	500	200	250	200	FK_6	FK_UNUSED
7	750	200	250	200	FK_CANCEL	FK_UNUSED
8	0	400	250	200	FK_7	FK_UNUSED
9	250	400	250	200	FK_8	FK_UNUSED
10	500	400	250	200	FK_9	FK_UNUSED

	Index	usXPos	usYPos	usXSize	usYSize	ulFK	ulShiftFK	
	11	750	400	250	200	FK_ENTER	FK_UNUSED	
	12	0	600	250	200	FK_UNUSED	FK_UNUSED	
	13	250	600	250	200	FK_0	FK_A	
	14	500	600	250	200	FK UNUSED	FK UNUSED	
	15	750	600	250	200	FK_UNUSED	FK_UNUSED	
	16	0	800	1000	200	FK_SHIFT	FK_UNUSED	
8.6.1.4	4 fwKeyEntryMode == WFS_PIN_SECUREKEY_IRREG_UNIQUE							

When *fwKeyEntryMode* is WFS_PIN_SECUREKEY_REG_UNIQUE then the values in the array report which physical keys are associated with the function keys 0-9, A-F and any other function keys that can be enabled as defined in the *lpFuncKeyDetail* parameter. The *wRows* and *wColumns* parameters define the ratio of the width to height, i.e. square if the parameters are the same or rectangular if *wColumns* is larger than *wRows*, etc. A Service Provider must return the position and size data for each key.



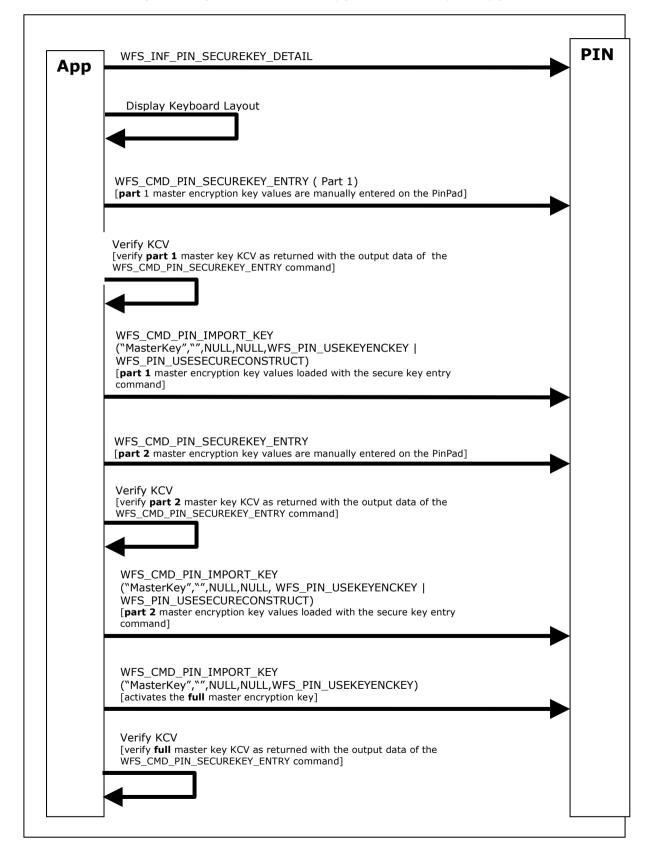
In the above example, where an alphanumeric keyboard supports secure key entry and the hex digits are located as shown, the *lppHexKeys* will contain the entries in the array as defined in the following table. All the hex digits and function keys that can be enabled must be included in the array; in addition any keys that would help an application display an image of the keyboard can be included. In this example only the PIN pad digits (the keys on the right) and the unique hex digits are reported. Note that the position data in this example may not be 100% accurate as the diagram is not to scale.

Index	usXPos	usYPos	usXSize	usYSize	ulFK	ulShiftFK
0	780	18	40	180	FK_1	FK_UNUSED
1	830	18	40	180	FK_2	FK_UNUSED
2	880	18	40	180	FK_3	FK_UNUSED
3	930	18	60	180	FK_CANCEL	FK_UNUSED
4	780	216	40	180	FK_4	FK_UNUSED
5	830	216	40	180	FK_5	FK_UNUSED
6	880	216	40	180	FK_6	FK_UNUSED
7	930	216	60	180	FK_ENTER	FK_UNUSED
8	780	414	40	180	FK_7	FK_UNUSED
9	830	414	40	180	FK_8	FK_UNUSED

Index	usXPos	usYPos	usXSize	usYSize	ulFK	ulShiftFK
10	880	414	40	180	FK_9	FK_UNUSED
11	930	414	60	180	FK_CLEAR	FK_UNUSED
12	780	612	40	180	FK_UNUSED	FK_UNUSED
13	830	612	40	180	FK_0	FK_UNUSED
14	880	612	40	180	FK_UNUSED	FK_UNUSED
15	930	612	60	180	FK_UNUSED	FK_UNUSED
16	680	810	40	180	FK_A	FK_UNUSED
17	730	810	40	180	FK_B	FK_UNUSED
18	780	810	40	180	FK_C	FK_UNUSED
19	830	810	40	180	FK_D	FK_UNUSED
20	880	810	40	180	FK_E	FK_UNUSED
21	930	810	60	180	FK_F	FK_UNUSED

8.6.2 Command Usage

This section provides an example of the sequence of commands required to enter an encryption key securely. In the following sequence, the application retrieves the keyboard secure key entry mode and associated keyboard layout and displays an image of the keyboard for the user. It then gets the first key part, verifies the KCV for the key part and stores it. The sequence is repeated for the second key part and then finally the key part is activated.



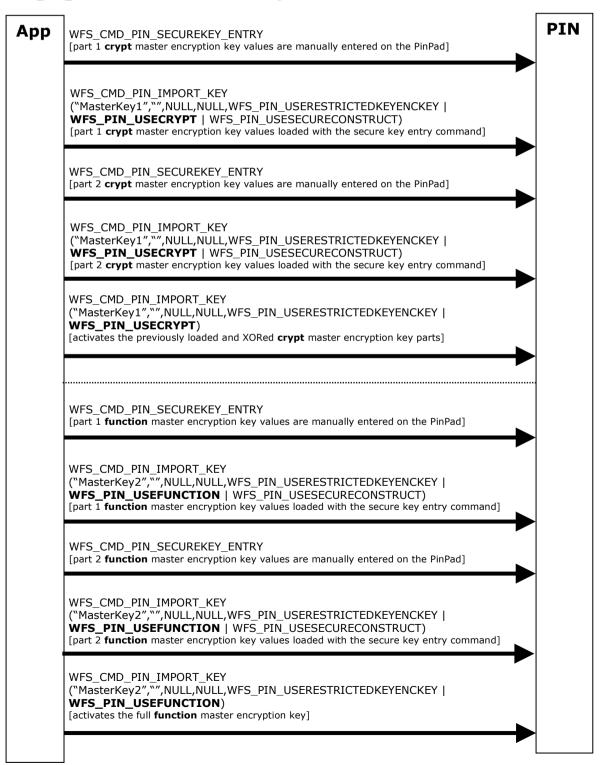
8.7 WFS_PIN_USERESTRICTEDKEYENCKEY key usage

This section provides additional information to describe the WFS_PIN_USERESTRICTEDKEYENCKEY key usage.

8.7.1 Command Usage

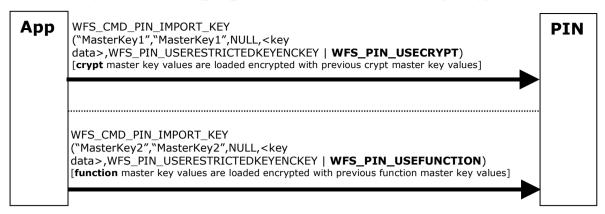
This sample command flow sequence shows how encryption keys can be derived/not derived if the master key has a restricted use. NOTE: In this example the master encryption key is loaded using the secure key entry command instead of using RKL commands. The loading with RKL works in the same way.

Secure key entry based restricted master encryption key loading with WFS_PIN_USERESTRICTEDKEYENCKEY flag:

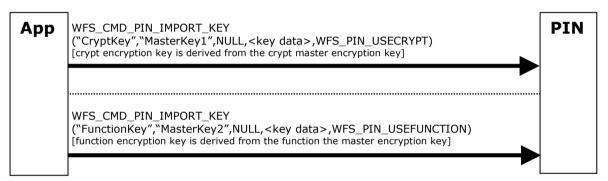


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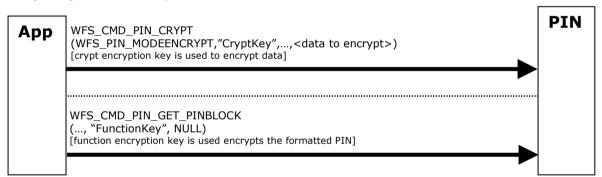
New master keys loaded with WFS_PIN_USERESTRICTEDKEYENCKEY flag, encrypted with themselves:



Loading derived keys:



Usage sample for derived keys:



Master key restriction disallows loading of derived keys with different usage:

Арр	WFS_CMD_PIN_IMPORT_KEY ("CryptKey2", "MasterKey2", NULL, < key data >, WFS_PIN_USECRYPT) [this command fails with WFS_ERR_PIN_USEVIOLATION because the encryption key MasterKey2 is of <i>fwUse</i> WFS_PIN_USERESTRICTEDKEYENCKEY WFS_PIN_USEFUNCTION and cannot be	PIN
	used to derive an encryption key with <i>fwUse</i> WFS_PIN_USECRYPT]	

Typical *fwUse* encryption key use combinations are:

WFS_PIN_CRYPT	WFS_PIN_FUNCTION	WFS_PIN_MACING	WFS_PIN_USESVENCKEY	WFS_PIN_USEPINLOCAL	WFS_PIN_USEPINREMOTE	WFS_PIN_KEYENCKEY	WFS_PIN_ANSTR31MASTER	WFS_PIN_RESTRICTEDKEYENCKEY	Description
\checkmark									Data encryption/decryption key
									PIN encryption key
									MACing key
									CBC Start Value encryption key
				\checkmark					Local PIN check key
									PIN block creation key
						\checkmark			Master/key encryption key
									ANS X9 TR-31 master/key encryption key
\checkmark						\checkmark		\checkmark	Master/key encryption key, keys later derived are
	,					,		,	restricted to the use WFS_PIN_USECRYPT
						\checkmark		\checkmark	Master/key encryption key, keys later derived are
		.1							restricted to the use WFS_PIN_USEFUNCTION
		\checkmark				\checkmark		\checkmark	Master/key encryption key, keys later derived are
									restricted to the use WFS_PIN_USEMACING Master/key encryption key, keys later derived are
			Ň			Ň		Ň	restricted to the use WFS PIN USESVENCKEY
									Master/key encryption key, keys later derived are
									restricted to the use WFS_PIN_USEPINLOCAL
									Master/key encryption key, keys later derived are
									restricted to the use WFS_PIN_USEPINREMOTE

8.8 WFS_CMD_PIN_IMPORT_KEY_340 command Input/Output Parameters

The tables in this section describe the input/output parameters for various scenarios in which the WFS_CMD_PIN_IMPORT_KEY_340 command is used, compared to input/output parameters for older commands that it supercedes.

8.8.1 Importing a 3DES 16-byte terminal master key using signature-based remote key loading (SRKL):

For this example, the following input data is available:

Name of key to be imported = TestKey

Name of the key used to decrypt the encrypted key value = _EPPCryptKey

Name of the key used to verify the signature = HostKey

Encrypted key value = <encrypted key value>

Signature = <signature generated by the host>

Usage of the key to be imported = key encrypting key

RSA Encipher Algorithm = RSA ES OAEP

RSA Signature Algorithm = RSA SSA PSS

Parameter Name	Example Value
lpsKey	TestKey
lpsDecryptKey	_EPPCryptKey
dwRSAEnchiperAlgorithm	WFS_PIN_CRYPT_RSAES_OAEP
lpxValue	<encrypted key="" value=""></encrypted>
dwUse	WFS_PIN_USEKEYENCKEY
lpsSigKey	HostKey
dwRSASignatureAlgorithm	WFS_PIN_SIGN_RSASSA_PSS
lpxSignature	<signature by="" generated="" host="" the=""></signature>

WFS_CMD_PIN_IMPORT_RSA_SIGNED_DES_KEY Input Data

For this example, the following output data is expected:

Key Check Mode = KCV Zero Key Check Value = <key check value> Key Length = double length key

Parameter Name	Example Value
wKeyLength	WFS_PIN_KEYDOUBLE
wKeyCheckMode	WFS_PIN_KCVZERO
lpxKeyCheckValue	<key check="" value=""></key>

WFS_CMD_PIN_IMPORT_KEY_340 Input Data

Parameter Name	Example Value
lpsKey	TestKey
lpKeyAttributes->bKeyUsage	ʻK0'
lpKeyAttributes->bAlgorithm	'T'

lpKeyAttributes->bModeOfUse	'D'
lpKeyAttributes->dwCryptoMethod	0
lpxValue	<encrypted key="" value=""></encrypted>
lpsDecryptKey	_EPPCryptKey
dwDecryptMethod	WFS_PIN_CRYPT_RSAES_OAEP
lpxVerificationData	<signature by="" generated="" host="" the=""></signature>
lpsVerifyKey	HostKey
lpVerifyAttributes->bKeyUsage	ʻS0'
lpVerifyAttributes->bAlgorithm	ʻR'
lpVerifyAttributes->bModeOfUse	'V'
lpVerifyAttributes->dwCryptoMethod	WFS_PIN_SIGN_RSASSA_PSS
lpxVendorAttributes	NULL

WFS_CMD_PIN_IMPORT_KEY_340 Output Data

Parameter Name	Example Value
lpVerifyAttributes->bKeyUsage	·00'
lpVerifyAttributes->bAlgorithm	'T'
lpVerifyAttributes->bModeOfUse	٬٧,
lpVerifyAttributes->dwCryptoMethod	WFS_PIN_KCVZERO
lpxVerifyData	<key check="" value=""></key>
ulKeyLength	128
	(Similar to wKeyLength, but a ULONG measuring the number of bits in the imported key)

8.8.2 Importing a 16-byte DES key for PIN encryption with a key check value in the input

For this example, the following input data is available:

Name of key to be imported = TestKey Name of the key used to decrypt the encrypted key value = MasterKey Encrypted key value = <encrypted key value> Usage of the key to be imported = PIN Encryption Key Check Mode = KCV Zero Key Check Value = <key check value>

WFS CMD	PIN	IMPORT	KEY	EX Im	port Data

Parameter Name	Example Value
lpsKey	TestKey
lpsEncKey	MasterKey
lpxValue	<encrypted key="" value=""></encrypted>
lpxControlVector	NULL
dwUse	WFS_PIN_USEPINREMOTE
wKeyCheckMode	WFS_PIN_KCVZERO
lpxKeyCheckValue	<key check="" value=""></key>

For this example, the following output data is expected:

Key Length = double length key

WFS_CMD_PIN_IMPORT_KEY_EX Output Data

None

Parameter Name	Example Value
lpsKey	TestKey
lpKeyAttributes->bKeyUsage	'P0'
	(Similar to dwUse but a more precise key usage)
lpKeyAttributes->bAlgorithm	'T'
lpKeyAttributes->bModeOfUse	'E'
lpKeyAttributes->dwCryptoMethod	0
lpxValue	<encrypted key="" value=""></encrypted>
lpsDecryptKey	MasterKey
dwDecryptMethod	WFS_PIN_CRYPTOECB
lpxVerificationData	<key check="" value=""></key>
lpsVerifyKey	NULL

WFS_CMD_PIN_IMPORT_KEY_340 Input Data

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lpVerifyAttributes->bKeyUsage	·00'
lpVerifyAttributes->bAlgorithm	'T'
lpVerifyAttributes->bModeOfUse	'V'
lpVerifyAttributes->dwCryptoMethod	WFS_PIN_KCVZERO
lpxVendorAttributes	NULL

Likewise, the following output data is expected:

WFS_CMD_PIN_IMPORT_KEY_340 Output Data

Parameter Name	Example Value
lpVerifyAttributes	NULL
lpxVerifyData	NULL
ulKeyLength	128

8.8.3 Importing a 16-byte DES key for MACing (MAC Algorithm 3)

For this example, the following input data is available:

Name of key to be imported = TestKey

Name of the key used to decrypt the encrypted key value = MasterKey

Encrypted key value = <encrypted key value>

Usage of the key to be imported = MAC

WFS	CMD	PIN	IMPORT	KEY	Input Data

Parameter Name	Example Value
lpsKey	TestKey
lpsEncKey	MasterKey
lpxIdent	NULL
lpxValue	<encrypted key="" value=""></encrypted>
fwUse	WFS_PIN_USEMACING

For this example, the following output data is expected:

Key Check Mode = KCV Zero Key Check Value = <key check value> Key Length = double length key

WFS_CMD_PIN_IMPORT_KEY Output Data

Parameter Name	Example Value
lpxKVC	<key check="" value=""></key>

WFS_CMD_PIN_IMPORT_KEY_340 Input Data

Parameter Name	Example Value
lpsKey	TestKey
lpKeyAttributes->bKeyUsage	'M3'
	(Similar to fwUse but a more precise key usage)
lpKeyAttributes->bAlgorithm	ʻT'
lpKeyAttributes->bModeOfUse	ʻG'
lpKeyAttributes->dwCryptoMethod	0
lpxValue	<encrypted key="" value=""></encrypted>
lpsDecryptKey	MasterKey
dwDecryptMethod	WFS_PIN_CRYPTOECB
lpxVerificationData	NULL
lpsVerifyKey	NULL
lpVerifyAttributes	NULL
lpxVendorAttributes	NULL

Parameter Name	Example Value
lpVerifyAttributes->bKeyUsage	·00'
lpVerifyAttributes->bAlgorithm	'T'
lpVerifyAttributes->bModeOfUse	'V'
lpVerifyAttributes->dwCryptoMethod	WFS_PIN_KCVZERO
lpxVerifyData	<key check="" value=""></key>
ulKeyLength	128

WFS_CMD_PIN_IMPORT_KEY_340 Output Data

8.8.4 Importing a 2048-bit Host RSA public key

For this example, the following input data is available:

Name of key to be imported = HostKey Name of the key used to verify the signature = _SigIssuerVendor Key value = <key value> Signature = <signature generated by the vendor signature issuer> Usage of the key to be imported = RSA signature verification RSA Signature Algorithm = RSA SSA PSS

WFS_CMD_PIN_IMPORT_RSA_PUBLIC_KEY Input Data

Parameter Name	Example Value
lpsKey	HostKey
lpxValue	<key value=""></key>
dwUse	WFS_PIN_USERSAPUBLICVERIFY
lpsSigKey	_SigIssuerVendor
dwRSASignatureAlgorithm	WFS_PIN_SIGN_RSASSA_PSS
lpxSignature	<signature by="" generated="" issuer="" signature="" the="" vendor=""></signature>

For this example, the following output data is expected:

RSA Key Check Mode = SHA256 digest

Key Check Value = <SHA256 digest>

Key Length = 2048

WFS_CMD_PIN_IMPORT_RSA_PUBLIC_KEY Output Data

Parameter Name	Example Value
dwRSAKeyCheckMode	WFS_PIN_RSA_KCV_SHA256
lpxKeyCheckValue	<sha256 digest=""></sha256>

WFS_CMD_PIN_IMPORT_KEY_340 Input Data

Parameter Name	Example Value
lpsKey	HostKey
lpKeyAttributes->bKeyUsage	'S0'
lpKeyAttributes->bAlgorithm	'R'
lpKeyAttributes->bModeOfUse	'V'
lpKeyAttributes->dwCryptoMethod	0
lpxValue	<key value=""></key>
lpsDecryptKey	NULL
dwDecryptMethod	0
lpxVerificationData	<signature by="" generated="" issuer="" signature="" the="" vendor=""></signature>
lpsVerifyKey	_SigIssuerVendor

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lpVerifyAttributes->bKeyUsage	·S1'
lpVerifyAttributes->bAlgorithm	'R'
lpVerifyAttributes->bModeOfUse	'V'
lpVerifyAttributes->dwCryptoMethod	WFS_PIN_SIGN_RSASSA_PSS
lpxVendorAttributes	NULL

WFS_CMD_PIN_IMPORT_KEY_340 Output Data

Parameter Value	Example Value
lpVerifyAttributes->bKeyUsage	·00'
lpVerifyAttributes->bAlgorithm	'R'
lpVerifyAttributes->bModeOfUse	'V'
lpVerifyAttributes->dwCryptoMethod	WFS_PIN_RSA_KCV_SHA256
lpxVerifyData	<sha256 digest=""></sha256>
ulKeyLength	2048

8.8.5 Importing a 24-byte DES symmetric data encryption key via TR-31 keyblock

For this example, the following input data is available:

Name of key to be imported = TestKey

Name of the key block protection key = MasterKey

Key block = <key block>

WFS_CMD_PIN_IMPORT_KEYBLOCK Input Data

Parameter Name	Example Value
lpsKey	TestKey
lpsEncKey	MasterKey
lpxKeyBlock	<key block=""></key>

For this example, the following output data is expected:

Key Length = triple length (192 bits) DES key

WFS_CMD_PIN_IMPORT_KEYBLOCK Output Data None

WFS CMD PIN IMPORT KEY 340 Input Data

Parameter Name	Example Value
lpsKey	TestKey
lpKeyAttributes->bKeyUsage	'D0'
lpKeyAttributes->bAlgorithm	'T'
lpKeyAttributes->bModeOfUse	'Е'
lpKeyAttributes->dwCryptoMethod	0
lpxValue	<key block=""></key>
lpsDecryptKey	MasterKey
dwDecryptMethod	0
lpxVerificationData	NULL
lpsVerifyKey	NULL
lpVerifyAttributes	NULL
lpxVendorAttributes	NULL

WFS_CMD_PIN_IMPORT_KEY_340 Output Data

Parameter Name	Example Value
lpVerifyAttributes	NULL
lpxVerifyData	NULL
ulKeyLength	192

9. Appendix-B (Country Specific WFS_CMD_PIN_ENC_IO protocols)

This section is used for country-specific extensions to the WFS_CMD_PIN_ENC_IO command.

9.1 Luxemburg Protocol

The general XFS command WFS_CMD_PIN_ENC_IO is used to communicate transparently with the security module (see also command specifications).

In particular, to access the Luxembourg encryption commands defined in the following paragraphs, the input structure WFSPINENCIO of the WFS_CMD_PIN_ENC_IO command has to be defined as follows:

Input Param LPWFSPINENCIO lpEncIoIn;

typedef struct _wfs_pin_enc_io
{
 WORD wProtocol;
 ULONG ulDataLength;
 LPVOID lpvData;
 WFSPINENCIO, *LPWFSPINENCIO;

wProtocol

Must be set to the constant WFS_PIN_ENC_PROT_LUX.

ulDataLength

Specifies the length in bytes of the structure pointed to by the following field *lpvData*.

lpvData

Points to an input structure that contains the data specific to the Luxemburg protocol that has to be sent to the encryption module. This input structure is specific for each command defined in the protocol (see following paragraphs), but has following general form:

LPPROTLUXIN	lpvData;
typedef struct _prot_lux_in	
WORD	wCommand;
<pre> Command Input Data } PROTLUXIN, *LPPROTLUXI</pre>	N;

wCommand

Specifies the command that has to be executed in the security module.

Value	Meaning
WFS_CMD_ENC_IO_LUX_LOAD_APPKEY	Load an Application Key.
WFS_CMD_ENC_IO_LUX_GENERATE_MAC	Generate the CBC-MAC.
WFS_CMD_ENC_IO_LUX_CHECK_MAC	Check the CBC-MAC.
WFS_CMD_ENC_IO_LUX_BUILD_PINBLOCK	Build the PIN block.
WFS_CMD_ENC_IO_LUX_DECRYPT_TDES	Decrypt data.
WFS_CMD_ENC_IO_LUX_ENCRYPT_TDES	Encrypt data.

... Command Input Data ...

Specifies the command input data. This field is specific for each command defined in the protocol (see following paragraphs).

In the same way, to access the results of the private Luxembourg encryption commands, the output structure LPWFSPINENCIO of the WFS_CMD_PIN_ENC_IO command will be as follows:

Output Param LPWFSPINENCIO lpEncIoOut;

typedef struct _wfs_pin_enc_io
 {
 WORD wProtocol;
 ULONG ulDataLength;
 LPVOID lpvData;
 } WFSPINENCIO, *LPWFSPINENCIO;

wProtocol Is set to the constant WFS_PIN_ENC_PROT_LUX.

ulDataLength

Specifies the length in bytes of the structure pointed to by the following field *lpvData*.

lpvData

Points to a PROTLUXOUT structure that contains the reply data specific to the Luxembourg protocol. This output structure is specific for each command defined in the protocol (see following paragraphs), but has following general form:

typedef struct _prot_lux_out
 {
 WORD wCommand;
 WORD wResult;
 ... Command Output Data ...
 PROTLUXOUT, *LPPROTLUXOUT;
 }
}

wCommand

Specifies the command that has to be executed in the encryption module. This field contains the same value as the corresponding field in the input structure.

wResult

Specifies the command reply codes specific for this protocol. Possible general values for the Luxemburg protocol are:

Value	Meaning
PROT_LUX_SUCCESS	Command terminated correctly.
PROT_LUX_ERR_INVALID_CMD	Invalid command. The wCommand
	issued is not valid or not supported.
PROT_LUX_ERR_INVALID_DATA	The data structure passed as input
	parameter for the command contains
	invalid or incoherent data.
PROT_LUX_ERR_INVALID_KEY	The key needed for the operation was not
	loaded or is invalid. This operation
	failed.

... Command Output Data ...

Specifies the command output data. This field is specific for each command defined in the protocol (see following paragraphs). In the case of an error, the command specific structure is returned, but only the *wCommand* and the *wResult* fields are valid.

Comments Luxembourg encryption commands defined in the following paragraphs will return the generic error PROT_LUX_ERR_INVALID_DATA when the input data is invalid. Note that since the introduction of the error codes for the Luxemburg Protocol, they have been redefined in the header file as positive values. This is to correct the original oversight of being defined as negative values which cannot be meaningfully returned in the WORD *wResult* output parameter. They have therefore been redefined as positive values in such a way that existing and future implementations which type cast them to an unsigned type will not be impacted.

9.1.1 WFS_CMD_ENC_IO_LUX_LOAD_APPKEY

Description This command can be used to load an Application Key and to replace the Transport Key. Once the keys are loaded the encryptor will use the keys to do the other commands.

The encryptor will use the Application Key to obtain a random encrypted session key needed for the PIN Encryption, the MAC Computation and the Data Encryption/Decryption.

The application will use the Transport Key for loading the other keys (MK_MAC, MK_PAC and MK_ENC) into the encryptor.

When this command is used for replacing the Transport Key, the new Transport key is provided encrypted by the existing Transport Key.

The generation of the first Transport Key is the responsibility of the Authorization Center in Luxemburg (CETREL). The loading method of the first Transport Key into the encryptor is vendor dependent.

Keys loaded through this command are reported through the WFS_INF_PIN_KEY_DETAIL and WFS_INF_PIN_KEY_DETAIL_EX commands.

Keys loaded through this command do not require to be deleted before the application can replace them.

To access this command, the structure WFSPINENCIO of the WFS_CMD_PIN_ENC_IO command has to be defined as required by the Luxembourg protocol (see general definition in the first paragraph). The only definitions specific to this command are the input and output structures pointed to by the *lpvData* fields. They are defined as follows:

Input Param LPPROTLUXLOADAPPKEY lpvData;

typedef struct _prot_lux_load_app_key_in

L	
WORD	wCommand;
LPSTR	lpsKeyName;
LPSTR	lpsSequenceNumber;
LPWFSXDATA	lpxKeyData;
<pre>} PROTLUXLOADAPPKEYIN,</pre>	*LPPROTLUXLOADAPPKEYIN;

wCommand

```
Is set to WFS_CMD_ENC_IO_LUX_LOAD_APPKEY.
```

lpsKeyName

This field contains the name of the key to be loaded. The Service Provider will right pad the lpsKeyName to 20 bytes with char 0x20.

Allowed values are:

- "MK_MAC" for the MAC key. Used for MAC calculation only.
- "MK_PAC" for the PIN block key. Used for PIN block construction only.
- "MK ENC" for the ENC/DEC key. Used for data encryption/decryption only.
- "BANK_TRANS_KEY" for the Transport Key. It can only be used for loading the other keys (MK_MAC, MK_PAC and MK_ENC) into the encryptor.

lpsSequenceNumber

This field is defined by the Authorization Center in Luxemburg (CETREL) and contains a 4 bytes key logic number as follows:

- Least significant 2 bytes represent the Key Generation
- Most significant 2 bytes represent the Key Version

The key logic number will contribute in the MAC calculation, in the PIN block construction and in the Data Encryption/Decryption.

Allowed values are:

- "2001" for the MK_MAC key
- "2002" for the MK_PAC key

- "2003" for the MK_ENC key
- "2004" for the BANK_TRANS_KEY encrypted by the existing BANK_TRANS_KEY

lpxKeyData

lpxKeyData contains the 40 bytes of the Key data in ZKA key-file format (encrypted key of 16 bytes, HASH of 16 bytes and MAC of 8 bytes).

The MAC in the *lpxKeyData* is calculated with the contribution of the values from the *lpsKeyName* (20 bytes), *lpsSequenceNumber* (4 bytes) and the key data itself (16 bytes) in the following order:

- lpsKeyName
- lpsSequenceNumber
- Key data

Output Param LPPROTLUXLOADAPPKEYOUT lpvData;

typedef struct _prot_lux_load_app_key_out

{
 WORD wCommand;
 WORD wResult;
 } PROTLUXLOADAPPKEYOUT, *LPPROTLUXLOADAPPKEYOUT;

wCommand Is set to WFS_CMD_ENC_IO_LUX_LOAD_APPKEY.

wResult

The command reply codes (see general definition in the first paragraph). The following specific error codes are possible:

	Value	Meaning
	PROT_LUX_ERR_VERIFICATION_FAILED	Verification failed. The supplied MAC does not match with the calculated MAC.
te	This command will return generic error PROT LUX	

Comments This command will return generic error PROT_LUX_ERR_INVALID_KEY when Key Transport Key is not loaded.

9.1.2 WFS_CMD_ENC_IO_LUX_GENERATE_MAC

Description This command is used to generate the CBC-MAC (Message Authentication Code ISO9797-1:1999, Padding Method 1, MAC Algorithm 3).

This command returns the generated MAC for the data passed in.

To access the WFS_CMD_ENC_IO_LUX_GENERATE_MAC command, the structure WFSPINENCIO of the WFS_CMD_PIN_ENC_IO command has to be defined as required by the Luxembourg protocol (see general definition in the first paragraph). The only definitions specific to this command are the input and output structures pointed by the *lpvData* fields. Those are defined as follows:

Input Param LPPROTLUXGENERATEMACIN lpvData;

typedef struct _prot_lux_generate_mac_in

l	
WORD	wCommand;
LPWFSXDATA	lpxData;
WORD	wMacLength;
<pre>} PROTLUXGENERATEMACIN,</pre>	*LPPROTLUXGENERATEMACIN;

wCommand Is set to WFS_CMD_ENC_IO_LUX_GENERATE_MAC.

lpxData

The *lpxData* parameter contains the data whose MAC is to be generated. Data will be padded according to ISO9797-1:1999, Padding Method 1 if it is not passed in as multiple of 8 bytes.

wMacLength Specifies the MAC length. Legal values are: 2, 4, 6 or 8.

Output Param LPPROTLUXGENERATEMACOUT lpvData;

typedef struct _prot_lux_generate_mac_out

ł	
WORD	wCommand;
WORD	wResult;
LPWFSXDATA	lpxMac;
LPWFSXDATA	lpxRandom;
} PROTLUXGENERATEMACOUT,	*LPPROTLUXGENERATEMACOUT;

wCommand Is set to WFS_CMD_ENC_IO_LUX_GENERATE_MAC.

wResult

The command reply codes (see general definition in the first paragraph).

lpxMac

The *lpxMac* parameter contains the generated MAC.

lpxRandom

The *lpxRandom* parameter contains the random value used to work out the session key.

Comments The MAC is in ISO9797-1 format and is obtained from a random session key. The generated MAC is returned with the *lpxRandom* value that was used to obtain the random session key. This command will return generic error PROT_LUX_ERR_INVALID_KEY when MK_MAC key is not loaded.

9.1.3 WFS_CMD_ENC_IO_LUX_CHECK_MAC

Description This command verifies the CBC-MAC (Message Authentication Code ISO9797-1:1999, Padding Method 1, MAC Algorithm 3).

This command generates a MAC for the data passed in and compares it with the provided MAC value.

To access the WFS_CMD_ENC_IO_LUX_CHECK_MAC command, the structure WFSPINENCIO of the WFS_CMD_PIN_ENC_IO command has to be defined as required by the Luxembourg protocol (see general definition in the first paragraph). The only definitions specific to this command are the input and output structures pointed by the *lpvData* fields. Those are defined as follows:

Input Param LPPROTLUXCHECKMACIN lpvData;

typedef struct _prot_lux_check_mac_in

l	
WORD	wCommand;
LPWFSXDATA	lpxData;
LPWFSXDATA	lpxMac;
LPWFSXDATA	lpxRandom;
} PROTLUXCHECKMACIN	<pre>*LPPROTLUXCHECKMACIN;</pre>

wCommand

Is set to WFS_CMD_ENC_IO_LUX_CHECK_MAC.

lpxData

The *lpxData* parameter contains the data whose MAC is to be checked. Data will be padded according to ISO9797-1:1999, Padding Method 1 if it is not passed in as multiple of 8 bytes.

lpxMac

The *lpxMac* parameter contains the MAC that is to be checked.

Legal values for the MAC length are: 2, 4, 6 or 8.

lpxRandom

The *lpxRandom* parameter contains the random value used to work out the session key.

Output Param LPPROTLUXCHECKMACOUT lpvData;

typedef struct _prot_lux_check_mac_out {

WORD wCommand; WORD wResult; } PROTLUXCHECKMACOUT, *LPPROTLUXCHECKMACOUT;

wCommand

Is set to WFS CMD ENC IO LUX CHECK MAC.

wResult

The command reply codes (see general definition in the first paragraph). The following specific error codes can be returned:

Value			Meaning
PROT	LUX_ERR	_VERIFICATION_FAILED	Verification Failed. The MAC generated by
			this command does not compare with the
			MAC passed in by the application.

Comments If the value of *wResult* is PROT_LUX_SUCCESS, then the MAC check was successful. This command will return generic error PROT_LUX_ERR_INVALID_KEY when MK_MAC key is not loaded.

9.1.4 WFS_CMD_ENC_IO_LUX_BUILD_PINBLOCK

Description This command is used to construct the PIN blocks described below for remote PIN check. For PIN block format see comment section below.

To access the WFS_CMD_ENC_IO_LUX_BUILD_PINBLOCK command, the structure WFSPINENCIO of the WFS_CMD_PIN_ENC_IO command has to be defined as required by the Luxembourg protocol (see general definition in the first paragraph). The only definitions specific to this command are the input and output structures pointed by the *lpvData* fields. Those are defined as follows:

Input Param LPPROTLUXPINBLOCKIN lpvData;

typedef struct _prot_lux_pinblock_in

l	
WORD	wCommand;
WORD	wFormat;
} PROTLUXPINBLOCKIN,	*LPPROTLUXPINBLOCKIN;

wCommand

Is set to WFS CMD ENC IO LUX BUILD PINBLOCK.

wFormat

Specifies the format of the PIN block. Possible values are:

Value	Meaning
PROT_LUXFORMISO1	ISO-1 PIN Block

Output Param PROTLUXPINBLOCKOUT lpvData;

typedef struct _prot_lux_pinblock_out

1	
WORD	wCommand;
WORD	wResult;
LPWFSXDATA	lpxPinBlock;
LPWFSXDATA	lpxRandom;
} PROTLUXPINBLOCKOUT,	*LPPROTLUXPINBLOCKOUT;

wCommand

Is set to WFS_CMD_ENC_IO_LUX_BUILD_PINBLOCK.

wResult

The command reply codes (see general definition in the first paragraph). The following specific error can be returned:

Value	Meaning
PROT_LUX_ERR_PIN_FORMAT_LENGTH	The PIN block could not be constructed because PIN was not entered or the PIN length was invalid.

lpxPinBlock

The *lpxPinBlock* parameter contains the constructed PIN block.

lpxRandom

The *lpxRandom* parameter contains the random value used to calculate the session key.

Comments The PIN block is constructed in an ISO-1 format with random number padding and then Triple DES encrypted using a random session key. The encrypted PIN block is returned with the *lpxRandom* value that was used to obtain the random session key. This command will return generic error PROT_LUX_ERR_INVALID_KEY when MK_PAC key is not loaded.

9.1.5 WFS_CMD_ENC_IO_LUX_DECRYPT_TDES

Description This command is used to decrypt the data according to triple DES algorithm.

To access the WFS_CMD_ENC_IO_LUX_DECRYPT_TDES command, the structure WFSPINENCIO of the WFS_CMD_PIN_ENC_IO command has to be defined as required by the Luxembourg protocol (see general definition in the first paragraph). The only definitions specific to this command are the input and output structures pointed by the *lpvData* fields. Those are defined as follows:

Input Param LPPROTLUXDECRYPTTDESIN lpvData;

typedef struct _prot_lux_decrypt_tdes_in
 {
 WORD wCommand;
 WORD wType;
 LPWFSXDATA lpxData;
 LPWFSXDATA lpxIV;
 LPWFSXDATA lpxRandom;
} PROTLUXDECRYPTTDESIN, *LPPROTLUXDECRYPTTDESIN;

wCommand

Is set to WFS_CMD_ENC_IO_LUX_DECRYPT_TDES.

wType

An integer word specifying the type of triple DES decryption to be used as one of the following flags:

Value	Meaning
PROT_LUXTRIDESECB	Triple DES with Electronic Code Book.
PROT LUXTRIDESCBC	Triple DES with Cipher Block Chaining.

lpxData

The *lpxData* parameter contains the data to be decrypted. Data must be multiple of 8-byte blocks.

lpxIV

If *wType* is WFS_PIN_LUXTRIDESCBC then this field contains the 8 bytes of data containing the Initial Value needed for decryption in CBC mode. Otherwise this field is ignored.

lpxRandom

The *lpxRandom* parameter contains the random value used to calculate the session key.

Output Param LPPROTLUXDECRYPTTDESOUT lpvData;

typedef struct _prot_lux_decrypt_tdes_out

wCommand;
wResult;
lpxData;
*LPPROTLUXDECRYPTTDESOUT;

wCommand

Is set to WFS_CMD_ENC_IO_LUX_DECRYPT_TDES.

wResult

The command reply codes (see general definition in the first paragraph).

lpxData

The lpxData parameter contains the decrypted data.

Comments The Triple-DES decryption uses a random session key. The session key is derived from a random number that is provided in *lpxRandom*. This command will return generic error PROT_LUX_ERR_INVALID_KEY when MK_ENC key is not loaded.

9.1.6 WFS_CMD_ENC_IO_LUX_ENCRYPT_TDES

Description This command is used to encrypt the data according to triple DES algorithm.

To access the WFS_CMD_ENC_IO_LUX_ENCRYPT_TDES command, the structure WFSPINENCIO of the WFS_CMD_PIN_ENC_IO command has to be defined as required by the Luxembourg protocol (see general definition in the first paragraph). The only definitions specific to this command are the input and output structures pointed by the *lpvData* fields. Those are defined as follows:

Input Param LPPROTLUXENCRYPTTDESIN lpvData;

typedef struct _prot_lux_encrypt_tdes_in
{
 WORD wCommand;
 WORD wType;
 LPWFSXDATA lpxData;
 LPWFSXDATA lpxIV;
 PROTLUXENCRYPTTDESIN, *LPPROTLUXENCRYPTTDESIN;

wCommand Is set to WFS

Is set to WFS_CMD_ENC_IO_LUX_ENCRYPT_TDES.

wType

An integer word specifying the type of triple DES encryption to be used as one of the following flags:

Value	Meaning
WFS_PIN_LUXTRIDESECB	Triple DES with Electronic Code Book.
WFS_PIN_LUXTRIDESCBC	Triple DES with Cipher Block Chaining.

lpxData

The *lpxData* parameter contains the data to be encrypted. Data must be multiple of 8-byte blocks. Application must fill the end of the data with 0x00 if the data does not contain a multiple of 8-byte blocks.

lpxIV

If *wType* is WFS_PIN_LUXTRIDESCBC then this field contains the 8 bytes of data containing the Initial Value needed for encryption in CBC mode. Otherwise this field is ignored.

Output Param LPPROTLUXENCRYPTTDESOUT lpvData;

typedef struct _prot_lux_encrypt_tdes_out

t	
WORD	wCommand;
WORD	wResult;
LPWFSXDATA	lpxData;
LPWFSXDATA	lpxRandom;
<pre>} PROTLUXENCRYPTTDESOUT,</pre>	*LPPROTLUXENCRYPTTDESOUT;

wCommand

Is set to WFS_CMD_ENC_IO_LUX_ENCRYPT_TDES.

wResult

The command reply codes (see general definition in the first paragraph).

lpxData

The *lpxData* parameter contains the encrypted data.

lpxRandom

The *lpxRandom* parameter contains the random value used to calculate the session key.

Comments The Triple-DES encryption uses a random session key. The session key is derived from a random number that is returned in *lpxRandom*. This command will return generic error.

9.1.7 Luxemburg-specific Header File

This header section is to be created into a separate file from the standard xfspin.h and identifies the definitions for the Luxemburg Protocol only.

```
*xfspinlux.h XFS - Personal Identification Number Keypad (PIN) Luxemburg
*Protocol definitions
#ifndef __INC_XFSPINLUX__H
#define ___INC_XFSPINLUX__H
#ifdef __cplusplus
extern "C" {
#endif
/* be aware of alignment */
#pragma pack(push, 1)
/* values of PROTLUXIN.wCommand */
#define WFS CMD ENC IO LUX LOAD APPKEY
                                                 (0x0001)
#define WFS_CMD_ENC_IO_LUX_GENERATE MAC
                                                 (0 \times 0.002)
#define WFS_CMD_ENC_IO_LUX_CHECK_MAC
                                                 (0x0003)
#define WFS_CMD_ENC_IO_LUX_BUILD_PINBLOCK
                                                 (0x0004)
#define WFS_CMD_ENC_IO_LUX_DECRYPT_TDES
#define WFS_CMD_ENC_IO_LUX_ENCRYPT_TDES
                                                  (0x0005)
                                                  (0x0006)
#define PROT LUX RESULT OFFSET (0)
/* values of PROTLUXOUT.wResult */
#define PROT LUX SUCCESS
                                           (0)
#define PROT_LUX_ERR INVALID CMD
                                           (USHRT MAX-(PROT LUX RESULT OFFSET))
#define PROT LUX ERR INVALID DATA
                                           (USHRT MAX-(PROT LUX RESULT OFFSET + 1))
#define PROT_LUX_ERR_INVALID_KEY
                                           (USHRT MAX-(PROT LUX RESULT OFFSET + 2))
/* values of PROTLUXLOADAPPKEYOUT.wResult */
/* values of PROTLUXCHECKMACOUT.wResult
                                        * /
#define PROT LUX ERR VERIFICATION FAILED
                                           (USHRT MAX - (PROT LUX RESULT OFFSET + 3))
/* values of PROTLUXPINBLOCKOUT.wResult */
#define PROT LUX ERR PIN FORMAT LENGTH
                                           (USHRT MAX - (PROT LUX RESULT OFFSET + 4))
/* values of PROTLUXDECRYPTTDESIN.wType and PROTLUXENCRYPTTDESIN.wType*/
#define PROT LUXTRIDESECB
                                                  (0 \times 0 0 0 0)
#define PROT LUXTRIDESCBC
                                                  (0x0001)
/* values of PROTLUXPINBLOCKIN.fwFormat */
#define PROT LUXFORMISO1
                                                  (0 \times 0.001)
// Used to type-cast specific command to access common fields
typedef struct _prot_lux_in
   WORD
                         wCommand;
} PROTLUXIN, *LPPROTLUXIN;
// Used to type-cast specific response to access common fields
```

```
typedef struct prot lux out
{
    WORD
                           wCommand:
    WORD
                           wResult;
} PROTLUXOUT, *LPPROTLUXOUT;
typedef struct _prot_lux_load_app_key_in
{
    WORD
                           wCommand;
    LPSTR
                           lpsKeyName;
    LPSTR
                           lpsSequenceNumber;
    LPWFSXDATA
                           lpxKeyData;
} PROTLUXLOADAPPKEYIN, *LPPROTLUXLOADAPPKEYIN;
typedef struct _prot_lux_load_app_key_out
    WORD
                           wCommand;
    WORD
                           wResult;
} PROTLUXLOADAPPKEYOUT, *LPPROTLUXLOADAPPKEYOUT;
typedef struct _prot_lux_generate_mac_in
{
    WORD
                           wCommand;
    LPWESXDATA
                           lpxData;
    WORD
                           wMacLength;
} PROTLUXGENERATEMACIN, *LPPROTLUXGENERATEMACIN;
typedef struct _prot_lux_generate_mac_out
{
    WORD
                           wCommand;
    WORD
                           wResult;
    LPWFSXDATA
                           lpxMac;
    LPWFSXDATA
                           lpxRandom;
} PROTLUXGENERATEMACOUT, *LPPROTLUXGENERATEMACOUT;
typedef struct _prot_lux_check_mac_in
{
    WORD
                           wCommand;
    LPWFSXDATA
                           lpxData;
    LPWFSXDATA
                          lpxMac;
    LPWFSXDATA
                           lpxRandom;
} PROTLUXCHECKMACIN, *LPPROTLUXCHECKMACIN;
typedef struct _prot_lux_check_mac_out
{
    WORD
                           wCommand;
    WORD
                           wResult;
} PROTLUXCHECKMACOUT, *LPPROTLUXCHECKMACOUT;
typedef struct _prot_lux_pinblock_in
{
    WORD
                           wCommand:
    WORD
                           wFormat;
}PROTLUXPINBLOCKIN, *LPPROTLUXPINBLOCKIN;
typedef struct prot lux pinblock out
{
    WORD
                           wCommand;
    WORD
                           wResult;
    LPWFSXDATA
                           lpxPinBlock;
    LPWFSXDATA
                           lpxRandom;
} PROTLUXPINBLOCKOUT, *LPPROTLUXPINBLOCKOUT;
typedef struct _prot_lux_decrypt_tdes_in
{
    WORD
                           wCommand;
    WORD
                           wType;
    LPWFSXDATA
                           lpxData;
    LPWFSXDATA
                           lpxIV;
    LPWFSXDATA
                           lpxRandom;
```

```
} PROTLUXDECRYPTTDESIN, *LPPROTLUXDECRYPTTDESIN;
typedef struct _prot_lux_decrypt_tdes_out
{
    WORD
                            wCommand;
    WORD
                            wResult;
    LPWFSXDATA
                            lpxData;
} PROTLUXDECRYPTTDESOUT , *LPPROTLUXDECRYPTTDESOUT;
typedef struct prot lux encrypt tdes in
{
    WORD
                            wCommand;
    WORD
                            wType;
    LPWFSXDATA
                            lpxData;
    LPWFSXDATA
                            lpxIV;
} PROTLUXENCRYPTTDESIN, *LPPROTLUXENCRYPTTDESIN;
typedef struct _prot_lux_encrypt_tdes_out
{
    WORD
                            wCommand;
    WORD
                            wResult:
    LPWFSXDATA
                            lpxData;
                            lpxRandom;
    LPWFSXDATA
} PROTLUXENCRYPTTDESOUT, *LPPROTLUXENCRYPTTDESOUT;
/* restore alignment */
#pragma pack(pop)
#ifdef __cplusplus
} /*extern "C"*/
#endif
          /* __INC_XFSPINLUX H */
#endif
```

9.2 China Protocol

The general XFS command WFS_CMD_PIN_ENC_IO is used to communicate transparently with the security module (see also command specifications).

In particular, to access the China encryption commands defined in the following paragraphs, the input structure WFSPINENCIO of the WFS_CMD_PIN_ENC_IO command has to be defined as follows:

Input Param LPWFSPINENCIO lpEncIoIn;

typedef struct _wfs_	pin_enc_io
{	
WORD	wProtocol;
ULONG	ulDataLength;
LPVOID	lpvData;
} WFSPINENCIO,	*LPWFSPINENCIO;

wProtocol

Must be set to the constant WFS_PIN_ENC_PROT_CHN.

ulDataLength

Specifies the length in bytes of the structure pointed to by the following field *lpvData*.

lpvData

Points to an input structure that contains the data specific to the China protocol that has to be sent to the encryption module. This input structure is specific for each command defined in the protocol (see following paragraphs), but has following general form:

LPPROTCHNIN

lpvData;

typedef struct _prot_chn_in
 {
 WORD wCommand;
 ... Command Input Data ...
 } PROTCHNIN, *LPPROTCHNIN;

wCommand

Specifies the command that has to be executed in the security module.

Value	Meaning	
WFS_CMD_ENC_IO_CHN_DIGEST	Compute	a hash code.
WFS_CMD_ENC_IO_CHN_SET_SM2_PARA		parameter.
WFS_CMD_ENC_IO_CHN_IMPORT_SM2_P	UBLIC_KEY	Load SM2 public
	key.	
WFS_CMD_ENC_IO_CHN_SIGN	Sign SM2 algorithm	n data.
WFS_CMD_ENC_IO_CHN_VERIFY	Verify SM2 algorith	nm signature.
WFS_CMD_ENC_IO_CHN_EXPORT_SM2_IS	SSUER_SIGNED_IT	'EM Export
	data elements.	
WFS_CMD_ENC_IO_CHN_GENERATE_SM2	2_KEY_PAIR	Generate a new
	SM2 key pair.	
WFS_CMD_ENC_IO_CHN_EXPORT_SM2_E	PP_SIGNED_ITEM	Export data
	elements signed by	a private key.
WFS_CMD_ENC_IO_CHN_IMPORT_SM2_S	SIGNED_SM4_KEY	Load SM4 key.
Command Innut Data		

... Command Input Data ...

Specifies the command input data. This field is specific for each command defined in the protocol (see following paragraphs).

In the same way, to access the results of the private China encryption commands, the output structure LPWFSPINENCIO of the WFS_CMD_PIN_ENC_IO command will be as follows:

Output Param LPWFSPINENCIO lpEncIoOut;

typedef struct _wfs_pin_enc_io

1	
WORD	wProtocol;
ULONG	ulDataLength;
LPVOID	lpvData;
} WFSPINENCIO,	*LPWFSPINENCIO;

wProtocol

Is set to the constant WFS PIN ENC PROT CHN.

ulDataLength

Specifies the length in bytes of the structure pointed to by the following field *lpvData*.

lpvData

Points to a PROTCHNOUT structure that contains the reply data specific to the China protocol. This output structure is specific for each command defined in the protocol (see following paragraphs), but has following general form:

typedef struct _pr	ot_chn_out
{	
WORD	wCommand;
WORD	wResult;
Command Out	put Data
} PROTCHNOUT,	*LPPROTCHNOUT;

wCommand

Specifies the command that has to be executed in the encryption module. This field contains the same value as the corresponding field in the input structure.

wResult

Specifies the command reply codes specific for this protocol. Possible general values for the China protocol are:

Value	Meaning
PROT_CHN_SUCCESS	Command terminated correctly.
PROT_CHN_ERR_INVALID_CMD	Invalid command. The wCommand
	issued is not valid or not supported.

PROT_CHN_ERR_INVALID_DATA

PROT_CHN_ERR_INVALID_KEY

The data structure passed as input parameter for the command contains invalid or incoherent data. The key needed for the operation was not loaded or is invalid. This operation failed.

... Command Output Data ...

Specifies the command output data. This field is specific for each command defined in the protocol (see following paragraphs). In the case of an error, the command specific structure is returned, but only the *wCommand* and the *wResult* fields are valid.

Comments China encryption commands defined in the following paragraphs will return the generic error PROT CHN ERR INVALID DATA when the input data is invalid.

9.2.1 WFS_CMD_ENC_IO_CHN_DIGEST

Description: This command is used to compute a hash code on a stream of data using the specified SM3 hash algorithm. This command can be used to verify PBOC static and dynamic data.

Input Param LPPROTCHNDIGESTIN lpDigestIn;

typedef struct _prot_chn_digest_in		
{		
WORD	wCommand;	
WORD	wHashAlgorithm;	
LPWFSXDATA	lpxDigestInput;	
} PROTCHNDIGESTIN,	*LPPROTCHNDIGESTIN;	

wCommand

Is set to WFS_CMD_ENC_IO_CHN_DIGEST.

wHashAlgorithm

Specifies which hash algorithm should be used to calculate the hash.

Value	Meaning
PROT_CHN_HASH_SM3_DIGEST	The SM3 digest algorithm. SM3
	Cryptographic hash algorithm is defined in
	Password industry standard of the People's
	Republic of China GM/T 0004.

lpxDigestInput

Pointer to the structure that contains the length and the data to be hashed.

Output Param LPPROTCHNDIGESTOUT lpDigestOut;

typedef struct _prot_chn_digest_out

t	
WORD	wCommand;
WORD	wResult;
LPWFSXDATA	lpxDigestOutput;
} PROTCHNDIGESTOUT,	*LPPROTCHNDIGESTOUT;

wCommand Is set to WFS CMD ENC IO CHN DIGEST.

wResult

The command reply codes (see general definition in the first paragraph). The following specific error can be returned:

Value Meaning	
	yption module is either not d or not ready for any vendor reason.

lpxDigestOuput

Pointer to the structure that contains the length and the data containing the calculated hash.

Comments None.

9.2.2 WFS_CMD_ENC_IO_CHN_SET_SM2_PARAM

Description This command is used to set SM2 algorithm parameter. The SM2 algorithm is based on elliptic curves. Six parameters need to be set before using to calculate. There are defined in Password industry standard of the People's Republic of China GM/T 0003.5-2012 [Ref. 43].

Input Param LPPROTCHNSM2ALGORITHMPARAMIN lpSM2AlgorithmParamIn;

typedef struct prot chn sm2 algorithm param in { WORD wCommand; LPWFSXDATA lpxP; LPWFSXDATA lpxA; LPWFSXDATA lpxB; LPWFSXDATA lpxN; LPWFSXDATA lpxXg; LPWFSXDATA lpxYg; } PROTCHNSM2ALGORITHMPARAMIN, *LPPROTCHNSM2ALGORITHMPARAMIN;

wCommand

Is set to WFS_CMD_ENC_IO_CHN_SET_SM2_PARAM.

lpxP

Prime number p. It should be greater than 3. It is used to define prime number field F_p It is defined in Password industry standard of the People's Republic of China GM/T 0003.5-2012 [Ref. 43].

lpxA

An element *a* in prime number field F_p . They are used to define elliptic curve's equation: $y^2 = x_3 + a^*x + b$. It is defined in Password industry standard of the People's Republic of China GM/T 0003.5-2012 [Ref. 43].

lpxB

An element *b* in prime number field F_p . They are used to define elliptic curve's equation: $y^2 = x_3 + a^*x + b$. It is defined in Password industry standard of the People's Republic of China GM/T 0003.5-2012 [Ref. 43].

lpxN

The number of base points on the elliptic curve. It should be greater than 2^{191} , and greater than $4*p^{1/2}$. It is defined in Password industry standard of the People's Republic of China GM/T 0003.5-2012 [Ref. 43].

lpxXg

The X coordinate of one base point $G = (X_G, Y_G)$ on the elliptic curve. The base point G should be in the set of prime number field F_p . It is defined in Password industry standard of the People's Republic of China GM/T 0003.5-2012 [Ref. 43].

lpxYg

The Y coordinate of one base point $G = (X_G, Y_G)$ on the elliptic curve. The base point G should be in the set of prime number field F_p . It is defined in Password industry standard of the People's Republic of China GM/T 0003.5-2012 [Ref. 43].

Output Param LPPROTCHNSM2ALGORITHMPARAMOUT lpSM2AlgorithmParamOut;

typedef struct __prot_chn_sm2_algorithm_param_out

1	L		
V	VORD	wCom	mand;
V	VORD	wRes	ult;
}	PRC	TCHNSM2ALGORITHMPARAMOUT,	*LPPROTCHNSM2ALGORITHMPARAMOUT;

wCommand

Is set to WFS_CMD_ENC_IO_CHN_SET_SM2_PARAM.

wResult

The command reply codes (see general definition in the first paragraph).

Comments None.

9.2.3 WFS_CMD_ENC_IO_CHN_IMPORT_SM2_PUBLIC_KEY

Description The Public SM2 key passed by the application is loaded in the encryption module. The *dwUse* parameter restricts the cryptographic functions that the imported key can be used for.

Input Param LPPROTCHNIMPORTSM2PUBLICKEYIN lpImportSM2PublicKeyIn;

typedef struct _prot_chn_import_sm2_public_key_in

{		
WORD	wCom	mand;
LPSTR	lpsK	ey;
LPWFSXDATA	lpxV	alue;
DWORD	dwUs	e;
LPSTR	lpsS	igKey;
DWORD	dwSM	2SignatureAlgorithm;
LPWFSXDATA	lpxS	ignature;
} PROTCHNIMPORTSM2PUBLICKE	CYIN,	*LPPROTCHNIMPORTSM2PUBLICKEYIN;

wCommand

Is set to WFS_CMD_ENC_IO_CHN_IMPORT_SM2_PUBLIC_KEY.*lpsKey* Specifies the name of key being loaded.

lpxValue

Contains the GM/T 2012 SM2 Public Key to be loaded.

dwUse

Specifies the type of access for which the key can be used. If this parameter equals zero, the key is deleted. Otherwise the parameter can be one of the following flags:

Value	Meaning
PROT_CHN_USESM2PUBLIC	Key is used as a public key for SM2
	Encryption including PBOC PIN block creation.
PROT_CHN_USESM2PUBLICVERIFY	Key is used as a public key for SM2 signature verification and/or data decryption.

If *dwUse* equals zero the specified key is deleted.

When no signature is required to authenticate the deletion of a public key, all parameters but *lpsKey* are ignored. In addition, WFS_CMD_ENC_IO_CHN_IMPORT_SM2_PUBLIC_KEY and WFS_CMD_ENC_IO_CHN_IMPORT_SM2_SIGNED_SM4_KEY can be used to delete a key that has been imported with this command.

When a signature is required to authenticate the deletion of the public key, all parameters in the command are used. *lpxValue* must contain the concatenation of the Security Item which uniquely identifies the PIN device (see the command

WFS_CMD_ENC_IO_CHN_EXPORT_SM2_ISSUER_SIGNED_ITEM) and the GM/T 2012 SM2 public key to be deleted. *lpxSignature* contains the signature generated from *lpxValue* using the private key component of the public key being deleted.

The equivalent commands in the certificate scheme must not be used to delete a key imported through the signature scheme.

lpsSigKey

lpsSigKey specifies the name of a previously loaded asymmetric key (i.e. a SM2 Public Key) which will be used to verify the signature passed in *lpxSignature*. The default Signature Issuer public key (installed in a secure environment during manufacture) will be used, if *lpsSigKey* is either NULL or contains the name of the default Signature issuer.

dwSM2SignatureAlgorithm

Defines the algorithm used to generate the Signature specified in *lpxSignature*. Contains one of the following values:

Value	Meaning
PROT_CHN_PIN_SIGN_NA	No signature algorithm specified. No signature verification will take place and the contents of <i>lpsSigKey</i> and <i>lpxSignature</i> are ignored.

PROT_CHN_SIGN_SM2_GM_T_2012

Use the GM/T 2012 SM2 algorithm.

lpxSignature

Contains the Signature associated with the key being imported or deleted. The Signature is used to validate the key request has been received from a trusted sender. This value contains NULL when no key validation is required.

Output Param LPPROTCHNIMPORTSM2PUBLICKEYOUT lpImportSM2PublicKeyOut;

typedef struct _prot_chn_import_sm2_public_key_out
{

l l	
WORD	wCommand;
WORD	wResult;
DWORD	dwSM2KeyCheckMode;
LPWFSXDATA	lpxKeyCheckValue;
} PROTCHNIMPORTSM2PUBLICKE	YOUT, *LPPROTCHNIMPORTSM2PUBLICKEYOUT;

wCommand

Is set to WFS CMD ENC IO CHN IMPORT SM2 PUBLIC KEY.

wResult

The command reply codes (see general definition in the first paragraph). The following specific error codes are possible:

Value	Meaning
PROT_CHN_ERR_PIN_ACCESSDENIED	The encryption module is either not
	initialized or not ready for any vendor
	specific reason.
PROT_CHN _ERR_PIN_KEYNOTFOUND	The key name supplied in <i>lpsSigKey</i> was not found.
PROT_CHN_ERR_PIN_USEVIOLATION	An invalid use was specified for the key
	being imported.
PROT_CHN_ERR_PIN_DUPLICATEKEY	A key exists with that name and cannot be
	overwritten.
PROT_CHN_ERR_PIN_INVALIDKEYLENC	TH
	The length of <i>lpxValue</i> is not supported.
PROT_CHN_ERR_PIN_NOKEYRAM	There is no space left in the key RAM for a
	key of the specified type.
PROT_CHN_ERR_PIN_SIG_NOT_SUPP	The Service Provider does not support the
	Signature Algorithm requested. The key was
	discarded.
PROT_CHN_PIN_SIGNATUREINVALID	The signature verification failed. The key
	has not been stored or deleted.

dwSM2KeyCheckMode

Defines algorithm/method used to generate the public key check value/thumb print. The check value can be used to verify that the public key has been imported correctly. It can be one of the following flags:

Value	Meaning
PROT_CHN_SM2_KCV_NONE	No check value is returned in
	lpxKeyCheckValue.
PROT_CHN_SM2_KCV_SM3	lpxKeyCheckValue contains a SM3 digest of
	the public key.

lpxKeyCheckValue

Contains the public key check value as defined by the dwSM2KeyCheckMode flag.

Comments None.

9.2.4 WFS_CMD_ENC_IO_CHN_SIGN

Description This command is used to sign SM2 algorithm data.

Input Param LPPROTCHNSIGNIN lpSignIn;

typedef struct _prot_chn_sign_in

1	
WORD	wCommand;
LPSTR	lpsKey;
LPSTR	lpSignerID;
LPWFSXDATA	lpxPlaintextData;
} PROTCHNSIGNIN,	*LPPROTCHNSIGNIN;

wCommand Is set to WFS_CMD_ENC_IO_CHN_SIGN.

lpsKey Specifies the name of the stored key.

lpSignerID Specifies the signer's ID.

lpxPlaintextData Pointer to the data that need to be signed.

Output Param LPPROTCHNSIGNOUT lpSignOut;

typedef struct _prot_chn_sign_out
{

L	
WORD	wCommand;
WORD	wResult;
LPWFSXDATA	lpxSignData;
} PROTCHNSIGNOUT,	*LPPROTCHNSIGNOUT;

wCommand

Is set to WFS_CMD_ENC_IO_CHN_SIGN.

wResult

The command reply codes (see general definition in the first paragraph). The following specific error can be returned:

Value	Meaning
PROT_CHN_ERR_PIN_KEYNOTFOUND	The specified key was not found.
PROT_CHN_ERR_PIN_MODENOTSUPPOR	TED
	The specified mode is not supported.
PROT_CHN_ERR_PIN_ACCESSDENIED	The encryption module is either not
	initialized or not ready for any vendor
	specific reason.
PROT_CHN_ERR_PIN_KEYNOVALUE	The specified key name was found but the
	corresponding key value has not been
	loaded.
PROT_CHN_ERR_PIN_USEVIOLATION	The specified use is not supported by this
	key.
PROT_CHN_ERR_PIN_INVALIDKEYLENG	TH
	The length of <i>lpxKeyEncKey</i> or
	<i>lpxStartValue</i> is not supported or the length
	of an encryption key is not compatible with
	the encryption operation required.
PROT_CHN_ERR_PIN_NOCHIPTRANSACT	
	A chipcard key is used as encryption key and
	there is no chip transaction active.
PROT_CHN_ERR_PIN_ALGORITHMNOTS	
	The specified algorithm is not supported by
	this key.

lpxSignData Pointer to the signature. Comments None.

9.2.5 WFS_CMD_ENC_IO_CHN_VERIFY

Description This command is used to verify SM2 algorithm signature data.

Input Param LPPROTCHNVERIFYIN lpVerifyIn;

typedef struct _prot_chn_verify_in

wCommand;
lpsKey;
lpxPlaintextData;
lpxSignData;
*LPPROTCHNVERIFYIN;

wCommand Is set to WFS_CMD_ENC_IO_CHN_VERIFY.

lpsKey Specifies the name of the stored key.

lpxCipherData User's plain text data.

lpxSignData Signature data signed by WFS_CMD_ENC_IO_CHN_SIGN.

Output Param LPPROTCHNVERIFYOUT lpVerifyOut;

typedef struct __prot_chn_verify_out

L .	
WORD	wCommand;
WORD	wResult;
} PROTCHNVERIFYOUT,	*LPPROTCHNVERIFYOUT;

wCommand

Is set to WFS_CMD_ENC_IO_CHN_VERIFY.

wResult

The command reply codes (see general definition in the first paragraph). The following specific error can be returned:

Value

None

Meaning

PROT_CHN_ERR_PIN_SIGNATUREERROR Signature data is wrong.

Comments

9.2.6 WFS_CMD_ENC_IO_CHN_EXPORT_SM2_ISSUER_SIGNED_ITEM

Description This command is used to export data elements from the PIN device, which have been signed by an offline Signature Issuer. This command is used when the default keys and Signature Issuer signatures, installed during manufacture, are to be used for remote key loading.

This command allows the following data items are to be exported:

- The Security Item which uniquely identifies the PIN device. This value may be used to uniquely identify a PIN device and therefore confer trust upon any key or data obtained from this device.
- The SM2 Public key component of a public/private key pair that exists within the PIN device. These public/private key pairs are installed during manufacture. Typically, an exported public key is used by the host to encipher the symmetric key.

Input Param LPPROTCHNEXPORTSM2ISSUERSIGNEDITEMIN lpExportSM2IssuerSignedItem;

typedef struct prot chn export sm2 issuer signed item in

{
 WORD wCommand;
 WORD wExportItemType;
 LPSTR lpsName;
 } PROTCHNEXPORTSM2ISSUERSIGNEDITEMIN,
 *LPPROTCHNEXPORTSM2ISSUERSIGNEDITEMIN;

wCommand

Is set to WFS CMD ENC IO CHN EXPORT SM2 ISSUER SIGNED ITEM.

wExportItemType

Defines the type of data item to be exported from the PIN. Contains one of the following values:

Value	Meaning
PROT_CHN_PIN_EXPORT_EPP_ID	The Unique ID for the PIN will be exported,
PROT_CHN _PIN_EXPORT_PUBLIC_KEY	<i>lpsName</i> is ignored. The public key identified by <i>lpsName</i> will be exported.

lpsName

Specifies the name of the public key to be exported. The private/public key pair was installed during manufacture. If *lpsName* is NULL, then the default EPP public key that is used for symmetric key encryption is exported.

Output Param LPPROTCHNEXPORTSM2ISSUERSIGNEDITEMOUT lpExportSM2IssuerSignedItemOut;

typedef struct _prot_chn_export_sm2_issuer_signed_item_out
{

1	
WORD	wCommand;
WORD	wResult;
LPWFSXDATA	lpxValue;
DWORD	dwSM2SignatureAlgorithm;
LPWFSXDATA	lpxSignature;
<pre>} PROTCHNEXPORTSM2ISSUERSIGNEDITEMOUT,</pre>	
*LPPROTCHNEXPORTSM2ISSUERS	IGNEDITEMOUT;

wCommand

Is set to WFS CMD ENC IO CHN EXPORT SM2 ISSUER SIGNED ITEM.

wResult

The command reply codes (see general definition in the first paragraph). The following specific error can be returned:

Value	Meaning
PROT_CHN_ERR_PIN_NOPRIVATEKEY	The PIN device does not have a private key.
PROT_CHN_ERR_PIN_ACCESSDENIED	The encryption module is either not
	initialized or not ready for any vendor specific reason.
	1
PROT_CHN_ERR_PIN_KEYNOTFOUND	The data item identified by <i>lpsName</i> was not
	found.

lpxValue

If a public key was requested then *lpxValue* contains the GM/T 2012 SM2 Public Key. If the security item was requested then *lpxValue* contains the PIN's Security Item, which may be vendor specific.

dwSM2SignatureAlgorithm

Specifies the algorithm used to generate the Signature returned in *lpxSignature*. Contains one of the following values:

Value	Meaning
PROT_CHN_PIN_SIGN_NA	No signature algorithm used, no signature
	will be provided in <i>lpxSignature</i> , the data
	item may still be exported.
PROT_CHN_SIGN_SM2_GM_T_2012	GM/T 2012 SM2 algorithm used.

lpxSignature

Specifies the SM2 signature of the data item exported. NULL can be returned when key Signatures are not supported.

Comments None.

9.2.7 WFS CMD ENC IO CHN GENERATE SM2 KEY PAIR

Description

This command will generate a new SM2 key pair. The public key generated as a result of this command can subsequently be obtained by calling WFS CMD PIN EXPORT SM2 EPP SIGNED ITEM.

> The newly generated key pair can only be used for the use defined in the dwUse flag. This flag defines the use of the private key; its public key can only be used for the inverse function.

LPPROTCHNGENERATESM2KEYPAIRIN lpGenerateSM2KeyPairIn; **Input Param**

typedef struct prot chn generate sm2 keypair in

t		
WORD	wCon	mand;
LPSTR	lpsK	ey;
DWORD	dwUs	e;
<pre>} PROTCHNGENERATESM2KEYPA</pre>	IRIN,	*LPPROTCHNGENERATESM2KEYPAIRIN;

wCommand

```
Is set to WFS CMD ENC IO CHN GENERATE SM2 KEY PAIR.
```

lpsKev

Specifies the name of the new key-pair to be generated. Details of the generated key-pair can be obtained through the WFS INF PIN KEY DETAIL EX command.

dwUse

Specifies what the private key component of the key pair can be used for. The public key part can only be used for the inverse function. For example, if the WFS PIN USESM2PRIVATESIGN use is specified, then the private key can only be used for signature generation and the partner public key can only be used for verification. dwUse can take one of the following values:

Value	Meaning
PROT_CHN_USESM2PRIVATE	Key is used as a private key for SM2
	decryption.
PROT_CHN_USESM2PRIVATESIGN	Key is used as a private key for SM2
	Signature generation. Only data generated
	within the device can be signed.

Output Param LPPROTCHNGENERATESM2KEYPAIROUT lpGenerateSM2KeyPairOut;

typedef struct __ prot_chn_generate_sm2_keypair_out

t		
WORD	wComm	and;
WORD	wResu	lt;
} PROTCHNGENERATESM2KEYPA	EROUT,	*LPPROTCHNGENERATESM2KEYPAIROUT;

wCommand

Is set to WFS CMD ENC IO CHN GENERATE SM2 KEY PAIR.

wResult

The command reply codes (see general definition in the first paragraph). The following specific error can be returned:

Value	Meaning
PROT_CHN_ERR_PIN_ACCESSDENIED	The encryption module is either not
	initialized or not ready for any vendor
	specific reason.
PROT_CHN_ERR_PIN_INVALID_MOD_LE	EN
	The modulus length specified is invalid.
PROT_CHN_ERR_PIN_USEVIOLATION	The specified use is not supported by this
	key.
PROT_CHN_ERR_PIN_DUPLICATEKEY	A key exists with that name and cannot be
	overwritten.
PROT_CHN_ERR_PIN_KEY_GENERATION	N_ERROR
	The EPP is unable to generate a key pair.

Comments None.

9.2.8 WFS_CMD_ENC_IO_CHN_EXPORT_SM2_EPP_SIGNED_ITEM

Description This command is used to export data elements from the PIN device that have been signed by a private key within the EPP. This command is used in place of the WFS_CMD_ENC_IO_CHN_EXPORT_SM2_ISSUER_SIGNED_ITEM command, when a private key generated within the PIN device is to be used to generate the signature for the data item. This command allows an application to define which of the following data items are to be exported:

- The Security Item which uniquely identifies the PIN device. This value may be used to uniquely identify a PIN device and therefore confer trust upon any key or data obtained from this device.
- The SM2 Public key component of a public/private key pair that exists within the PIN device.

The public/private key pairs exported by this command are either installed during manufacture or generated through the WFS_CMD_ENC_IO_CHN_GENERATE_SM2_KEY_PAIR command.

The WFS_INF_PIN_KEY_DETAIL_EX command can be used to determine the valid uses for the exported public key.

Input Param LPPROTCHNEXPORTSM2EPPSIGNEDITEMIN lpExportSM2EPPSignedItemIn;

typedef struct _prot_chn_export_sm2_epp_signed_item_in

l		
WORD	wCommand;	
WORD	wExportItemType;	
LPSTR	lpsName;	
LPSTR	lpsSigKey;	
DWORD	dwSignatureAlgorithm;	
<pre>} PROTCHNEXPORTSM2EPPSIGNEDITEMIN,</pre>		
*LPPROTCHNEXPORTSM2EPPSIGNEDITEMIN		

wCommand

Is set to WFS_CMD_ENC_IO_CHN_EXPORT_SM2_EPP_SIGNED_ITEM.

wExportItemType

Defines the type of data item to be exported from the PIN. Contains one of the following values:

Value	Meaning
PROT_CHN _PIN_EXPORT_EPP_ID	The Unique ID for the PIN will be exported,
	<i>lpsName</i> is ignored.
PROT_CHN_PIN_EXPORT_PUBLIC_KEY	The public key identified by <i>lpsName</i> will be
	exported.

lpsName

Specifies the name of the public key to be exported. This can either be the name of a key-pair generated through WFS_CMD_ENC_IO_CHN_GENERATE_SM2_KEY_PAIR or the name of one of the default key-pairs installed during manufacture.

lpsSigKey

Specifies the name of the private key to use to sign the exported item.

dwSignatureAlgorithm.

Specifies the algorithm to use to generate the Signature returned in both the *lpxSelfSignature* and *lpxSignature* fields. Contains one of the following values:

Value	Meaning
PROT_CHN_PIN_SIGN_NA	No signature algorithm used, no signature will be provided in <i>lpxSelfSignature</i> or
	<i>lpxSignature</i> . The requested item may still be exported.
PROT_CHN_SIGN_SM2_GM_T_2012	GM/T 2012 SM2 algorithm used.

Output Param LPPROTCHNEXPORTSM2EPPSIGNEDITEMOUT lpExportSM2EPPSignedItemOut;

LPWFSXDATA lpxSelfSignature; LPWFSXDATA lpxSignature; PROTCHNEXPORTSM2EPPSIGNEDITEMOUT, *LPPROTCHNEXPORTSM2EPPSIGNEDITEMOUT;

wCommand

Is set to WFS_CMD_ENC_IO_CHN_EXPORT_SM2_EPP_SIGNED_ITEM.

wResult

The command reply codes (see general definition in the first paragraph). The following specific error can be returned:

Value	Meaning
PROT_CHN_ERR_PIN_NOSM2KEYPAIR	The PIN device does not have a private key.
PROT_CHN_ERR_PIN_ACCESSDENIED	The encryption module is either not
	initialized or not ready for any vendor specific reason.
PROT_CHN _ERR_PIN_KEYNOTFOUND	The data item identified by <i>lpsName</i> was not found.

lpxValue

If a public key was requested then *lpxValue* contains the GM/T 2012 SM2 Public Key. If the security item was requested then *lpxValue* contains the PIN's Security Item, which may be vendor specific.

lpxSelfSignature

If a public key was requested then *lpxSelfSignature* contains the SM2 signature of the public key exported, generated with the key-pair's private component. NULL can be returned when key Self-Signatures are not supported/required.

lpxSignature

Specifies the SM2 signature of the data item exported. NULL can be returned when signatures are not supported/required.

Comments None.

9.2.9 WFS_CMD_ENC_IO_CHN_IMPORT_SM2_SIGNED_SM4_KEY

Description This command is used to load a Symmetric Key that is a SM4 key into the encryptor. The key passed by the application is loaded in the encryption module, the (optional) signature is used during validation, the key is decrypted using the device's SM2 Private Key, and is then stored. The loaded key will be discarded at any stage if any of the above fails.

The *dwUse* parameter restricts the cryptographic functions that the imported key can be used for.

If a Signature algorithm is specified that is not supported by the PIN Service Provider, then the message will not be decrypted and the command fails.

Input Param LPPROTCHNIMPORTSM2SIGNEDSM4KEY lpImportSM2SignedSM4KeyIn;

typedef struct _prot_chn_import_sm2_signed_sm4_key

{	
WORD	wCommand;
LPSTR	lpsKey;
LPSTR	lpsDecryptKey;
DWORD	dwSM2EncipherAlgorithm;
LPWFSXDATA	lpxValue;
DWORD	dwUse;
LPSTR	lpsSigKey;
DWORD	dwSM2SignatureAlgorithm;
LPWFSXDATA	lpxSignature;
} PROTCHNIMPORTSM2SIGNEDSM	<pre>i4KEY, *LPPROTCHNIMPORTMS2SIGNEDSM4KEY;</pre>

wCommand

Is set to WFS_CMD_ENC_IO_CHN_IMPORT_SM2_SIGNED_SM4_KEY.*lpsKey* Specifies the name of key being loaded.

lpsDecryptKey

Specifies the name of the RSA private key used to decrypt the symmetric key. See section <u>8.1.8</u> (Default Keys and Security Item loaded during manufacture) for a description of the fixed name defined for the default decryption private key. If *lpsDecryptKey* is NULL then the default decryption private key is used.

dwSM2EncipherAlgorithm

Specifies the RSA algorithm that is used, along with the private key, to decipher the imported key. Contains one of the following values:

Value	Meaning
PROT_CHN_SIGN_SM2_GM_T_2012	GM/T 2012 SM2 algorithm used.

lpxValue

Specifies the enciphered value of the key to be loaded. *lpxValue* contains the concatenation of the random number (when present) and enciphered key.

dwUse

Specifies the type of access for which the key can be used. If this parameter equals zero, the key is deleted. Otherwise, the parameter can be a combination of the following flags:

Value	Meaning
WFS_PIN_USECRYPT	Key is used for encryption and decryption.
WFS_PIN_USEFUNCTION	Key is used for PIN block creation.
WFS_PIN_USEMACING	Key is used for MACing.
WFS_PIN_USEKEYENCKEY	Key is used as key encryption key.
WFS_PIN_USEPINLOCAL	Key is used only for local PIN check.

If *dwUse* equals zero the specified key is deleted. In that case all parameters but *lpsKey* are ignored. WFS CMD ENC IO CHN IMPORT SM2 PUBLIC KEY and

WFS_CMD_ENC_IO_CHN_IMPORT_SM2_SIGNED_SM4_KEY can be used to delete a key that has been imported with this command. The equivalent commands in the certificate scheme must not be used to delete a key imported through the signature scheme.

lpsSigKey

If *lpsSigKey* is NULL then the key signature will not be used for validation and *lpxSignature* is ignored. Otherwise *lpsSigKey* specifies the name of an Asymmetric Key (i.e. an SM2 Public Key) previously loaded which will be used to verify the signature passed in *lpxSignature*.

dwSM2SignatureAlgorithm

Specifies the algorithm used to generate the Signature specified in *lpxSignature*. Contains one of the following values:

Value	Meaning
PROT_CHN_PIN_SIGN_NA	No signature algorithm specified. No
	signature verification will take place and the content of <i>lpxSignature</i> is ignored.
PROT_CHN_SIGN_SM2_GM_T_2012	GM/T 2012 SM2 algorithm used.

lpxSignature

Contains the Signature associated with the key being imported. The Signature is used to validate the key has been received from a trusted sender. The signature is generated over the contents of the *lpxValue*. The *lpxSignature* signature contains NULL when no key validation is required.

Output Param LPPROTCHNIMPORTSM2SIGNEDSM4KEYOUTPUT lpImportSM2SignedSM4KeyOutput;

typedef struct _prot_chn_import_sm2_signed_sm4_key_output

	l	
	WORD	wCommand;
	WORD	wResult;
	WORD	wKeyCheckMode;
	LPWFSXDATA	lpxKeyCheckValue;
<pre>} PROTCHNIMPORTSM2SIGNEDSM4KEYOUTPUT,</pre>		
	*LPPROTCHNIMPORTSM2SIGNEDS	SM4KEYOUTPUT;

wCommand

Is set to WFS CMD ENC IO CHN IMPORT SM2 SIGNED SM4 KEY.

wResult

The command reply codes (see general definition in the first paragraph). The following specific error can be returned:

Value	Meaning
PROT_CHN_ERR_PIN_ACCESSDENIED	The encryption module is either not
	initialized or not ready for any vendor
	specific reason.
PROT_CHN_ERR_PIN_DUPLICATEKEY	A key exists with that name and cannot be overwritten.
PROT_CHN_ERR_PIN_KEYNOTFOUND	One of the keys specified were not found.
PROT_CHN_ERR_PIN_KEYNOVALUE	The specified key encryption key is not loaded.
PROT CHN ERR PIN USEVIOLATION	The specified use is not supported by this
	key.
PROT_CHN_ERR_PIN_INVALIDKEYLENG	ГН
	The length of <i>lpxValue</i> is not supported.
PROT_CHN_ERR_PIN_NOKEYRAM	There is no space left in the key RAM for a
	key of the specified type.
PROT_CHN_ERR_PIN_SIG_NOT_SUPP	The Service Provider does not support the
	Signature Algorithm requested. The key was
	discarded.
PROT_CHN_ERR_PIN_SIGNATUREINVALID	
	The signature in the input data is invalid.
	The key is not stored in the PIN.
PROT_CHN_ERR_PIN_RANDOMINVALID	The encrypted random number in the input
	data does not match the one previously
	provided by the EPP. The key is not stored
	in the PIN.

wKevCheckMode

Specifies the mode that is used to create the key check value. It can be one of the following flags:

Value	Meaning
WFS PIN KCVNONE	There is no key check value provided.
WFS_PIN_KCVSELF	The key check value is calculated by an
	encryption of the key with itself. For a
	double-length or triple-length key the KCV
	is generated using SM4 encryption using the
	first 8 bytes of the key as the source data for
	the encryption.
WFS_PIN_KCVZERO	The key check value is calculated by an
	encryption of a zero value with the key.

lpxKeyCheckValue pointer to the key verification data that can be used for verification of the loaded key, NULL if device does not have that capability.

Comments None.

9.2.10 China-specific Header File

This header section is to be created into a separate file from the standard xfspin.h and identifies the definitions for the China Protocol only.

*xfspinchn.h XFS - Personal Identification Number Keypad (PIN) China *Protocol definitions #ifndef __INC_XFSPINCHN__H #define __INC_XFSPINCHN__H #ifdef __cplu
extern "C" { __cplusplus #endif /* be aware of alignment */ #pragma pack(push,1) /* values of PROTCHNIN.wCommand */ #define WFS CMD ENC IO CHN DIGEST (0×0001) #define WFS_CMD_ENC_IO_CHN_SET_SM2_PARAM (0×0.002) #define WFS CMD ENC IO CHN IMPORT SM2 PUBLIC KEY (0x0003) #define WFS_CMD_ENC_IO_CHN_SIGN (0x0004) #define WFS_CMD_ENC_IO_CHN_VERIFY
#define WFS_CMD_ENC_IO_CHN_EXPORT_SM2_ISSUER_SIGNED_ITEM
#define WFS_CMD_ENC_IO_CHN_GENERATE_SM2_KEY_PAIR (0x0005) (0x0006) (0×0007) #define WFS_CMD_ENC_IO_CHN_EXPORT_SM2_EPP_SIGNED_ITEM (0x0008) #define WFS_CMD_ENC_IO_CHN_IMPORT_SM2_SIGNED_SM4_KEY (0x0009) #define PROT CHN RESULT OFFSET (0) /* values of PROTCHNOUT.wResult */ #define PROT_CHN_SUCCESS (0)#define PROT_CHN_ERR_INVALID_CMD
#define PROT_CHN_ERR_INVALID_DATA (-(PROT CHN RESULT OFFSET + 1)) (-(PROT CHN RESULT OFFSET + 2)) #define PROT CHN ERR INVALID KEY (-(PROT CHN RESULT OFFSET + 3)) /* values of PROTCHNDIGESTOUTPUT.wResult, PROTCHNIMPORTSM2PUBLICKEYOUT.wResult, PROTCHNEXPORTSM2ISSUERSIGNEDITEMOUT.wResult, PROTCHNEXPORTSM2EPPSIGNEDITEMOUT.wResult and PROTCHNIMPORTSM2SIGNEDSM4KEYOUTPUT.wResult */ #define PROT CHN ERR PIN ACCESSDENIED (-(PROT CHN RESULT OFFSET + 4)) /* values of PROTCHNIMPORTSM2PUBLICKEYOUT.wResult, PROTCHNDIGESTOUT.wResult, PROTCHNEXPORTSM2ISSUERSIGNEDITEMOUT.wResult, PROTCHNEXPORTSM2EPPSIGNEDITEMOUT.wResult and PROTCHNIMPORTSM2SIGNEDSM4KEYOUTPUT.wResult */ #define PROT CHN ERR PIN KEYNOTFOUND (-(PROT CHN RESULT OFFSET + 5)) /* values of PROTCHNIMPORTSM2PUBLICKEYOUT.wResult, PROTCHNDIGESTOUT.wResult and PROTCHNIMPORTSM2SIGNEDSM4KEYOUTPUT.wResult */ #define PROT CHN ERR PIN USEVIOLATION (-(PROT CHN RESULT OFFSET + 6)) #define PROT CHN ERR PIN INVALIDKEYLENGTH (-(PROT CHN RESULT OFFSET + 7)) /* additional values of PROTCHNIMPORTSM2PUBLICKEYOUT.wResult and PROTCHNIMPORTSM2SIGNEDSM4KEYOUTPUT.wResult */ #define PROT CHN ERR PIN DUPLICATEKEY (-(PROT CHN RESULT OFFSET + 8)) # #

#define	PROT_CHN_ERR_PIN_SIG_NOT_SUPP	(-(PROT_CHN_RESULT_OFFSET + 9))	
#define	PROT_CHN_ERR_PIN_SIGNATUREINVALID	(-(PROT_CHN_RESULT_OFFSET + 10))	

/* additional values of PROTCHNSIGNOUT.wResult and PROTCHNIMPORTSM2SIGNEDSM4KEYOUTPUT.wResult */ #define PROT_CHN_ERR_PIN_KEYNOVALUE (- (PROT_CHN_RESULT_OFFSET + 11))
#define PROT_CHN_ERR_PIN_NOCHIPTRANSACTIVE
#define PROT_CHN_ERR_PIN_ALGORITHMNOTSUPP (- (PROT_CHN_RESULT_OFFSET + 13))
(- (PROT_CHN_RESULT_OFFSET + 13)) /* values of PROTCHNVERIFYOUT.wResult */ #define PROT CHN ERR PIN SIGNATUREERROR (-(PROT CHN RESULT OFFSET + 15)) /* values of PROTCHNEXPORTSM2ISSUERSIGNEDITEMOUT.wResult */ #define PROT CHN ERR PIN NOPRIVATEKEY (-(PROT CHN RESULT OFFSET + 16)) /* values of PROTCHNGENERATESM2KEYOUT.wResult */ #define PROT_CHN_ERR_PIN_INVALID_MOD_LEN (-(PROT_CHN_RESULT_OFFSET + 17))
#define PROT_CHN_ERR_PIN_KEY_GENERATION_ERROR (-(PROT_CHN_RESULT_OFFSET + 18)) /* values of PROTCHNEXPORTSM2EPPSIGNEDITEMOUT.wResult */ #define PROT CHN ERR PIN NOSM2KEYPAIR (-(PROT CHN RESULT OFFSET + 19)) /* values of PROTCHNIMPORTSM2SIGNEDSM4KEYOUTPUT.wResult */ #define PROT CHN ERR PIN NOKEYRAM (-(PROT CHN RESULT OFFSET + 20)) #define PROT_CHN_ERR_PIN_RANDOMINVALID (-(PROT CHN RESULT OFFSET + 21)) /* values of PROTCHNDIGESTIN.wHashAlgorithm */ #define PROT CHN HASH SM3 DIGEST (0x0001) /* values for PROTCHNIMPORTSM2PUBLICKEYIN.dwUse */ #define PROT CHN USESM2PUBLIC $(0 \times 0 0 0 0 0 0 1)$ #define PROT_CHN_USESM2PUBLICVERIFY (0x00000002) /* values of PROTCHNIMPORTSM2PUBLICKEYIN.dwSM2SignatureAlgorithm, PROTCHNEXPORTSM2ISSUERSIGNEDITEMOUT.dwSM2SignatureAlgorithm, PROTCHNEXPORTSM2EPPSIGNEDITEMIN.dwSignatureAlgorithm and PROTCHNIMPORTSM2SIGNEDSM4KEY.dwSM2SignatureAlgorithm */ #define PROT_CHN_PIN_SIGN_NA (0) #define PROT CHN SIGN SM2 GM T 2012 (0x0000001) /* values for PROTCHNIMPORTSM2PUBLICKEYOUT.dwSM2KeyCheckMode */ #define PROT CHN SM2 KCV NONE (0x00000001) #define PROT CHN SM2 KCV SM3 (0x0000002) /* values for PROTCHNEXPORTSM2ISSUERSIGNEDITEMIN.wExportItemType, PROTCHNEXPORTSM2EPPSIGNEDITEMIN.wExportItemType */ #define PROT CHN PIN EXPORT EPP ID (0x0001) #define PROT CHN PIN EXPORT PUBLIC KEY (0x0002) /* values for PROTCHNGENERATESM2KEYOUT.dwUse */ #define PROT_CHN_USESM2PRIVATE (0×00000001) #define PROT CHN USESM2PRIVATESIGN (0x0000002) // Used to type-cast specific command to access common fields typedef struct _prot_chn_in { WORD wCommand: } PROTCHNIN, *LPPROTCHNIN; // Used to type-cast specific response to access common fields typedef struct prot chn out

```
{
    WORD
                           wCommand;
    WORD
                           wResult;
} PROTCHNOUT, *LPPROTCHNOUT;
typedef struct _prot_chn_digest_in
    WORD
                            wCommand:
    WORD
                            wHashAlgorithm;
    LPWFSXDATA
                            lpxDigestInput;
} PROTCHNDIGESTIN, *LPPROTCHNDIGESTIN;
typedef struct _prot_chn_digest_out
{
    WORD
                            wCommand;
    WORD
                           wResult;
    LPWFSXDATA
                            lpxDigestOutput;
} PROTCHNDIGESTOUT, *LPPROTCHNDIGESTOUT;
typedef struct _prot_chn_sm2_algorithm_param_in
{
    WORD
                           wCommand;
    LPWFSXDATA
                           lpxP;
    LPWESXDATA
                           lpxA;
    LPWFSXDATA
                            lpxB;
    LPWFSXDATA
                            lpxN;
    LPWFSXDATA
                            lpxXq;
    LPWFSXDATA
                           lpxYg;
} PROTCHNSM2ALGORITHMPARAMIN, *LPPROTCHNSM2ALGORITHMPARAMIN;
typedef struct prot chn sm2 algorithm param out
{
    WORD
                           wCommand:
    WORD
                            wResult;
} PROTCHNSM2ALGORITHMPARAMOUT, *LPPROTCHNSM2ALGORITHMPARAMOUT;
typedef struct prot chn import sm2 public key in
{
    WORD
                           wCommand;
    LPSTR
                           lpsKey;
    LPWFSXDATA
                           lpxValue;
    DWORD
                            dwUse;
    LPSTR
                            lpsSigKey;
    DWORD
                           dwSM2SignatureAlgorithm;
    LPWFSXDATA
                           lpxSignature;
} PROTCHNIMPORTSM2PUBLICKEYIN, *LPPROTCHNIMPORTSM2PUBLICKEYIN;
typedef struct prot chn import sm2 public key out
    WORD
                            wCommand;
    WORD
                            wResult;
    DWORD
                            dwSM2KeyCheckMode;
    LPWFSXDATA
                            lpxKeyCheckValue;
} PROTCHNIMPORTSM2PUBLICKEYOUT, *LPPROTCHNIMPORTSM2PUBLICKEYOUT;
typedef struct prot chn sign in
{
    WORD
                            wCommand;
    LPSTR
                            lpsKey;
    LPSTR
                            lpSignerID;
    LPWFSXDATA
                            lpxPlaintextData;
} PROTCHNSIGNIN, *LPPROTCHNSIGNIN;
typedef struct _prot_chn_sign_out
{
    WORD
                           wCommand;
    WORD
                            wResult;
    LPWFSXDATA
                           lpxSignData;
} PROTCHNSIGNOUT, *LPPROTCHNSIGNOUT;
```

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```
typedef struct _prot_chn_verify_in
{
    WORD
                           wCommand:
    LPSTR
                           lpsKey;
    LPWFSXDATA
                           lpxPlaintextData;
                           lpxSignData;
   LPWFSXDATA
} PROTCHNVERIFYIN, *LPPROTCHNVERIFYIN;
typedef struct _prot_chn_verify_out
{
    WORD
                           wCommand;
    WORD
                           wResult;
} PROTCHNVERIFYOUT, *LPPROTCHNVERIFYOUT;
typedef struct _prot_chn_export_sm2_issuer_signed_item_in
{
    WORD
                           wCommand;
    WORD
                           wExportItemType;
    LPSTR
                           lpsName;
} PROTCHNEXPORTSM2ISSUERSIGNEDITEMIN, *LPPROTCHNEXPORTSM2ISSUERSIGNEDITEMIN;
typedef struct _prot_chn_export_sm2_issuer_signed_item_out
{
    WORD
                           wCommand;
    WORD
                           wResult;
    LPWFSXDATA
                           lpxValue;
    WORD
                           dwSM2SignatureAlgorithm;
   LPWFSXDATA
                           lpxSignature;
} PROTCHNEXPORTSM2ISSUERSIGNEDITEMOUT, *LPPROTCHNEXPORTSM2ISSUERSIGNEDITEMOUT;
typedef struct _prot_chn_generate_sm2_keypair_in
{
    WORD
                           wCommand;
    LPSTR
                           lpsKey;
    DWORD
                           dwUse;
} PROTCHNGENERATESM2KEYPAIRIN, *LPPROTCHNGENERATESM2KEYPAIRIN;
typedef struct prot chn generate sm2 keypair out
{
    WORD
                           wCommand;
    WORD
                           wResult:
} PROTCHNGENERATESM2KEYPAIROUT, *LPPROTCHNGENERATESM2KEYPAIROUT;
typedef struct _prot_chn_export_sm2_epp_signed_item_in
{
    WORD
                           wCommand;
    WORD
                           wExportItemType;
                           lpsName;
    LPSTR
} PROTCHNEXPORTSM2EPPSIGNEDITEMIN, *LPPROTCHNEXPORTSM2EPPSIGNEDITEMIN;
typedef struct _prot_chn_export_sm2_epp_signed_item_out
{
    WORD
                           wCommand;
    WORD
                           wResult;
    LPWFSXDATA
                           lpxValue;
    WORD
                           dwSM2SignatureAlgorithm;
   LPWFSXDATA
                           lpxSignature;
} PROTCHNEXPORTSM2EPPSIGNEDITEMOUT, *LPPROTCHNEXPORTSM2EPPSIGNEDITEMOUT;
typedef struct _prot_chn_import_sm2_signed_sm4_key
{
    LPSTR
                           lpsKey;
    LPSTR
                           lpsDecryptKey;
                           dwSM2EncipherAlgorithm;
    DWORD
                          lpxValue;
   LPWFSXDATA
    DWORD
                           dwUse:
    LPSTR
                           lpsSigKey;
    DWORD
                           dwSM2SignatureAlgorithm;
    LPWFSXDATA
                           lpxSignature;
} PROTCHNIMPORTSM2SIGNEDSM4KEY, *LPPROTCHNIMPORTSM2SIGNEDSM4KEY;
```

```
typedef struct _prot_chn_import_sm2_signed_sm4_key_output
{
    WORD
                             wCommand;
    WORD
                             wResult;
    WORD
                            wKeyCheckMode;
    LPWFSXDATA
                            lpxKeyCheckValue;
} PROTCHNIMPORTSM2SIGNEDSM4KEYOUTPUT, *LPPROTCHNIMPORTSM2SIGNEDSM4KEYOUTPUT;
/* restore alignment */
#pragma pack(pop)
#ifdef __cplusplus
} /*extern "C"*/
#endif
#endif /* _INC_XFSPINCHN_H */
```

10. Appendix-C (Standardized IpszExtra fields)

This section contains the values that have been standardized for the *lpszExtra* fields within previous releases of the PIN specification. These values are still applicable to this version of the standard and must be supported if the functionality is supported.

10.1 WFS_INF_PIN_STATUS

The following standardized *lpszExtra* values have been defined for the WFS_INF_PIN_STATUS command.

For Remote Key Loading using Certificates, the following key/value pairs indicate the level of support of the Service Provider. If these pairs are not returned then this indicates the Service Provider does not support the corresponding feature:

CERTIFICATESTATE=<0xnnnnnnn>, where nnnnnnn is the ASCII representation of a hexadecimal value. This state determines which public verification or encryption key should be read out of the device. For example CERTIFICATESTATE =0x00000001 indicates that the state of the Encryptor is Primary. The possible values are the following:

Value	Meaning
WFS_PIN_CERT_PRIMARY	The encryption module indicates that all pre- loaded certificates have been loaded and that primary verification certificates will be accepted for the commands WFS_CMD_PIN_LOAD_CERTIFICATE or WFS_CMD_PIN_REPLACE_CERTIFICA TE
WFS_PIN_CERT_SECONDARY	The encryption module indicates that primary verification certificates will not be accepted and only secondary verification certificates will be accepted. If primary certificates have been compromised (which the certificate authority or the host detects), then secondary certificates should be used in any transaction. This is done by calling the WFS_CMD_PIN_LOAD_CERTIFICATE command or the WFS_CMD_PIN_REPLACE_CERTIFICA TE.
WFS_PIN_CERT_NOTREADY	The certificate module is not ready. (The device is powered off or physically not present).

10.2 WFS_INF_PIN_CAPABILITIES

The following standardized *lpszExtra* values have been defined for the WFS_INF_PIN_CAPABILITIES command.

For German HSMs this parameter will contain the following information:

- HSM=<HSM vendor> (can contain the values KRONE,ASCOM,IBM or NCR)
- JOURNAL=<0/1> (0 means that the HSM does not support journaling by the WFS_CMD_PIN_GET_JOURNAL command, 1 means it supports journaling)

For Remote Key Loading the following key/value pairs indicate the level of support of the Service Provider. If these pairs are not returned then this indicates the Service Provider does not support the corresponding feature:

REMOTE_KEY_SCHEME=<0xnnnnnn>, where nnnnnnn is the ASCII representation of a hexadecimal value. REMOTE_KEY_SCHEME will specify to the user which type(s) of Remote Key Loading/Authentication is supported. For example,

"REMOTE_KEY_SCHEME=0x00000002" indicates that three-party certificates are supported. The support level is defined as a combination of the following flags:

Value	Meaning
WFS_PIN_RSA_AUTH_2PARTY_SIG	Two-party Signature based authentication.
WFS_PIN_RSA_AUTH_3PARTY_CERT	Three-party Certificate based authentication.

RSA_SIGN_ALGORITHM=<0xnnnnnn>, where nnnnnnn is the ASCII representation of a hexadecimal value. RSA_SIGN_ALGORITHM will specify what type(s) of RSA Signature Algorithms is supported. For example, "RSA_SIGN_ALGORITHM=0x00000001" indicates that RSASSA_PKCS1_V1_5 is supported. The support level is defined as a combination of the following flags:

Value Meaning	
WFS_PIN_SIGN_RSASSA_PKCS1_V1_5	SSA_PKCS_V1_5 Signatures supported.
WFS_PIN_SIGN_RSASSA_PSS	SSA_PSS Signatures supported.

RSA_CRYPT_ALGORITHM=<0xnnnnnnn>, where nnnnnnnn is the ASCII representation of a hexadecimal value. RSA_CRYPT_ALGORITHM will specify what type(s) of RSA encipherment algorithms is supported. For example, "RSA_CRYPT_ALGORITHM=0x00000002" indicates that RSAES_OAEP is supported. The support level is defined as a combination of the following flags:

Value	Meaning
WFS_PIN_CRYPT_RSAES_PKCS1_V1_5	AES_PKCS_V1_5 algorithm supported.
WFS_PIN_CRYPT_RSAES_OAEP	AES_OAEP algorithm supported.

RSA_KEY_CHECK_MODE=<0xnnnnnnn>, where nnnnnnnn is the ASCII representation of a hexadecimal value. RSA_KEY_CHECK_MODE will specify what type of key check value can be returned from a RSA key import function. For example,

"RSA_KEY_CHECK_MODE=0x00000001" indicates that SHA1 is supported. The support level is defined as a combination of the following flags:

Value	Meaning
WFS_PIN_RSA_KCV_SHA1	The key check value contains a SHA 1 of the
	public key as defined in Ref. 3.
WFS_PIN_RSA_KCV_SHA256	The key check value contains a SHA256 of
	the public key, as defined in ISO/IEC 10118-
	3:2004 [Ref. 40] and FIPS 180-2 [Ref. 41].

SIGNATURE_CAPABILITIES=<0xnnnnnnn>, where nnnnnnnn is the ASCII representation of a hexadecimal value. SIGNATURE_CAPABILITIES will specify which capabilities are supported by the Signature scheme. The signature capabilities are defined as a combination of the following flags:

Value	Meaning
WFS_PIN_SIG_GEN_RSA_KEY_PAIR	Specifies if the Service Provider supports the
	RSA Signature Scheme
	WFS_CMD_PIN_GENERATE_RSA_KEY
	PAIR and
	WFS CMD PIN EXPORT RSA EPP SIG
	NED commands.
WFS PIN SIG RANDOM NUMBER	Specifies if the Service Provider returns a
	random number from the
	WFS CMD PIN START KEY EXCHAN
	GE command within the RSA Signature
	Scheme.
WFS PIN SIG EXPORT EPP ID	Specifies if the Service Provider supports
	exporting the EPP Security Item within the
	RSA Signature Scheme.

For EMV support the following key/value pairs indicate the level of support of the Service Provider. Note that a series of this key/value pairs may occur that lists all import schemes supported by the PIN Service Provider. If these pairs are not returned then this indicates that the Service Provider does not support the corresponding feature.

EMV_IMPORT_SCHEME=<0xnnn>, this field will specify to the user how the specified key will be imported. nnnn is the ASCII representation of a single hexadecimal value which defines the import scheme. A series of these pairs may be returned to support multiple import schemes.

The specific values that are used for nnnn are defined within the 'C' include file see section "C – Header File". The following descriptions use the 'C' constant name.

Value	Meaning
WFS_PIN_EMV_IMPORT_PLAIN_CA	A plain text CA public key is imported with
	no verification.
WFS_PIN_EMV_IMPORT_CHKSUM_CA	A plain text CA public key is imported using
	the EMV 2000 verification algorithm. See
	[Ref. 4].
WFS_PIN_EMV_IMPORT_EPI_CA	A CA public key is imported using the self-
	sign scheme defined in the Europay
	International, EPI CA Module Technical –
	Interface specification Version 1.4, [Ref. 5]
WFS_PIN_EMV_IMPORT_ISSUER	An Issuer public key is imported as defined
	in EMV 2000 Book II, [Ref. 4].
WFS_PIN_EMV_IMPORT_ICC	An ICC public key is imported as defined in
	EMV 2000 Book II, [Ref. 4].
WFS_PIN_EMV_IMPORT_ICC_PIN	An ICC PIN public key is imported as
	defined in EMV 2000 Book II, [Ref. 4].
WFS_PIN_EMV_IMPORT_PKCSV1_5_CA	A CA public key is imported and verified
	using a signature generated with a private
	key for which the public key is already
	loaded.

EMV_HASH=<0xnnnn>, this field will specify to the user which type of Hash Algorithm is supported by the Service Provider. nnnn is the ASCII representation of the combination of hash algorithms supported by the Service Provider.

Value	Meaning
WFS_PIN_HASH_SHA1_DIGEST	The SHA 1 digest algorithm is supported by
	the WFS CMD PIN DIGEST command.

The capabilities associated with key loading in multiple parts are defined by the following:

PIN_IMPORT_KEY_PARTS=<0/1> - (0 means the device does not support key import in multiple parts, 1 means the device supports key import in multiple parts)

A Service Provider that supports the WFS_CMD_PIN_ENCIO command shall add information about what protocols it supports as:

ENCIOPROTOCOLS=0xnnnn where nnnn is the ASCII representation of the combination of the values supported for the *wProtocol* parameter.

A Service Provider may automatically generate a beep on key presses, this is reported by the following key=value pair:

AUTOBEEP=<0/1> - (0 means no beeps are generated automatically, 1 means beeps are generated automatically)

For devices where the secure PIN keypad is integrated within a generic Win32 keyboard then, if the following pair is present:

"KYBD=COMBINED_WIN32" - then standard Win32 key events will be generated for any key when there is no 'active' GET_DATA or GET_PIN command.

Note that XFS continues to support PIN keys define only, and is not extended to support new alphanumeric keys.

This feature assists in developing generic browser based applications which need to access both PIN and generic keyboards.

When an application wishes to receive XFS-based key information then he can use the XFS GET_DATA and GET_PIN functions.

No Win32 keystrokes are generated for any key (active or not) in a combined device when GET_DATA or GET_PIN are 'active'.

When no GET_DATA or GET_PIN function is 'active' then any key press will result in a Win32 key event. These events can be ignored by the application, if required.

Note that this does not compromise secure PIN entry – there will be no Win32 keyboard events during PIN collection.

On terminals and kiosks with separate PIN and Win32 keyboards, the Win32 keyboard behaves purely as a PC keyboard and the PIN device behaves only as an XFS device.

11. Appendix-D (TR-31 Key Use)

This section contains a mapping of key usages as defined for TR-31 (see ANS X9 TR-31 2010 [Ref. 35]) to the XFS use values defined in this document. The XFS use values are those defined for the *fwUse* or *dwUse* input/output fields of a number of different PIN commands.

Keys imported within an ANS TR-31 key block have a usage encoded into the key block header (represented by *lpxKeyBlockHeader* in the WFS_INF_PIN_KEY_DETAIL and WFS_INF_PIN_KEY_DETAIL_EX commands), This usage specified in the key block header may be more specific than the *fwUse/dwUse* values defined in this document. For consistency, the following table defines the corresponding *fwUse/dwUse* value for each TR-31 key usage:

TR-31 Value	TR-31 Mode(s) of Use	Definition	XFS Use (fwUse/dwUse)
"B0"	"X"	BDK Base Derivation Key	WFS_PIN_USEKEYDERKEY
"B1"	"X"	DUKPT Initial Key (also known as IPEK)	WFS_PIN_USEKEYDERKEY** WFS_PIN_USEPINREMOTE WFS_PIN_USEFUNCTION* WFS_PIN_USECRYPT WFS_PIN_USEMACING
"C0"	"C", "G", "V"	CVK Card Verification Key	NA
"D0"	"B", "D", "E"	Data Encryption using ECB, CBC, CFB, OFB, CCM or CTR	WFS_PIN_USECRYPT
"Е0"	"X"	EMV/chip Issuer Master Key: Application cryptograms	WFS_PIN_USERSAPUBLICVERIFY
"E1"	"X"	EMV/chip Issuer Master Key: Secure Messaging for Confidentiality	WFS_PIN_USERSAPUBLICVERIFY
"E2"	"X"	EMV/chip Issuer Master Key: Secure Messaging for Integrity	WFS_PIN_USERSAPUBLICVERIFY
"ЕЗ"	"X"	EMV/chip Issuer Master Key: Data Authentication Code	WFS_PIN_USERSAPUBLICVERIFY
"E4"	"X"	EMV/chip Issuer Master Key: Dynamic Numbers	WFS_PIN_USERSAPUBLICVERIFY
"E5"	"X"	EMV/chip Issuer Master Key: Card Personalization	WFS_PIN_USERSAPUBLICVERIFY
"Еб"	"X"	EMV/chip Issuer Master Key: Other	WFS_PIN_USERSAPUBLICVERIFY
"IO"	"N"	Initialization Vector (IV)	NA
"К0"	"B", "D", "E"	Key Encryption or wrapping	WFS_PIN_USEKEYENCKEY WFS_PIN_USESVENCKEY
"K1"	"B", "D", "E"	TR-31 Key Block Protection Key	WFS_PIN_USEANSTR31MASTER
"M0"	"C", "G", "V"	ISO 16609 MAC algorithm 1 (using TDEA)	WFS_PIN_USEMACING
"M1"	"C", "G", "V"	ISO 9797-1 MAC Algorithm 1	WFS_PIN_USEMACING
"M2"	"C", "G", "V"	ISO 9797-1 MAC Algorithm 2	WFS_PIN_USEMACING
"M3"	"C", "G", "V"	ISO 9797-1 MAC Algorithm 3	WFS_PIN_USEMACING
"M4"	"C", "G", "V"	ISO 9797-1 MAC Algorithm 4	WFS_PIN_USEMACING

TR-31 Value	TR-31 Mode(s) of Use	Definition	XFS Use (fwUse/dwUse)
"M5"	"C", "G", "V"	ISO 9797-1 MAC Algorithm 5	WFS_PIN_USEMACING
"P0"	"B", "D", "E"	PIN Encryption	WFS_PIN_USEPINREMOTE WFS_PIN_USEFUNCTION*
"V0"	"C", "G", "V"	PIN verification, KPV, other algorithm	WFS_PIN_USEPINLOCAL WFS_PIN_USEFUNCTION*
"V1"	"C", "G", "V"	PIN verification, IBM 3624	WFS_PIN_USEPINLOCAL WFS_PIN_USEFUNCTION*
"V2"	"C", "G", "V"	PIN Verification, VISA PVV	WFS_PIN_USEPINLOCAL WFS_PIN_USEFUNCTION*

* Note that WFS_PIN_USEFUNCTION is listed here for backward compatibility, but WFS_PIN_USEPINLOCAL/WFS_PIN_USEPINREMOTE is the more accurate single-use value.

** The Base Derivation Key is used to derive the IPEK. When a DUKPT IPEK is loaded, derived future keys are stored and the IPEK deleted. Therefore, while the IPEK is no longer loaded, future keys directly related to it are. WFS_PIN_USEPINREMOTE and optionally WFS_PIN_USEFUNCTION are included as the primary use of an IPEK future key is to create a variant for PIN encryption. If the optional variant data encryption and MAC keys are supported, WFS_PIN_USECRYPT and WFS_PIN_USEMACING must be included. To use the optional data or MAC keys in a WFS_PIN_CMD_CRYPT command, *lpsKey* must be the name of the IPEK and *wAlgorithm* must be WFS_PIN_CRYPTTRIDESCBC or WFS_PIN_CRYPTTRIDESMAC. If the optional data encryption key is being used, *wMode* must be WFS_PIN_MODEENCRYPT. The optional variant response data encryption and MAC keys are not supported.

12. Appendix-E (DUKPT)

Definitions and Abbreviations	
DUKPT	Derived Unique Key Per Transaction
BDK	Base Derivation Key
IPEK	Initial PIN Encryption Key
KSN	Key Serial Number.
TRSM	Tamper Resistant Security Module.

For additional information see reference 45.

12.1 Default Key Name

The DUKPT IPEK key is given a fixed name so multi-vendor applications can be developed without the need for vendor specific configuration tools.

If DUKPT is supported, this key must be included in the WFS_INF_PIN_KEY_DETAIL_EX output.

Item Name	Description
"_DUKPTIPEK"	This key represents the IPEK, the derived future keys stored during import of the IPEK and the variant per transaction keys (PIN and optionally data and MAC).
	If EX and the variant per transaction keys (I inv and optionally data and WAC).